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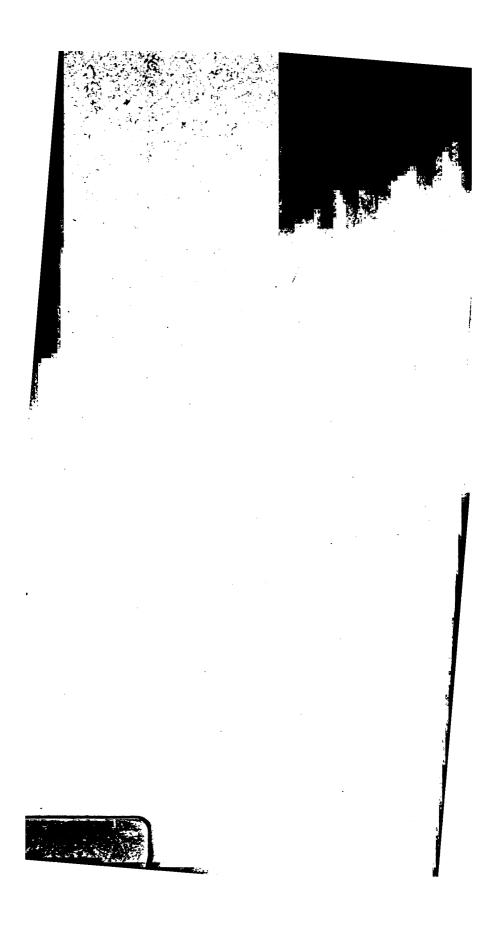
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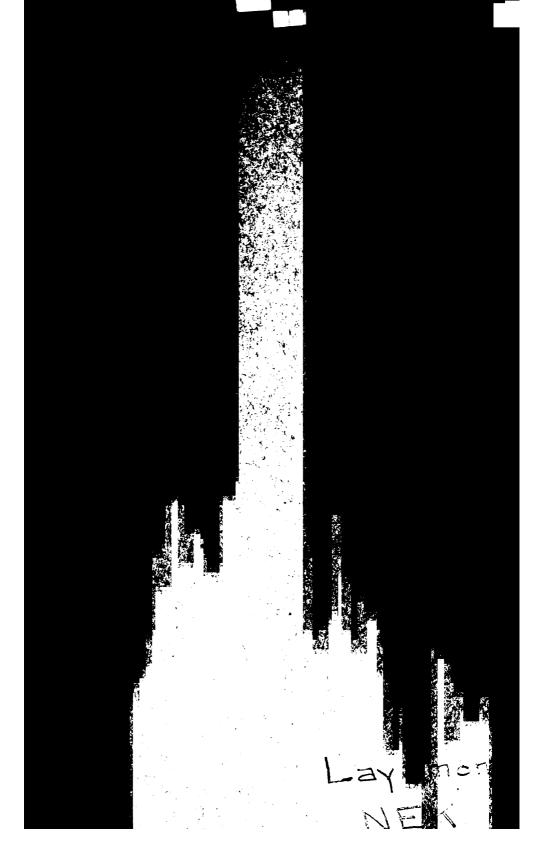
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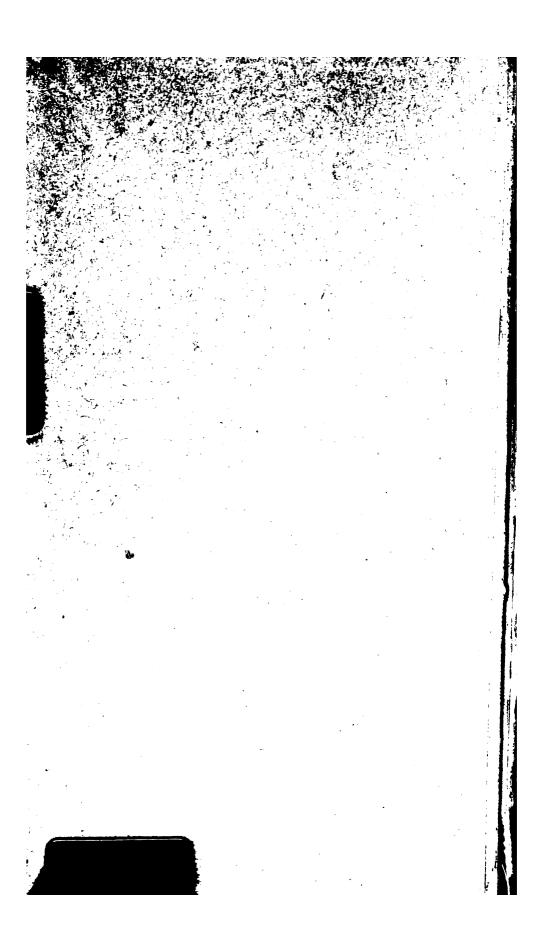
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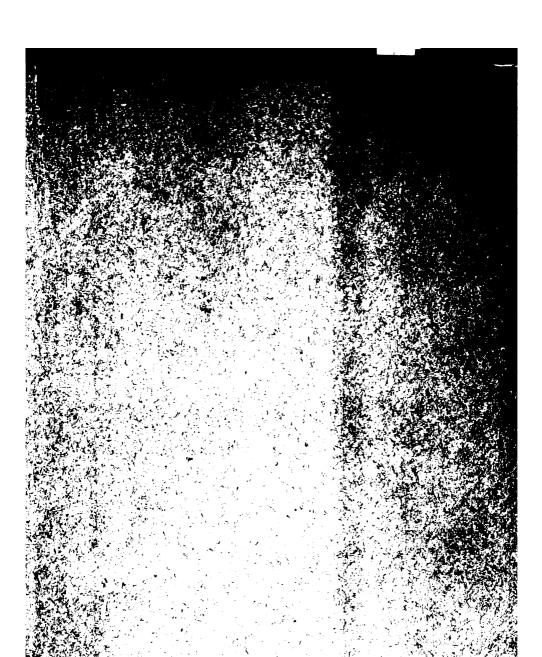
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Liayamon NEK





# LAJAMONS BRUT,

OH

# CHRONICLE OF BRITAIN;

A POETICAL SEMI-SAXON PARAPHRASE

OF

# THE BRUT OF WACE.

NOW FIRST PUBLISHED FROM THE COTTONIAN MANUSCRIPTS IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM;

ACCOMPANIED BY

A LITERAL TRANSLATION, NOTES, AND A GRAMMATICAL GLOSSARY.

# By SIR FREDERIC MADDEN, K.H.,

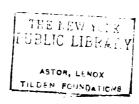
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# LA3AMONS BRUT,

OR

# CHRONICLE OF BRITAIN.

[v. 10230—10241.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Luces be lead-king: [f. 58. c. 1.]

leouuede wel longe.

twa and feowerti wintre:

mid muchere 1 winne.

her wes mete her wes drænc ?

men þer of dræmden.

her wef unimete fare: [c. 2.]

a pissere folc riche.

þif² heo gunnen driuen:

& forgeten to swide.

þe gode biscop Dunian.

Two and fourti winter: [6.50%.c.1.]

liuede Luces here.

here was mete and dringe: and inoh of alle bliffe.

10 fo þat hii for-3eten: pat heom tæhte pe hehze mon: pat tehte ham pe bissop Basan3.

'Luces the sovereign lived well long;' two and forty winters 'with much joy [lived Luces here]; here was meat, 'here was [and] drink,—'men thereof rejoiced [and enow of all bliss]; 'here was fare without measure among this rich folk. Thus they gan to drive, 'and forgot too soon [so that they forgot] what the 'noble man [bishop Fagan] taught them, 'the good

2 pus?

3 Fagan?

VOL. II.

<sup>1</sup> muchelere? muchele?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& Fagan hif iuære: pe while pe heo weore here. Inne gride burh alle big: wunede Luces be king. pat co pe ilke dæi: pat pe kig dæd læi. leof him wes grið and ræd: inne Gleochæstre he wes dæd. pær hehze Bruttef: þene kig bureden. 10 pa wes pe weorldes wa uordiuaren: So was pe worle forp ivare: seoððen ure drihte wes iboren. an hūdred 3ere and fixti: pa pe kig fah to grunde. Seo'den Luces king wes dæd: her wunede a swide strong red. ne bi-læfde he her neouder: suster ne brobe1. ne quene ne næh cun : be his cavel mihte heolde. To Rome comen tidende:

of Lucef pon kinge.

hu þe king wæs hære dæd :

Ine wele liuede þe king: ād god lif þorh alle þing. þo cō þe ilke dai : pat pe king dead lai.

ine Gloucestre: Bruttef hine leide.

suppe vre drihte was ibore. an hundred 3er and fixti: po pe king deide.

Ne bilefde Luces be king? brober soster: ne no cun. pat miht hif cund : after him habbe.

NO Rome come tidinge: of Luces pan kinge. hou be king was here dead?

bishop Dunian, and Fagan, his companion, the while that they were here.' In 'peace [weal and good life] through all things dwelt [lived] 'Luces' the king, until that day came, that the king lay dead,—' peace and counsel were dear to him;'-in Gloucester 'he was dead; there' the 'noble' Britons 'buried the king [laid him]. The world was 'then' so forth advanced since our Lord was born, an hundred years and sixty, when the king 'fell to ground [died]. 'After Luces the king was dead, here dwelt a most evil hap'; 'he left here neither [Luces the king left not] sister 'nor' brother, 'nor queen,' nor 'nigh [any] kinsman, who might 'hold [have] his possessions [after him]. To Rome came tidings of Luces the king, how the king was

<sup>1</sup> brover?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & i piffe londe naf na ræd. Heo makeden heore uerde: and fenden to biffen ærde. Seuarus wes heore hære-toze: inne Rome he wes ibore. pe ferde wes swide strog: peo comen heo to piffe lond. Seuerius wende anan: to hæbbene þifne kinedom. ah Bruttes weoren bisie! & ofte hine a-bæileden. [£589.c.1.] and faste him wip-stode. ofte heo him wið fuhten: a feole cunne wifen. Seuarus hine bivodte: whet he don miste. in his herede he makede grið: & lette awæi þat vniriht. þat na man ne wurðe swa wod: ne witte bi-dæled. pat in his hirede breke grið: 20 vppe leome & uppe lif. of nauere nane bige: pat come to his cleopinge. pif isegen Bruttes: be weoren swide bifie.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. in biffe londe naf no read. Hii makede hire ferde : and fende to biffe erbe. Seuarus was oner 3am icore: ine Rome he was ibore. pe ferde was swipe strong: pat com to pisse lond. Seuare wende anon: habbe þifne kinedom. 10 ac Bruttef weren kene:

> Seuare hine bi-bohte: wat he don mihte. he held fo god grip? [c. 2.] eche childe he wolde speke wib.

Seuarus.

Romanorum . xxi<sup>us</sup>. Searus Brit taniam fof-fato cinzit, a sare usq ad mare, per c . xxxii . milia pa∬u-[u]m, et Eboraci obiit; cui Antonius, cognomento Caracalla, regnavit annis vii tem.

pif isehze Bruttes:

here dead, 'and' in this land was no counsel. They made their host, and sent to this land; Severus was 'their leader [over them chosen],—in Rome he was born. The army was most strong; 'when they [that] came to this land, Severus weened anon to have this kingdom, but the Britons were 'busy [keen], and 'oft him harmed [fast him withstood]; 'oft they fought with him, in many kind of wise.' Severus bethought him what he might do; 'in his host he made peace [he held peace so good, he would speak with each child], 'and did away the wrong,—that no man should be so wild, nor so void of wit, that in his host should break the peace, upon pain of limb and upon life, of ever any thing that should come to his call.' The Britons

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. bat Seuarus in hif hirede: hæfde hehliche grið. & mong heom feoluē: vnimete seorzen. Bruttes fize to-gæderes: fulle seoue þused. & speken Seuarium wid: & 3irden his hiredes grið. & he heom 3ette: & 3ef 3iues swide gode. 10 pa wes Seuar hired: selcubliche istronged. alle þe ær weoren buuen: he heom fette bi-neogen. & muchele luue heold wid: alle þat 3irnden his grið. He uærde to Lunden: & heo hine vnder-fengē. he uerde þurh þif kinelond: & fette hit i his azere hond. 20 & æuere heo fluzen him bi-uoren: and euere hii flowen him bi-fore: be hif feond weoren.

Swa fwide 8 he heom hænde :

and a-mong 3am feolue : was onimete care. Hii wenden heom to-gadere: folle seoue pousend. and speken ban king wib: & 3eorden 2 his grip. and he 3am fone: 3af 3eftes swipe gode. po wes Seuarus heap: mochel ibolded. paie pat her weore a-boue: he ham fette bi-neope. and mochel lofue held wib: alle pat 3eornde his grip. He verde to Londene : and hii hine onderfenge. he verde porh al pis kinelond: and fette hit on his owe hond.

pat nolde him abouwe.

\* fwite?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

pat he was god louerd to his.

saw this, who were most busy, that 'Severus in his host had perfect peace [he was good lord to his men], and among themselves [was] 'sorrow [care] unmeet. 'The Britons [They] assembled together, full seven thousand, and spake with 'Severus [the king], and yearned his 'hosts' peace; and he 'it granted them, and gave [them soon] gifts most good. Then was Severus host 'wonderfully strengthened [much emboldened]; 'all [those] that ere were above, he set them beneath, and much love held with all that yearned his peace. He marched to London, and they received him; he proceeded through [all] this kingdom, and set it in his own hand; and ever they fled before him, who 'were his enemies [would not submit to

<sup>1 3</sup>irnden? 2 3eornden?

Deire.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

pat i1 comen to pan Peutes.

and hii heom onderfenge:

þat heo fluwe ouer Hunbre.

heo fluze ford rihtes: [a.2.] Hii flowen for rihtes: þat heo comen to þā Peohtes.

& heo heom vnder-fēgen :

& nomen heom to iuarē.

and nemen heom to ivere. Heo makeden enne hehne cniht: Hii makede Fulgenus þe cniht:

heore here-toge for iht. hire kine-louerd.

fæier cniht and hēde:

Fulgenes wes ihaten. he heom fcolde læden:

& he heon<sup>2</sup> fculde ræden.

Enne ende of Scotlonde:

nom Fulgenes to his honde.

be ende him wes deore:

he hæhte Dæire.

Sæuarus frō Scotte wærð 3:

seoððe4 azæn wede.

& his folc lædde:

in to Lundene.

muchel scade makede.

He leop in to Brutlond?

mid muchele balu ræffen.

in to Londene. & Fulgenes vt of Scotlen5: 20 and Fulgenus vt of Scotlond: mochel harm makede.

and his folk ladde:

On hende of Scotlonde:

nam Fulgenus an honde.

Seuarus fram þat norþ:

fub age wende.

Heo 6 leop in to Brutlond:

and mani harmes7.

him]. 'So much he reduced them, that they fled over the Humber;' they fled forth-right until they came to the Peohtes, and they them received, and took them for companions. They made 'a noble [Fulgenes the] knight their 'leader [chief] 'forth-right, a fair knight and comely, who was named Fulgenes; he it was should lead them, and he it was should counsel them.' One end of Scotland Fulgenes took in 'his' hand; 'the end was dear to him,—it hight Dæire.' Severus from 'Scotland-ward [the north] marched back south, and led his folk into London; and Fulgenes out of Scotland made much harm. He leapt into Britain, 'with mickle baleful onset

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  R. heom. 3 -ward? 4 sob? Cf. vv. 10691, 10761.

<sup>6</sup> He? Scotten? Scotland? <sup>7</sup> harmes wrohte?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

æhte he nom men he floh:

he duden feorgen inoht1. & buf he uerde longe:

inne Scotlonde.

pis iherde Seuarus:

þe ine Rome wes kæisere.

and seoven hider al pa lond? ftod an his azere heond.

be kæiisere sende his seonde:

3eod feole londe.

lette him to beoden:

swa monie of weorcmonnen.

be wæf wunderliche deop.

muche ad swide stronge:

bisides Scotlonde.

from fæ to fæ eode þæ dich:

ælche o'ere vnilich. [[£ 59.c.1.] alle oper onilich.

wunder ane cræftie.

seoððen he fette cnihtes:

to witen hit dæies & nihtes.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

and bus he verde longe:

ine Scotlöde.

pis ihorde Seuarus: [£51.c.1.]

þat in Rome was kaifere.

and suppe here al pat lond:

stod on his owe hond. be kaifer fende his fonde:

3eond fale le² kinelondes.

and mani strong worcman:

come to ba kinge.

pat he lette mankien3 ænne dic : he lette 3am maki ane dich strang!

fwipe deap and fwipe lang.

fram séé to séé zeode þe dich:

pe4 vfenen he makede scid wal: par vppon he makede sid wal:

20 fwibe crafti.

pare he sette cnihtes: to witien dai and nihtes.

[and many harms wrought]; 'goods he took, men he slew, he did sorrow enow;' and thus he fared long in Scotland. Severus heard this,-who was emperor of Rome, and afterwards all the land 'hither [here] stood in his own hand;—the emperor sent his messengers over many 'lands, and caused so many of workmen to be summoned to him, that he caused a dike to be made, that was wonderfully deep, [kingdoms, and many strong workmen came to the king; he caused them to make a strong dike, very deep and very long,] 'mickle, and very strong, beside Scotland';—from sea to sea went the dike, 'each [all] other unlike! Thereupon he made a broad wall, 'one wondrous [exceeding] crafty; 'afterwards [there] he set knights to guard 'it' dayand night, so that never Peoht nor 'ever any' other man 'there-

<sup>1</sup> inoh?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sic.

<sup>3</sup> makien?

<sup>4</sup> þer?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. neu Poht per ouer ne com: pat neuere Peut ne oper man: ne næuere nan oðer mon. par after ne com. bute wha fwa waldē 3ernen grið: mid none ginne: & spæken þan kæisere wið. bote for harm a-winne. & wunien ford here: mid Seuare þan kæifere. pat iherde Fulgenes: pis ihorde Fulgenus: pat pis weorc iuorded wes. pat pes dich was imaked pus. pat he into pisse londe ne mihte: pat he to londe pisse! ne dæies ne nihtes. daies no nihtes. 10 Nuste he þa nænne ræd: Nuste he po name read: be him æuere buhte god. pat him euere poht god. he cleopede alle his dringches: he cleope al his folk: bat heo comen to hustinge. bat hii come to speche. hire kig to rede: heore kinge to ræden: of his muchele neode. of his mochele neode. Hii raden hing to vare: Heo him rædden to faren: riht into Cife. riht in to Scice. cwicliche he bider com : færliche he þider com : & fæire wes under-fon. and fair he was onderfon. 20 He spac wið þan Peohtes: he king spac wib ban Peutes: & fwa muchel heom bi-hæhte. and moche 3am bi-hehte. pat heo gædereden in pan ærde: pat he gadere in pan erp:

over [thereafter] might come, 'except whoso would yearn peace, and speak with the emperor, and dwell thenceforth here with Severus the emperor [with no stratagem, but for to gain harm]. Fulgenes heard 'that [this], that this 'work [dike] was 'completed [made], so that he might not come 'in'to this land, by day nor night. He knew not then any counsel that ever seemed good to him; he called all his 'thanes [folk], that they should come to 'husting [conference], to counsel their king, in his mickle need. They advised him to fare right into Scythia; quickly he came thither, and fair [he] was received. 'He [The king] spake with the Peohtes, and 'so' much promised them, that 'they [he] gathered in the country a mickle

<sup>1</sup> to hisse londe ne mihte?

Fulge[nes]. to Fulgenes.

. & he heō faire on-feng:

& muche feoh bihæhte.

mucle scip-ferde. & ferden bi fæ ftronde: into þisse londe. He uerde riht to Euerwicke: Brutten butte fellic. þa burh he anan bilæi: mid baldere strengee. Seoboen he dude to witen: purh worde & purh writen. alle his freoden! be weoren in biffen londe. pat heo fcolden wel don: [c.2.] & alle comen him to. he heom wolden mucle wele: & wurdscipe itæchen. & æuere to hif liue: heo fculden beon him leoue. pis iherden Bruttes: ber fore heo weoren balde. & weden from Seuere: 20 pan Romænisce kæisere. moni busend Bruttes:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

mochel fip-ferde.
and wende bi féé ftronde!
into piffe londe.

He verde riht to Euerwich!
Bruttes pohte fellich.
pe borh he a-nan bi-lai! [c.2.]
mid baldere ftrengpe.
Suppe he dude to iwite!
bope bi word and bi write.
alle his frendes!
pat were in piffe londe.
pat hii folden wel don!
and alle comen him to.

and euere to his lifue! he 3am wolde lofuie. Dis ihorde Bruttus!

an come to Fulgenus.

and he 3am faire onderfeng:

and mochel feo bi-hebte.

ship-army, and passed by the sea-strand into this land. He marched right to York,—to the Britons it seemed strange,—the burgh he anon besieged with bold strength. Afterwards he caused to be informed, 'through [both by] word and 'through [by] writ, all his friends that were in this land, that they should do well, and all to him come; 'he would do them much weal, and honor bestow,' and ever in his life 'they should be to him dear [he would love them]. The Britons heard this, 'therefore they were bold;' and 'many thousand Britons' 'went [came] 'from Severus, the Romanish emperor,' to Fulgenes; and he received them fair, and much

pat iherde Sæuarus:'
pat Fugenes² dude pus.
he sonede uerde:'
of folke of pisse ærde.
he uusde³ touwærd Euerwic:'
to his fæi-siðe.
pa he to Euerwic com:'
Fulgenes hi wes aforen on.
heo bigunnen fehten:'
feondliche swipe.
a ba hælue per ful:'
folc unimete.
Sæuare per wes of-slæzē:'

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

folc unimete.

Sæuare þer wes of-flæ3ē!

& feole his Romwæren.

Fulgenes wes iwunde!

wunderliche fære.

pat i þan þriddē dæie!

he farne dæd þolede.

Of Sæueres dæ8e!

Bruttus þer demden.

sæiden heom bi-tweonen!

þa þat tir ahten.

Seuarus wes god cniht!

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat ihorde Seuarus 1 :

pat Fulgenus dude pus.

he fomnede ferde :

and to Euerwich wende.

po he pider com:

Fulgenus was afornon.

hii bi-gonne to fihte:

tarliche fwipe.

par was Seuare of-flage? and moche of hi<sup>4</sup> folke. Fulgenus was iwonded?

pat he fone deide.

wealth promised. Severus heard that, that Fulgenes did thus; he assembled his host 'of the folk of this land,' [and] 'he' marched 'toward [to] York, 'to his own destruction.' When he came 'to York [thither], Fulgenes was before 'him'; they began to fight most 'fiercely [strongly]; 'on both sides there fell folk without number.' There was Severus slain, and 'many [much] of his 'Romans [folk]. Fulgenes was wounded 'wondrously sore,' so that 'in the third day' he 'suffered sore death [soon died]. 'Of Severus death the Britons there judged; those who possessed authority said them between: "Severus was good knight, and he held (ruled) us

20

<sup>1</sup> Written at first Fulgenus, but afterwards expuncted.

uusde?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Fulgenes. <sup>4</sup> R. his.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Bruttef nemen Seuare:

& he heold us fwide riht.

þæ while þe we hi walden herē∶ ær we turnden to Fulgene.

burh heore vuele ræde:

beien heo beo's dædde.

Nime we Sæuarusses lic:

for pat he 3am lofuede. & lede we hit into Eouuerwic. [f. 59\* and ladde hine to Euerwich : & þær we hit sculleð bi-burien : and þare hine burede.

mid muchelere bliffe.

& forð 3elden þa du3eðe:

be he us dude whilen. Al weoren þa dæden:

al se heo idemden.

funen :

þus hæhten heore nomen.

[B]afian. þe ældere hehte Bafiā:

þe 3ungere hæhte Gezan.

[Ge]zan.

pe beiene heo weoren ibroderē: peos weren brobers: ah noht of are moder.

Bafianes moder:

wes of Brut-lodes ærd.

& Gezanes moder:

of Romanisce monnen.

Buttes nomen Bafian:

Sæuarus bi-lefde here tweien Euare hadde twei sones!

foch were hire names. þe eldre hehte Bafian:

þe 3eongre Gefan.

and noht of one moder.

20 Bafian his moder was Brut:

Gefanes Romain icud.

Bruttef neme Bafian:

most right, the while that we would serve him, before we turned to Fulgenes; through their evil counsel they both are dead!' 'Take we Severuses body, and carry we it into [The Britons took Severus, because that he loved them, and carried him to] York, and there 'we shall bury it, [him buried.] 'with much bliss, and for-yield (repay) the good, that he whilom did to us." The deeds (proceedings) were all as they determined. Severus 'left here [had] two sons,—'thus hight [such were] their names; the elder hight Basian, the younger 'hight' Gezan. 'The both they [These] were brothers, but not of one mother. 'Basians [Basian his] mother was 'of Britains land [a Briton], 'and' Gezans 'mother' 'of Romanish men

[f. 51b. c.1.]

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& bitahten him þifne kinedom.

and bi-tahte him biffne kinedom.

& þa Romanisce men: to kige makede Gezan.

Bruttes weoren bifie:

& Bafian heo luueden.

& pa Romanisce men : luueden swipe Gezan.

þær aras muchel ballu: bi-twenen bissen broderen.

heo nomen here uerde: & comen to stal fehte.

and per pe king Bafian: sloh his brover Gezan.

& pat Romanisce folc:

fleh of biffen londe.

at 1 monie per weoren ifalled :

i þan muchele fehte.

I hiffe londe wes a jung mon! [c. 2.] In his lond was a man! vnder bon kinge Bafian.

Carrais wes ihaten hif nome: 20 Carais was i-hote:

bes wes a fellich gume.

His fader wes an unftrong cniht:

ah þe fune wes swiðe sturne.

cniht swipe sterne.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and be Romanisse men: to kinge makede Gefan.

bus arof muche wo: bi-twixte be brobers.

10 hii gaderede verde :

and comen to fihte. and par be king Bafan :

floh his brober Gefan. and be Romanisse folk:

fleh of piffe londe.

and manie par were of-flawe:

in pan mochele fihte.

onder þan kinge Bafan.

Carrais.

[a noble Roman]. The Britons took Basian, and delivered him this kingdom; and the Romanish men made Gezan king. 'The Britons were busy, and Basian they loved, and the Romanish men loved greatly Gezan.' 'There [Thus] arose much 'strife between these [woe betwixt the] brothers; they 'took their [gathered] forces, and came to battle; and there the king Basian slew his brother Gezan, and the Romanish folk fled from this land; 'but [and] many were there 'felled [slain] in the mickle fight. In this land was a 'young' man, under the king Basian; 'his name was called [he was named] Carrais,—'this was a subtle man! His father was a low person,' 'but the son was [a knight] most stern; 'that was the busiest man

pat wes pe bisegæste mon : be wunede inne Bruttene. of nane quike mone: næuede he care nænne. wa wes him burh alle bing : bat Bafian wes Bruttene king. Bafian wes griðful kig: & Carrais ne likede hit napīg. pa a pan ilke time: verden bi sæ rime. 10 vtlagen to iwite: fulle fixti scipen. Carraif hie bidohte: of ane hindere cræfte. pat he wolde fone: faren into Rome. Ford he i-uusde: & in to Rome ferde. & spac wid bane kæisere: & wið þā Romanisce here.

& puf feide Carrais:

he wes swike fuliwis. Hæil seo bu Cyrian:

þe king þe græteð Basian.

and dæð þe ful wel to witen:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

of none cwike manne:'
nadde he care nanne.
wo was him porh alle ping:'
pat Bafian was here king.

po in pan ilke time! verde bi féé rime. vt-lawes to iwite! folle fixti fipes. Carais hine bi-pohte! of one luper crafte. pat he wolde fone! wenden to Rome.

and fpeke wip pan kaifere :

and wip Romaniffe here.

and puf faide Carais :

he was fwike foliwis.

Hail beo pou Cirian :

pe king pe gretep Bafan.

an feggep mid fore :

that dwelt in Britain! Of no man alive had he any care; woe was he through all things, that Basian was king of Britain [here]. 'Basian was peaceful king, and Carrais nothing liked it.' Then in the same time fared by the sea coast outlaws (pirates), to wit,—full sixty ships. Carrais bethought him of a 'subtle [wicked] craft, that he would soon proceed to Rome. 'Forth he went, and into Rome came,' and spake with the emperor, and with 'the' Romanish army; and thus said Carrais,—he was deceiver full surely! "Hail be thou, Cyrian! The king Basian thee greeteth, and 'doth thee full well to wit, both by word and by writ

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

ba bi worden & bi writē. pat he nele na more. pat ne mæi he pe no mare fenden : vt of Brutlonde : † galuel of Bruttlonde. eni feo be fende. for twien he haue's bigunnen: for twie hif fondefman : to fenden hit bi his monnen. in séé haueb bi-raised. i fæ heo funden vtlagen : [f. 60. c. 1.]

& habbeo's alle his men if lazen.

& iræued al þat gærfume:

pe scolde pe to cume.

pa vt-lases beod swa stronge: 10 Vtlawes beof so strong: bi watere & bi londe. bi watere an bi londe.

p ne mæi na man ouer fæ uaren : pat no man ne mai fare : bute mid fwide mucle care. bote 3if he wolle habbe care.

Ah 3if bi wille weore? Ac 3if bin wille were :

p þu woldest me ihere. þat þou woldest me lene. twelfe of bine fipes:

& bi-tachen me þine writen:

& fenden2 me twælf scipen. and bin owene writes.

& hælden me to munde:

a pire azere hond.

into fæ ic wolde faren:

& flæn alle þa ut-lagen.

& pi gauel pe fende: ut of Brutlonde.

20 in to féé ich wolde fare : and flean pai vtlawes. and pi feo pe fende: vt of Brutlonde.

[sayeth with sorrow], that he 'may [will] no more send thee 'the tribute of [any fee out of] Britain; for twice 'he hath began to send it by his men; in the sea they found outlaws, and all his men they have slain; and robbed all the treasure, that should to thee come [his messenger in the sea hath been robbed]. 'The' outlaws are so strong, by water and by land, that no man may pass 'over sea,' unless with very much [he will have] care. But if thy will were, that thou wouldst 'me hear, and deliver me thy writs, and send me twelve ships [lend me twelve of thy ships, and thine own writs], 'and hold me in protection, in thine own hand,' to the sea I would go, and slay 'all' the outlaws, and send thee thy 'tribute [fee]

<sup>1</sup> R. gauel.

Cyrian.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

alle hii wolleb to me drawe!

For ich æm ennes cnihtes sune : for ich ham on eorles fone : [c.2.] & cun ich habbe iwide: and cun ich habbe wide. haue's mi fader bi bære fæ:

castel swipe sæle.

& cnihtes inowe:

& men unifoze.

alle heo wulled to me dragen: to quellen þa ut-lazen.

forte cwelle peos vtlawes. & buf ich wulle burh mire hond : and bus ich wolle borh min hond :

witen þi feht1 & þi lond. wite pi feo an pi lond.

¶ þif ihærde Cýrian: pis ihorde þe kaifer: and him paide fwipe wel.

speken þene swikeful mö. & al he 3ette him :

pat he him to 3irde?. writen he him bi-tehten:

& wapnen him aræhte. & ford hine fenden:

touward biffen londe.

Ford he ferde Cairais:

† he com to France.

æuere his writen he vnfeold:

per he forð ferde. & feiden al pan monnen: [c.2.]

writes him bi-tahte: and wepne him a-rahte. and forb hine gan fende: into pisse londe. Forp verde Carais: pat he com to France.

euere he his writes onfeold: ase he forb wende.

out of Britain. For I am 'a knights [an earls] son, and kindred I have wide; 'my father hath by the sea a castle most good, and knights enow, and men in plenty'; all they will draw to me, [for] to kill the [these] outlaws; and thus I will through my hand guard thy fee and thy land." 'Cyrian [The emperor] heard 'the deceitful man speak' this, and 'all he to him granted, that he of him asked [it pleased him most well]; writs 'he' promised him, and weapons delivered to him, and forth 'sent [gan send] him 'toward [into] this land. Forth Carrais 'he' fared, until he came to France; ever his writs he unfolded, 'where [as] he forth passed, 'and said to all the men

1 feh?

3 3irnde?

Carra[is].

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

what he i Rome hæhde biwunnen. & folc hi wende:

an æuerælche ende.

Carrais com to fæ: mid selcube uolke.

he hafde to iueren:

fif hundred rideren.

& folc he hafde a foten:

muchel and vnnimete.

Al þa scipen bi sæ ströde: he nom to his honde.

he uerde for in fæ:

uereden hine voen.

& he fone bi-com:

i to Brutlonde:

& anan bigō ræuinge:

uppen Bafian bene kinge.

Carrais nom his sonde:

& sende zeond biffe londe.

bad ælcne 3ungne mon :

þe weorces nalde 3eomen.

& æuere ælcue ut-laze:

be his lond hadde bi-bozen.

& auerælcne cnihtes sune:

† his main wolde cuben.

and folk him to wende:

on euereche ende. Carais com to féé:

mid mochelere folke.

he hadde to ivere:

fif hundred rideres.

and folk he hadde a fote:

moche and onimete. 10 Al þe fipes bi þe stronde: he nom to his owe honde.

and fone he com:

in to biffe londe.

and anon makede reuing:

vppe Bafian ban kinge. Carais fende his fonde:

zeond alle pisse lond.

and bad alle be vtlawef: pat pais wolde habbe.

and alle be cnihtene fones:

what he had in Rome obtained'; and folk came to him on every part. Carrais came to the sea, with 'wondrous [mickle] folk; he had for companions five hundred riders, and folk he had on foot much and without

number. All the ships by 'sea [the] strand he took in his [own] hand; 'he proceeded forth on the sea, the waves conveyed him,' and soon he 'ar-

rived [came] into 'Britain [this land], and anon 'began [made] ravage upon Basian the king. Carrais 'took his messengers, and sent [sent his messengers] over [all] this land, [and] bade 'each young man who would

not heed work, and 'every outlaw [all the outlaws] who 'had come to his land [peace would have], and 'every knights son [all the knights sons

and ælcne widerfulne mon:

þe god wolde biwinnen.

bat hi to scolden comen:

for golde ad gæirfume.

pas weoren cube:

wunder ane wide.

& þa wiðerwarde:

fumnede uerde.

heo comen to Carrais:

pritti pusend fuliwis.

& heo uoro iwenden: bi ban sæ stronde.

Heo rupten heo ræfden:

noht heo ne bi-læfden.

caftles heo [nomen: ] [£600. c.1.] caftles hii nemen:

Bruttes heo flozen.

monie heo forbarnden:

avele Bruttus.

heo uerden norh heo uerden æst: hii verden west: hii verden est: al þat lond heo makeden west. 20 al þat lond hii makede west.

heo ferden into Scotlon:

per heo scade worhten.

& agan to biffe londe:

pas leoden heo for-uerden.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat wolde habbe garifome.

pat hii to him folde come:

and habbe ziftes gode.

par wende to Carais: 10 pritti pusend foliwis. and he forb wende: bi þan séé stronde.

Hii rupten hii refden : noht hii ne blefden.

Bruttef hii flowen. [f.52. c.1.]

hii verdē in to Scotlond: þar hii harm wrohte. and efte to biffe londe? and pat folk flowen.

'who his strength would prove, and each valiant man,' who 'goods [treasure] would 'win [have], that [they] should to him come, 'for gold and for treasure [and have good gifts]. 'These words were made known wonderfully wide, and the factious assembled forces'; 'they [There] came to Carrais thirty thousand full certainly, and 'they [he] marched forth by the sea strand. They robbed, they ravaged, nought they left; castles they took, the Britons they slew; 'many noble Britons they burnt!' They fared 'north [west], they fared east, all the land they made waste; they marched into Scotland, where they wrought harm, and 'back [eft] to this land, [and] 'these [the] people 'they' 'destroyed [slew]. He 'took [sent]

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

He fende one man :

and feide bat Caraif:

wonede in comelan foliwif.

3if 3e me wolleb come to:

and 3e on our<sup>3</sup> cubbe:

king me wolleb makie.

And Bruttes answerede:

pat hii nolde hire king:

into Brutlonde.

10 ich ou wolle gribie.

afe men trewe.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

He no ænne bifine mon : & fende to Brutten.

& þas word heō sæde:

þe Carrais heom fede.

Carrais be stronge:

wunied inne comela. & fend hei2 bi-halues:

& grætet wel Bruttes.

3e buð godliche gum :

& ich eow wulle gridien.

& freoscipe eow giuen:

& freodscipe halden.

3if 3e on eowre cuððe :

king me wulled makien.

& Bruttus and fwereden:

for4 heo weoren avele men.

& feiden burh alle bing:

pat heo nalden swiken heore king. bi-swike for no ping.

for næuere quicne mon :

swiken bene king Bafian.

& þis word azæn com:

to Carrais bon stronge.

Carrais hine bi-bohte:

And pis word a-zein com: to Carais ban stronge.

and he hine bi-bohte?

a 'busy' man, 'and sent' 'to the Britons [into Britain], and 'these words' said 'to them' that Carrais 'sent them; "Carrais the strong' 'dwelleth [dwelt] in tent (?) [full truly], 'and sendeth here apart, and greeteth well the Britons.'—'Ye are goodly men, and [If ye will come to me] I will you free, 'and freedom give you, and friendship hold,' if ye in your country will make me king." And the Britons answered, 'for they were noble [as true] men, 'and said through all things' that they would not [for any thing] betray their king; 'for never any man alive, would they betray the king Basian.' And this word came back to Carrais the strong, [and] 'Carrais [he]

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<sup>1</sup> wifne? Cf. v. 11872.

<sup>3 30</sup>ure ?

<sup>2</sup> her?

<sup>4</sup> Written at first for8, but 8 expuncted.

whæt he don mæhte. bi twam wittre cnihten: he fende to þā Pohtes. þa Pohtes weoren on londe: next Bafiane pan kinge. To beom com ba fode1: from Carrais pon stronge. & muchel heom bi-hæhte: of worliche æhte. pa Pohtes weoren uuele ? he² leofeden heore abele. heo fworen ford rihtes: & treoben heo plihten. bat heo wolden Bafian: inne fehte bi-swiken. pis word com to Carrais: pa wes he glad ful iwis. forð riht he nom his fonde: & fende to pan kinge. & feide him ford rihtes: 20 bat wid him he wolde fehte. buten he him wolde rumen : & bi-læuen þæs riche.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. wat he don mihte. he fende tweie cnihtes:' forb to be Peutef.

and moche 3am bi-hehte? of worliche gode.

10 pe Peutes a-non riptes:'

treupe him plihte.
pat hii wolde bi-fwike:
pane king in hif riche.
po pis com to Caraif:
he was glad foliwis.
he fende his fonde:
forp to pā kinge.
and feide him forp riht:
pat wip him he wolde fihte.
bote he wolde fleō:
vt of pis riche.

bethought him, what he might do; he sent 'by' two 'wise' knights [forth] to the Peohtes;—'the Peohtes were in the land next (nearest) to Basian the king. To them came the messengers from Carrais the strong,' and promised them much of worldly goods. The Peohtes 'were evil,—they losed their honor;—they swore' forth-right [anon right] 'and' truth 'they' [to him] plighted, that they would betray Basian [the king] in 'fight [his realm]. 'This word [When this] came to Carrais, 'then' was he glad full certainly; he 'took forth-right [sent forth] his messengers, 'and sent' to the king, and said to him forth-right, that with him he would fight, unless he would 'depart, and leave [flee out of] this realm. Then said 'the' king Basian,

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. pa seide be king Basian? ær ih¹ wulle dæd beon. Wid innen seouen nihte: heo comen to pan fihte. bi-foren pere burh Eouerwic: pat feht wes swide storlic. þa heo scolden bezst fehten: þa flugen al þa Pohtes. & heo Basiā þe king: mid alle bilæfde. & Carrais him on prong? and mid fpere him of-stong. Bruttes heo flozen: & moni hundred per nomen. pa stod al pis lond: a Carraif agere hond. þa nom he al þa Peohtes: & fende in to Scotte. & 3if heo bere muchel lod: inne Scot-londen. & heore cun wunede pære: seoððen auere mare. pis word com to Rome:

her æfter ful fone.

bo feide king Basian: her ich wolle dead beon. Wip pan fouenihte: he com to pan fihte. bi-fore be borh of Euerwich: pat fiht was swipe storlich. po hii folde beste fihte: po flowen pe Peutes. and hire king Bafian : bi-lefde al one. and Carais to prong: and mid on spere hine stong. Bruttes hii flowen: and mani hundred nemen. po stod al pif lond: in Carais hond. po nam he alle pe Peutes: and fende to Scottes. and 3ef 3am pare mochel londe: in Scot-leode:

pes word com to Rome:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111

"I will be dead first!" Within 'seven nights they [the se'nnight he] came to the fight, before the burgh [of] York,—the fight was most sturdy! When they should fight best, then fled 'all' the Peohtes, and 'they' left 'withall [alone] Basian 'the [their] king; and Carrais pressed towards 'him,' and with [a] spear him pierced. The Britons they slew, and many hundred 'there' captured. Then stood all this land in Carrais 'own' hand; then took he all the Peohtes, and sent 'into Scotland [to the Scots], and gave them there much land in Scotland; 'and their kin dwelt there afterwards evermore.' This word came to Rome, 'hereafter' 'full [exceeding] soon, how

[f. 61. c. 1.] wel fwipe fone.

20

Liuius

Gallus.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. hu Carrais hæfde iuaren :

& Bafian þene king of-flæ3en. Heo fomneden twa ferden: of Romanifce ærden. & nomen tweien eorles: be weoren swide adele.

Allec hæhte þe an :
wes wis & strong mon.

pe over wes icleoped pus?
Liuius Gall<sup>9</sup>.

Heo ferden of 1 Rome: & to biffe londe comen.

† heo bicomen :'
to Carrais pan kinge.

Carrais heo of-flogen:

his cnihtes heo nomen.

pus pa Romanisce më :

ræfden to leoden.

& Allec nom to his honde:

muchel of biffe londe.

pat? 3et ber weoren Buttus:

monie bi-hælues. be caftles heolden stronge:

ye carries neorden reronge.

burh3es brade & longe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.
ou Carais hadde ivare:
and pane king of-flawe.
Hii fomnede twei ferdes:
of Romanisse erpe.
and fende twie eorles:

Allec and Liuius Gallus. Hi verden vt of Rome? to piffe londe hii come.

Carais hii of-flowen: his cnihtes hii nomen.

and Allec nam to his hond:
mochel of his lond.
he zet har were Bruttes:

pat castles heolde stronge: borewes brode and longe.

mani bi-halues.

Carrais had acted, and slain 'Basian' the king. They assembled two hosts of Romanish land, and 'took [sent] two earls, 'who were most noble.' Allec 'hight the one, who was a man wise and strong'; 'the other was called thus, [and] Livius Gallus. They marched 'from [out of] Rome, 'and' to this land [they] came; 'so that they came up to Carrais the king;' Carrais they slew, his knights they captured. 'Thus the Romanish men attacked the people,' and Allec took in his hand much of this land. The yet there were many Britons apart, who held strong castles, and burghs broad and long. They caused messengers speedily to go southward into Cornwall,

Heo lætten hijēdliche varen: seo'd into Cornwalen. æfter Asclepidiot: þe wes i Cornwale duc: he cō an hi3enge: & heo hine heouen to kinge. pa fomneden Bruttuf: sele beines. hehte¹ alle þa cnihtes: cumen to pan kinge. and æuerælcne ohte mon: biwinen his acelen. heo budē heore uerde: uppe niðinges bærde. pa wes Allec be king : iliðē in to Lunden. & Bruttene kig: sone him bæh æfter. Hit wef an anne hæhze dæie: halzedē leoden. wes Allec be king:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

I lette hisendliche vare! sub in to Cornwale. hafter Esclepidiot! bat wes in Cornwale duck. he com an hisenge! and hii makede hine to kinge!

po fomnede he alle pe cnihtes! for come to him feolue.

and he bannede his ferde if of alle his erhe. and wende to Londene if har Allec ho wonede.

after Asclepidiot, who was in Cornwall duke;—he came in haste, and they 'raised [made] him to be king. Then assembled 'the Britons, [he] 'good thanes!—bade' all the knights [for] to come to 'the king [himself], 'and every brave man to win his honor;' 'they [and he] summoned 'their [his] forces, 'upon pain of nithings gesture\*. [from all this land,] 'Then was Allec the king gone into London, [and went to London; there Allec then dwelt.] 'and the British king soon went after him. It was on a high-day (festival); the people made sacrifice; Allec the king was in a temple in London, with his Rome-folk.' Then heard [Allec] the king 'mickle [very

[c. 2.]

in are temple.

in Lundenne: mid his Rom-leoden.

<sup>1</sup> hehten?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pa iherde pe king: po ihorde Allec pe king ? [6.520.c.1.] fwipe moche luding. mucle ludinge. in Lundene: stureden þa leoden. Allec hi ut leop: Allec him vp leop: and his wepne igrop. & his wepnen he igrap. & al his Rom-leoden: and al his Romleode: þa i Lundene 1 weoren. bat in Londene were. & comen ut of pere burh: and wend ham vt: & isezen heom bi-hæluen. 10 and wonder fiht ifehze. isezen heom bi-siden : fillic heom buhte. wha hæfde al þa mon-uerede: bidere isende : Buttes heom buse to: Bruttes heom refde to: mid bittere ræfen. mid fwipe gode wille. Allec hii flowen: Allec heo flozen: muche folc heo nomen. mochel folk inomē2. & fum ō uæste bæh: in to bere burh 3:

much] noise;—'the people stirred in London.' Allec him 'out [up] leapt, and his weapon 'he' grasped, and all his Rome-folk, that in London were; and they 'came [marched them] out 'of the burgh,' and saw 'them (the Britons) aside, [a marvellous sight.] 'saw them beside; strange it seemed to them who had all the host thither sent!' The Britons 'advanced [rushed] towards them with bitter 'onset [most good will]; Allec they slew, much folk they captured, 'and some quickly retreated into the burgh.' And the earl Lucius fled into 'London [the burgh]; caused the

And be eorl Linus4:

letten louke þe 3ates:

fleop in to borwe.

& pe eorl Liuius :

in to Lundenne flæh.

lette luken þa 3eten:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. Lundene.

² hii nomen?

Written at first burh fleh, but the last word expuncted by the same hand.

<sup>4</sup> R. Liuius.

& him feolf læð to walle. and Bruttes þa burgen:

gunnen biriden.

& bi-leien þa burh:

wel mid þe¹ bezsten. be king Asclepediot:

þe wes cniht swiðe god.

sende his fonde:

in to Scotlonde.

in to Muriane:

æfter mon-weore?.

& æc in to wes3 Wales:

æfter Wæl-Brutten.

& swa he lette fone uaren:

sod in to Cornwalen.

pe hæfde on his chinne bærd.

uppe leome & vppē lif:

to Lundene liden.

Inne feouē nihte:

isomned heo weoren.

heo heolden to walle:

mid wunderliche stregde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

and stide to walle.

and Bruttef Londone:

gonne bi-ride.

And Esclepidiot:

pat was cniht swipe god.

fende his fonde:

in to Scotlonde.

10 in to Moraine:

after man-ferde.

and eke in to Wales:

after Walfe-Bruttes.

hæhte4 ælcne mon of þan ærd: and hin to his owe erb: þat ech man þat hadde beord. vppe lime and vppe lif: to Londene wende.

> 20 And alle hii come : in lutele time. and refde to walle: in euereche halue.

gates to be locked, and 'himself' went to the wall; and the Britons gan ride round 'the burgh [London], 'and besieged the burgh well with the best.' 'The king [And] Asclepidiot, who was knight most good, sent his messengers into Scotland, into Moray, after forces, and eke into Wales, after Welsh-Britons. And 'so he caused others soon to go southward' into 'Cornwall [his own country]; 'ordered [that] each man 'of the land' that had beard 'on his chin,' upon pain of limb and upon life to proceed to London. 'In seven nights assembled they were; they [And they all came in little time, and] assaulted the walls 'with wondrous strength [on

<sup>1</sup> be is interlined. 2 mon-weorede?

<sup>3</sup> Redundant?

<sup>4</sup> The last three letters of highte are sup. ras.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. & Liuius Gall9 ? and Liuiuf Gallus: goöliche werede. [f.61b.c.1.] wel hine werede. Bruttes a pan ende: Bruttes a pan ende: breken þa walles. be walles to-breke. & iwenden binnen: and in hii wende: þa wes þa burh bi-wunnen. bo was be borh awonne. & Liuius Gallus ! And Liuiuf Gallus: gæinde to anne caftle. wende to pan castle. & þer binen him ræfde: mid his Romanisce uolke. 10 & Bruttene king: bæh to þæn castle. & lætte to læpen: and Bruttes leope to: alle þa Brut-leoden. on euereche fide. þa ifæh Liuius Gallus: p his help wef swide wac. þa leonede he ouer wal: & lude gon cleopien. Asclepidiot bene king: bu ært swide kene. ich wullen be speken wid: Liuius 3eornde grib: & 3irne þe liues grið. and pane king wolde speke wip. pat pu mid gride me leten uaren : po so seide Liuius : forð touward Rome. Let me hine wende bus.

every side]; and Livius Gallus 'goodly [well him] defended. The Britons at the end brake the walls, and 'within [in they] went;—then was the burgh won. And Livius Gallus retreated to 'a [the] castle, 'and there within he rushed, with his Romanish folk'; and 'the British king marched to the castle, and caused all the British-folk to assault it [the Britons assaulted it on every side]. 'When Livius Gallus saw, that his help was very weak; then leaned he over the wall, and loud gan to call to Asclepidiot the king: "Thou art most keen," 'I would speak with thee, and yearn of thee grace of life; that thou let me depart with peace forth toward Rome, and with me my people [Livius yearned peace, and would speak with the king; then thus said Livius: Let me hence depart thus, with the same folk]

& mid me mine leoden : þe 3et beoð an liue. & ich þe wulle swerien: vppen mine fweorde. pat nulle ic nauere mare: azen cumen here. Asclepidiot iherde pat: peos word him puhte god. & al hī izette: pat Gallus per 3erde1. Of pan castle heo ut foren: & agef heo fworen. & fwa heo gunnen wenden: uoro ut of Londen. pa com Scottene king: fcriðē to hirede. & imætte Gallus: & his gumen alle. Sone cleopede Columban: be wes Scottene king. Whar beo 3e mine gumen: vt of Galwæiða. whar beo 3e mine men:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

mid þā ilke folke :'

pat ich habbe 3et a-lifue.

and ich þe wolle fwe[rie :']

vppen mine fwerde. [c.2.]

pat nelle ich neuere more :'

a3ein comen here.

po faide Esclepidiot :'

þis he wel mot.

Of pan castle hii fore:
and opes him swore.
and so hii gonne wende:
vt of pisse londe.
po com Scottene king:
Esclepidiot to helpe.
imette wip Liuius:
and mid al his solke.
Sone cleopede Columban:
pat was Scottene king.
Ware beo 3eo mine cnihtes:
sleap alle sorp rihtes.

that yet 'are [I have] alive. And I will swear to thee, upon my sword, that I will never more again come here." Asclepidiot 'heard that, these words him seemed good; and all he him granted, that Gallus there asked [then said, this he well might do]. From the castle they 'out' went, and oaths 'they [to him] swore, and so they gan depart 'forth' out of 'London [this land]. Then came the king of Scots 'marching to the host [to the help of Asclepidiot], 'and' met [with] Gallus, and [with] all his 'men [folk]. Soon called Columban,—who was king of Scots: "Where be ye, my 'men [knights] 'out of Galloway? where be ye, my men out of Moray? where be ye, my Scots? Follow me beside. Here

¹ 3ernde?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

ut of Mureine.

whar beo 3e mine Scottef: [c. 2.]

scrided me biside.

her we fculled wel whreken:

ure wines deore.

& ure uulle iuan :

fallen to þa grunde.

3if þe king Afclipidiot: þe is cniht swiðe god.

haue'd heom fpeken wid:

& izefuen heō liues grið.

nes ich noht þere:

ne nan of mine iuaren 1. ne we hit nulle 5º halden :

for ure freod heo habbeoo aqualde.

Heo leiden heom bi-tweonen: heore fperen longe.

neore iperen ionge.

& ladlichen swide:

feolē Rom-leoden.

& Gallus heo nomē: & bat hafd him of-flozen.

& wurpen hine in ænne broc:

þe þer heom bi stod.

& al þæt wal heo brohten:

poh hii grip habbe:

nas ich noht at þe reade.

Hii name fweordes strange ? and hire speres longe. so bat lobliche swipe? fulle Romleode.

and Liuius hii neme: and hat hefd of-swipte.

and worpen him in one broc: hat har bi ftod.

we shall well avenge our dear friends, and fell our full foes to the ground!' If the king Asclepidiot, who is knight most good, hath spoken with them, and given them lifes grace, yet I was not there, [Slay them all forthright, though they have grace of life; for I was not at the counsel."] 'nor any of my comrades, nor will we it hold, for our friends they have slaughtered.'" They laid between them [took strong swords and] their long spears, 'and [so that they] most hostilely felled the Rome-folk. And 'Gallus [Livius] they captured, and smote off 'from him' the head, and cast him in a brook that there by 'them' stood, 'and all the dead they brought into

<sup>1</sup> iueren? 2 Written originally wulled, but corrected by the same hand.

in to þan broke.

þer Gallus i þan broke:

at grunde was bi-buried.

pa wes pas peode: iclanfed of Rom-leode.

and Durates han hades

and Bruttes pan broke? nome bi-tæhtē.

for Gallus wes islagen ber bi :

hæhte hine nemni Galli.

& a pere Ænglisce boc:

he is ihatē Wale-broc.

Nu ich habbe þe iraht:

hu he hauede pene nome icaht.

for nu and auere mare:

is þe nome þere.

pa wes king Asclepidiot:

be wes cniht swide god.

fulle ten 3ere:

inic con sere.

mid Brutten heo luuuede here.

seoððen his ende bicom : 2

þat was uuele idon.

p he sculden swa raŏe: [f. 62. c. 1.]

uaren of biffen lif-dagen.

for he wes swide læfful:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po was peos peode: iclanfed of Romleode. Bruttef pane broc:

Galli cleopede.

for pat Liuius Gallus:

was par on i-pult pus.

10 and [a] be Englesse boc:

he his ihote Welebroc.

Walebroc.

Asclepidiot.

Galli.

nou and euere more: 'pe name stondep pare.

po was king Esclepidiot:

hat was cniht swide god.

fulle ten 3cre:

mid Bruttes he wonede here.

po com his ende :

pat he folde wende.

the brook;—there Gallus in the brook at the bottom was buried.' Then was this nation cleansed from the Rome-folk, and the Britons 'gave a name to the brook; because Gallus was slain thereby (near), bade it be named Galli [called the brook Galli, because that Livius Gallus was therein thus cast], and in the English books it is named Wal-brook. 'Now I have informed thee, how it had acquired the name, for' now and evermore the name 'is [standeth] there. Then was Asclepidiot king, who was knight most good; full ten years he 'lived [dwelt] here with the Britons; then came his end,—'that was evilly done,' that he should depart 'so soon from this life-day!—all the Britons loved him, because he was most just.' 'In

Coel

alle Brut luueden.

Rex Coel. I Glouchæftre wes an eorl:

of avelene moncunne.

pe alre hæheste iborne mon! be wunede inne Bruttene.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Coel wes ihaten:

hæhst of þan Brutten. he wæs if Gloies cune:

pe Glochæstre ahte.

swa þat mid alle heore mihte: 10

heo comen to ane fibte.

Coel eorl i pan fihte stod: & floh pene king Asclepidiot.

Imong hiffen imonge:

com reoude to hisse londe.

swa þat þe kæisere Dioclician:

sende to hiffe londe Maximiæn. fende hider Maximian.

hider he com faren:

mid muchelere ferde. ba he com to londe:

Coel he uunde.

mid compe hæfde biuunnen :

pat he king was him seolue.

hii-fmite1 he was in fihte:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

mid on of Coel his cnihtes.

peos ilke Coel2:

was of Gloi his cunne:

bat hahte Gloucestre. [f. 53. c.1.]

Amag<sup>3</sup> piffe motinge:
come opere tidinge.
so pat pe kaifer Dioclecian:
fende hider Maximian

po he com to Londene:
Coel par he funde.
mid fihte he hadde awonne:
pat he was king of londe.

Gloucester was an earl of noble race, the highest born man of all that dwelt in Britain; he was named Coel, highest of the Britons, he was of Gloies kindred, who possessed Gloucester; so that with all their might they came to a fight; Coel the earl stood in the fight, and slew the king Asclepidiot. [he was smitten in fight by one of Coel his knights; this same Coel was of his kin who possessed Gloucester.] Among (during) this business came 'sorrow to this land [other tidings], so that the emperor Dioclesian sent 'to this land [hither] Maximian;—'hither he arrived with a great army.' When he came to 'land [London], he found Coel [there]; with 'combat [fight he] had won that he was become king 'himself [of the land]. Coel

<sup>1</sup> i-smite?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A line apparently is wanting.

<sup>3</sup> Amang?

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Coel and Maximen:

cubliche spekē.

& freondscipe makeden: i-uastened mid treoben.

pa seide Maximien :

mi broder Dioclician.

haued me al þa londes :

bitaht a mire honde.

bi-twixe Mutgiu & Scotlonde:

pat ic heo' fcal purh fcriden. 10

& alle þa ilke men for-don:

pat luuied pene cristindom.

pa wes wa Coel:

be king wæs on Bruttene.

þat ifæhtneffe<sup>2</sup>:

mid treobe hafde isemed.

Coel heold hine stille:

& Maxinien<sup>3</sup> dude his wille.

elcne cristine mon:

at þan hefde he bi-nom.

he dude his markē him on.

puf ferde Maximien:

he martrede feint<sup>4</sup> Alban.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Coel and Maximien:

frendes bi-comen.

po feide Maximian:

mi brober Dioclecian.

haueh me alle he londes:

bi-tahte on mine honde.

bi-twixte Montagu and Scotlond:

pat ich hii sal porh ride.

and alle be men for-don:

pat lofuiep pane criftendom.

po was wo Coel:

king of Bruttayne.

pat he fahtnesse:

mid fware hadde ifastned.

[c.2.] Coel heold hine stille:

and Maximien dude his wille.

echne cristene man:

20 þat hefd him bi-nom.

& þa wið-faken wolde criftindom : and 3if he wolde hebene beo :

panne mihte he libbe.

pus ferde Maxiniã³:

he martrede feint Albon.

anus cum Maximiano imperauit xx<sup>t1</sup> annif, ex quibus posteriori poster ... bus ix . annis incessabili ter crudelif-fime eccle-

Dioclici-

and Maximian 'spake familiarly [became friends], 'and made friendship fastened with troth.' Then said Maximian: "My brother Dioclesian hath delivered me in mine hand all the lands betwixt 'Muntgiu [Montagu] and Scotland, that I shall through them 'pass [ride], and slay all 'those [the] men that love the Christendom. Then was Coel woe, 'who was' king of Britain, that [he] had fastened amity with 'troth [oath]. Coel held him still, and Maximian did his will; each Christian man 'he' took off [him] the head, and 'whoso would forsake Christendom, he put his mark on him [if he would be heathen, then might he live]. Thus fared Maximian,-

<sup>1</sup> heom? ² he sæhtnesse? <sup>3</sup> R. Maximien, Maximian. 4 R. feint.

siam dei per/ecuti funt. Sub hac perse**fanctus** cum sociis & fancta Bafiliffa, cum fere x<sup>cem</sup> milimati funt ; quo tempore Sanctus Jeorgeus tus est. Ea tempestate Sanctus Anglia, Sanctus Vincencius Sanctus Pantaleon in Nicome on bocken heo cube godne cræft. ine boke godne craft. dea, pa∫∫i ∫unt.

& wunede in biffe londe:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. & feint Julien and feit Aaron: and feint Julien [and feint] Aaron: & tweien ancrift1 of Kærlion. and tweie ancreos of Cairlion. Næs nan² bifcop næs nan clærk :' Nas no biffop naf no cleorc :' ne cniht neore he fwa sterc. ne cniht nere he fo starc. bute he wid-foke3 criftindō: bote he for-foke criftendom: suis & fanc-tus Julianus pat he nes anan fordon. bat he nas a-non for-don. pa pis wes al idon : po pif was al idon : þa uerde forð Maximian. bo ferde forb Maximian. & Coel bi-læfde: and Coel bi-lefde: ris. & mille king inne Bruttene. king a þiffere erþe. 10 pes king hæfuede enne dohter: peos king hadde ane dohter: þe wes him fwiðe deore. pat was him fwipe deore. and he al bif kinelond: & he al pis kinelond: [c. 2.] bi-cwap pat maide an hond. bitahte pan maidene an hond. for næfde he nan oðer child: for nadde he no cnaue: Albanus in pe mihte ipissen londe beo king. pat mihte pat lond habbe. † mæide hehte Elene: pat mayde hehte Eleyne: seobben heo wes quene. suppe 3eo was cwene. in Isspania, Sancta i pan londe of Jerusalem: nia, Sancta i pan londe of Jen Margareta in Antigia, leoden to blissen. in pan lond of Jerusalem: 20 leode to bliffe. pis maiden wes wel itæht: pat maide was wel itaht:

> he martyred saint Alban, and saint Julian, and saint Aaron, and two anchorites of Cærleon. There was no bishop, there was no clerk, nor knight were he ever so strong, that he was not anon slain, unless he forsook Christendom. When this was all done, then marched forth Maximian, and left Coel king in 'Britain [this land]. This king had a daughter, who was to him very dear, and he 'delivered [bequeathed] to the 'maiden [maid] in hand all this kingdom; for he had no 'other child [boy], that might 'in this land be king [the land have]. The maid hight Helen,-subsequently she was queen in the land of Jerusalem, to the bliss of the people. This maiden [The maid] was well instructed, in books 'she knew' good craft, and dwelt

and wonede in biffe londe:

<sup>1</sup> ancref? <sup>2</sup> man pr. m. 3 wif-foke?

## [v. 10925-10948.] LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

mid hire fader stronge. Her æfter sone: bat word com to Rome. þat Coel hæfden iquald: Asclepidiot bene king. þa weorē Rom-leoden: blide on heore mode. for he hæfde an his dagen : muchel of heore cune islazen. get ne com Maximien : [f. 62b. c.1.] get nas Maximan : neuere to Rome agen. þa nom Dioclicien : ænne eoorl¹ wel idon. bat wes be ræhæste mon : þe wuden? inne Rome. & hæfde moni lond : ilæid under his hond. nas na mā in his dæzen : † dursten him derf makien. be kæisere hine sende: into bissen londe. in to þiffen ærde: mid vnimete uærde. Sustance<sup>3</sup> hehte þe eorl:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. mid hire fader stronge. par after sone: pat word com to Rome. pat Coel adde icwelled: Esclepediot bane king. po were Romleode: blibe on hire mode. for bat he hadde islehse: moche of hire cunne. 11 noht icome to Rome agein. po nam Dioclecian: on eorl wel idon. he was be boldeste man: bat wonede ine Rome.

nas no man in his daize: pat dorste him derf makie. 20 be kaifer hine fende :

> mid onimete ferde. Constance hehte be eorl:

in this land with her strong father. Soon 'hereafter [thereafter] the v came to Rome, that Coel had killed Asclepidiot the king. Then were Rome-folk blithe in their mood, because [that] he had 'in his day': much (many) of their kin. Yet Maximian 'never came [was not come Rome again. Then took Dioclesian a brave earl, 'who [he] was the b est man that dwelt in Rome; 'and had laid (subdued) many lands u his hand'; was there no man in his day that durst make himself ha The emperor sent him 'into this land, into this country,' with innum ble host. Custance hight the earl; 'noblest of all knights [knight '

<sup>1</sup> R. eorl. ² wunede?

æðelest alre cnihtē.

pis iherde Coel:

† icumen wæs Custance.

adræd he wes swiðe:

of hif ahzene liue.

he nom forð rihtes:

six wife cnihtes. to C<sup>9</sup>tance heō fende:

& wilcumede hine to lode.

& Custance him sende æster:

bat he come mid twalf cnihten.

to-fomne heo comen:

to-gædere heo speken sone.

pa queð þe kin¹ Coel:

Custance lust me nu wel.

ich fugge be burh alle bing:

ich floh Afclepidiot bene king. þe hæfde þurh his wiðer-lagen : 20

muchel of pine cunne of-flagen.

&midftreng Se eow at-halde wolde:

p gauel of hiffen londe.

the best]! Coel heard this, that Custance was come [here]; adread he was greatly, for his own life; he took forth-right six wise knights, [and] sent 'them' to Custance, and welcomed him to land; and said that he 'himself' would [come and] speak with him, if he would give him peace. And Custance sent after him, 'that he should come [to come] with twelve knights; together they came, 'together they spake [and became reconciled] soon. 'Then quoth the king Coel: "Custance, listen now well to me. I say thee through all things that I slew Asclepidiot the king, who had through his evil laws slain much of thy kin, and would from you with

of his owene lifue. he nam forprihtes: fix wife cnihtef. and to Constance sende: and wilcomede hine to londe. [wih: & he feolf him wolde specken wid and he wolde come and speke him 3ef he him wolden 3ifuen grið. 11 3ef he wolde 3eue him griþ.

And Custance him sende after:

and fehte iworpen fone. [£53%.c.1.]

come mid twalf cnihtef. to-gadere hii comen :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

bat icome was Constance her.

cniht mid þan beste.

adred he was swipe:

pis ihorde Coel:

strength withhold the tribute of this land; and much shame he did you,-

1 king?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& muchelne fcome he eow dude: þe ræðer he dæd þolede. for ich wes an of þan hæhste: † fwore eow herfumnesce. to Romen pat we sculden senden: p gauel of piffen londe. paf addes be king bræc: per fore he if nu dæd. Ah a-fwike wit vnker fihtes: & lokien we to pan rihten. & ich wullen halden to: & halden þe for hærre. & beon þe ful liðe: & halden be for lauerd. & ælche 3ere þe fendē: pat gauel of Brutlonde. pa answere Custace: riche mon & swide bald. Coel þu ært wis mon: & wifdom be followed. Beo nu godful kig: & gumene þu beo lauerd2. & al ich be zette: swa bu hit zirnest.

po feide Cuftance:'
to Coel pan kinke'.
Coel pou art wifman:'
and wifdom pe folwep.
Beo nou god king:'
and of pif londe louerd.

the sooner he suffered death! For I was one of the highest that swore to you obedience, that we should send to Rome the tribute of this land. These oaths the king brake,—therefore is he now dead. But cease we our fight, and look we to the right, and I will submit, and hold thee for master, and be to thee full obedient, and hold thee for lord, and each year send thee the tribute of Britain." Then 'answered [said] Custance,—'noble man, and most bold [to Coel the king]: "Coel, thou art a wise man, and wisdom followeth thee. Be now a good king, and 'be thou' lord of 'men [this land]; 'and all I grant thee as thou it yearnest,' and I will with

<sup>1</sup> R. kinge.

² lauer, pr. m.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. anc<sup>1</sup> ich wolle mid manfipe:

bi manradene onderfange.

Mid mochele bliffe: hii wonede ine borwe.

bat com an ober time.

pat Coel be king:

feac was in comelan.

Soueniht and on dai:

þe king fwiþe feac lai.

Ac naf hit bote ane wile:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& ich wulle mid monscipe:

pine monradene on-fon.

for bu uf dedeft monfcipe and god:

ba bu floze Asclepidiot.

Mid muchelere wurscipe:

sæht heo iwurðen.

mid muchelere blifce:

heo wuneden in burgen.

Ah nef hit buten ane while:

p per com an over time. 10 neoren noht feouwerti dazen:

allunge iuæreden.

pat Coel pe king:

seoc lai an comlen.

his hæfde fwiðe oc:

& pe king wes wunderliche feoc.

Seouen niht & ænne dæi:

pe kīg swiðe seoc lai. hit heold hine bi þan ribben:

pat ne mihte he na leng libben. 20

& he cleopede him to: and he cleopede him to:

riche his peines. alle his wife cnihtes. pat heo him sculden ræden: [6.63.c.1.] for to him reade:

at fwulchere neode. at fochere neode.

honor thy homage receive, 'for thou didst to us honor and good, when thou slewest Asclepidiot." With much worship they became friends,' with much bliss they dwelt in the burgh. But it was not but a while, that 'there' came another time (change of events); 'forty days were not wholly passed,' that Coel the king 'lay [was] sick in tent(?); 'his head ached greatly, and the king was wondrously sick.' Seven nights and one day the king lay very sick; 'it held him by the ribs, so that he might no longer live;' and he called to him 'his noble thanes, that they should [all his wise knights, for to] counsel him at such need, how he might dispose of Helen his daughter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. and. <sup>2</sup> An o is written above the first e, by second hand.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. hu he mihte dihten: Ælene his dohter. pa heo hasden¹ al iseid: **ð** wes þe utemæste rað². pat heo zeue Ælene: Custance to are quene. & al his kineliche lond: fette in Cuftances hond. & Coel hi dude fwa: be king wes inne Buttene. þa nes þer nan oðer ræd: bute Coel king iward dæd. & Cuftance hauede Ælene: biwedded to quene. þet wes þa wiseste wisman: ba wunede a Buttene. Custance hauede his quene: a child beom wes imene. ba bat child wes iboren: God sulf hit hauede icoren. per fore wes al blide: pat wunede inne Bruttene. pa comen to-somne:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. hou he mihte dihte: Eleyne his dohter. And hii him radde alle: in boure and in halle. pat he hire zefue: Custance to cwene. and al his kineworpe lond? fette Cuftance an hond. and Coel al dude: 10 afe hii him radde. po nas par non oper read: bote be king iwarb dead. and Cuftance adde Eleyne: bi-wedded to cwene. þat was þe wisest womman: pat wonede in londe. Custance adde bi his cwene: a child swipe scene.

'When they had all said (spoken), that was the final counsel [And they all counselled him, in bower and in hall], that he should give 'Helen [her] to Custance for 'a' queen, and all his royal land set in Custances hand; and Coel 'he' did 'so,—'who was king in Britain [all as they advised him]. Then was there no other lot, but that 'Coel [the] king should die; and Custance had Helen wedded for queen, who was the wisest woman that dwelt in 'Britain [land]. Custance had [by] his queen, a child 'was in common to them [most fair]. 'When the child was born, God himself had chosen it, therefore was all folk blithe, that dwelt in Britain. Then came together world-prosperous men: they found the child a name most fair; they loved

<sup>1</sup> R. hafden.

al hit to bæh.

& wes of twealf zere.

peo p child wes uord iuæred:

Costantin.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. weorld-seli men. heo füden þat child: nome swide hende. heo luueden his licame: & zeuen him his fader nome. Custaz1 hæhte þe kig: Custance hehte be king: and pat child Constantin. & Costantin<sup>2</sup> hæhte þat child. bat leof was on erbe: be lef wes on heorten: alle Brut-leode. alle Butlonden. his moder Elene: wæs þiffes londes quene. pe child wex and wel ipeh: pat child wæx and wel ipæh: Godes mildce him wes neh. Bruttes him weoren lide: & he hom luuede swide. and Bruttes him lofuede fwibe. heoweoren his moder cunnes men: icomen heo wes of Brutten. <sup>3</sup>his moder was a Brut. [c. 2.] [c.2.] and Constance his fader: & Custanz his fader: inne Rome wes i-uostred. in Rome was i-voftred. al þat þet child mid æzen isæh: al þat þe child iseh:

his body, and gave him his fathers name.' Custance hight the king, and Constantin 'hight' the child, who was dear in 'heart [land] to all 'Britain [Britons];—'his mother Helen was queen of this land.' The child waxed, and well throve; 'Gods favor was nigh him; the Britons were obedient to him,' and 'he [the Britons] loved 'them [him] exceedingly. 'They were his mothers kinsmen;' 'she was born of Britons [his mother was a Briton], and Custance, his father, was fostered in Rome. All that the child saw 'with eyes,' all it submitted [to him]. When the child was 'forth advanced in age, and was' of [full] twelve years, there was 'no man in this land [none

21 al hit him to beh.

po pat child was:

of fulle twealf zere.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. Custanz. <sup>2</sup> Costantin pr. m. <sup>3</sup> One line, if not two, is here deficient.

pa wes a pen ilke time:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. nes na man i þis ærd: naf non of his helde! p weore of heorte fwa hærd. pat hadde pe ilke mihte. pene Costantin wes wrad: wane he were wrob: ne dursten na mon speken him wid.ne dorste no man speke him wib. & þenne he wes bliðe: he wes uule lide. Swide he luuede alcne cniht: moche he lofde echne cniht: be was leof to dem riht. pat lofde for to fegge riht. & his Bruttisce cun: swide hie bihozeden. 10 & his Romanifce cun: wuröliche him radde. pa pat child wes of prittene gere: po he was of prittene gere: þa iwærð his fader vnueren. po iwarp his fader onviere. þat wes þe utenesten<sup>3</sup> ræd: pat was pe latemiste read: pat Custance pe kig iwærð dæd. pat Custance iwarp dead. & Bruttus nome pat child: And Bruttef an hizeng: & makeden heom per of anne king.makede Constantin king. & Costantin be 3unge king: and Constantin heold his lond: g[racie] mid wisdome heold bis lond. 20 in his owene hond. swulc he weore an æld: alse he were of heolde: kingen alre baldeft. king alre boldeft.

of his age] that 'was of heart so hardy [had the same might]. When 'Constantin [he] was wrath, durst no man speak with him; and when he was blithe, he was full mild. Much he loved each knight who 'was lief to judge [loved for to say] right, 'and his British kin greatly him honored, and his Romanish kin worthily him counselled.' When 'the child [he] was of thirteen years, then became his father sick;—that was the final lot, that Custance the king should die. And the Britons 'took the child, and made them thereof a [quickly made Constantin] king; and Constantin, 'the young king,' held this land 'with wisdom [in his own hand], as if he were of age a king boldest of all! Then was in the 'same time [realm] an emperor 'in

po was in pan dome:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The letters de are interlined. <sup>2</sup> The letters ne are interlined. <sup>3</sup> R. utemesten.

Maz[enz]. he wes ihæten Maxenz: be wurse hine luuede. p wes pe forcuddeste mon! be quic wes on liue. Al Rome he fordude: burh his muchele mifbode. alle þa heze men : þe¹ he hatede to dæðe. & alle þa hæne: 10 miδ<sup>2</sup> harme he igrætte. per weoren monie i Rome : riche & wel idone. [f. 63b. c. 1.] þe bi-læfden al þat leoden: & fluzen of pan londe. for han scamen & for han bisemare: for han same and he bismare: þe heom dude þe kæifere. & comen to biffen londe? to Costastine<sup>3</sup> þa kinge. & menden to him heore fær : 20 and menden hir for : & heore forh-fides.

& pan vnimete fcome:

& penne muche grome.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

a kæifere inne Rome.

an kaifer at Rome. he was ihote [M]axenz: be feod hine lofuede. þat was þe forcouþest man: bat cwick were on erbe. Al Rome he for-dude: borh his mochele mifbode. alle be ese men : he hatede to deape. so bat borh his fconde: manie floze of ban londe.

þat heom dude þe kaifer.

an comen to biffe lond:

to Constantin ban kinge.

and of pan onimete fame: and of ban mochele grame.

ou hii ilore hadde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

[at] Rome; he was named Maxenz,—the 'Worse [Fiend] loved him!—who was the wickedest man that was 'quick in life [alive on earth]. All Rome he destroyed through his mickle ill-rule; all the noble men he hated to death, 'and all the poor with harm he greeted.' 'There were many in Rome, rich and brave, who left all the 'folk, and [so that through his wickedness many] fled from the land, for (on account of) the shame and 'for' the disgrace that the emperor did to them, and came to this land, to Constantin the king, and told 'him' their grief, 'and their sorrowful haps [how they had been injured], and [of] the unmeet shame, and [of] the mickle injury

<sup>1</sup> Redundant?

pe Maxenz heom hæuede idon: pat Maxenz heom hadde idon: [f.54.c.1.]

& idriuen of heore lode.

For nuften heo nenne king:

be heo mihten to kennen.

swa heo mihten to Costantine:

for he wes of heore cunne.

georne heo hine beden:

bat he heom fcolden ræden.

hu heo mihten awrækë:

heore wanfibes.

vppe Maxenze:

pe heore monscipe hæsde auælled. Swa longe heo ræd 3eornden:

pat he heom ræd 3ette.

pat he wolde riden : wið ræizere strengðe.

ford in to Rome:

& þa riche biwinnen.

& wreken heom on Maxenz:

þe his cun hæfde i-scæd.

& Coftanti þe king gode:

gaderede uærde.

vnimete folc:

moianes cunnes.

be king gon to ride?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

an of hire londe i-dreue.

For nusten hii to wa mene:

bote to hire cunne.

zeorne hii him beode:

pat he 3am solde reade.

20 Constantin bi-bohte: wat he don mihte. he gaderede ferde: of manian erbe.

pe king gan to ride:

that Maxenz had done them, and driven from their land. For they knew 'no king [not to whom to speak] 'that they might make it known to, as they might to Constantin,' 'for he was of [except to] their kin. Earnestly they prayed him that he should them advise, 'how they might avenge their calamities upon Maxenz, who had laid low their honor. So long they yearned counsel, that he granted them counsel,—that he would ride with bold strength forth into Rome, and conquer the realm, and avenge them on Maxenz, who had injured his kin.' 'And Constantin the good king [Constantin bethought him what he might do; he] gathered an army, 'innumerable folk' of many a 'kind [land];—the king gan to ride toward

Traher.

Marin.

& þa læuedi Ælene:

mid richere genge. & fpæc wid¹ þā elde:

pa halie quene. to Jerufalem wende:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. toward Romleode. touward Rom-leoden. pat he com to Rome: pat he co to Rome? mid rehere strengbe. mid ræzere strengde. pe king was fwipe god cniht: pe king wes swide god cniht: and he sarkede his fiht. & he zarkede his fiht. and he Maxez of-sloh: & he Maxenz of-floh: þar was wele i-noh. ber wes bliffe inoh. þa weoren Rom-leoden : bliðen on heore þeoden. pa wes Costati pe king: [c. 2.] po was Constantin pe king: kæisere of Rome. 11 kaifer of Rome. cwene. and per wes Elene pe halie quene : and par was Eleyne : pe holie and hire preo heames: & hire preo æmmes. pat pus were i-hote. be ældeste hæhte Leonin: Trahern & Mari. Traharn Marin and Leonin: be eorles weoren wel idone: peos were eorles wel idon. Costantin heom bitæhte Rome. Constantin 3am bi-tahte: to ræden þa leden: al Romleode. to dihten pere peoden.

the Rome-folk, so that he came to Rome with fierce strength. The king was knight most good, and he made ready his fight, and he slew Maxenz,—there was 'bliss [weal] enow!—'then were the Rome-folk blithe in their land.' Then was Constantin the king emperor of Rome; and there was Helen, the holy queen, and her three uncles; 'the eldest hight Leonin,—Trahern, and Marin [that thus were named, Traharn, Marin, and Leonin];—'the [these] earls were brave! Constantin delivered to them 'Rome [all the Rome-folk], 'to counsel the people, and to govern the nation.' And the lady Helen, 'the holy queen,' went to Jerusalem 'with a rich retinue,' and spake with 'the' elders of the Jews that were bold; 'and she promised

20 And Eleyne be leafdi:

to Jerusalem wende.

and fpac wip holde:

Anno gracie ccc°. ii°.

Eusebius

papa sedit viij<sup>to</sup>. viij ... menses. Sub huius tem-

re inuen-

ta est cri

of þan Judean þe weoren balde. of Jues þan i weren bolde. & heo heom bihehte: swide mucle? æhte. þat heo hire fcolden ræden: to vinden pa rode. be Crift ure lauerd: alisden on þes middelærd. peo Judeus heo fohten: & pere quene heo itæhten. pa wes heo swa bliče: swa heo nes neuere ær on liue. & heo vele 3ere: purh pan8 wunede4 pere. be while hire æem Leonin: wes in Rome mid Costantin. Of pan broderen he wes ældest: Of pan bropers he was eldest: of wifdome alre feleft. nomen þa Romwisen: & wīman him zeuen.

of ban helfte cunne:

of Romanisce monnen. Da wifman wes biwedded:

and hii hire gonne reade? pat finde heo folde pe rode. bat Crift vre lou<sup>9</sup>d: par on was i-stonge. po Judas hire sohte: and be cwene bi-tahte. 10 po was 3eo fo blipe : so seo nas neuere on liue. an 3eo fale 3er: mid þan rode wonede þar. be wile Leonyn hire heam: in Roma was mid Constantin. [c. 2.] and wifest and felest. nemen be wife of Rome: and wimman him zefue. 20 of ban heheste cunne: of Romanisse manne. pe womman was i-wedded:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

them very much wealth,' 'that they should [and they gan] counsel her 'to [that she should] find the Rood, 'on which [that] Christ our Lord 'redeemed this middle-earth [was pierced thereon]. The Jews sought it, and delivered 'it' to the queen. Then was she so blithe, as she never was 'ere' in life, and she many years dwelt there 'by [with] the Rood, the while her uncle, Leonin, was in Rome with Constantin. Of the brothers he was eldest, 'of wisdom best of all [and wisest and best]; the wise men of Rome took and gave him a wife of the highest kin of Romanish men. The woman was wedded, and 'Leonin had her [led] to his bed; he did as

& Leonin heo hæfde to his bedde.an hi-ladd to his bedde.

<sup>1</sup> pat?

<sup>3</sup> pan rode?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Or muche; the MS. is doubtful.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The letters de are interlined.

Octanes.

he dude alse hit is wune: he streonede hire on enne sone. on hire he strene one sone. pa pat child wes iboren: þa funden heo him hehne nome. heo hehten hine forð riht anan: þat child was ihote: bene hæze Maximian. & Costantin be king: [664.c.1.] and Constantin be king: luuede swide pat child. pus hit ferde pære: wurf hit ferde here. pa wes inne Walfce londe: a duc pe wes fwide strong. Octaves he hehte: he wes of heze cune. he cleopede to Brutlonde: B hit wes his icunde. & al pat pe sæ bi-gæð: Octaves wes fwide 1 mah. he nom muchele uærde: & wenden zeond biffen ærde. 20 ærst he floh þæ eorles:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

Maximian be gode. bat child louede borh alle bing. bus hit eode bare : 10 worse hit ferde here. po was in Walfe lod a duck pat was swipe ftrong. Octaves he hehte: he was of heze cunne.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

he dude afe hit his wone:

it is usage, he begat on her a son. 'When the child was born, then found they for him a noble name; 'they called him forth-right anon [the child was named] Maximian the 'noble [good]; and Constantin the king loved the child 'greatly [through all things];—thus it fared there, but worse it fared here. Then was in Welsh-land a duke who was most strong; Octaves he hight, he was of noble kin; 'he claimed Britain, that it was his territory, and all that the sea surroundeth. Octaves was most valiant; he took a great host, and marched over this land; first he slew the earls, and enslaved the churls; he humbled the reeves, none would he leave';-

1 (wibe?

& prallede pæ chærles. he heomelede þa reuen: nalde he mænne<sup>2</sup> bi-lefuen.

2 nænne?

fende hine to biffen ærde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. al bif kineliche lond: al þis kinelöd: Octauus nom to his hond. Octaves nam to his honde. pis word com to Costantin: pis word com to Constantin: in Rome per he wunede in. in Rome par he wonede in. hu Octauus hauede idon: ou Octaves adde idon : hif folc if lazen and ihon. his folk i-flaze and an-hon. Særi wes þa Costantin: Sori was po Constantin: & forhful ā heorte. men: and forhfulle on heorte. for he ne mihte1 nanes weies cu- for he ne mihte none weies come? to biffere kineriche. 10 to biffe kineriche. for he hauede al Rome-lond: for he hadde al Rome-lond: be stod an his agere hond. pat stod in his owe hond. & his moder Elene: and his moder Eleyne ? him hafde isend æfter. he hadde isende after. pa nom he Traher his æm : po nam he his moder heam: & tæhte hine to rade. Traharn ihote. & pis lond him bi-tahte: and his lond him bi-tahte: biwinnen 3ef he hit mahte. awinnet of<sup>2</sup> he mihte. for him feolf Costanti: ne com he nauere mare her i. 20 Ah he nom folc & æhte: & Traher bi-tehte. mid mucheler uerde: [c. 2.] bi-tahte him mochele ferde:

all this 'kingly land [kingdom] Octaves took in his hand. This word came to Constantin, in Rome wherein he dwelt, how Octaves had done, his folk slain and hung. Sorry was then Constantin, and sorrowful in heart, because he might in no wise come to this kingdom; for he had all Rome-land, which stood in his own hand, and his mother Helen 'him [he] had sent after. Then took he 'Trahern his [his mothers] uncle, [named Trahern,] 'and betook him to counsel,' and delivered him this land, if he it might win;-'for Constantin himself never more came he herein. But he took folk and wealth, and 'delivered 'to Trahern [him], 'with' a great force; 'sent

for lede to biffe erbe.

<sup>1</sup> This word is added in the margin by a later hand.

<sup>2</sup> awinne hit 3if?

[f. 54b. c.1.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Traharn for wende: in to biffe londe.

mid ferde þan meste:

he com to Portchestre.

& for he wes his moder æm: 3ef he mihte Octauus slæn. & he mihte fwa wel don: halde him feolf bifne do. Traher forð wende:

toward biffen londe. mid ferde mid þan mæfte :

he com to Portchæstre.

pa Bruttes weoren swide whæte: & heolden fæsten heore 3æte. 10

& Traher heom fæht wið! [grið. þe Brut in þan þrid dai!

& pæne pridde dæi heo 3erden 1 grip of him beode.

& Traher ferde binnen: and Traharn wende wib ine:

& Portchæstre wes biwunne. þus was þe borh a-wonne.

& ponnene he gon wende: And panene he gan wende:

riht to Winchæstre. into Winchestre.

& Octauus wes icumen bi-uoren : and Octauef was icome bi-vore :

in to bære burhje. into pare borwe. to-gædere heo comen: to-gadere hii comen:

heo fæhten & flogen. 20 hii fohte hii flowen.

† flæht ne mihte : na mare beon i fibte.

He ifæh his muchelne lure: Traharn ifeh his mochele lure:

him [for to lead] to this land; 'and for he was his mothers uncle, if he might slay Octaves, and he might do so well,—to hold himself this realm.' Trahern forth proceeded 'toward [into] this land; with an army 'with' the most (greatest) he came to Portchester. The Britons 'were exceeding brave, and held fast their gates, and Trahern fought with them, and' [in] the third day 'they' 'yearned [prayed] peace [of him]; and Trahern marched within, 'and Portchester [thus was the burgh] won. And thence he gan proceed 'right to [into] Winchester; and Octaves was come before into the burgh. Together they came; they fought 'and [they] slew, 'so that no greater slaughter might be in fight'! 'He [Trahern] saw his

<sup>1</sup> sernden ?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& nom him overne cure.

& ferde bi nihte:

to'bære fæ rihte.

Ær Bruttes hit mihte iwite! his ferde wes al iscipen. & ford heo gunnen wenden:

i Scot-londe.

& [he al Scotlond:]

iwon to his azere hod.

& he wende ouer Humbre ? 10 mid hæhzere stregðe.

& in hissere Bruttene:

burges he aweste.

Octauus # iherde :'

be king wes an ærde.

& he mid his folke:

biderward fusde.

to-gadere heo comen: [664.c.1.] to-gadere hii comen:

& fuhte ful sone. Nu hæfde Traher:

swiðe muchel folc þer.

Scottes & Peohtes:

& Romanifce cnihtes.

and wende awe1 bi nihte.

into Scotlonde: mid his ferde stronge.

and he al Scotlond:

wan to his owene hond. and he wende ouer Humbre:

mid rezere strengbe.

Octaves bis ihorde: and him to-zeines wende.

and fohte wel fone.

20 Nou hadde Traharn:

moche folk igadered. of Scottes of Peutef:

of Romanisse cnihtes.

great loss, 'and took him another choice,' and departed [away] by night 'right to the sea. Ere the Britons might know it, his host was all shipped, and forth they gan proceed' into Scotland [with his strong army], and [he all Scotland] won to his own hand; and he passed over the Humber with great strength, 'and he ravaged the burghs in this Britain.' Octaves heard 'that [this], 'who was king in the land,' and 'he with his folk thitherward marched [advanced against him];—together they came, and fought 'full [well] soon. Now Trahern had 'very' much folk 'there [assembled, of] Scots, 'and [of] Peohtes, 'and [of] Romanish knights. 'Trahero fought

1 awei?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

Octaves wende to par séé:

he and pritti cnihtef:

and fiftene busend islawe:

po was in Norweie his erb:

Octaves him tolde ou Traharn :

and idon of lif-daize.

20 a king bat hehte Compert.

to Norwei wende.

10 par he sip funde.

Traher feht wið Octaues:

& he hine fone ouerco.

Scottes huuen up muchelne ræm: Traharn his folk remede: and be ob gonne to fleonde. & Octaves folc nam flē.

& Romanisce beornes:

flozen þa Bruttes.

þa wes Octaues wa:

& he wende to pere fæ.

bi þere sæ stronde :

per he scipen funde.

in to pane scipen he lad: & in to Norwæize he draf.

nafde he of his fihte:

bute an & pritti cnihtes.

& alle pa overe weoren inomen: and alle pe oper weren inome: and Traharn his men bi-come.

& Traheres men bi-cumen.

& fiftene þusend islægen:

& idon of heore lif-dazen.

pa wes in Norweo3ē ærd∶ [Com]pert. a king be hæhte Compert.

Octaves him spæc wið:

& 3ernde mildeliche his grið.

& feide him hu Traher:

mid teóne hine hauede iflæmed. hine hadde iflemid.

with Octaves, and he soon overcame him'; 'the Scots raised up a great shout [Trahern his folk shouted], and 'Octaves folk took flight [the others gan to flee]; 'and the Romanish men slew the Britons. Then was Octaves woe, and 'he [Octaves] proceeded to the sea, 'by the sea strand' there he found a ship; 'into the ship he went, and into Norway he drove [he and thirty knights went to Norway]. 'He had but one and thirty knights out of his fight,' and all the others were captured, and became 'Traherns [Traharn his] men, and fifteen thousand were slain, and deprived of 'their' life-day. Then was in 'Norwegian [Norway his] land a king that hight Compert. Octaves 'spake with him, and mildly asked his favor, and 'said [told] to him how Trahern 'with injury' had banished him:-"And if thou

LA3AMONS BRUT.

& 3if þu me wult wlfte: mid muchele þine ferden. þat ich ma3en a3æn cumē: to mine kineriche. ich þe wulle luuien:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& halden pe for lauerd. mid fæhte & mid fibbe: pa while p ich libbe.

& after mine dæigen:

mine duzede pe bi-tachen. pa ænswærede Compert:

pe king wes of pā ærd. Pu fælt in piffe 3ere?

beon mid me hære.

& deornliche fende: in to Brutlonde.

mid weorden and mid writen:

bi monnen þe heom cunnen witen. & fenden þine fonden:

to line bezste freonden.

bi-hæten seoluer & gold:

mucl el æhte & lond.

3if ai mon mihte Traher king: 3if eni man mihte Traharn king: tuhten to dæðe. [lace: bringe to deaþe.

[c. 2.]

mid drenche ofer mid dweomer-

oder mid steles bite.

'wilt [wouldst] me help 'with thy powerful army, that I may again come' to [win] my kingdom, I will thee love [ever in my life], and hold thee for lord 'with amity and with peace, the' while that I live; and after my day, deliver to thee my people.'" Then answered Compert, who was king of 'the [that] land: "Thou shalt 'in [all] this year be with me here, and send secretly into Britain, 'with word and with writ, by men that can understand them; and send thy messengers to thy best friends, promise silver and gold, much wealth and land'; if any man might bring Trahern the king to death 'with draught (poison), or with magic, or with steels

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

And 3ef bou me woldest helpe:

to winne mine riche. [c. 2.] ich þe wolde lofuie: euere in mine lifue.

and pe for louerd holde: wile pat ich libbe.

po answerede Compert: pat king was of pilke erp. pou salt al pis 3er: beo mid me her, an deorneliche sende:

in to Brutlonde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

over mid æie crafte: bi-winnen him his mahte. þēne mihtes þu a3en faren :' mucle þe laffe weoren þi kare. þēne wlle i¹ þe a3an bringen : & makiē þe to kingē.

Al dude Octaues: Al dude Octaves: Compertes lare. Compert his lore.

sende his fode: in to biffe londe. purh pan ilke crafte: þe Compert king hi tæhte. & Traher wes on Bruttene: king swide blide. næfde he of Octaue: caræ næuer nane. na mare þeh he nær iboren: over i watere forloren. Traher wes i Lundene: blide mid his leoden.

fulle feouen nihte: blide mid his cnihten. ba wes i Kent an eorl:

Ine Kent was on eorl: Eldol ihote.

Aldolf i-haten. Aldolf.

> bite (wound), or with any craft deprive him of his might, then mightest thou return,-much the less were thy care,-then would I thee back bring, and make thee king." Octaves did all 'Comperts [Compert his] instruction; 'he sent his messengers into this land through the same craft that king Compert taught him. And Trahern was in Britain king most blithe; he had never any care of Octaves, no more than if he were not born, or in water destroyed (drowned)! Trahern was in London, blithe with his people; full seven nights blithe with his knights. Then' was in Kent an earl, named

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. feond he wes pes kinges: for Octaves binge. ofte he ferde to pan kinge: & hernede 1 tidinge. Chæpmen bunden heore ware: þa wolde þe king faren. Aldolf ferde him bi-foren: [£65.c.1.] Eldol wende him bi-vore: mid feower hundred cnihten. & leop ut of ane wude : wunder wel iwepned. 10 Traher king he per fond: & mid fpere hine ftong. & hif muchele uerde: fette to fleonde. & Aldolf heom after droh: and muchel folc he per of-floh. in to ane stronge castle. & fende an hizinge: after Octave pan kinge. & he anan cō: to biffere kineriche. to kinge he wes vnder-fon:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. he lofde lute þis kinge: for Octaves his binge. ofte he verde to pan kinge: hercnie tidinge. po feide me him ware: pat pe king wolde vare. mid fif hundred cnihtef. and leop ut of one wode: wonder wel iwepnid. Traharn king he par fond: and mid on fpere hine borh stong. and alle his men: fette to flende. and Eldol after droh: and mochel folk he pere floh. & sedden he uerde in to Kent? And suppe he wende into Kent? in to one castle. and fende an hizenge: after Octaves pan kinge. And he an hisenge: com to his riche. to king he was onder-fon:

Aldolf; 'enemy he was of the [he loved little this] king, on account of Octaves [his] affair; oft he went to the king, 'and hearkened [to hearken] 'Chapmen bound their ware; then [Then said men to him where that] would the king fare. Aldolf went before him with 'four [five] hundred knights, and leapt out of a wood, wondrously well weaponed. Trahern the king he there found, and with [a] spear pierced him [through]; and 'his great host [all his men] set to flight. And Aldolf pursued after 'them,' and much folk he there slew; and afterwards he marched into Kent, into a 'strong' castle, and sent speedily after Octaves the king. And he 'anon [in haste] came 'this kingdom [his realm]; he was received as king,—'then [that]

<sup>1</sup> hercnede?

þa þuhte hit hin wes¹ idon. Heo2 ferde 3eond þas þeoden: & floh þa Romleoden. þa hæhne & þa riche : alle heo? floh iliche. whar fwa he mihte hine kenen: ware fo he mihte eni kenne: ne læuede he nauer ænne. & twa & twēti 3ere: he wuneden seooden here. inne griðe & inne friðe: mid freond-scipe of Brutten. þa þe he wes wel ald mon : þa com him uuel on. # vuel hine heold ftronge: ah he þreowede longe. pe king hine bi-vohte: what he don mihte. whā he mihte bi-tæchen: al his kineriche. and al his duze de : æft<sup>9</sup> his dæie. Mid carte he for to Lundene: & fette his hustige. eorles per comen :

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat him pohte wel idon. He verde oueral peos peode : and floh be Romleode. be pore and be riche: alle he floh iliche. ne lefde he neuere anne. and two and twenti zere: he wonede suppe here.

po he was wel hold man? po com him vuel an. hit heolde hine fo ftrong: pat he ne mihte libbe longe. þe kng³ hine bi-þohte : wat he don mihte. wan he mihte bi-take: al his kineriche.

He lette cleopie his heze men : to one grete speche.

seemed 'it' to him well done. He passed over [all] this land, and slew the Rome-folk; the poor and the rich, all he slew alike; wheresoever he might 'him [any] ken, he left never one. And two and twenty years he afterwards dwelt here, 'in peace and in quietness, with friendship of the Britons.' When 'that' he was a well old man, then came on him sickness; 'the sickness [it] held him [so] strongly, 'but he suffered [that he might not live] long. The king bethought him what he might do; to whom he might deliver all his kingdom, 'and all his people, after his day.' 'With a cart he went to London, and set his husting [He caused his noble men to be called to a

<sup>1</sup> him wel?

he stod up i þan hustige :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

riche & wel idone. & alle pa wife: be wuneden on Bruttene. [c.2.] pa pe king heom hauede isæid! po pe king hadde i-seid! & bæd heom ræden him ræd. he bad 3am reade him read. whæm he mihte bi-tæche: wan he mihte bi-take: al his kine-riche. al his kineriche. for nefde he nenne fune: for he nadde bote one dohter: þe his land mihte halden. ne child bute ane dohter: 10 þe him wes swiðe deore. pat he lofuede deore. & hire he wolde bi-tache: and hire he wolde bi-take: al his kineriche. al his kine-riche. & 3efuen hire lauerd: and 3efue hire louerd: pene hæhste mon of pis ærd. pan beste of his erp. Summe him ræden a-nan: Somme him radde on! pat he heo zeuen pan eorle Conan.pat he hire zefue eorl Conan. he wes wif and riche: him heo he mihte bitæche. odere ber weoren: oper par weren: 20 þat þis nolde i-heren. þe þif nalden ihæren. I Cornwale wes an eorl god: In Cornwale was an eorl gods' be wes ihaten Cradoc. he was i-hote Cradoc. Cra[doc].

great conference]; 'there came earls, rich and brave, and all the wise men that dwelt in Britain.' When the king had said 'to them,' 'and [he] bade them advise him counsel, to whom he might give all his kingdom; for he had 'no son, who might hold his land, nor child' but a daughter, 'who was to him most [that he loved] dear; and on her he would bestow all his kingdom, and give her for lord (husband), the 'highest man [best] of this land. Some him counselled anon, that he should give her to 'the' earl Conan; he was wise and rich, to him he might deliver her; others there were, who would not this hear. In Cornwall was an earl good, 'who [he] was named Cradoc; he stood up 'in the husting [anon right], and 'thus spake

he stod vp a-non riht:

anon?

and bus spæc wið ban kinge. and peof word faide. Hercne me Octaue: herene me kinelauerd. no here ich nenne godne ræd? pe pe 3et beo isæd. 3if bu bi-tachest Conan: bine kineriche. pat word come's sone: vorð into Rome. For nu is Ælene: Jerufalem quene. costan[sin]. & pe king Costantin: & alle his cnihtes mid him. & dæd hif þe riche Leonin: & his brover Mari. & Maximien be sunge cniht: i Rome haldeð muchel fiht. & Traher i þiffe londe: mid spere wes of-stungen. & ælche dæi inne Rome : [6.65b.c.1.] Maximien pe wel idone. halded swide muchel iwin:

wid Gracien & wid Valantin.

& Costanti be king:

of us ne penched nading.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Hercne me min louerd: ne ihere ich nanne godne read. 3ef bou bi-takest Conan : bine kineriche. pat word comep fone: forb in to Rome. 10 For nou his Eleyne: Jerusalem his cwene. and be king Constantin: and alle his cnihtes mid him. and dead his be riche Leonin: and his brop9 Marin. and Maximian be 30nge cniht: in Rome holdel strong fiht.

and Constantin be king:

of vs ne bencheb no bing.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

with the king [said these words]: "Hearken to me, 'Octaves, hearken to me, 'sovereign [my lord]; I hear no good counsel 'that yet is said to thee'. If thou givest to Conan thy kingdom, the tidings will come soon forth into Rome; for now is Helen 'of Jerusalem [Jerusalem his] queen; and the king Constantin, and all his knights with him; and dead is the powerful Leonin, and his brother Marin; and Maximian, the young knight, in Rome holdeth 'mickle [strong] fight, 'and Trahern in this land was slain with spear. And each day in Rome Maximian the brave maintaineth very great contest with Gracien and with Valantin'; and Constantin the king of us thinketh nothing, and thus are we of Britain 'of friends [clean]

& bus we beod of Bruttene: freonden biræued. Bute bu wisliche bitæche: bine kineriche. wulled Romleode: cumen to biffere beode. & for-uaren vf mid fehte: & ure freod wallen 1. & maken vnfæhte: & binimē us ure irihten. benne bu beoft forð faren: ne beon we næuere buten caren. ne wee ham wip-stonde. Ah fend into Rome:

æfter Maximien bā wel idone. he is fwide hende gume :

& he wes Leonines fune. his fader wes Ælenen æm :

he is of abele cunne. & 3if him bine dohter:

pa pe is swide deore.

& make hie to kinge: & bine dohter to que.

þenne ma3e we libben:

mid fæhte & mid fibben.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and bus we beob of Bruttes: clene bi-reued. Bote bou wisliche bi-take: pine kineriche. wolled Romleode: come to biffe..... and for-fare vs mid fihte: and houre freendef falle.

wan bou hart forb fare? Ac fende into Rome: after Maximian wel idon. he his fwipe riche gome? and he his Leonines fone. his fader was Eleyne heam: of Bruttene cunde<sup>3</sup>. and 3ef him hine dohter pat pe his swipe deore. and make hine to kinge: bi dohter to cwene. panne mawe we libbe:

mid febte and mid fibbe.

bereaved. Except thou wisely bestowest thy kingdom, the Rome-folk will come to this country, and destroy us with fight, and fell our friends, 'and make strife, and take from us our right'; when thou art dead, we 'shall never be without care [shall not be able to withstand them]. But send into Rome, after Maximian 'the' brave; he is a man most 'fair [powerful], and he 'was [is] Leonins son; his father was Helens uncle, 'he is of noble [of British] race. And give him thy daughter, who is to thee most dear, and make him king, 'and' thy daughter queen; then may we live

<sup>2</sup> ne mawe we?

Written at first kinge cunde, but the former word expuncted.

& a to ure liue: witen ure leoden. mid winne & mid wurdscipe: mid muchele wifdome.

þa aras Conan: & stod biuorē þan kinge.

he wes wunderliche wrað∶

for peos speche him wes lad. he spæc agen Cradoc:

alse he hine wolde fordon. Ah ne rohte næuere Cradoc:

of al pat Conan eorl spæc. [c.2.] of Conanes wrappe.

for al pat hustinge: be wes biuoren ban kinge.

bi-luueden Cradockes ræd:

for heo isezen hat hit wes neod. for hit was wisliche iseid.

pu¹ cleopede Octaues:

Brutlondes lauerd.

Hail feo bu Caradoc2:

herfore þu fcælt habben: wurhscipe muchele.

Læ me Mauric binne sune :

þe is a swiðe wis gume.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and euere to vre lifue : witie oure freondes.

mid winne and mid worfipe:

and mid wisdome. po aros Conan:

and ftot to-vore pan kinge.

he was wonderliche wrop:

for beos speche him was lob.

Ac ne rohte neuere Cradoc:

for alle lofde Cradokef read:

po cleopede Octaues:

king of Brutayne. [f.55b.c.1.]

Hail beo pou Cradoc :

wel beo bou Cradoc.

her vore pou falt habbe:

worfipe heze.

Lean me Mauric pine sone :

pat [is] a swipe wif gome.

with amity and with friendship, and ever in our lives defend our 'people [friends] with joy and with worship, [and] with 'much' wisdom." Then arose Conan, and stood before the king; he was wondrously wrath, for this speech was hateful to him; 'he spake against Cradoc as if he would him destroy.' But Cradoc recked never of 'all that earl Conan spake [Conans wrath]; for all 'the husting that was before the king' approved Cradocs counsel, for 'they saw that it was need [it was wisely said]. Then called Octaves, 'Britains lord [king of Britain]: "Hail be thou, Cradoc! [Well be thou, Cradoc!] Herefore thou shalt have 'great [high] worship. Lend me Maurice thy son, who is a man most wise, to go in

<sup>1</sup> pa?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. to uarē a mire neode: in to Rom-peode. æfter Maximiane: þane richen & þane kene. þæt he cume swiðe : be while be ich beo on liue. And ich him wulle bitæchen: mine kine-riche. and mine dohter Orien: to habben to quene. & ic wulle Maurike: mede bi-tæchen. ich zeue him Norhhüberlond: here mid mire azere hond. þis ich him bitæchen: of mine kine-riche. wið þan þe he me brige: Maximien þæ hende. Al fwa be king 3irde1:

touward Romleode. after Maximian: pe riche and pe kene man. bat he come swibe: wile ich ham a-lifue. And ich him wolle bi-teche: mine kineriche. ... mine dohter Oriene: Oriene. 10 to habbe to cwene. And ich wolle Mauric: mede bi-take. ich him zefue Norphomberlond: here mid min owe hond.

wip pan pat he me brige:

Maximian pan hende.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

to wende in mine neode?

Mauric hit him zette. he ferde uord2 rihtes: Mauric verde vorb riht? mid preom wife cnihtef. mid preo wife cnihtes. † he com to Rome! forte bat he come: to Maximian to Rome.

20

my need 'into [toward] Rome-land, after Maximian, the rich and the keen [man], that he come quickly, 'the' while 'that' I 'be [am] alive. And I will deliver to him my kingdom, and my daughter Oriene to have for queen. And I will bestow reward on Maurice; I give him Northumberland here with mine own hand; 'this I bestow on him out of my kingdom,' on condition that he bring me Maximian the fair." 'All as the king desired Maurice it granted him'; 'he [Maurice] proceeded forth-right with three wise knights until [that] he came to Maximian at Rome. 'There was mickle strife; in

to Maximiene.

per wes muchel vnfrið:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

in al þā londe nas na grið.

ah mid vnfride per wes muchel win: par was fiht an lutel win: [tin. mid Gracien & mid Ualantin. bi-twixte him Gracien and Valen-

heo duden Maximiene: hii dude Maximian:

vnimete teone<sup>2</sup>. onimete teone. [nome?

muchel lond hee hæfden binomë moche lond hii hadde hine bi-

ære þider come Maurich þe gume. Þo com Mauric þe gome.

Sone fwa Maximiane i-fæh : [f. 66. Sone fo Maximian ifeh : swa he him to bæh. he to hī beh.

& fæire hine igrætte:

mid guðfulle worden.

& he iradliche:

lædde hine to ræde.

& he pus fpæc: and he pus fpac: wunderliche feire. wonderliche faire.

Hercne Maximian: Hercne me Maximian: bu ært of muche cunne. bou hart of mochele cunne.

pu weore Elene æmes fune: of hæh3e cunne pu ært icumen.

Ær ich hider uore: 20 Er ich hider verde: nis hit nawhit 3ære. nis hit noht 3ære.

Octaves ure king:

i Lundene heold his husting. Octavef heold his fpeche<sup>3</sup>.

all the land was no peace, but with strife' there was [fight and] great conflict 'with [betwixt him] Gracien and 'with' Valentin. They did to Maximian injury unmeet; much land they had taken [from him] 'ere [when] the man Maurice 'thither' came. So soon as Maximian saw him, he came to him, 'and greeted him fair with goodly words; and he (Maurice) prudently led him to counsel,' and he thus spake wondrously fair: "Hearken [to me], Maximian, thou art of great race; 'thou wert Helens uncles son, of noble lineage thou art come.' Ere I hither came,—it is 'no whit [not] of yore,—Octaves, 'our king, in London' held his 'husting [conference];

<sup>1</sup> mochel? 2 The last two letters of teone are by second hand sup. ras.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A line is here wanting.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. † hustinge wes god: hit wes witene-imot. vnhæle & ælde: hæueð þene king vnbalded. per wes moni cniht god: & be king heom æxede ræd. wham he mihte bitæchen: his dohter & his riche. & alle his dozeve : æfter his dæie. 10 preo eorles anan : icure pe eorl Canaan1. pat me sculde him Brutlond: bitachen al on his hond. & pa fæire Oriene:

pes kinges dohter to qne.

Conanes eorldom:

Kent is ihaten. & mi fader if an icorren eorl:

Cornwalen lauerd. he is ihaten Caradoc :

he is of bine cunne.

& ich hatte Mauric: pe mæste of his childeren.

þa heo hæfden a-nan:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

for vneale and heolde: hauep hine on-balded. par was mani cniht god: and [be] king am axede read. wam he mihte bi-take: his dohter and his riche. [c. 2.] and alle his folk : after his daie. preo eorles anon: chofe pan eorl Conan.

'the husting was good, it was a meeting of councillors,' [for] sickness and age hath enfeebled 'the king [him]. There was many a good knight; and the king asked counsel of them, on whom he might bestow his daughter and his realm, and all his folk after his day. Three earls anon chose the earl Conan; 'that Britain should be delivered to him all in his hand, and

and mi fader Cradoc:

the fair Oriene, the kings daughter, for queen. Conans earldom is named Kent.' And my father 'is a chosen earl, lord of Cornwall; he is named' Cradoc; 'he is of thy kindred; and I hight Maurice, the eldest of his chil-When they had anon thus chosen Conan, then leapt up my father

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. Conaan.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bus icoren Conan.

þa lep mi fader up :

swulc hit an liun weore.

& wid-seide pene cure:

pane read wip-stod.

bi-foren ure kinge.

per wes swiŏe muchel dune : [c.2.]

peines per dremden.

& mi fader Caredoc:

and Cradoc makede luft: and to pan king spac pus.

makede lust & pus spæc. While wes Elene:

Custances quene.

Ælene hæfde enne æm:

þe æðele wes on londe.

he wes i-haten Leonin:

uoro he ferde mid Costantin.

Traher hæhte his broðer:

& Marin þe oðer.

Taher i þiffen londe:

wes islægen mid wornge1.

Conanes fader hine floh:

pat wes swide muchel woh. for her king wende:

bat heo weoren ifreonde.

Lusted wel Buttes:

þe her beoð bi-hælues.

Lustep wel Bruttus: pat her beop bi-halues.

as if it were a lion, and' opposed the 'choice [counsel], 'before our king. There was exceeding great din; thanes there clamored'; and 'my father' Cradoc made silence, and thus spake [to the king]: "Awhile was Helen Custances queen; Helen had an uncle, who was noble in land; he was named Leonin, forth he fared with Constantin. Trahern hight his brother, and Marin the other. Trahern in this land was slain with wrong; Conans father slew him,—that was very great injury, for Trahern the king weened that they were friends.' Listen well, Britons, that are here beside.

<sup>1</sup> wronge?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Traher?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

Leoni hadde ænne sune : & inne Rome he wune's. Maximien he hatte: of ban abele cunne. Sēde we to Rome: & haten hine cumen fone. & in ure hustige: hæhuen hine to kinge. & þa feire Oriene ! bithæchen him to qne. þenne magen we libben : mid fæhten & mid fibben. pus spæc mi fader Caradoc: biforē þan folke. þa andfwerede þe king:

hit wes him swide iqueme. & alle his beornen:

be wunied on Brutene. bute Conaan wes swide wræd: for þe cure him wes læð.

Cleope nu to ræde : pine rædziuen gode.

& sæie me her of andfwere:

for nu to marwen ich wulle faren. po was Maximian :

ba wef Maximien:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Leonin hafde ane fone: and in Rome he wonep. Maximian hi-hote: of Bruttene cunne. To be ich ham isend: porp hire alre read. pat pou come to him? ad he be wole make king. and his dohter Oriene:

to habbe to cwene.

Mari-

Leonin had a son, and in Rome he dwelleth; 'he hight [named] Maximian; of 'the noble [British] race. 'Send we to Rome, and pray him to come soon, and in our husting raise him to be king, and the fair [To thee I am sent through counsel of them all, that thou shouldest come to him, and he will make thee king, and his daughter] Oriene 'bestow on him [to have] for queen; 'then may we live with amity and with friendship." Thus spake my father Cradoc before the folk. Then answered the king; it was most pleasing to him, and to all his men that dwell in Britain; but Conan was very wrath, for the choice to him was odious. Call now to counsel thy good councillors, and say me here of answer, for now to-morrow I will

alle his wife.

pe read was fone irad:

Stille he wende fone:

Maximian of Rome.

mid alle his cnihtes.

Ac anon he wende: touward biffe londe.

in ban fouenihte:

for do bat Mauric hine bad.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

for pisse worde swide fæin.[£669.c.1.] for pisse worde swipe fain. he cleopede to reade :

he cleope his rædziuen: & eoden to rune.

pe ræd wes sone iræd: al swa Mauric hit bad.

Stille iwende fone:

Maximien of Rome.

i pan seouen nihte: mid alle his cnihten.

wenden þa Rō-leoden :

bat he wolde to heore vn-neode. † he wolden fehten: [cnihtes2.

azan Valentin & Gracian mid his

for a heo weoren auaren3: of Maximian & of his hirde.

Ah anan heo4 wende :

toward biffen londe.

& fwa he gon liden:

into Londene.

faiir-lac he gon brige: Octave pan kingē.

& be king him for 3ef?

and fo he gon libe: into Londene. 20 fair-lock he gan bringe :

Octaves pan kinge.

and be king bar vore him 3af?

depart."' Then was Maximian most glad for these tidings; he called [all] his 'councillors [wise men] 'and went' to counsel; the counsel was soon advised all as [for to do what] Maurice 'it [him] prayed. Secretly [he] went soon, Maximian, out of Rome; within the se'nnight with all his knights; 'the Rome-folk weened that he would go to their harm, that he would fight against Valentin and Gracien with his knights, for ever they were afraid (?) of Maximian and of his troops.' But anon he proceeded toward this land, and so he arrived in London; presents he gan bring to Octaves the king, and the king him [therefore] gave his daughter for queen.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These three last words are, apparently, superfluous, and repeated from a previous line. A plummet mark in the margin of the MS. shows there is some error here.

<sup>4</sup> he? auæred? 5 Some attempt has been made to erase this word.

pe luueden pas leoden. makeden huftinge:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. his dohter to quene. his dohter to cwene. pa wes king Maximien: po was king Maximian: hit buhte Bruttes i-don wel. hit bohte Bruttes wel idon. And Conaan eorl mid wradden: And Conan eorl mid wreppe: wende to Scotten. wende to Scottes. & monie Scottes him bugen to: and he pare: & ane burh bigunen. ane borh makede. næs þa in al þan ende: burh al swa hende. Da beo burh wef al imaked: mid muchelere strengde. he fette hire æne nome: æft<sup>9</sup> him seoluen. ofte he ræd hire þurh & þurh : hofte he rod borh: & hehte heo Cuninges-burh. and hehte hine Conanes-borh. [6.56.c.1.] nu and æuere mare: nou and euere more: þe nome stondeð þere. be name stondeb bare. Conaan ladde ferde: Conan ladde ferde: in þan norð ærde. in pan norp ende. he hatede Maximien: 20 he hatete Maximian: pat abohte momi<sup>1</sup> mon. þat a-bohte mani man. pa wise men of pisse londe: [c.2.] pe wise of pisse londe:

Then was Maximian king; it seemed to the Britons done well. And earl Conan with wrath went to the Scots; 'and many Scots came to him,' and 'began [he there made] a burgh; 'in all the world then was not a burgh so fair! When the burgh was all made, with much strength, he set on it a name after himself'; oft he rode 'it through and' through, and named it Conans-burgh; now and evermore the name standeth there. Conan led an army into the north country; he hated Maximian,—that many a man bought dear! The wise 'men' of this land, 'who loved this people,' made 'a husting [peace] 'betwixt Conan and the king'; 'there they became [and

makede paifinge.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bitwexen Conaan & pan kinge. ber heo iwurden sæhte: & per heo iwurden somme. & makede i biffen londe grið: god mid þan bezste. & be king him bihæhte a-nan: to makiene riche mon. swa he dude feodden: pet abohte moni mon. mid grbe2 he wuneden here : 10 mid gripe hii wonede here : fulle fif 3ere. pa hefde Maximien: gærfume vninete3. for he næfde of his londe: na gauel ifende to Rome. þa þe fif 3er weoren agan: þa fæide Maximian. ₱ he wolde ouer fæ uaren: & fehten wið þan Frenscen. & 3if he pere mihte spedē: 20 toward Rome he wolde riden.

and makede heom isehte: and cufte wel ilome.

And be king him bi-hehte a-non: to maki him a riche man.

folle fif zere. po hadde Maximian: onime4 garifom. for he nadde of his londe? no feo ifend to Rome. po pe fif 3er were a-gon : po feide Maximian. pat he wolde ouer séé: and fihte wip pan Frence. and 3if he pare mihte fpede: to Rome he wolde ride. to wreken his teone : of Valentin and Gracien.

made them] reconciled, and 'there they became friends [kissed well often], 'and made peace in this land, good with the best.' And the king promised him anon to make [him a] rich man; 'so he did afterwards,—that many a man bought dear!'-with peace he [they] dwelt here full five years. Then had Maximian immense treasure, for he had of his land no 'tribute [fee] sent to Rome. When the five years were gone, then said Maximian, that he would 'pass' over sea, and fight with the French; and if he there might speed, to' ward' Rome he would ride, to avenge his wrongs on Gracien and 'on' Valentin, 'who had done to him many injuries in Rome.'

to wreken his teone:

on Gracien and on Valentin.

<sup>1</sup> The last two letters of makede are interlined.

² R. griðe.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R. vnimete.

<sup>4</sup> R. onimete.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pe monie him hæfdē idone:

teonen inne Rome.

pus spæc Maximien :

uor him wes to murie. for hif lond wes ha swide god?

& he hit hæfde al vnder fot.

& him ne stod zeie to nabing:

for dæd wes Octaues þe kig.

Maximien bæd ferde:

feorliche store.

be king hafde kene men:

& vnimete gærfume.

ford he gon wenden:

ut of bissen londen.

forð he gon liðen:

ut of biffen leoden. [clond:

ne isæh he nauere æft þis lond. Ouer fæ he wende:

and wel com to londe. [f. 67.c. 1.] and wel com to londe.

[in ane londe] fwide riche: 21

be hehte Armoriche.

þa scipen urnen a den lond:

pat folc wenden uppe ftrond.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bus fpac Maximian:

for him was to murie. for his lond was fo god:

and he hit hal1 onder fot.

and him ne stod eye of no bing : for dead was Octaves be king.

Maximian bad ferde:

wonderliche store.

be king hadde kene men ?

and onimete garifome.

forb he gan wende:

vt of biffe londe.

[don : he makede him feluen muchel he makede him feolf mochel to ne come he neuere her a-3ein. Ouer séé he wende :

> in one londe swipe riche: pat po hehte Armoriche.

spake Maximian, for he was too merry, because this land was 'then most [so] good, and he 'had [held] it 'all' under foot, and he stood in awe of nothing, for dead was Octaves the king. Maximian summoned an army, wondrously strong; the king had keen men, and immense treasure; forth he gan proceed out of this land, 'forth he gan pass out of this country';—he made for himself much 'disgrace [to do], he never 'eft saw this land [again came here]! Over sea he went, and came well to land, [in a land] most rich, that hight Armoriche. 'The ships run on the land; the folk went upon the strand'; they began a castle good with the best; they

<sup>1</sup> hald? hadde hal?

Humbald.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

heo bigunnen ænne castel: god mid þā bæzsten. heo riden zeond þæn leode: & nomen per muchele prude. heo funden herre-feng inoh: & lædden to heore ferde. & æc heo nomen wummen: wunder ane monie. & duden þat heo wolden: zeond Ærmoriche londe. pis iherde Humbald:

þe wes wes² lauerd i þa lond.

hu be king Mæximien : amerde his riche.

Humbald fende fonde: zeond al pan londen.

per he æine freond hæfde: þe him helpen wolde.

& pohte pat he wælde:

heom driuen of hif londe. Heo comen bi dæie lihte :

to ane stronge fihte. Bruttes heom ou comen:

& Humbald heo flozen.

& fiftene pusende per weoren isla- and fiftene pusend:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

Hii bi-gonne anne castel : god mid þan beste. hii reoden zeond þe leode : and neme mochel prude.

and eke hii nemen wifmen: wonderliche manie. and dude wat iwolde 1 : oueral pan londe.

Is ihorde Humbald: pat was pare louerd. hou þe king Maximian : a-morde his riche. Humbald fende fonde: oueral his kinelonde. par he eny freond hadde : pat him helpe wolde. and pohte pat he wolde? him driue of his londe. 20 Hii come bi dai lihte: to one strange fihte. Bruttef heom ouercomen: [3en : and Humbald hii flowen.

rode over the country, and took 'there' much booty; 'they found spoil enow, and led to their host'; and eke they seized 'a wonder [wondrously] many women, and did what they would 'over Armoriche [all the] land. Humbald heard this, who was lord 'in the land [there], how the king Maximian ravaged his realm. Humbald sent messengers over all 'the land [his kingdom], where he had any friend that would him help, and thought that he would drive 'them [him] from his land. They came by day-light to a strong fight; the Britons overcame them, and Humbald they slew;

1 hii wolde?

2 Sic MS.

10

[c.2.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& idon of lif-dæzen. þa þif feht wes idon :

þa wende Maximien.

agen in to herberge:

to resten hine seolue.

A marzen þa hit dæi wes:

duzeðen heom gereden.

heo wenden to bere heze burh:

þe Nāstes1 is ihaten.

ne funde heo per inne : noht of moncunne.

þe heom wið wolde ftonden:

& þa burh heolden.

al hit wæs awæi iflozen:

and of pan londe ibozen.

buten a lute wifmen:

þe weoren þer wið innen.

þa burh nom Maximien :

& fette mid his monnen.

þeo cleopede Maximien :

to pan corle Conaan.

Conaan þu ært god cniht:

bu hæfuest<sup>3</sup> ihalden wel mi fiht. bou hauest iholde wel mi fiht.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

par weren of-flage.

po pis fiht was idon?

bo wende Maximian azein.

to his herborewe: to reste him seolue.

A morwe po hit dai was:

to Nantes he wende. ne funde? par ine? noht of mankunne. be him wolde wib-stonde.

ac alle hii were awei iflowe: and of pan londe itowe. bote ane feue wifmen:

bat were bar wib ine.

pe borh nam Maximian:

and dude par on his men. po cleopede Maximian:

to þā eorl Conan. Conan bou hart god cniht: [£56b.c.1.]

and fifteen thousand there were slain, 'and deprived of life-day.' When this fight was done, then went Maximian back 'into [to his] quarters, to rest himself. On the morrow when it was day, 'the people made them ready'; 'they marched to the noble burgh that is named Nantes [to Nantes he marched]; 'they' found therein nought of mankind that would withstand 'them [him], 'and hold the burgh,' [but] all 'it was [they were] away flown, and from the land departed, except a few women who were there within. Maximian took the burgh, and 'set with [placed therein] his men; then called Maximian to the earl Conan: "Conan, thou art good knight, thou hast maintained well my fight, 'and' I will bestow on thee much re-

<sup>1</sup> Nantes?

<sup>2</sup> funde he?

<sup>3</sup> hæhuest pr. m.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & ich þe wulle mede: muchele bitæche. for bu hæfuest? al Brutlöd: i pire azere hond. 3if ich hit nere: bu weore king bere. and be eorl Caredoc: be is of mine cunne. 3et hit mai ilimpe: hit is be an vnoonke. Ah loke wulche wæstres4: & wunliche londes. whulche wurdliche wude: whulche wilde deores. whul⁵ liŏe londe : on to libbenne. pif lond hehten Armoriche: þis ich þe bitæche. & muchele mare her to: 3if ich hit mæi ifo. her of bu scalt bed king: & þas riche azen. Vt ich wullen driuen: al pat ich finde on liue.

3ungen and alde:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

ich pe wolle mede:
mochel bi-the!.

for pou haddest al Butlonds:
in pin owene hond.
3ef ich hit nere:
pou were king pere.

ine for to wonie.

pis lond hette Armoriche:
pis ich pe bi-teche.
and mochel mo per to:
gef ich mote libbe.
her of pou falt beo king:
and peof riche oge.

Vt ich wolle driue:
al pat ich finde a-lifue.

30nge and holde:

Ac loke woche wateres:

and woche riche londes. woche faire wodes:

ward; for thou haddest all Britain in thine own hand; if I were it not, thou wouldst be king there; 'and yet it may pertain to the earl Cradoc, who is of my kin,—it is to thee displeasing.'—But look what waters, and 'fair [what rich] lands; what 'noble [fair] woods, 'what wild deer; what pleasant land 'to live in [for to dwell in]! This land hight Armoriche; this I bestow on thee, and much more 'hereto [thereto], if I 'it may get [may live]; hereof thou shalt be king, and this realm possess. Out I will drive all that I find alive, young and old, out of this land; 'and whose I

<sup>1</sup> bi-teche? 2 hæfdest? 2 R. Brutlond. 4 wætres? 5 whulche?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

vt of biffe londe.

vt of biffe londe.

and wulcne fwa ich mai here ifon :

i ban stude he beo's fordon.

& sende ich wulle to Adionærd: And sende ich wolle to Ypenard:

pat his min owe stiward.

be is min agene stiward. eorl he is treowe:

for æuer¹ he is aŏ-neowe.

for hī ich habbe wel bi-tæht:

Brutlod to witene.

& he me fla2 fenden: in to biffe londe.

wapmen and wifmen:

of wel feole cræften.

cnihtes & beines: [f. 67b. c.1.]

& al heore fweines.

fixti hundred cnihte:

be gode beon to fihten.

ten hundred peines:

seoue busend sweines.

seoue busend burh-mē:

þe fæle beon on æhte.

pritti pusend wifmen:

be wel beon ifuden.

& heo3 stude habbe3 inumen.

10 pat he me fal fende:

into bisse londe.

sixti hundred cnihtes: pat gode been to fihte. ten hundred peines: fceoue pufend fweines. 20 sceoue pusend borhmē:

pat riche beop and wife. pritti pusend wifmen: bat wel beon ifunde.

penne pif folc bid hider icumen : Wane pis folk his hider icome : and habbel hire stude inome.

here may take, on the spot he shall be slain.' And send I will to 'Athionard [Ythenard], who is mine own steward,—'earl he is true, for ever he is ready; for to him I have well delivered Britain, to guard it,'-'and [that] he shall send to me, into this land, 'men and women of well many crafts; knights and thanes, and all their swains;' sixty hundred knights, who are good in fight; ten hundred thanes; seven thousand swains; seven thousand burghers, who are 'good in wealth [rich and wise]; thirty thousand women, who are well found (of good condition). When this folk is

<sup>1</sup> æue, pr. m.

<sup>2</sup> fcal?

<sup>3</sup> heore?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. penne bid al pis fæire lond! ifet Brutten an hond. æfter bine leoden: bi-tæche heom name. <sup>1</sup>Brutlond pat lasse. Nu and auere mare: pe nom stonded pere. & pus Armoriche nome: niðer wæs auælled. swa þat næuere mare: ne bið he aræred. Conaan peof seue afeng: & iwra84 peos kinges freond. mid muchelere wurdscipe: & wel heo hit heolden. And be king fende: in to biffe londe. & hæhte Aðionard: be biwuste Brutlondes ærd. pat he him swide sende: † folc of Brutlonde. & folc of ælche cræfte: fundri scipen bitæhte.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pan his al pis faire lond:' ifet Bruttes an hond. hafter 3am mid iwiffe:'

cleope hit Brutlond pe laffe.

Nou and euere more:

pe name stondep pare.

and pus Armoriches name:

adun was a-falled. [c.2.]

so pat neuere more:

ne worpet? arered.

Conan peos 3eft ondersend3:

and iwarp pis kinges freod.

And he king fende:
in to hiffe londe.
and hehte Yhenard:
Brutlondes stiward.
and he him swipe fende:
hat folk hat he 30rnde.

hither arrived, and hath taken their abode, then shall all this fair land be set in the hand of Britons; after 'thy people give them name [them surely call it] Britain the Less." Now and evermore the name standeth there; and thus Armoriches name was cast down, so that never more it shall be raised. Conan received this gift, and became this kings friend, 'with much honor, and well they it held.' And the king sent into this land, and bade Athionard, 'who had charge of Britains land [Britains steward], that he should send quickly to him the folk 'of Britain [that he desired]; 'and to folk of each craft should deliver sundry ships, and among

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A line, apparently, is wanting here.

<sup>3</sup> onderfeng? 4 iwart?

<sup>2</sup> worbe hit?

<sup>•</sup> þat?

[c. 2.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& mong þan wifmonnen:

wepmon næuer enne.

buten ba feoluen fcipmē:

þe heom fcullen læden. Al eoden peos ræd:

swa þe king hæfde ifeid.

& Conaan per heold to:

mid hæhjere strengde.

& be kig ferde: uoro toward France.

& bi-3æt al \$ kine-lond ?

& fette hit on his agere hond.

& þeðne he gon liðen:

in to Lohernne.

al pat lond he bi-3æt: swa he dude Liuieine æc.

swa he gon libe:

in to Lumbardie.

al pat lond he bi-3æt: þær wes Caradoc dæd.

þa hauede Mauric his fune:

sorzen inowe.

nes þer nan oðer ræd:

buten þe Mavric iwærð dæd.

To Rome wende Maximiæn:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Al 3eode pes read: afe be king hadde ifed.

and Conan par to heold?

mid hezere strengpe.

And be king wende forb:

in toward France. 10 and bi-3et al pat kinelond:

to hif owene hond.

and panene he gan wende:

into Loherenne.

and al pat lond he bi-3et:

fo he dude Loueine heck.

so he gan wende:

in to Lombardie.

al pat lond he bi-3eat:

bar was Cradoc dead.

so fori was his fone:

pat he deizede eke.

To Rome wende Maximian:

uppe Valentin & vppen Gracien. vppe Valentin and Gracien.

the women never one man, except the selfsame shipmen who should conduct them.' This counsel all proceeded as the king had said, and Conan held thereto with great strength. And the king went forth [in] toward France, and won all the kingdom, 'and set it' in his own hand; and thence he gan march into Loraine, [and] all the land he obtained, as he did also Lovaine; so he gan proceed into Lumbardy; all the land he conquered,—there was Cradoc dead; 'then had Maurice his son sorrow enow; there was no other hap but that Maurice should die [so sore was his son, that he died also]! To Rome went Maximian, upon (against) Valentin

Adionard.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. i fehte he no pene over: þa zirnde grið þa oðer. cnihtes beo weoren hende: þe king heom dude i bende. & he anan fone: ahnede hi al Rome. ₱ word com to Conaan: hu iuaren hæfde Maximiæn. & † Caradoc wes dæd: inne Lübardie. & al fwa Mauric his sune: for muchele farinesse. þa nom² þe eorl Conaan : ænne swiðe wifne mon. & fende to biffen londe: to Adionard pā stronge. þe wes stiward swide bisi: inne þiffi<sup>3</sup> Bruttene. To Adionard me brohten writ: To Ypenard me brohte writ: ъ dæd wes his broбег.

Caradoc þe mære:

& Mauric his fune deore.

ba næfde Caradoc i bif ærd: broder bute Adionard.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. ine fihte hii¹ neme þan oþer: po seornde grip pe oper. cnihtes hii weren hende : be king ham dude in bende. and he anon fone: ohnede al Rome. pat word com to Conan: ou ifare hadde Maximian. and pat Cradoc was dead:

and his fone Mauric eck.

po nam pe eorl Conan : ane swipe wifne man. and fende to biffe londe : [f. 57. c. 1.] to Ypenard pan stronge.

þat dead was his brober: 20 Cradoc be more: and Mauric his fone deore. bo nadde Cradoc in his erb: brober bote Ybenarb.

and 'upon' Gracien; in fight he captured the one, then yearned the other peace. Knights they were fair; the king placed them in bonds, and he anon soon obtained 'to him' all Rome. The word came to Conan, how Maximian had fared; and that Cradoc was dead 'in Lumbardy,' and 'also [eke] his son Maurice, 'for much sorrow.' Then took the earl Conan an exceeding wise man, and sent to this land, to Athionard the strong, 'who was steward most busy in this Britain.' To Athionard men brought writ, that dead was his brother Cradoc the great, and Maurice his son dear;—then had Cradoc in this land no brother but Athionard; and he

<sup>1</sup> he ?

<sup>2</sup> inom pr. m., but i erased.

<sup>3</sup> biffe?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& he ford riht nom an hif hond! and he for riht nom! al Caradokef lond. þa iherden þa Frence men : † at Rome wes Maximien. & Cradoc wes dæd: pa nomen pa Frence ænne ræd. po nemen hii anne read. pat heo wolden flæme: Conaan bene kene. vt of ban londe: þe Maximian him sæf an honde. be is bi-halues France: & Bruttaine is ihaten 1.

[[£68.c.1.] al Cradoc his lond. po ihorde pe Frence men: þat at Rome waf Maximian. and Cradoc was dead: pat hii wolde Conan: driue vt of londe.

& Conaan ne 3irde na grið: ah festliche heom feht wið.

& wel he makede his caftles: treowe & swide uæste.

& alle his beornen he wes leof: and alle hine lofuede: be comen of biffen londe.

For alle he hæfde pa cnihtes: þe Maximien hi bi-hehte. & ec þa eorles:

& pa fweines & pa cheorles. & alle þa burh-men: þa him bi-hehte Maximien.

And Conan ne 3eornde no grip : ac fastliche ham faht wib. and wel he makede his caftles: treuliche and faste. pat come of piffe londe. For alle he hadde be cnihtes: bat Maximian hine bi-hebte. and eke be eorles: be fweines and be cheorles. and alle be borh-men: þat him bi-hahte Maximian.

forth-right took 'in his hand' all 'Cradocs [Cradoc his] land. When the Frenchmen heard that Maximian was at Rome, and Cradoc was dead, then took 'the French [they] a counsel, that they would drive Conan 'the keen' out of 'the' land 'that Maximian gave him in hand, that is beside France, and is named Bretagne.' And Conan asked not any peace, but fought with them stoutly; and well he made his castles, 'true [truely] and 'most' fast; and 'to all his men he was dear [all loved him], that came from this land. For he had all the knights that Maximian promised him, and eke the earls, 'and' the swains and the churls, and all the burghers that Maxi-

20

<sup>1</sup> bi-haten, pr. m., but b erased.

Vresele.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. Wifmen neuede he noht feole: buten fiftene hundred. for wifmen nolden noht liden: vt of biffen londe. buten be eorl Adionard: þe wes þe hæhste i þis ærd. walde heore borh beon : [bi-teon. wolde hire borh beon : þa hæhuede Adionard: ænne dohter swiðe deore. 10 heo hæfde al þat hære-word: of pan maidene of pif ærd. beo wimman wes on fele: heo hæhte Vrsele. Conaan fende to bif ærd: to pan eorle Adionærd. & bed bat he him zeue: his dohter to quene.

Adionard 3æf andfwere :

Monfcipe habbe Conaan:

bote fiftene hudred. for be wifmen nolde noht wende: vt of biffe londe. bote be eorl Ybenard: pat was be strengest in bis erb. pat heo scolden heore while wel pat hii solde hire wile wel bi-teon. to pan eorle Ypenard. ane dohter swipe deore. 3eo hadde al þat here-word: [c.2] of alle þe maydene. be womman was feale: 3eo hehte Vrsele. Conan fende to bis erb: po hadde Ypenard: and [bede] pat he him 3efue: his dohter to cwene. Ypenard 3ef answere: wurdscipe habbe he per fore. [c. 2.] worsipe habbe 2 par vore.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. Wimmen nafde 1 noht fale ?

pat he mire dohter wel on. nu to dæi a feouen nihten: Nou to dai a feoueniht : ich heo fenden him bi mine enihten.ich hire fende foh riht.

mian promised him. Women had he not many, but (only) fifteen hundred, for [the] women would not go out of this land, unless the earl Athionard, who was the 'highest [strongest] in this land, would be their surety, that they should their time well employ. Then had Athionard a daughter very dear; of [all] the maidens 'of this land' she had (bore away) all the fame; the woman was fortunate; she hight Ursele. Conan sent to this country, to the earl Athionard, and bade that he should give him his daughter for queen. Athionard gave answer,-worship have he therefore !- "'Honor have Conan, that he well grants to my daughter!' Now to-day a se'nnight

<sup>1</sup> nafde he?

² habbe he?

Vresel[e].

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& alle þa wimmen :

bider heo scullen liden :

3if heo wulled libben.

& bi ban titte an-hon.

pa 3arkede Adionard ?

biffes londef lauerd.

his dohter Urfæle:

þe wimman wes wel fæle.

he pohte heo to fende:

ou<sup>9</sup> fæ strames.

in to Bruttaine lode: to Conaan ban stronge.

þa iherden þa wimmen :

wide 3eond pas Bruttene.

þat me wolde fenden:

Vrseine 1 to 2 pan londe.

hire comen to inoge: monie & vnifoze.

₱ wolden mid here uarē:

to pan kinge Conaane.

fwide feole heo bi-fohte:

ma peone heo rohten.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and alle be wifmen:

pe him 3ef mi lauerd Maximien. pat him 3ef Maximian.

þider bii folde wende :

3ef hii wolde libbe:

over ich heom wullen alle for-don : oper ich zeom alle wolle for-don :

and bi þan tyttes for-hon.

po 3arkede Ibenard:

pat was peos londes stiward.

his dohter Vrsele:

pat was a maide fele.

he pohte here to fende:

ouer féé stremes.

into Brutaines londe:

to Conan ban stronge.

po ihorde pe wifmē:

oueral pan londe.

pat me wolde fende:

Vrfele of londe.

hire come to i-nowe. 20 manie an onifoze.

þat wolde mid hire fare:

to pan kinge Conane.

swipe fale bire bi-sohte:

mo pane 3eo robte.

I will send her 'to him 'by my knights [right sooth], and all the women that 'my lord' Maximian gave him; thither they shall go, if they 'will [would] live, or else I will kill them all, and hang up by the teats!" Then Athionard, 'lord of this land [who was this lands steward], made ready his daughter Ursele, who was 'woman [a maid] 'well' good; he thought to send over sea streams into Bretagnes land, to Conan the strong. When the women heard `wide over this Britain [over all the land], that men would send Ursele from 'the' land, enow came to her, many and numerous, who would go with her to the king Conan; very many besought her, more than she cared

[£57°. c.1.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pa pe dæi wes icumen :
be Adionard hafde inumen.

p ford fcolde uaren:

pat mæiden Vresele.

pa hafden to iwiten: feouen and twenti scepen.

alle heo weoren ifunde:

i þere burh of Lunden.

Inne þere Temefe :

heo teuhten heore seiles.

wind heo hæfden wunfum: weder mid þan bezsten.

& heo feilede ford:

p inne sæ heo comen.

þa vmbe ftunde:

pa araf heom a wind:

a þere wiðer fide.

fwurken vnder funnen:

sweorte weolcnen.

hazel & ræin þer aræs:

pe hit i-feh him agras. võen per urnē.

voen per une.

tunes 1 fwulche þer burnen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po pe dai was icome:

þat Ýþenard adde inome.

bat forb folde fare:

bat maide Vrfele.

3eo hadde to iwite:

fceouene and twenti fipes.

alle hii weren isunde: in pare borh of Londene.

in pare borh of Londene In pare Temefe:

10 hii drowen vp feiles.

wynd hii hafde wonfo:

weder mid þan beste.

and hii feileden:

forte hii to féé come.

po bi on lutel stunde?

ne sæze heo nohtof londe. [668. c.1.]ne sehze hii noht of londe.

po aros heom a wind:

in pare wiper fide:

pirkede vnder fonne:

20 pustrede pe wolkne.

reỳn and hawel þar a-ros :

pat hit iseh sore a-gros.

wazef par arne:

streme par vrne.

for. When the day was come that Athionard had taken (appointed), that the 'maiden [maid] Ursele should forth proceed, 'then' had [she] to wit seven and twenty ships; they were all safe in the burgh of London. In the Thames they drew [up] 'their' sails; wind they had fair, weather with the best; and they sailed 'forth,' until they came 'in [to] the sea; then after [a little] while, they saw nought of land. Then arose to them a wind on the contrary side; 'swart clouds [the welkin] darkened [and blackened] under the sun; hail and rain there arose,—whose it saw, became [sorely] alarmed;—the waves there ran 'as if towns there were burning

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The two first letters of this word are on an erasure. Cf. v. 4577. vol. i. p. 195.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. bordes þer breken: vimmen¹ günen wepen. þa scipen þa urnen bi-uoren: twelue per weoren for-loren. þa oðere weoren al to-driuen: & forð mid þere fæ iliðen. nes per na steores-mon : bat æuere aht cube ber on. Nes næuere na mon iboren: ne of nane londe icoren. † hæleð weore fwa stærc: ne fwa hærd iheorted. þe iherde þefne weop : & bisne wunderliche ræm. & cleopien2 to pan halh3en: mid hæhzere steuene. † his heorte neore færi: for pan vnimete forhgen. Seoboen þis world wes aftald: & monnen an honde ifælde. 20 ne com nauere wurse hap: to nane wummānē. Summe þe scipen wunde:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. bordes par breken: wimmen par wepen. pe fipes pat vrne bi-vore: twealfe par were for-lore.

nas þar no steresmā :'

pat er ohte coupe.

Nas neuere no man ibore :'

ne in none londe icore.

þat i-horde þane cri:

hou hii gradde to pan halwes.

pat his heorte ne mihte beo fori: for pane deolfulle cri.

Somme of paie fipes:

[the streams there flowed]; boards there brake; the women 'gan [there] weep. Of the ships that ran before, twelve there were lost; 'the others were all driven in pieces, and carried forth by the sea'; there was no steersman that 'therein' aught ever could help. Never was 'there' any man born, nor 'of [in] any land chosen, 'who were champion so stark, or so hard hearted,' who should have heard 'this weeping, and this wondrous shout, and calling [the cry, how they called] to the Saints 'with high voice,' that his heart 'were not [might not be] sorry for the 'measureless sorrow [doleful cry]! 'Since this world was made, and given to men in hand, never came worse hap to any women!' Some of the ships rode 'forth' with the storm,—full

<sup>1</sup> summen, pr. m.

<sup>2</sup> cleopung?

Melga. Wanis.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. forð mid þan wederen. fulle fiftene : i þan ane wes Oriene1. þe sæ wes wunder ane wod: and ladliche iwravved. & þa scipen<sup>8</sup> i þere wildere fæ: æuere norð forð riht: preo dæies & preo niht. pa weoren ut of Norweizen: 10 po weren of Noreweie: tweien eorles iuarē.

Mælgam & Wanis: heo weoren kene ful iwis. of Denemarke & of Norweize: heo weoren iqueden vt-lazen.

> vnimete wide. Heo i-cneowen wel a pan wolcnē: Hii cneowe bi pe wolkne: paf wederes cuftes.

& heo ferden bi sæ siden :

þer heo leoðe hafueden. Wanis wes in Hungrie: per he harm worhte.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. wonde mid þan wedere. fulle feftene:

ban<sup>2</sup> on was Vrfele. be see was wonderliche wod: and þe féé wrappede.

and þe féé4 walkede : in pare séé wilde.

euere norp forpriht: preo daies and preo nihit.

eorles ivaren tweie. [c. 2.] Melga an Wanis: hii weren kene foliwis.

hii were vtlaget<sup>5</sup> beie : in Denemarche and Noreweie. and hii ferde bi pare fide6: onimete wide.

peos wederef cuftes. heo drozen to ane ait-londe: 20 and drozen to on yllond: þar bii lioþe hadde. [c. 2.] Wanis was in Hongri: par he harm wrohte.

fifteen;—in the one was Ursele;—the sea was wondrously wild, and 'bitterly [the sea] enraged, and the ships [labored] in the wild sea, ever northward forth-right, three days and three nights. Then had gone two earls 'out of [from] Norway, Melga and Wanis,—they were keen full certainly; -- 'of [in] Denmark and Norway they were outlaws 'declared [both], and they proceeded by [the] sea-side, widely without bounds. They knew 'well' in [by] the welkin this weathers (storms) indications; 'they [and] drew to an island, where they had refuge. Wanis was (had been) in Hungary, where he harm wrought; Melga was in Scythia, where he made

<sup>1</sup> Urfele? in pan?

<sup>3</sup> A word seems to be deficient.

<sup>4</sup> fipes? • vtlajes?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> þare féé fide?

Mælga wes inne Scife:

per he scave makede. pat he ne mihte i pan londe:

na lengere at-stonde.

& of Norweize iflemed: per heo fiht poleden.

& inne fæ heo weoren iuaren:

uulle feoue 3eren.

& fwa heo leien i pan æit-londe? and so hii leie in pat yllond?

& isezen þat weder stronge. 10

isezen scipen an & an ?

while ma while nan.

beonne feowere benne fiue :

fellic heom puhten a pisse liue.

þa 3eond þa sæ weolkē.

þe wind gond¹ aliðen :

& pat weder leodede.

& Wanis isæh i þere sæ:

þa scipen wandrien.

& pus spæc pere:

wið Malgan his iuere.

Forð wit nu fwuðe:

& after heom biliue.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

Melga was in Scice:

par he fcape makede.

and bus in fee hii weren ivare : fulle foue 3ere.

and ifehze pat weder strog. Hii fehe fipes on and on?

wile mo wile non.

pan foure pan fifue:

wonder heom bohte in biffe lifue.

whæt weoren þa 3emere scipen: wat weren þe ilke sipes:

pat pus in féé walkedc.

pe wid gan a-legge:

an þat weder fofti.

and Melga feide pare:

to his ivere.

Vare we nou blifue: hafter heom swipe.

scathe; so that he might not in the land any longer remain; and driven from Norway, where they sustained a battle; and [thus] on the sea they had fared full seven years; and so they lay in the island, and saw the strong storm. [They] saw the ships by one and one—awhile more, awhile none,then four, then five,—wonder it seemed to them in this life, what 'the wretched [those] ships were, that [thus] 'over the [on the] sea tossed! The wind gan to abate, and the weather 'assuaged [to soften]; 'and Wanis saw the ships wandering in the sea,' and 'thus spake there with [Melga said there to] 'Melga' his companion: "Go we now soon, 'and' after

<sup>1</sup> gon?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

faren we heom æfter. mid ure bezsten cnihten: be gode beon to fihten.

mid gode fiftene scipen:

& leten ælle ure o'ere scipen : ure herberwe bi-witen. [f. 69. c. 1.]

for hif is fum riche king: rædes bi-dæled.

pe wolde mid his folke? uaren to fumme londe.

& haued peos wid & peos weder : and hauep pis wind and pis weder : a wider him i-stonde.

∌ wa is him aliue: nuwe<sup>e</sup> him to biliue.

& 3if hit wule Appolin: bat if deore lauerd min.

pat we mazen mid fihte: biwinnen hine & his cnihtes.

& heo ne beō of ure lazen:

we scullen him do of lif-dæzen. 20 & fwa we fcullen nimen a hond: we folle nimen of heom:

heore feoluer & heore gold. & faren to ure inne:

& 3eolpen for pere winne.

mid oure beste cnihtes: pat gode been to fihte.

for bis 1 fom riche king:

reades bi-dealed. pat wolde mid hif folk : 10 faren to fomme londe.

a wiper him i-stonde. pat wo his ham a-lifue. wende we to blifue.

For 3ef hit wole Appolin : be his deore louerd min.

hire feoluer and hire gold. and fare to vre ine: and 3elpen of pan winne.

them quickly! 'With fifteen good ships fare we after them,' with our best knights, that are good in fight, 'and let all our other ships guard our harbour'; for this 'is' some rich king, void of counsel, who would with his folk proceed to some land, and hath encountered this wind and this weather adverse to him, so that woe 'he is [they are] alive! Go we to 'him' quickly! 'And [For] if Appolin wills it, who is my lord dear, 'that we may with fight conquer him and his knights, and they be not of our law, we shall deprive him of life-day, and so' we shall take 'in hand [from them] their silver and their gold; and come to our inn (place of refuge), and boast 'for

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Forð heo wenden mid flode: Forp iwende mid flode: [3en : fiftene fipes gode. fiftene scipē gode. pe strengeste pe weoren a pan dæ- pe strengest pat weren in pat daze: & fulled mid vt-lazen. ifulled mid vtlazef. & a-nan of-token fif scipe? and of-toke fif fipes: of wimmonnen afulled. of wifmen ifulled. Wonder heom bohte: Seolcuð heom þuhte: [f. 58, c. 1.] what hit beo mahte. wat hit beon mihte. & heo cleopeden heom ō: and hii cleopede him2 on? nes þer nan ændfwere. 10 ac answere nas þar nö. for al weoren þa wimmen: for alle were be wifmen: a-wild to pan deape. awald to pan deve. To heō idrowen8: To heom heo drozen: and baf fif scipen nomen. and beos fipes nomen. and furder heo iwenden: and forpere hii wede: & nizene heo iuengen. and nize fipes onderfege. and heo mid pan feowertene scipen and hii mid pane fourtene sipes : ferden to ba londe. ferde to londe. Seodden pis worlde wef aftald: Suppe pef worle was aftald: nes hit neowhær itald. 20 nas hit nohwere itald. on fonge no on spelle: ne miðte hit na mon telle.

[of] the booty!" Forth they went with the flood, fifteen ships good; the strongest that were in that day, 'and' filled with outlaws; and 'anon' overtook five ships filled with women. 'Strange [Wonder] it seemed to them, what it might be; and they called to them, [but] answer was there none, for all the women were destroyed to the death. To them they drew, and these 'five' ships took; and further they went, and nine [ships] 'they' captured, and they with the fourteen ships returned to 'the' land. Since this world was made, was it nowhere told 'in song nor in story, nor might any man tell it,' that [ever] any women 'were' so 'wretchedly [ruefully] treated,

pat euere eni wifmen:

3 hii drowen?

₿ weoren æi wimman:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> hii wende? <sup>2</sup> ham?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

swa wræccheliche atozene. [c.2.] fo reuliche a-towen.

11

ne swa reoliche:

inne fæ for-radde.

Melga nom Oriene 1:

þa fcolden beon quene. & fcome hire bi-hedde:

& ladde heo to his bedde.

Da be hedene mon:

hæfuede on hire hif wille idō.

he 3æf heo his his 2 hired-mone sone:

to makien to beore.

& fume heo heom falden:

for feoluer for gold.

& monie & vnifo3e:

heo per of-flogen.

& fumme heo heō drēgte :

in bere sæ deope.

& fume heo godd wid-foken:

& to havenescipe token.

mid reowde pan mæste.

Melga and Wanis:

ihurden fuggē ful iwis.

pat pas Bruttene:

Melga nam Vrsele: pat folde beo cwene. and fame hire hedde: and nom hire to his bedde.

And alle be ober men : chose of bif wifmen.

and fomme hii adreinte:

in þare féé deope.

and fomme god for-foke: and to hepenfipe toke.

& bus heo weoren for-radde: 20 and bus hii were for-rad:

mid reupe pan meste.

Melga and Wanis:

ihorde fegge foliwis.

pat peos Brutaine:

'nor so piteously in the sea betrayed.' Melga took Ursele, that should be queen, and offered her shame, and 'led [took] her to his bed; 'when the heathen man had done on her his will, he gave her to his followers soon, to make as whore.' And 'some they them sold for silver and for gold, and many and innumerable there they slew [all the other men chose of these women]; and some they 'them' drowned in the deep sea, and some 'they' forsook God, and took to heathendom. And thus they were betrayed with sorrow the most! Melga and Wanis heard say full truly, that this Britain was

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. wes of cnihte bi-dæled. was cnihtes bi-reifed. for Conaan hauede swide monie : for Conan hadde manie : ilæd to Armoriche. ilad to Armoriche. & Maximiæn ladde to Rome? and Maximian to Rome: monie & wel idone. manie wel idone. swa wes þis kinelond: an fo waf al bif kinelond: of folke fwide vnftrong. of folke fwipe onftrong. Melga & Wanis ? Melga and Wanis: iwenden in to Scotten. iwende into Scottes. ₱ lond beo þurh arnden: 10 pat lond iporh harnde: & herzeden & barnden. and floze and barnde. þa ahte heo nomen : † folc heo of-flozen. & fwa beo wenden hiderward: and fo hii wende hiderward: ouer pere Humber. hermes heo worhten: and hene lond makeden. and pore lond makede. pif iherden Bruttes: pis ihorde Bruttes: [c.2.] and weoren per fore færi2. and were fwipe sori. heore fonde heo mom³ sone: 20 heore fonde hii fende fone: & fenden touward Rome. forb toward Rome. Heo grætten Maximian: Hii grette Maximian: and taldenhim of Melgan. [£ 699. c.1.] and tolde him of Melga.

bereaved of knights; for Conan had led 'very' many to Armoriche, and Maximian 'had led' to Rome many 'and' brave; [and] so was [all] this kingdom of folk most weak. Melga and Wanis proceeded to the Scots; the land they through-ran, and 'harried [slew] and burnt, 'the wealth they took, the folk they slew'; and so they marched hitherward 'over the Humber, harms they wrought,' and made the land poor. This heard the Britons, and were 'therefore [most] sorry; their messengers they 'took [sent forth] soon, 'and sent' toward Rome. They greeted Maximian, and told him of Melga, and of Wanis his companion, what they did here,

and of Wanes his ivere:

& of Wanif his iuere:

¹ hii þorh?

² fære pr. m.

<sup>\*</sup> nomen?

whet heo duden her. & beden hine heom ræden: ober ælles heo weoren dæde. Maximien wef sari: for fwulche tidende. & anā dude ut of bende: Gracien bene hende. anan swa he him to co: bus he cleopede him on. Gracien bicum mi mon: 10 & þu fælt feoððen wel don. & ich þe wulle fenden: in to Brutlonde. ich wulle al pat kinelond: bi-techē þe a þire hond. & bu scalt beon mi stiward: swa wes be eorl Adionard. & 3if þu wult wel don: ich wulle pe makien riche mon. ich wolle maki pe riche man. and driven of mire peoden: so and drif of mine peode: vncube leoden. pa andswerede Gracien: mid griðfulle worden. Al ich wulle wurchen:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

MS. Cott. Otho. C. xIII. wat hii duden here. and beden him 3am reade: ober elles iweren 1 deade. Maximian was fori: for foche tidinge. and anon dude vt of bende: Gracien pe hende.

Gracie bi-com mi man: and bou falt fwipe wel don. and ich þe wolle fende: into Brutlonde. and here al pat kinelond: ich bi-take in pine hond. and bou falt beo mi stiward: ase was be earl Ybenard. And 3ef pou wolt wel don ? oncoupe leode. po answerede Gracien: mid godfolle worde. Al ich wolle werechen:

and prayed him to counsel them, or else they should die. Maximian was sorry for such tidings, and anon released Gracien the fair out of bonds. 'Anon as he came to him, thus he called to him:' "Gracien, become my man, and thou shalt 'then' do [most] well; and I will thee send into Britain, [and here] all the kingdom I 'will' give 'to thee' in thine hand, and thou shalt be my steward, as the earl Athionard was. And if thou wilt do well, I will make thee rich man, and drive from my country foreign people." Then answered Gracien with 'peaceful [goodly] words: "All I will

1 hii weren?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. after bine willen. liŏen wuder fwa þu wult: & halden be for lauerd. pe ades weoren isworene: & æft beo weoren for-lofne. Maximien þe keifere: bæd swiðe muchelne here. & he chæf of pan iwihte: ten þusend cnihten. & makede Gracië: 10 gumene ælder. & fwa heo gunnen wenden: i to bissen londe. & her he fæht ful iwis: wið Melga & wið Wanis.

p wes swide wel idon :

† he heo¹ æt compe ouer-com.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

after pine wille.

wende woder pat pou wolt?

and holde pe for louerd.

pe opes weren ifwore?

and hefte hii were for-lore.

Maximian pe kaifere?

gaderede moche here.

and ten pufend cnihtes?

tock Gracien forprihtes.

And Gracien wende: into piffe londe. and here he ouer-com: Melga an Wanes fon.

& draf heom ouer sæ stronde: [c. 2.] and drof heom ouer séé stronde: in to Yrlonde.

& swa him wes alre leosuest. 21

& pe kæisere Maximiæn: And pe kaiser Maximian: in Rome was heh mā.

work after thy will; go 'whereso [whither that] thou wilt, and hold thee for lord." The oaths were sworn, and eft they were broken! Maximian the emperor gathered 'very' great host, and 'he chose of the brave [Gracien took forth-right] ten thousand knights, 'and made Gracien their chieftain.' And 'so they gan proceed [Gracien proceeded] into this land, and here 'he fought full surely with [soon overcame] Melga and 'with' Wanis;—'that was done most well, that he in combat should overcome them!'—and drove them over sea-strand into Ireland; 'and afterwards marched over this land as to him was liefest of all.' And the emperor Maximian in Rome was high (chief) man, and [he] had Valentin inclosed 'well' fast

<sup>1</sup> heom?

& hæuede Valentin wel uafte. bi-clused in ane castle. inne Rome muchel cun. & isezen þene enne broðer: idæled from þen oðer. Heo fenden heore fonde: in to Puille londe. & heo fenden to Gradie: ban duc of Lumbardie. & in to Alemaine : to abelen pan folke. and in to feole londe? þæ læien þer abeoten. & beden of heore ærde: alle gaderen værde. & to ane isette dæie sone? cumen abeotē Rome. & wreken uppen Maximien: Valentin & Gratien. 20

Her of note na bing:

Maximiē þe riche king.

ah he wunede inne Rome:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and he hadde Valentin faste: bi-clused in an castle. pa hafuede 1 Valentin & Gracien : po hadde Valentin and Gracien : [L5 in Rome hadde2 mochel cun. and isehzen ban anne brober: idealed frå þan oþer. Hii fende hire fonde: into Poillonde.

into Alemaine and Lombardie:

and oper mani londes.

and gaderede ferde :' of manian erbe. and to one ifet dai fone: come aboute Rome. and wreken vppe Maximian: Valentin and Gracien. Her of noht nufte: Maximian pe riche.

in a castle. Then (at that time) had Valentin and Gracien much kindred in Rome, and they saw the one brother separated from the other. They sent their messengers into Puille-land (Apulia?), 'and they sent' 'to Gradie, the duke of Lumbardy, and into Alemaine [into Alemaine (Germany) and Lombardy], 'to the noble folk,' and 'into many [many other] lands, 'that lay thereabout'; and 'bade all to gather forces from their country [gathered forces from many a country], and at a set day soon to come about Rome, and avenge Valentin and Gracien upon Maximian. Maximian the rich 'king' knew nothing hereof, 'but he dwelt in Rome with much splendor.

<sup>1</sup> A second hand has struck out the letters ue, and substituted e above for a.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Redundant?

pus riht purh swulne ræd:

wes Maximien dæd.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. mid muchele riche-dome. Vmbe lutle virite: ba comen ba uerden. al abeoten Rome: riden feouen kinges. pare come foue kinges : heo to-brekē Rome wal: and breke Rome walles. & eoden in ou<sup>9</sup> al. Rome burh heo nomē: and bane borh nemen: & Maximien heo flozen. and Maximian of-flozen. & duden vt Valentin: 10 and dude vt Valentin: & alle his iueren mid him. [£70.c.1.] and alle his veref mid him. of pan stronge castle: of pan stronge castle: & keifer hine makede. and kaifer hine makede. & nomen heore fode: And nemen hire fonde: & fenden to biffe londe. and fende to biffe londe. & fenden Gratien word: and fende Gracien word: whæt ber wes iwurden. hou hit was iworbe. & Gratien forð riht anan: And Gracien for priht anon: ahnede þifne kinedom. ohnede þifne kinedom. bifne kinedom haueden Gratien: be ær ahte Maximien. & Valentin of Rome: and Valentin be riche: ahte þa riche. hadde al Rome.

After a little time, then came the host; all about Rome 'rode [there came] seven kings; [and] 'they' brake Rome walls and 'marched in over all,' 'Rome-burgh [the burgh] 'they' took, and Maximian 'they' slew, and released Valentin, and all his companions with him, from the strong castle, and made him emperor. And took their messengers and sent to this land, and sent Gracien word 'what there [how it] was done. And Gracien forthright anon possessed this kingdom; 'this kingdom had Gracien, that ere had Maximian'; and Valentin [the rich] 'possessed the realm of [had all] Rome. Thus right through such counsel was Maximian dead, and Gracien

pus riht porh fochne read?

was Maximian dead.

Alfwald.

MS. Cett. Calig. A. IX. and Gracien wes king her: pat wes cub wel iwar. Wið innen ane 3ere: nes per first na mare. iwrað<sup>2</sup> þe kig Gracien: gumene forcubest. al he for-uerde bif lond: þa leoden him weøren laðe. pa riche he for-uerde: pa wræcche he drof of ærde. 10 ne durste pa riche peines: nowher him cumen to-zeines. ah alle heo hine flugen: and alle heo hine bibuye. pa weoren in Æst Ængle: æðele ibofne cheorles. twene ibroveren: itwinnes heo weoren. Ethelbald. pe over hehte Evelbald: & be over Ælfwald. Heo isehzen on feole studen:

hou be kig bif lond fordude.

þas cheorles heom bi-þohten:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII. and Gracien was king her: pat was cup wel iwar. Wiþ¹ one 3ere : nas par forst na more. iwarp be king Gracien : manne for-coupest. al he for-ferde bif lond: and alle hi hatede.

po were in Est Engelond:
twei boldde cheorles. broberef hii were : of one beor-time. pe on hehte Epelbald: be oper Alfwald. Hii isehzen in eche stude: [c.2] hou be king his lond for-dude. peos cheorles heom bibohte:

was king here,-that was known every where. Within a year,-there was no more (longer) space,—the king Gracien became most wicked of men; he destroyed all this land, 'the people were hateful to him [and all him hated]; the rich he destroyed, the poor he drove from land; the rich thanes durst not anywhere come against him, but all they fled from him, and all they avoided him.' Then were in 'East-Ængle [East-England] two 'brothers noble-born [bold] churls, 'twins [brothers] they were [of one birth]; the one hight Ethelbald, 'and' the other Ælfwald. They saw in 'many places [each place] how the king destroyed this land. These churls bethought

1 Wip ine?

2 iward?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. whæt heo don mihtē. wat he' don mihte. & speken heom ful stille: and fpeken wel stille: † bene king heo walden quelle. þa hii hine wolde a-cwelle. & feden in Æst Ængle: [c.2.] wide seond pan londe. & fumnede on ærde: Hii gaderede to-gaderes: feouen hundred cheorles. foue hundred cheorles. and feide porh alle ping : & feiden burh alle big: p heo walden bi-sechen pene king. pat hii wolde seche pane king. 10 and bidde him milce: & bidden hine mildce: burh bene milde godd. porp pane god milde. † he purh his mihte: pat he porh his mihter heolde heom to rihte. heolde ham to rihte. Ac Alfwalf<sup>2</sup> and his brober: Ah Ælfwald & his boder : al heo buhten ober. al hii bohte an ober. heo uerden swide warliche: mid wüfüme ladef. & ælc bær an honde: ech bar on his honde: ænne fazel stronge. ane staf stronge. and bifiden heo gunnen heonge: and bi-fide honge: cniues swide longe. 21 cnifes swipe longe.

them what they might do, and spake 'them' 'full [well] still; that 'the king [him] they would kill; 'and sent to East-Ængle, wide over the land, and' 'assembled in the country [They gathered together] seven hundred churls, and said through all things that they would seek the king, and ask his grace, through God the mild, that he through his might should hold them in right. But Ælfwald and his brother they thought all another thing; 'they fared most warily with winsome looks, and' each bare in [his] hand a strong staf, and by their sides 'they gan hang [hung] very long knives, 'under their bosom, to shield them from harm'; and so they 'forth'

vnder heore barme:

to scilden beom wis hærme.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& swa heo ford ferden: alle i-funde.

& vmben are mile: heo ræstē ane while.

& au<sup>9</sup>ælcne hired-gume:

feire heo igrætten.

& mildeliche burh alle bing : fræinede whær weoren þe king. hii axede ware were þe king.

& hiredmen heom tahtē:

whær he wes ī anne wude:

in ane wilderne.

æfter ane bare: he hine a-bohte ful fære.

pa cheorles wenden to pan wuden: pe cheorles wende to pan wode!

& warliche heō hudden.

alle bute tweien:

and iuunden bene kig: bær he wes an flæting.

& him to cleopeden: quickere stæuene.

Hiderward lauerd king :

and fo iwende1 one mile: and reste one wile.

and euere amage oper bing:

And hiredmen heom tahte:

whær heo hine finden mæhten. 10 ware hii hine finde mihte. war he huntede in on wode:

in an wilderne.

huntede one wilde bor: bat he boht wel for.

and warliche heom hudde.

al bote tweie:

toward þan kige heo weoren beien. þat to þan king wende.

And hii funde pane king: 20 þar he was an hontýng.

and hii him cleopede: mid fwipe loude stemne.

Com hider louerd king:

proceeded 'all in safety, and after' a mile 'they [and] rested a while. And every courtier they greeted fair, and 'mildly through all [ever among other] things [they] asked where the king was. And the courtiers taught them where they might find him, where he 'was [hunted] in a wood, in a wilderness, 'after [hunted] a 'wild' boar,—he bought 'him full [that well] sore! The churls went to the wood, and warily hid them, all except two;-'toward the king they were both [that to the king proceeded]. And [they] found the king where he was a-hunting; and [they] called to him with 'quick [very loud] voice: [Come] hither ward,' lord king, [and] we will to

<sup>1</sup> hii wende?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

we be wulled cuden a wunderlic and we be wolled teche. bing. [£70b.c.1.] of ane fwulche bare: of one wilde bore: pe her is bi-halues. pat her his bi-fide. vnder ane berhje: vnder one borewe: þer he burh hafueð i-chofen. par he him restep. [f. 59. c.1.] ne iherde we næuere on liue : tellen of fwulche fwine. 3if þu þider wult riden: 3ef pou pider wolt ride: per he pe abideo. par he pe abidep. per fore wes be king glad: Her fore was be king glad: 10 & piderwærd wes swide ræd. and piderwardes he rod. & pa cheorles him biuoren: and be cheorles him bi-fore: beien to-gædere. beine to-gadere. þa cheorles up þreowē: pe cheorles vp preuwen: bene king heo icneowen. þā king icnewen 1. & heo hine niver fetten: and hine adun preuwe: & al hine to-heowen. ad<sup>2</sup> al hine to-hewe. bus Gratien be king: pus Gracien pe king: for ut an flæting. vt wende an hontige. Sone hit wes ouer al ifeid: Sone bit was ouer al ifeid: pat pe lubere king wes dæd. þat þe luþer king was dead. þa weoren inne Bruttene: po was gladnisse:

thee 'make known [teach] a wondrous thing,' of 'such a [a wild] boar, that here is aside under a mount, where he 'hath chosen his lair [he him resteth];—'never heard we tell alive of such a swine!'—if thou wilt thither ride, where he abideth thee." The king was 'therefore [herefore] glad, and 'thitherward was ready [thitherwards he rode]; and the churls before him, both together. The churls started up, the king they knew, and 'they' threw him down, and hewed him all in pieces. Thus Gracien the king went out a-hunting! Soon it was over all said, that the wicked king was dead; then 'were in Britain blisses enow [was gladness come to land],

ifize to londe.

bliffen inowe.

<sup>1</sup> hii cnewen?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. ah sone per æster: sorzen heō weoren ziueðen. ba wes æuer ælc cheorl: al fwa bald alfe an eorl. & alle pa gadeliges: alfe heo weoren funen kinges. pis word com to wel iwhare: hu be king wes iuaren. comen fæ-liðende men: uorð into Irlonde. 10 & funden per ful iwis:

al of biffen londe. hu hit al wes iuaren:

& talden heom tidende:

Melga & Wanis.

Wanis.

& p cheorles næfde nane kare. & hefden al þis kine-lond: iset a cheorlene hond. pa weoren glade ful iwis: Melga & Wanis. & feiden \$ heo walden: toward biffen londe. [c. **2**.] Mid muchelere uerde: heo comen to piffen ærde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. ac sone per hafter: forhþe was riue. po was eche cheorl: fo bolde fo an eorl. and alle be gadelinges: afe hit were kinges.

Comē men foliwis: to Melga and Wanis. and 3am tidinge tolde: al of biffe londe. ou hit al was ivare: and be cheorles nadde none care: and was al pat kineland: hii-fette in cheorlene hond. po weren glade foliwis: Melga and Wanis. and seide þat hii wolde: toward biffe londe. Mid mochele ferde : icome to bif erbe.

but soon thereafter 'sorrows were given to them [sorrow was rife]! Then was 'every [each] churl as bold as an earl, and all the gadelings as 'if they [it] were 'sons of' kings! 'This word came every where, how the king had fared. Seafaring' men came 'forth into Ireland and found there' full truly [to] Melga and Wanis, and told them tidings all of this land, how it all was done; and that the churls had no care, and 'had [was] set all 'this [the] kingdom in churlish hand. Then were glad full certainly Melga and Wanis, and said that they would go toward this land.

1 hii come?

heo hæfden of Gutlonde:

ut-lazen stronge.

men swiče starke.

& of Yrlonde:

Gillemaur bene stronge.

of Scottene heo hafde:

alle þa hæhstē.

& of Galeweove:

gumen swide kene.

& fwa heo gunnen wenden:

ut to Nordhuberland.

ahten heo nomen:

folc heo þer flogen.

castles heo ararde: & ahneden þa arde.

þa burhjen heo nomen :

& al p heo neh come.

pa isegen Bruttes!

Balu wes on lode.

nusten beo nænne ræd:

heo wenden alle wurden dæd.

Sonde heo nomen fone:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

hii hadde of Gutlond:

vtlazes swipe strong.

of Neorewei & of Denemarke: of Denemarche and of Noreweie:

men fwibe kene.

and of Yrlonde:

Gillomaur ban stronge.

And so hii gonne wende: in to pan norp ende.

hii barnden hii flowen: [c. 2.]

borwes hii nomen.

po isehzen Bruttes: bat wo was in londe. 20

nadde hii nadne¹ read :

hii wende alle beo dead.

Sonde hii neme fone:

With a great army they came to this country; they had of Gothland outlaws [most] strong, of Norway and of Denmark men most 'bold [keen], and of Ireland Gillemaur the strong; 'of Scotland they had all the highest, and of Galloway men most keen.' And so they gan wend 'out [in]to 'Northumberland; goods they took, folk there [the north end; they burnt] they slew; 'castles they areared, and took possession of the land; the' boroughs they seized, 'and all that they came nigh.' When the Britons saw that 'bale [woe] was in the land, they 'knew [had] no counsel, they weened all to be dead. Messengers they took soon, and sent 'toward [to]

<sup>1</sup> R. nanne.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and fende to Rome. & fenden toward Rome. & beden heore are: and beden hire ore: bo and euere more1. ba & auere mære. 3if heo heom wolde helpen: 3ef hii 3am wolde helpe : to ban ilke neode. to hæzere neode. a to heore liue: and euere wil hii lifde: heo walden heom? lide. lofue 3am hi wolde. & luue to heom halden: 3if heo heom helpen wolden. 10 pis word was isende: pis word wes ifend: bi writ swipe deorne. bi write swide deore3. and þat writ was irad: & pat writ wes irad: imæg4 þan Rom-leden. a-mang Romleode. pa speken sone: po speke sone: be wifeft of Rome. bæ wisseste of Rome. Mid luper wille: Bi vfelen iwurhten: fculden we heom to wenden. folde we 3am helpe. Gracien islowe5: for Gratien heo flozen? and of houre men inowe. his men heo for-foren. & neoveles we heom fcullen fende and nobeles we ham folle [fende] :

Rome, and prayed their favor, then and evermore, if they would them help at 'great [that] need, [and] ever 'in their lives [while they lived] they would 'be obedient to [love] them, 'and love to them hold, if they them would help.' This word was sent by a writ most secret, and the writ was read among 'the' Rome-folk. Then spake soon the wisest of Rome: "'By evil desert [With ill will] should we 'go to [help] them, 'for' Gracien they slew, [and] 'his [of our] men 'they destroyed [enow]. And nevertheless we shall send them 'forces of this land, [knights enow."] a little troop of this country."

21 cnihtes i-nowe.

ferde of bissen ærde. of biffen ænde: ænne ælpi verde.

<sup>1</sup> In the MS. the words beden hire hore are written by negligence a second time, after more.

beon heom? deorne?

<sup>4</sup> imæng?

hii flowe?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. Vt heo fende of Rome: cnihtes wel idone. fif and twenti hundred: [£71.c.1.] fif and twenti hundred: comen in to Luden. & buden al þa ferde: of Brutlondef ærde. & ferden forð ful iwis: to Melga & Wanis. & heo fehten heom wid? & flozen heore uerde. & heo fulf mid ærhfcipe: arndē to heolde. & letten flæn heore folc: heore vnimete uerde. & heo feolf lidden ford: biuoren Scotlonde. & Febus heom æfter: mid hif Romanisce cnihten.

Vt hii fende of Rome: cnihtef wel idone. come to Londene. and gadere al be ferde : of Brutlondes erbe. and verden for foliwis: to Melga and to Wanis. and hii fohten heom wib: 10 and flowen hire ferde. and hii mid harpfipe: to pan wode flowe. and lette flean hire folk? in euereche fife1. and hii flowe forb: bi norpe Scotlonde. and Phebus him? hafter: mid Romanisse cnihtes. ah heo ne mihten for nane þigen : ac he ne mihte for noþing : 20 Melga i-finde.

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Febus.

And hii bi-gonne verlich: anne fwipe deope dich. [£.598. c.1.] and par vp on oueral:

They sent out of Rome brave knights; five and twenty hundred came 'in'to London, and gathered all the host of Britains land, and marched forth full surely to Melga and [to] Wanis; and they fought with them, and slew their forces; and they 'themselves' with difficulty fled to 'hold [the wood]; and caused their folk to be slain, 'their innumerable host [on every side]. And they 'themselves' 'proceeded [fled] forth 'before [by north of ] Scotland, and Febus after them, with 'his' Romanish knights, -but 'they [he] might not for any thing find Melga. And they began quickly a ditch exceeding deep, and thereupon over all a 'strong' stone

1 fide?

Melgan iuiden.

& heo bi-gunnen feorlic:

ane swide deope dich. & per ouen on ouer al:

3 ham?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. ænne strongne stanene wal. bi bere sæ stronde: bi-fide Scotlonde. þer weoren æuere iwuned: be vt-lazen to londen cumen. & seovice heo heom dihten: to bi-witen pa dich mid cnihten. to witie hine mid cnihtes. pa dic & pa wal weoren zare: þa næfde Bruttes nane kare. azan heo günen wenden: 10 to pare burh of Luden. & Febus of Rome: hustinge bad sone. per com moni riche mo: to pan huftinge anan. moni cniht moni eorl: moni bein mõi cheorl. moni riche burh-mon: ber wende beon blibe anan. þa forhfulle weoren an heortē: n þat sorþfolle eoden: ær þe dæi weoren agan.

Febus be feire cniht:

† heo comen to hustinge:

one stonene wal. bi pare séé stronde: bifides Scotlond. bar were euere iwoned: vtlawes to londe come. and suppe he hit dihte: pe dich and pe wal weren 3are: po nadde Bruttef nanne care. azen hii gonne wende : to pare borh of Londene. And Phebus of Rome: heold par speche sone. par com mani riche eorl:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

mani riche borh-man: pat wende beo blipe anon. her þe dai a-gon were. Phebus pe faire cniht: lette beoden his ferde uord riht. bed his ferde forbriht.

mani cniht mani cheorl.

wall by the sea-strand beside Scotland, where 'the' outlaws were ever accustomed to come to the land. And afterwards 'they [he] prepared 'them [it] to guard 'the ditch [it] with knights. The ditch and the wall were ready (completed), then had the Britons no care; back they gan wend to the burgh of London. And Febus of Rome 'assembled a husting [held there a conference] soon; there came many a rich 'man [earl] 'to the husting anon'; many knight, 'many earl, many thane,' many churl, many rich burgher 'there [that] weened to be blithe anon, who 'were in heart [departed] sorrowful ere the day were passed. Febus the fair knight 'caused his host to be assembled [bade his host] forth-right, 'so that they should come to husting with all their troops; and the swains at

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

afe hii folde anon vare.

mid alle heore pringe.

& þa fweines at hærberwē : [c. 2.]

letten heore horf 1 wel 3ærwen.

& makien þa heorf al fwa 3are: make hire hors alle 3are: fwa heo fculden forð faren.

& al pat folc duden puf:

fwa hit hæhte Febus.

& fwa heo gunnen wenden:

to heore hustinge.

pa pat folc wes al icumen : 10

& ælc hif stude hafde inomen.

þa hehte me lusten:

inne Lundene.

pa stod him up Febus:

be riche cniht and feide buf.

Luste's me nu Bruttes:

pe her beo'd bihalues.

ich habbe eow to fuggen: foo word of Rome.

3e uf fende fonde:

in to ure londe.

of pare forhze ful iwis:

20 3eo vs fende fonde : in to Rome londe.

po stod vp Phebus:

be riche cniht and faide bus.

Lustep me nou me? Bruttes:

pat here beop bi-halues.

of pane wo foliwis:

be eow duden Melgan & Wanis. bat ou dude Melga and Wanis.

their quarters to cause their horses (?) to be well prepared; and' to make 'the [their] horses all 'as' ready, as if they should 'forth [anon] march. 'And all the folk did thus as Febus commanded it, and so they gan proceed to their husting. When the folk was all come, and each had taken his place, then silence was commanded in London.' Then stood 'him' up Febus, the rich knight, and said thus: "Listen to me now, Britons, that here are beside; 'I have to say to you sooth words from Rome.' Ye sent us messengers into 'our [Rome] land, of the 'sorrow [woe] full truly that Melga and Wanis did to you. 'And I with my army came to this country,'

1 Sic MS.

2 Redundant.

& ich mid mire ferde:

com to biffen ærde.

& ich habbe eower iuā: iualled to pan grunde.

& iflemed ut of ærde:

Melgan buten uærde.

Nu we masen to sere: careles wunien here.

of pare ilke uerde:

be iflagen if on ærde.

per uore inne Rome 3e beoð lað. þar fore in Rome 3e beop lob.

for ofte 3e uf habbed at-halden: for ofte 3eo habbed at-holde: [c.2]

pat gauel of biffen londe.

islæ3e þene king Gratien.

& ofte 3e uf bi-hated:

treobe to halden.

& æuere a þan ænde: 3e wakieð an höde.

We habbed for eower luuë:

ilofed ure leoden.

cnihtes i biffen londe:

an hundred busende.

seoðden Juliuf Cefar: [£714.c.1.]

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and ich habbe zoure fon :

afulled to pan grunde.

and iflemid vt of erbe: Melga boute ferde.

Nou we mase to sere:

careles wonie here.

3e uf habbed ofte imaked wrad: Ac 3e vs habbeh ofte imaked wroh:

pat feo of oure londe.

& æc we¹ habbeo's ufele idon : and eke 3e habbeþ vuel idon :

iflaze bane kig Gracien.

and ofte 3e vf bi-hotep:

treupe to holde.

ac euere a pan ende :

3eo wakieb an honde.

We habbe for oure loue:

ilore of vre leode.

cnihtes in bisse londe:

an hundred bubend?.

and I have felled your foes to the ground, and driven out of the land Melga, without his host. Now may we at present dwell here careless 'of that host which is slain in the land.' [But] ye have oft made us wrath, therefore in Rome ye are odious! For oft ye have withheld from us the 'tribute [fee] of 'this [your] land, and eke ye have done evil,—slain the king Gracien; and oft ye promise us to hold troth, 'and [but] ever in the end ye weaken in hand (break pledge). We have for your love lost [of] our people, a hun-

ærst bicō her.

ah fwa we ibiden are:

nulle we no mare.

ah we wulled fone:

uaren in to Rome.

& bi-tachē eow bif kine-lond?

& halded hit on cowre hond.

& bruke's hit mid vnne1:

for nulle we nauere mare:

azan comen here.

We habbed of hiffe londe:

ihaued monie pufend punde.

þa we habbeð her bi-foht: ah heo beo'd ful deore aboht.

we beo'd ofte hider ifaren:

mid wandrede & mid fare.

& nu 3e ma3en wel don :

bisecheð eow wepnen a-nan.

& weried eow feolue: wið vncuðe leoden.

Neoren eower ælderen:

abelene cæppen.

heone to Rome al # lond:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

ac fo ic ibide ore:

nolle we fo na more.

ac we wolleb fone: wende agen to Rome.

and bi-take 30u pis kinelond:

to soure owene hond.

and broukep hit wel euere: for vs ne se 3e0 neuere.

werieh nou 30u feolue: . 20 wip oncoupe leode. Nere 30ure heldre: staleworpe cnihtes.

hinene to Rome:

dred thousand knights in this land 'since Julius Cæsar first arrived here.' But as 'we [I] pray for grace we will [so] no more! But we will soon go 'unto [back to] Rome, and deliver you this kingdom; 'and hold ye it' in your [own] hand, and possess it 'with joy [well ever], for 'we will never more again come here [us ye see nevermore]. 'We have had of this land many thousand pounds, that we have here acquired, but they are full dear bought, for oft we are (have) hither come, with trouble and with sorrow. And now ye may do well; procure to you weapons anon, and 'defend [now] yourselves against foreign folk. Were not your ancestors 'noble fellows

<sup>1</sup> The first letter of vnne is sup. ras. R. wunne, as in f. 140. c. 1. A line is also here wanting.

stod on heore azere hond. & al bat lond bat heo isegen: fone heo hit bi-wunne. al heo hit biwunnen: mid heore ahte wæpnen. Ah makieð in eowre londe: castles swide stronge. and weried cowre beode: wið vncuðe leode. & wunied her hal and heil! 10 wonieh here niht an dai! & habbeð alle godne dæie. pa peos word weoren [isæid]: þa wes her a strög ræd. næs nauere þe mon iboren : inne nare burh;e. þe auere mihte tellen : burh nane spellen. of pere muchele særinæsse : pa isizen wes to folke. pa weoren inne Lundenne: laðliche iberen. [c. 2.] þer wes wop: þer wes rop:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII. stod at hire dome. al þat hii i-seh of lond: hii wonne to hire oze hond. al bif hi bi-wonne: mid hire main stronge.

and nou ich wolle fare min way. po peos wordes weren iseid: po was par a stron1 read. nas neuere þe man ibore: in none borewe. pat al mihte [telle]: mid worde no mid fpelle. half be forinisse: pat i-seze was to londe.

þar was wop þar was cri:

[strong knights]? hence to Rome 'all the land' stood 'in [at] their 'own hand [will]; 'and' all 'the [of] land that they saw, 'soon' they won 'it' [to their own hand]; all they 'it [this] won with their 'brave weapons [strong might]. 'But make ye in your land castles very strong, and defend your country against foreign folk; and' dwell here 'whole and hale [night and day], and 'have ye all good day! [now I will go my way]." When these words were said, then was 'here [there] an evil chance; never was the man born in any burgh, that 'ever [all] might tell, 'through any [with word nor with] story, 'of the great [half the] sorrow that was come on the 'folk [land]! 'Then were in London dreadful cries'; there was weeping, there was 'lament [cry], and sorrow 'unmeet [too much], 'when

Melga. Wanis.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& reoden vnimete.

þa þeo Rom-leoden:

riden toward scipene.

& Bruttes bilafde :'
inne piffe londe.

mid vnimete reobe:

ne cuốe heo ræd nænne.

pas tisinde ful iwis:

iherde Melga & Wanis. heo hefden ane verde:

of vnimete folke.

& heo gunnen wenden:

in to Norh-hüberlond.

3eond ₱ lond heo arnden:

and flozen & barnden.

& swa heo for wenden:

pat heo comen to pan walle.

þeo þa Rom-leoden:

hæfden aræred.

Bruttef weoren wið innen : 20

mid swide feole monnen.

& Melga wið vten : & 3eorne wes abutē.

hu he mihte azeinnen :

p he weore binnen?.

mymmons buol

10

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and roupe to fale.

pes tidinge foliwis:
hi-horde Melga and Wanis.

hii [hadde] hane ferde:

of onimete folke. [£60. c.1.]

and hii gonne wende:

into Norphumberlonde.

oueral hii arde1:

and flowen and barnde. and fo hii for wende:

bat hii comen to ban walle.

pat pe Romleode:

hadde par arered.
Bruttes were wip ine:

mid swipe fale mane.

and Melga wip houte: and seorne was a-boute.

hou he mihte a-winne:

pat he were wip ine.

the Rome-folk rode toward their ships, and left the Britons in this land, with sorrow unmeet;—they knew no counsel!' Melga and Wanis heard these tidings full certainly; they had an army of innumerable folk, and they gan wend into Northumberland; over [all] 'the land' they ran, and alew and burnt, and so they forth proceeded until they came to the wall that the Rome-folk had [there] areared. The Britons were within, with very many men, and Melga without, and earnestly was about how he might win so that he were within. They 'rushed to the wall, the bold thanes';

<sup>1</sup> arnde?

<sup>2</sup> R. binnen.

Heo ræfden to þan walle: ræize þeines.

fomned alle þa uerde: feole cunnen ærde.

pa dich wes swide wid & deop: pe dich was swipe wid and deop:

& pa ferde to-leop.

& Bruttes weoren igærede

& bene wal weoreden.

heo scuten in: heo scuten ut:

fcalkes ber feollen. arwen flugen ouer wal:

al abuten ouer al.

swa bicke wes heore uæræ:

swulc hit hazel wæren. [Buttes:

pat for pa arewen ne mihte pa par fore ne mihte Bruttus! zemen manes? fihtes.

ah a-dun of ban walle:

iwendē heo alle.

& fetten to fleme:

feondliche fwide<sup>3</sup>.

& pa offer breken pane wal: 21 And pe oper breken pane wal:

& after heo drozen:

1 aboute?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Hii gaderede al þe ferde:

of mani cunnes erbe.

and be ferde to-leop.

And Bruttus weren igadered: and pane wal werede.

hii foten in hii foten vt :

mani man þar folle.

harwe floze oueral:

al abou¹ þe wal.

hire wal 3ime.

3 fwide?

hii fette to fleonde:

[£72.c.1.] feondeliche swipe.

& eoden binnen ouer al. and eoden in oueral.

and after drozen:

gathered all the force of many kind of land;—the ditch was very wide and deep, and the host toward it leapt. And the Britons were 'prepared [gathered], and defended the wall; they shot in, they shot out,—'men [many a man] there fell,—the arrows flew over 'the wall [all] all about 'over all [the wall]; 'so thick was their flight, as if it were hail,' 'so that for the arrows [therefore] 'the' Britons might not 'maintain any fight

[guard their wall], 'but down from the wall they all went, and' [they] began to flee exceeding quickly. And the others brake the wall, and passed 'with'in over all, and after 'they 'pursued, and 'greatly them [many there]

2 nanes?

& fwude heom flozen. heo flozen per muchel wunder: twa & fifti hundred. al of Brutten seolue: wið uten þan Scotten. & wið utten þan Dænscæn: þa inne þere dic bi-læfden. pus ihæh hif kinelod: a pere Bruttene hond. Whæren Bruttes: 10 cnihtes icorene. ah nu heo weoren alle: fwide for-lorene. ne beob heo neuere hæ3e: buten heo hælp habben. of overe moncunne: for heo feolf ne cunne. puf ferde ful iwis: Melga & Wanif. pa Bruttes of Lundene: to Rome fende fone. bedē heom swide cumen: & don alse heo ær weoren iwuned. and do alse hii were iwoned.

pat heo arædde pis lond:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. and mani par of-flozen. and floze pare mochel wonder: two an twenti hundred. al of feolue Bruttef: wip houte pe Scottes. and wip houte Dense: pat in pan dich leie. pus i-peh pif kinelond : ine Bruttene hond. Wile were Bruttus: icnowe gode cnihtes. ac nou hii beob wel neh: a-falle to pan grunde. [c. 2.] pat ne word hii neuere hehere: bote hii help habbe. of oper mancunne: for heom feolf noht ne conne. pus ferde foliwis: Melga and Wanis. be Bruttes of Londone:

to Rome fende fonde.

and beden swipe come:

pat hii a-redde pif lond:

slew; 'they [and] slew there great wonder,—two and 'fifty [twenty] hundred, all of the Britons themselves, without the Scots, and without the Danes, who in the ditch 'remained [lay]. Thus throve this kingdom in 'the' Britons hands. [Whilom] the Britons were 'chosen [known good] knights, but now they 'were all greatly deteriorated; [are well nigh fallen to the ground, so that] they never will 'be high [become higher], unless they have help of other men, for 'they' of [them]selves can not [aught]!—Thus fared full truly Melga and Wanis. The Britons of London sent 'soon [messengers] to Rome, [and] bade them come quickly, and do as they 'ere' were accustomed, that they should rule this land, and take

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and neme hit to hire owe hond. & nomen hit al to heore hond. for heom heo hit voe: bet þane þan vncuðen. pa zeuen heo puf answære: Nolle we neuere pider fare. Nulle we nauere bider faren. to polien pat fwuc1 & p iwin: azen þat heðene cun. for bat if goddes wider-fake: Wanif ihaten. & Melgan his iuere: nulle we nauere cumen bere. p if al pe ende: nulle we buder wende. an oder halue we habbeod: mare bene we mazen an-hebben.

po 3efuen hii foch answere:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

pat his al pe ende : nolle we pider wende.

Nes þer nā o'ðer andswere: Nas þar non oþer answere: & þas fondegunne azen faren.[c.2.] þe fondes gonne azen fare. po hii azen come: ¶ þa heo agan comen : pa Bruttes from Rome. be Bruttus fram Rome. be tidinges tolde: þa tiðinde talden: 20 þe Romleoden heom falden. pat hii ham helpe nolde. þa wes Lundene folc: bo was Londenes folk: mid moche wo ibunde. mid forzen ibunden.

it 'all' to their [own] hand, 'for they would grant it to them better (rather) than to the strangers.' Then gave they 'thus [such] answer: "We will never go thither 'to endure the toil and the conflict against the heathen race,—for that man is Gods enemy named Wanis, and Melga his companion, we will never come there'; that is all the end (conclusion), we will not thither go; 'on another side we have more than we may up-hold.'" Was there no other answer, 'and' 'these [the] messengers gan return. When they came back, the Britons from Rome, they told the tidings that 'the Rome-folk gave them [they would not them help];—then was 'London

<sup>1</sup> fwinc?

[celin].

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

pa wes per an ærchebiscop: þat wes hali mon igod1.

& mid godde fwide hæh:

Guencelin ihatē. He fende his fonde:

zeond alle Brutlonde.

æfter alle þan clæreken:

pe godes lare cuben. alle paie ihade gumen :

hizendliche him to comen.

& heo ful fone :

to Lundene comen.

Mid uf wunien godes grið.

pat if on lati ful iwis:

bat me fæið Pax vob. & heo heo8 him feiden forn to:

Et cum spũ tuo.

pa bi-gon he lar-spæl: & of gode spec swide wel. 20

A pan dazen pat<sup>5</sup> feit<sup>6</sup> Pauwel: In pan daize at feint Poul:

wef be ærchebiscop stol.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po was par an archebissop: þat was holý man and god. and mid god fwibe heh?

Gwenselin i-hote.

He fende his fonde:

oueral Brutlonde. after alle pe clerekes:

pat godes lore coupe.

alle þe hodede gomes:

10 hizenliche to him come. and hii fol fone:

to londe<sup>2</sup> come.

puf Guencelin heom spæc wid: pus Gwencelin heom spac wih:

Mid vs wonie godes grib.

po bi-gan he lorfpel: and heō likede swipe wel.

was be archebiffopes stolle.

[Londons] folk with 'sorrow [much woe] bound! Then was there an archbishop, who was a holy man and good, and most high with God, named Guencelin. He sent his messengers over all Britain, after all the clerks that knew Gods lore, all the hooded men, speedily to come to him; and they full soon to London came. Thus spake Guencelin with them: "With us dwell Gods grace!"—'that is in Latin full truly what men say "Pax vobis!" And they said again to him, "Et cum spiritu tuo!"' Then began he a discourse, and 'of good spake [it liked to them] most well. In those days

<sup>1 &</sup>amp; god?

<sup>3</sup> Redundant?

Written at first pant, but n expuncted. R. at?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Londene?

<sup>4</sup> fwite? 6 R. feint.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& wel feole 3ere: pe ærchebiscopes weoren pere. ah seodden þa feit Austin com: ac suppe seint Austin com: hit wes to Cantuare-buri idon. Nu feide Guencelin: ba wes ba heolie mon. Lufte 8 lauerdindes 1 : of ure tidendes. þa þes haðene mon : þe if ihatē Melgan. & Wanif & heore uerde: habbeð ibroht to þissen ærde. & wulled befne cristindom: al for-faren & for-don. & ich wulle habben leue: forð ich wulle liðen. & ouer sæ wenden: [£ 725. c.1.] to fume hæze kinge. & bidde pane hæ3e king:

& 3if ich mai iuiden:

to fpeken wið fwulche kinge.

benne wulle ich wel fain:

he was to Cantelburi idon. [660".c.1.] Nou feide Gwencelin: bat was be holie man. Lustep louerdlinges: of houre tidinges. lo2 bif hebene man: 10 pat his ihote Melga. and Wanis his i-vere: habbeh ibrohte to hif erhe. and wolleb bifne criftendom: wolleb<sup>3</sup> for-fare and for-don. And ich wolle habbe lefue : hinene to wende. to fomme hehze kinge:

pat hæ4 uf hælpen purh alle ping. and feche helpinge. 21 And 3ef ich mai ifinde : to speke wip soche king. ban wolle ich wel fain :

the archbishops stool was 'then' at Saint Pauls, 'and well many years the archbishops were there,' but since 'that' Saint Austin came, it was removed to Canterbury. Now said Guencelin, who was the holy man: "Listen, lordings, of our tidings, that this heathen man who is named Melga, and Wanis 'and their host [his comrade] have brought to this land, and will 'all' destroy and annul this Christendom. And I will have (take) leave; 'forth I will go [hence to depart], 'and over sea pass' to some high king, 'and pray the high king,' 'that he help us through all things [and seek help]. And if I may find to speak with such king, then

<sup>1</sup> lauerdinges?

<sup>2</sup> bat?

<sup>3</sup> Redundant.

<sup>4</sup> R. he.

cumen hidere azæin. over alles næuere mare: nulle ich cummen here. & 3e bidden for me: on eower bare cneowen. & habbed alle godne dæi: cumē ich wulle 3if ich mai. pa wes pat folc færi: & forhful on heorte. ne biden nauere Brutware: 10 an heore liue fwulche care. Ford wende Guencelin: & his clærkes mid him. riht ford to bere sæ: þær heom fæl þuhten. Scipen heo per funden: & fone in wenden. & beo ful fone: ou<sup>9</sup> sæ comen. in to Bruttaine: per foren heo weoren faine. pa pe king Maximien: æf þan eorle Conaan. ah dæd wef þa Maximiæn: swa wes þe kig Conaan.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. come hider a-zein. oper elles neuere more : nelle ich comen here. And 3eo bidde for me? vppe 3oure bare cnouwes. and habbeh alle godne dai : ich wolle come wane ich mai. po was pat folk fori: and forbfolle on heorte. nadden hii neuere here : fo mochel care. Forp wende Gwencelin: and his clerkes mid him. riht to bare séé : par heom best pohte. Sipes hii funden:

and ouer féé comē. into Brutaine:

pat Conan hadde wile.

will I well fain come hither again, or else nevermore will I come here. And pray ye for me 'on [upon] your bare knees; and have ye all good day, I will come back 'if [when] I may." Then was the folk sorry, and sorrowful in heart; 'the Britons [they] never had 'in their lives such [ere so much] care! Forth went Guencelin, and his clerks with him, right 'forth' to the sea,—where it seemed best to them. Ships 'there' they found, and 'soon in went, and they full soon' over sea came into Bretagne,—'therefore they were fain,'-that 'the king Maximian gave the earl Conan [Conan awhile had], 'but dead was then Maximian, so was the king Conan.' But

20

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

he hadde bo Brutaines lond:

pat was of Conan icome.

al in his owe hond.

Ac Aldroim heh! hehte his fone:

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[Aldro]ein. Ah Aldroein hæhte his fune : be wes of Conaan icumen.

Brutaine \$ lond?

he hafde al in his hond.

Armoriche hæhte þat lond:

ah pene nome hit losede an hond.

Androgien? wes per king:

Aldroim was pare king: vnder him wes moni hæh dring. and hadde mani herdling.

Guencelin to pan kinge com: [c. 2.] Gwencelin to pan king come:

& he hine lette wel a-fon. [fot: and he lette hine faire vuder-fon.

pe ærchebiscop feol to pes kinges par pe archebissop: [c. 2.]

& bæd hine bidenche uppen godd. fulle to his kinges fot.

13 and feide louerd Aldroim: Lauer<sup>8</sup> king Aldroein : ofte þe wurðe godd fæin. ofte be worbe god fain.

Ibench bu weore Conaanes sune: Bi-benche bat bou were Conanes

of Butten bu ært al icumen. al of Bruttes icome.

ich æm icumen to speken þe wið and ich ham icome to þeode:

& zeornnen þe liues grið. for oure mochele neode.

In to ure londe beo'd icumen: par beop to oure londe icome:

twæine hæbene gumen. tweie hebene gomes.

Melga & Wanis: 20 Melga and Wanis : muchel ufel heo doh us. mochel wo hii dop vs.

his son hight Aldroein, who was of Conan begotten; he had [then] 'Bretagne the [Bertagnes] land all in his [own] hand. 'Armoriche hight the land, but the name it lost in hand.' Aldroein was there king; 'under him was [and had] many 'noble thane [subjects]. Guencelin came to the king, and he caused him to be 'well [fairly] received; [there] the archbishop fell to 'the [this] kings feet, and 'prayed him to think upon God [said]: "Lord 'king,' Aldroein, oft may God be gracious to thee! Bethink that thou wert Conans son, of Britons 'thou art' all descended. [And] I am come to 'speak with thee, and yearn of thee grace of life [thy land, for our great need]. 'In'to our land [there] are come two heathen men, Melga and Wanis; much 'evil [woe] they do to us. They have of our land all

<sup>1</sup> Redundant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Aldroein.

<sup>3</sup> Lauerd?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. heo habbeo's of ure londe: al pene noro ende. & fwide we beod auæred: † heo nu nabben mare. & 3et heo penches ufele don : to fallen bæne cristindom. & turne to hedenesse: pa hæze & pa læsse. For pi fader nom of Brutlonde: For pi fader nam al pe strengpe: alle þa cnihtes stronge. & moni pusend ladde to Rome: and mani pusend ladde: Maximien pe wel idone. & nu ligge of-flagen: þa heo bilæfden an ure dazen. & pus is Brutlondes ærd: of folke bidæled. Sonde we fende to Rome: & bedē † heo comen. and heo uf habbeo's wor's ifend : and hii answerede wordes fore : bi vre fond-monnen. pat we don p bezste pat we musen : for nulled heo nauer mare cumen. pathii nollep patlond helpe na more.

hii habbeh of oure londe: al pane norp ende. and we beob adrad fore: leste he¹ habbe nou more. And hii bencheb mochel vuel don: to falle pane cristendom. and teorne to hepennisse: be more and be lasse. 10 of Brutlond. Maximian to Rome. and nou liggep of-flage: pat hii blefde bi hire daze. and bus his Brutlond: of cnihtes bi-reifed. Sonde we fende to Rome? and bede pat hii comen.

the north end, and 'greatly [sorely] we are 'afraid that [adread lest] they now should have more. And 'yet' they think [much] evil to do, to destroy the Christendom, and turn to heathendom the 'high [greater] and the less. For thy father took all the 'strong knights [strength] of Britain, and Maximian 'the brave' led many thousands to Rome, and now lie slain what they left 'in our [by their] days; and thus is 'Britains land [Britain] of 'folk [knights] bereaved. Messengers we sent to Rome, and prayed that they should come; and they 'have sent word to us [answered sore words] 'by our messengers,' that 'we should do the best that we might, for 'they would 'never more come [no more help the land]; but 'order [bid]

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. ac biddeb vs a-winne: ah hate's us bi-winnen: help 3ef we conne. hælp 3if we cunnen. and habbeb icwebe vs scere: & habbeð igueðen us scere : nou and euere more. nu & auere mare. Ah wel mæi do hu hit ga: [f.73.c.1.]Ac wel mai don ou hit go: for wræcches we beoo æuere ma. for wrecches we beob euere mo. Whilen weoren Bruttes: Wile weren Bruttes: be best mē on lond. [f. 61. c. 1.] pa bezste men of londe. al pat hi bi-gonne: al p heo bigunnen: al heo hit biwunen. al hii hit a-wonne. Nou beob hii ouercome: Nu heo beo's ouercumen : and iflawe and inome. æiðer iflagen & inomen. & awæi ivaren mid Maximian: & mid þi uader Conaan. p mis per bileued wel neh nan : pat nis par bi-leffed non : p auere beo æi tale on. bat euere eni tale beo on. Ac bou har of houre cunne: Ah þu ært of ur cunne: of us naue bu nane fune. help us nu for þu miht: helpes nou mid winne. ælles we habbeoð muchel pliht. pus spæc pe ærchebiscop: 21 pus spac pe archebissop: pat Aldroim king hit vnderstod. † Aldroein king hit vnder-stod. be king gon fiche fare: and he gan fike fore:

us to obtain help if we can; and have declared us quit now and evermore. But well may do (it is sufficient?) how so it goes, for wretches we are evermore! Awhile were Britons the best men 'of [on] land; all that they began, they it all won. Now they are overcome, 'either [and] slain, and captured, 'and away departed with Maximian, and with thy father Conan,' so that there is not left 'well nigh' one, that ever should be of any estimation. But thou art of our kin; 'of us thou hast no fault;' help 'us' now, 'for thou mightest [with joy], 'else we have mickle danger.'" Thus spake the archbishop, so that Aldroein the king understood it; [and] 'the king [he] gan sorely to sigh, [so that there] tears 'gan to' glide 'from him,' and

him gunnen glide teores. & urnen his æ3ene:

bat his hired-men hit isezen.

þa 3æf þe king andfwære:

& wid Guencelin he spec bus ber.and wib Gwencelin spac bus bare.

Ich eow wulle helpen:

mid hæzere stregðe. ich þe wullen bitæchen:

twa pufend cnihtes. þat scullen beon þa bezste:

bæ wunied inne Brutene. & Costatin minne broder:

swulcne nat ich nænne ober.

swa wid swa if þes dæi liht:

nat ich nenne betere cnihte. ne nat ich a wærulde riche:

cniht his iliche.

makied hine lauerd: ouer al Brutlondes ærd.

his deore brobe 1 Costantin. & he ford rihtes:

bitahte him þa cnihtes.

Ford ferde Costantin:

[c. 2.]

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

pat par glide teres.

and vrnen his ezene: pat al hit i-seze.

po 3af þe king answere:

Ich ou wole helpe: mid hezere strengbe. ich þe wolle bi-take: two pousend cnihtes.

pat follen beo pe beste:

pat woniep in londe.

and Constantin mine brober:

foch not ich non ober.

not ich nanne betere cniht :'

in hisse worle riche.

makeb hine louerd: of al Brutlondes erb.

pa axede Aldroein pe king: 20 po cleopede Aldroim pe king:

his leofue broper Constantin. and he forbribtes:

bi-tock him peos cnihtes.

Forp wende Constantin:

Costan[tin].

his eyes ran, so that 'his courtiers [all] saw it. Then gave the king answer, and with Guencelin 'he' spake thus there: "I will help you with great strength; I will deliver to thee two thousand knights, that shall be the best that dwell in 'Britain [land], and Constantin my brother,-I know not such another; 'as wide as is this daylight,' I know not any better knight, 'nor know I' in [this] worlds realm 'knight his like (equal)';—make ye him lord 'over [of] all Britains land." Then 'asked [called] Aldroein the king his dear brother Constantin, and he forth-right delivered him 'the [these] knights. Forth went Constantin, and the archbishop with him;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. brovere.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

& pe ærchebiscop mid him.

& pe king him seolf walde uaren? and pe king him seolf wolde fare? Conftantin pe hadde care.

Hiderward wende? [kare. Hider ward wende? Constantin pe ende. and alle his mid i-funde? and alle his mid i-funde? At Totenes comen a lond. peder? com pe ohte mo? pider come peos cnihtes?

wælla wel wes he ibon. & mid him twa þufend cnihten :' fwulche na king ne æhte. 11

For heo gunnen liven:
in to Lundenne.
and fenden æfter cnihtē:
geöd p kineriche.
and æuerælc oht mon:
p hizenliche come anan.
pet iherde Bruttef:
per heo wuneden i pan puttes.
inne eor e & inne stockes:
wude i wilderne:

inne hæðe & inne uærne. Þ ne mihte wel neh na man: For hii gonne wende :'
into Londene. [c.2.]
and fende after cnihtef :'
ouer al pan londe.
and euerech oht man :'
hizenliche come a-non.
pat ihorde Bruttus :'
par hii wonede in puttes.

alle wel idiht.

in eorpe and in stockes:
hii hudde ham ase brockes.

þat ne mihte wel neh no mā:

and the king himself would go (have gone), but of [the] French'men' he had care (anxiety). Hitherward proceeded Constantin the fair, and all his 'host' in safety; at Totnes 'they' came ashore; thither came the 'bold man,—well was he brave!—and with him two thousand knights such as no king possessed [these knights, all well dight]. Forth they gan march into London, and sent after knights over [all] the 'kingdom [land], and every brave man, 'that' speedily 'he should come [to come] anon. The Britons heard that, where they dwelt in 'the' pits; in earth and in stocks they hid them as (like) badgers, 'in wood and in wilderness, in heath and in fern,' so

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> & pr. m. <sup>2</sup> peoder pr. m. <sup>3</sup> huddeden pr. m., but d expuncted.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. nenne Brut iuinden. nanne Brut finde. buten heo weoren in castle: bote he were in castle: oder y burhze iclused uaste. bi-clused swipe faste. pat: heo iherden of pissen worde? po hii horde pis word? † Costanti wes an ærde. pat Constantin was in eorp. pa comen ut of munten: po com par vt of wilderne: moni þusend monnē. mani busend manne. heo leopen ut of þan wuden : swulc hit deor weoren. Ličen toward Lundenne: 10 Wende toward Londene: moni hundred þufend. mani þufend manne. bi straten & bi walde: al hit forð hælden. & pa æhte wifmen: [[6.73b.c.1.] and stilleworpe wifmen: wæþmönef clades duden heom on. wepmenne clobef dude heom on. & heo forð wenden: and alle forb geinde : towward bere uerde. toward pare ferde. pa isæh þe eorl Costantin: po i-seh pe eorl Constantin: al pis folc cumen to him. al bis folk come to him. po was he so blipe: þa wes he fwa bliðe: fo he nas neuere on lifue. fwa he nes næuer ær an liue. Ford heo nomen heore wæi: Forb hii nemen hire wai: twa niht & enne dæi. two niht and one dai.

that well nigh no man might find any Briton, except 'they [he] were in castle 'or in burgh' inclosed [most] fast. When they heard 'of' this word, that Constantin was in the land, then came out of 'the mounts [wilderness] many thousand men; 'they leapt out of the wood as if it were deer.' Many 'hundred' thousand [men] marched toward London, 'by street and by weald all it forth pressed;' and 'the brave [peaceful] women put on them mens clothes, and 'they [all] forth journeyed toward the army. When the earl Constantin saw all this folk come to him, then was he so blithe as he was never 'ere' in life. Forth they took their way two nights and a day,

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. † heo comen ful iwis: to Melga & Wanis. To-gadere heo ræfden: mid ræze strengde. fuhten feodliche1: feollen þa uæie. ær þe dæi weorē agan: iflazen wes Wanif & Melgan. & Peohtes inowe: & Scottef vnifohze. Denfce & Norenifce: Galewases & Irreifce. pa while pat pe dæi wes liht: ilæste auere þis flæht. þa com hit to þan æuen-time: pa cleopeden pe æorl Costantin. po saide pe eorl Constantin. & bad ba wæi-wit e: for-ærnen þa wat<sup>9</sup>es. and fnelle men toward pære sæ : and snelle men to pe séé : [6.619.c.1.] bet ber heom sculden sechen. 20 for to heom kepe. pe mon pe isezen pat gomen:

hu forð gengden þa quenen.

par was Melga and Wanis. To-gadere hii refde: mid resere strengpe. her þe dai was agon : iflage was Melgan and Wanis. and Peutes inowe: 10 and Scottef onnifowe. Denfe and Norwenisse. Galeweies and Yrisse. pe wile pat pe dai was liht: euere ilaste pat fiht. po hit com to pan eue-time:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bat hii come foliwis:

bat wei-wittie:

hernde to be wateref.

pe man pe isehze pe game:

ou forp geinde pe cwenes.

so that they came full truly 'to [where was] Melga and Wanis. gether they rushed with stern strength, 'fought fiercely,-the fated fell!' Ere the day 'were [was] gone, slain was Wanis and Melgan, and Peohtes enow, and Scots without number, Danes and Norwegians, Galloways and Irish. The while that the day was light lasted ever this slaughter [the When it came to the eventime, then 'called [said] the earl Constantin, 'and bade' that guides should ride to the waters, and active men 'toward [to] the sea, 'that should seek them there [for to guard them].

The man that saw (should have seen) the game, how the women forth marched over woods and 'over' fields, 'over hills and over dales [towns

<sup>1</sup> feondliche?

3eond wudes & 3end feldes : 3eond hulles & 3eond heldes. whær fwa heo funden: æine mon at-wūden. be weore mid Melga? þan hæðene kinga. þa quenen lude logen : & al hine to-drozen. & beden for pere feole: † hire neuere fæl nere. 10 pus pa Bruttisce quenen: moni þufend ag lden. of Wanis & of Melgan. & Costantin pe ohte: ferde to Selechæstre. & heold his hustinge: of alle his Brut pringen. alle þa Bruttes: busen to ban mote. & nomen Costantin adeling: and makeden hine Bruttene kig. and makede Constantin king.

3eond wodes and feldes: tounes and teldes. war fo ifunde 1 ? eni man at-wonde. þat were mid Melga: þan heþene kinge. þe cwenes loude lowe : and al hine drowe. pus pe Bruttesse cwenes: [[c. 2.] mani pufend cwelde. & þuf heo areden þæfne kinedon?? and þus hii aredde þifne kinedon: of Wanis and of Melgan. And Constatin be habte:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

Bruttef nemen peos apeling: moche was po pe murpe:

hand heold bar his speche:

wende to Cirecestre.

mid bolde his Bruttes.

and coverts], wheresoever they found any man escaped, that were with Melga, the heathen king, the women loud laughed, and tore him all in pieces, 'and prayed for the soul, that never should good be to it.' Thus the British women killed many thousands, and thus they freed this kingdom of Wanis and of Melga. And Constantin the brave marched to 'Silchester [Cirencester], and held [there] his 'husting [conference] 'of all his British thanes [with his bold Britons], 'all the' Britons 'came to the meeting, and 'took 'Constantin the [this] noble, and made 'him [Constantin] king 'of Britain',-much was [then] the mirth that was among men.

1 hii funde ?

muchel wes ba murde:

<sup>2</sup> R. kinedom.

VOL. II.

Costanz.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

† wæs a mancunne.

& seovoen heo him zefuen wif:

wunder ane hende. i-boren of þan hæsten:

of Bruttene pan alre bezsten.

Of hissen hæze wiue:

Costantin hæfuede.

ine bissere leode :

preo funen lutle.

Hæfde þe æreste sune: wel neh hif fader nome.

Costantin hæhte þe king:

Costanz hæhte þat child.

pa pis child wes iwaxen?

† hit cube riden.

pa lette hif fader hit munekien:

purh lubere monene ræde.

& † child munec wes:

inne Winchæstre.

Aft? him wes iboren an oder: 20 After him was an oper: þe wes þe midleste broðer.

he wes ihaten Aureli<sup>9</sup>:

his to-nome hæhte Ambrofi<sup>9</sup>.

Aurelius.

pa wes alre last iboren:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bat was mid mancunne.

And hii him 3euen a wif:

bat was swipe hende.

ibore of pan hehest:

of al Brutleode. Bi biffere wifue:

Constantin hadde.

breo fones lutle:

ine þisse londe.

10 Hadde the erest sone: wel neh þe fader name.

Constantin hehte þe king:

and be child Constance.

po pat child was iwox:

pat hit coupe ride.

bo lette his fader hine monaki:

borh luber mannef lore.

and þat child monek was:

in Winchestre.

þat was þe middel brober. he was ihote Aurelius:

[c.2.] his toname was Ambrofius.

po was alre laste ibore:

And 'afterwards' they gave him [a] wife, 'one wondrous [that was exceeding] fair, born of the highest, of 'Britain the best of all [all Britons]. By this 'noble' wife Constantin had in this land three little sons. The first son had well nigh 'his [the] fathers name; Constantin hight the king, 'Constance hight the child [and the child Constance]. When this child was waxed, that it could ride, then his father caused 'it [him] to be made a monk, through counsel of wicked men; and the child was a monk in Winchester. After him was born another, who was the middle brother; he was named Aurelius, his surname 'hight [was] Ambrosius. Then was last of all born a child that was well 'chosen [disposed]; he was named

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. a child pat wes wel icoren. he wes ihaten Vther: his abelen weore store. he wes þe jungeste broðer : ah he leouede legere pane pa obere.

Guencelin þe ærchebiscop: be toward gode wef ful god. he bi-wuste þa twa childere: for luue of pan kinge. na lengere ne moste libben. 11 for he hafde gode lazen: þa while þe he luuede. ah he nes king here: buten twælf 3ere. & feodden wæs þæ king dæd: hercne nu burh wulcne ræd. hende cniht and fwig aht.

he uerde mid þan kinge: & mid alle his dringē. nanes weies ober:

bute al fwa hif boder.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. a child pat was wel itowe. he was ihote Vter: his dedes weren gode.

Vther.

Gwencelin be archebiffop: pat touward god was fwipe god. bi-wuste peos children: for leue1 of pan kinge. Ah wale pat heore fader : [674.c.1.] Ac wolawo pat hire fader : no lengere ne moste libbe. for he hadde gode lawes: pe wile pat he lifuede. ac he nas king here: bote twealf zere. and po was pe king dead : herene nou borh woche read. He hafde in his huse ænne Poht: He hadde in his house one Peut: a cniht swipe kene.

> mid ban king he nas non ober: bote ase hit were his brober.

Uther, his 'virtues [deeds] were 'strong [good]; 'he was the youngest brother, but he lived longer than the others.' Guencelin the archbishop, who toward God was 'full [most] good, 'he' took charge of 'the two [these] children, for love of the king. But alas! that their father might live no longer!—for he had good laws the while that he lived; but he was king here but twelve years, and then was the king dead,—hearken now through what chance. He had in his house a Peoht, 'fair knight and most brave [a knight most keen]; he 'fared [was] with the king, 'and with all his thanes by' no other 'wise' but as [it were] his brother. Then became

<sup>1</sup> loue?

<sup>2</sup> fwibe?

Cadal.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pa iward he fwa riche: al his iferen vniliche.

þa þohte he to swiken:

Costantin pene richen.

he com biuoren þan kinge:

& feol an his cneowen.

& pus leh 1 pa leod-fwike: biuoren his lauerd?.

Lauer3 king cũ uorð riht:

& spec wid Cadal pine cniht. 10 spec wip Cadal pine cniht.

& ic be wulle tællë:

of uncube spællen.

fwulc þu næuere ære∶

an ærde ne herdeft.

pa araf pe king Costanti:

& eode for out mid him.

ah wale þat hit nusten:

Costantines cnihtes.

Heo eoden swa longe ford ward : So lond4 hii eode forpward :

bat heo come in ænne orchærd. 20 bat hii come in on horechard.

þe⁵ feide þe fwike þare :

þa feide þa fwike þere :

lauerd beon wit her.

pe swike set adun:

pe swike sat adun:

louerd beo wer<sup>6</sup> ere.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po iwarp he fo riche:

alle oper oniliche.

po pohte he to swike:

bane king in his riche.

he com bi-fore pan kinge:

and ful on his cnowes.

Louerd king forp riht:

and ich be wolle telle?

of oncoupe spelles.

soch bou neuere er :

po aros pe king Constantin:

and eode for mid him.

Constantin his cnihtes.

ac walawo bat hit nuste:

an erbe ne hordest.

he so potent, to all 'his companions [others] unlike; then thought he to betray 'Constantin the powerful [the king in his realm]. He came before the king, and fell on his knees, 'and thus lied the traitor before his lord:' "Lord king, 'come' forth-right, 'and' speak with Cadal thy knight, and I will thee tell of strange speeches, such as thou never ere on earth heardest." Then arose the king Constantin, and went forth 'out' with him. But alas! that 'Constantins [Constantin his] kinights knew it not! They proceeded so long forward that they came in an orchard. Then said the traitor there: "Lord, be we here." The traitor sat down, as if he would

[£.62. c. 1.]

<sup>1</sup> leoh pr. m., but o erased.

<sup>4</sup> long?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> lauer pr. m.

<sup>3</sup> Lauerd?

<sup>5</sup> to?

<sup>6</sup> we?

alfe he wolde holde run. & he bah to ban kinge: alfe mon dæð of runīge. He igrap ænne cnif swide long: He igrop ane knif wel long: & pene kig per mid of-stong. [c.2.] pe king par mid he of-stong. in to bere heorte: & he hi feolf at-sterte. per pe king dæd læi : & þe fwike fleh awæi. pat word com to herede: hu be king iuaren-hafde: þa wef muchel reoðe: & rumede1 to folke. pa weoren Bruttef: bifie an bonke. heo n<sup>9</sup>ten þurh nane þinge : whet heo mihten to kinge. for þas kinges funen tweien: lutlen heo weoren beien. Ambrofie cube vnnebe: riden an horfe. & Vther his brober: þa sæt fæc hif moder.

alse he wolde run. and beh to pan kinge? ase man deb rouning. in to pare heorte: and him feolf atftorte. par be king dead lai : and be swike fleb awai. pat word coman fone: ou be king ivare hadde. po was mochel roupe: ifalle to folke. po nuste Bruttus porh noping:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

wat hii mihte do after king. for peos kinges fonef beiene2: lutle weren beiene. Ambrofie cup onebe: ride vppe horfe. and Vther his broper:

be 3et foc his moder.

'hold secret discourse [whisper], and 'he' approached to the king, as a man doth 'in' whispering. He grasped a knife 'very [well] long, 'and' the king therewith [he] pierced into the heart; and 'he' himself escaped, -there the king dead lay, and the traitor fled away. The tidings came 'to court [soon], how the king had fared; then was mickle sorrow 'spread [fallen] to the folk. Then 'were' the Britons 'busy in thought, they' knew not through anything what they might 'have for [do after a] king, for 'the [this] kings two sons, little 'they' were both. Ambrosic could scarcely ride 'on [upon] horse, and Uther, his brother, the yet (still) sucked his mother;

<sup>1</sup> irumed?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & Costance pe aldeste: wef i Winchæstre. munec claves he hauede an : alfe an of his iueren. ba comen to Lundene: al pif leodifce folc. to heore hustinge: & to ræden heō of kinge. wulche weis heo mihten don: & heu heo mihte taken on. & wulc an of hissen children: heo mihte habben to kinge. þa curen þas leoden : Aureliæn Ambrofiā. to habben to kinge ouer heō1. † iherde Uortiger: æp mö & fwides war. imong pan eorlen he ftod: & fastliche hit wid-soc. & he pus sæide: soo þæh hit nære. Ich eow wulle ræden: ræd mid þan bezsten.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and be heldeste monek was:' ine Winchestre.

po comen to Londene?'
alle peos Bruttes.
to one speking?'
for reade 3am of kinge.
woche weies hii mihte don?'
and ou hii mihte taken on.
and woche of pisse childrene?'
hii mihte maken to king.
po chosen peos leoden?'
Aurelia Ambrosie to abbe to kinge.

pat ihorde Vortiger:

3ep man and fwipe war.

amag<sup>3</sup> peos eorles he ftod:
and fafteliche wip-fock.

20 and pus faide:
fop poh hit neore.
Ich ou wolle reade:
read mid pan befte.

and 'Constance' the eldest was [monk] in Winchester; 'monks clothes he had on, as one of his companions.' Then came to London all 'this landfolk [these Britons], to 'their husting [a conference], 'and [for] to advise them of a king, what wise they might do, and how they might take on, and which 'one 'of these children they might 'have [make] for king. Then chose this people Aurelie Ambrosie, to have for king 'over them.' That heard Vortiger, a crafty man and most wary; among 'the [these] earls he stood, and firmly withstood 'it,' and 'he' thus said,—sooth though it were not: "I will advise you counsel with the best; abide a fortnight, and come 'we'

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A line here seems wanting.

<sup>2</sup> swide?

amang?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& cumen we æft her riht. & ich eow wullen fuggen: foodere1 wordes.

abided feouwertene niht: [6.740.c.1.]abidep fourtene niht: [c. 2.] and comeb eft hider riht. and ich ou wolle fegge: fobere wordes.

& eowre while wel bi-teon. bif ilke we fcullen ibiden : & to ure londe pa while riden. & halden grið & halden vrið:

patmideowerezenen zescullen iseo: pat mid zoure ehene zeo solle iseo: and 30ure wile wel beo teo 2. pis ilke we folle abide: and to oure homes ride.

freoliche on ærde. Al duden pat hird: fwa Uortiger demde. & he him feolf wende: al fe he walde to his londe. & turnde riht bene wæi: pe in to Wichæstre lai. Vortiger hafde Walifc lond : † haluendæl an his hond. feouwerti cnihtes gode: he hauede on his hirede. He wende to Winchæstre: per he Costanz funde. & spæc wið þæne abbod:

Alle dude pat folk : fo Vortiger demde. and he him feolf wende: al fo he wolde of londe. and tornde riht bane way : pat touward Winchestre lai. Vortiger hadde Walf lond: haluendeal in his hond. fourti cnihtes gode : he hadde to i-vere. He wende to Winchestre: par he Constance wiste. and bad leue of be abbod:

eft right 'here [hither], and I will say to you sooth words, so that with your eyes ye shall see, and your while well bestow; this same time we shall abide, and to our 'land [homes] 'the while' ride, 'and hold amity and hold All the folk did as Vortiger deemed; and he himpeace, freely in land." self went as if he would go 'to his [from] land, and turned right the way that 'into [toward] Winchester lay. Vortiger had Welshland 'the' halfpart in his hand; forty knights good he had 'in his retinue [for companions]. He proceeded to Winchester, where he 'found [knew] Constance, and 'spake with [asked leave of] the abbot 'who governed the monastery where

20

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

for speke mid þan childe.

Conftance herene mine read:

pus fpac Vortiger: wib ban childe bo ber.

nou his þi fader dead.

and Vther be ober.

[c.2.] Aurelie hii-chofe to kinge.

par his Aurelie pi broper:

Nou habbeb alle Bruttes:

þe þat müster biwat. per Coftanz wes munec: pas kinges fune of Bruttene. He wende in to pan munestre: mid mildere speche. he sæide þat he wolde: fpeken wid Costance.

pe abbed hit him ude:

& he hine ladde to fpæc-hufe. hus spæc Vortiger:

wið þene munec þa þær. Cuftanz hærene minne ræd : for nu if þi fader dæd.

per is Ambrosie pi broder? & Vther be oder.

Nu habbeð þa ælde:

ba aveleste an londe.

icorē Aurilien:

his to-nome if Abrofien. 3if heo mazen burh alle big: 20

heo wulled makien hine king.

& Voer pi broder: sukeð 3et his moder.

Ah ic heom habbe wid-fæid:

Ac ich ham habbe wib-fed :

Constance was monk, the kings son of Britain. He went into the monastery with mild speech; he said that he would' [for to] speak with 'Constance [the child]. 'The abbot granted it to him, and he led him to the speechhouse.' Thus spake Vortiger with the 'monk [child] then there: "Constance, hearken my counsel, 'for' now is thy father dead. There is 'Ambrosie [Aurelie] thy brother, and Uther the other. Now have 'the elders [all the Britons], 'the noblest in land,' chosen Aurelie,—'his surname is Ambrosie,—if they may through all things they will make him' [for] king; 'and Uther, thy brother, yet sucketh his mother.' But I have opposed them, and think to 'forsake [withsay], for I have been steward of all

& for-fake benche. for ich habben ibeon stiward: of al Brutlödes ærd. & eorl ich æm riche: mine iueren vniliche. & ich habbe Walfce lond: haluēdæl in mire bond. mare ich habbe ane : pane pa overe al clæne. Ich æm icome to be: 10 for monne leofuest ært tu me. 3if þu wult me fwærie aðes: ich wulle don of þe þas clades. 3if þu wult æchen mi lond: & þin ræd don in mire hond. & makien me binne stiward: ouer al Brutlondes ærd. & purh mine ræde: don al pine dæde.

p ich hit scal al dihte. ich be wulle burh alle bing : makien Brutlondes kig. pes munec sæt wel stille: pa spæche him eode an wille.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and wipfegge benche. for ich habbe i-beo stiward: of al Brutlondes erb. and eorl ich ham riche: mine veref oniliche.

more ich habbe one: pane pe oper alle cleane. Ich ham icome to be: for manne lefuest hart bou me. 3ef bou me wolt swerie obes: ich wolle don of þes clopes. [£62b.c.1.] 3ef bou wolt eche mi lond: and bi read do in mine hond. and makie me pin stiward: of al Brutlondes erb.

& bu wulle me an hod plihte: 20 and wolt me an hond plihte: pat ich hit al fal dihte. ich þe wolle þorh alle þing : makie Brutlondef king. pis monek was wel stille: peos fpeche him eode at wille.

Britains land, and earl I am potent, unlike to my companions, 'and I have Welshland half-part in my hand'; more I have alone than the others all clean. I am come to thee, for dearest of men thou art to me; if thou wilt swear to me oaths, I will take off 'thee' these clothes, if thou wilt increase my land, and thy counsel place in my hand, and make me thy steward 'over [of] all Britains land, 'and through my counsel do all thy deeds,' and if 'thou' wilt pledge me in hand, that I shall rule it all, I will through all things make thee Britains king." This monk 'sate [was] well still, 'the [this] speech went to him at (at his) will. Then answered

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. þa andfwarede þe munec: þo answerede þe monek ∶' mid muchelere liste. mid swipe gode wille. Wel wurde be Vortiger: Wel worbe be Vortiger: þat þu ært icumen her. pat pou epere come her. 3if auere mare cumed bæ dæi : 3ef euere more come þe dai : † ich king beon mæi. bat ich king beon mai. al mi ræd & al mi lond : al mi read and mi lond: ich wulle don i pire hond. [£75.c.1.] ich wolle don in pine hond. & al pat pu wult don: mine men hit fcullen vnder-uon. and ich þe wolle swerie: & ades ich be fwerie!

pat pis ich wulle uorien. pat ich pe swike neolle. puf feide pe munec: pus faide pe monek ? he murnede swide. he mornede swipe. hu hit al weore : ou hit allef were: bat he 1 munec neore. monek bat he nere. for him weore blake clades: for him were blake clopes: wunder ane lase. wonderliche lobe. Vortiger [wes] 3æp<sup>2</sup> & war: Vortiger was 3ep and war: þat he cuðe<sup>3</sup> wel iwar. bat he tahte wel bar. he nam one cloke: he nom ane cape: of his ane cnihte. of his one cnihte.

on bene munec he heo dude :

the monk with 'much delight [exceeding good will]: "Well worth thee, Vortiger, that thou 'art come [ever came] here; if evermore cometh the day that I may be king, all my counsel and 'all' my land I will place in thine hand, 'and all that thou wilt do, my men shall accept it.' And 'oaths' I [will] swear to thee, that 'this I will further [I will not deceive thee]." Thus said the monk; he mourned greatly how else it were, that he were monk; for to him were black clothes wondrously odious. Vortiger was crafty and wary,—that he 'made known everywhere [well shewed there],—he took a 'cape [cloak] of a knight of his, [and] on the monk he

and on be monek he hire dude:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This word is inserted by a later hand. <sup>2</sup> weep pr. m. <sup>2</sup> cubde?

& ladde hine ut of pan stude. he nom ænne fwein anan:

and þa blake claves dude him on.and þe blake clopes dude him on. & heold rune wid bane fwein:

swulc hit be munec weore.

Munekes eoden vpward:

munekes eoden dunward. isezē2 bi þan weien:

pane swein mid munec claden.

be hod³ hongede adun :

alfe he hudde his crune. wende æche ober:

þat hit weoren<sup>4</sup> heore broðer.

þe þer fæt fwa fære:

i þa fpæc-huse.

a þan dæi-lihte: imong alle pan cnihten.

Heo comen to heore abbede:

& hine gretten burh gode.

Lauerd benedicite:

we beo'd icumen biuoren be.

for fellic uf punched:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

and ladde hine vt in be stude.

and nam one fwein a-non:

and heold roun wip be fwein:

alse hit be monek were.

Monekes eoden vpward:

monekes eodes 1 dunward.

hii fehen bi þe wowes:

pe swein mid monekes clopes.

alle hii wende:

pat hit hire broper were. [c. 2.]

þat alle þan dai-lihte:

fete in spec-huse.

pe monekes eode to hire abbod:

and hine grette porh god.

Louerd benedicite:

we beob icome to-vore be.

for wonder vs bincheb:

put it, and led him out of the place; 'he [and] took a swain anon, and the black clothes put on him, and held secret discourse with the swain, as if it were the monk. Monks passed upward, monks passed downward; they saw by the 'way [walls] the swain with monks clothes; 'the hood hanged down as if he hid his crown'; 'each one [they all] weened that it were their brother, who 'there' sate 'so sorry' in 'the' speech-house, 'in [all] the daylight, 'among all the knights.' 'They came [The monks went] to their abbot, and greeted him in Gods name: "Lord, benedicite, we are come before thee, for 'strange [wonder] it seemeth to us what Vortiger thinketh in

20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. eoden.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted in the margin by a later hand.

<sup>2</sup> heo fesen?

<sup>4</sup> n is struck out sec. m.

whet Vortiger penches. in ure spæc-huse:

in vre spec-house:

per he spel haldeð.

pare he spel holdep.

purh ut pesne dæi !

na munec per in cumen ne maie. no monek pare ine come ne mai.

buten Costanz ane:

& pa cnihtes al clane.

sære we adredeð:

pat heo him mif-ræden.

pa answerede pe abbed: Næi ac heo him rade's god.

biddeð hine haldē his hod:

for nu is his fader dæd.

Vortiger per abed:

be while Costance awai rad.

Vortiger up araf:

of pan mustere vt lad.

& alle his cnihtes:

ut wenden ford 1 rihtes.

Munekes per urnen pider anan : 20 and monekes Constance sohten.

liggen bi þan wazes.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

wat Vortiger bencheb.

[[c.2.] borh vt bifne dai:

sore we a-dredep:

pat he him mif-reade.

10 po answerede pe abbod :

Nai ac he redeb him god. biddep hine holde his hod:

for nou his his fader dead.

Vortiger pa. abod:

wile Conftance awai rod.

Vortiger forbribtes:

mid alle his cnihtes.

vt wende a-non:

wenden to uinde Costance.

þa isezen heo þa clades:

ligge bi þe wowes.

po ischzen hii pe clopes:

our speech-house, where he holdeth discourse; throughout this day no monk may come therein, 'except Constance alone, and the knights all clean.' Sore we dread, that 'they [he] him 'miscounsel [miscounsels]." Then answered the abbot; "Nay, but 'they counsel [he counselleth] him good; 'they bid [he biddeth] him hold his hood (holy order), for now is his father dead." Vortiger there abode 'the' while Constance away rode. Vortiger 'up arose, from the monastery departed 'and [with] all his knights out went [anon] forth-right. [And] the monks 'there ran thither anon, they weened to find [sought] Constance; when they saw the clothes lie by the walls, then each

pa ælcā to ober: mænden of heore broðer.

pe abbed an horse leop:

& æfter Uortiger rad.

& fone gon of-ærne: pe eorl Uortigerne.

puf seide pe abbed:

to Vortigerne per he rad.

Seie me þu wode cniht:

þu bi-ninest¹ us ure broðer :

let hine & nim pene over.

nim Abrosie pat child:

& make of him ænne king.

ne do þu him nā vnriht.

pif iherde Uortige2:

he wes zep & fwide iwar.

sone he azan com:

& be abbed he nom.

& swor bi his hode:

buten he him plihte:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bo ech to ober ?

mende hire brober.

pe abbod vppe his horse leop:

and after Vortiger rod.

and fone gan of-herne: pane eorl Vortigerne.

pus spac pe abbod:

to Vortiger par he rod.

Sai me pou wode cniht:

whi dest bu swa muchel vnriht. 10 wi dest bou so moche onriht.

pat bi-nemest vs houre brober:

bi-lef and nim on oper.

nim Aurelie borh alle bing :

and make par of anne king.

& ne wrad bu noht Sæint Benediht: ne wrappe bou noht seint Benediht:

ne do þou him non onriht. [6.63.c.1.]

pis ihorde Vortiger:

he was 3ep and fwipe war. sone he azein com:

20 ad þan abbod he nom.

and fwor bi his honde?

pat he hine wolde an-honge. [f. 75] pat he hine wolde an-honge. bote he wolde onhodi:

to other lamented their brother. The abbot leapt 'on [upon his] horse, and after Vortiger rode, and soon gan overtake the earl Vortiger. Thus 'said [spake] the abbot to Vortiger where he rode: "Say me, thou mad knight, why dost thou so great wrong? 'Thou [that] takest from us our brother;leave 'him,' and take 'the other [another]. Take 'Ambrosie the child [Aurelie, through all things], and make 'of him [thereof] a king, 'and' anger thou not Saint Benedict, nor do thou to him any wrong!" Vortiger heard this,—he was crafty and very wary;—soon he came back, and the abbot he took, and swore by his hand, that he would him hang, unless 'he

<sup>1</sup> R. bi-nimest.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

b he wolden vord rihtes. vnhadien Costanz:

pas kinges fone of bif londe.

& for fwulchere neode:

pe abbed ne durste nan o'der:

þar he vnhadede his broðer.

& pat child 3ef pan abbede an hond and pe child 3af pe abbod an hond ?

twenti fulhene lond.

& seovicen heo liveden ford: 10 and suppe hii wende ford: in to Lūdēne.

Vortiger be hæse:

for-bad his hired-monnen.

þet heo nane manne ne tælden: whæt heo hæfden on anwolde.

Vortiger i Lundene læi?

† com þe ilke ifæte dæi.

pat sculden to hustinge cumen:

ba cnihtes of biffen londe.

To ban dæie heo comen : monie & vniuoze.

heo redden heo runden:

ræize þa beornes.

þat Ambrofie heo wolden habben : þat hii wolde Aurelie :

pane kingef fone of londe. and for foche neode: he sculden beo kig of pissere peode. he solde be king of peode.

pe abbod ne dorste non oper :

par he on-hodede his brop?.

twente folgene lond.

into Londene.

Vortiger anon rihtes: for-bead alle his cnihtes.

bat non of sam ne tolde:

wat he hadde on anwolde.

Vortiger ine Londene lai :

forte com þe ilke i-fette dai.

pat folde to speche come :

pe cnihtes of pif lode. To pan daie come:

manie and onifoze.

hii radden hii rouneden :

riche pes beornes.

him pledged, that' he would 'forth-right' unhood 'Constance' the kings son of 'this' land, and for such need he should be king of 'this' country. The abbot durst no other; there he unhooded his brother, and the child gave the abbot in hand twenty ploughlands; and afterwards they proceeded forth into London. Vortiger 'the high [anon right] forbade 'his attendants [all his knights], that 'they to no man [none of them] should tell, what 'they [he] had in design. Vortiger lay in London, until the same set (appointed) day came, that the knights of this land should come to 'husting [conference]. At the day 'they' came, many and numerous; they counselled, they communed, 'the stern [these powerful] warriors, that they would have 'Ambrosic [Au-

## [v. 13192—13215.] LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& to kinge hæbben.

for Vther wes to lutel: þa 3et he moste suken.

& munec wes Coftanz:

þe ældeft wes of heō.

& heo nalden for nane pige:

munec makie1 to kinge.

pis iherde Vortige?: þe wes 3æp [&] swuðe iwar.

& an uotē leop :

fwulc hit an liun weore.

whæt Vortiger hæfde idon. he hæfde in ane bure:

Costanz bene deore.

wel ibadoed & ifcrud :

& feodden mid twælf cnihten ihud.

pa spæc pus Vortiger:

he wes of zepscipe war.

Luste's lauerd pinges:

Ich wes i Winchæstre:

per ich wel spedde.

ich spæc wið þene abbed:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

habbe to kinge.

pis ihorde Vortiger: he was wis and fwipe war.

and an fot leop: alse hit a lyon were.

Nusten þa Bruttes na whon: [c.2.]nuste þar non:

wat Vortiger hadde idon.

po spac Vortiger: þat was 3ep an war.

20 Luftep louerdlinges :

pe while pe ich speke of kinges. pe wile ich speke of kinges. Ich was ine Winchestre: par ich wel spedde.

ich spac wib ban abbod:

relie], 'and raise' for king; 'for Uther was too little,-the yet he suck,—and Constance was monk, who was eldest of them; and they not for anything make a monk king.' Vortiger heard this, who [he crafty and most wary, and leapt on foot as if it were a lion. None Britons' [there] knew what Vortiger had done. 'He had in a ch Constance the dear, well bathed and clothed, and afterwards hid with knights.' Then 'thus' spake Vortiger,-'he [who] was 'of craft | and] wary: "Listen, lordings, the while 'that' I speak of kings. in Winchester, where I well sped; I spake with the abbot, who is

10

<sup>1</sup> R. makien.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. pat is hali man i god1. & feiden him þa neode: be icumen if to biffere beode. of Costantines dæde: per fore him is vnnede. & of Costance pan childe: þe he hæfde ihalden. & ich bad hine for gode: don bat child of hade. & for fwulchere neode: king he fcolde beon on beode. & be abbed nom his ræd: & dude al pat ich hine bed. & here ich habbe hif munekef: be gode beod and mære. þat sculleð witnesse beren: eowe alle biuoren. Leo wær here if þat ilke child: Lo war his þe child 30ng:

makiē we her of enne king.

& pat pis wule wid-suggen:

& her ich halde crune:

pa per to bi-houed.

he hit scal abugge.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. bat his holi man and god. and tolde him be neode: [c. 2.] pat icome was to peode. of Constatines deale: pat him fore a-pohte.

And ich him bad for lofue of god! don Constance of his hod. and for foche neode: king he folde beo of peode. And be abbod nam his read: and dude al pat ich hine bad. and here ich habbe his monekes:

for fegge bat fobe.

make we par of one king. and here ich holde croune: pat par to bi-houep. and be his wole wib-fegge: he hit fal a-bugge.

man and good, and 'said [told] him the need that 'is [was] come to 'this' nation by Constantins death,—'therefore he is uneasy [that seemed to him sore],—'and of Constance the child, that he had holden.' And I bade him for [love of] God, to take off 'the childs [Constance his] hood, and for such need he should be king 'in [of] the country. And the abbot took his counsel, and did all that I bade him; and here I have his monks, 'who are good and chief,' 'who shall witness bear before you all [for to say the sooth]. Lo! where 'here' is the 'same' [young] child, make we 'hereof [thereof] a king, and here I hold the crown that thereto behoveth; and whose will this withsay, he shall it buy dear!" Vortiger was

<sup>1 &</sup>amp; god?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Vortiger wes swide strong: be hæhste mon of Brutlöd. nes pernauernanswahæh: [£76.c.1.] Nas par neuere man so bold: pat his quides durste halfien. Wes i bere ilke wike: þe ærchebiscop forð iwiten. nef þer nan bifcop : p ford on hif wei ne scoc. na munec ne nan abbed: † he an his wæi ne rad. for heo ne durste for gode: don þer þa mifbode. nime pane munec child: & makien Brutlondes king. pif isæh Vortig<sup>9</sup>: of ufele he wes wel iwar. up he gon stonden: pe crune he nom an honden. he fetten heo vppe Costance: bat him wes on bonke. 20 Nes næuere na mam¹: † don þer mihte criftindom.

nas þar nö biffop :

pat pis wolde wip-telle.

10 pat fone a-wai ne rod. for hii ne dorste for god: don pare pan mifbod.

pis i-seh Vortiger: of alle vuele he was war. vp he gan stonde: pe croune he nam an honde. and fette hire vppe Constance: bat him was i-cweme. Nas þar neuere no man : pat don par mihte cristendom. pat mihte bleffinge:

most strong, the highest man of Britain'; was there never 'any [man] so bold that 'his words durst deprecate [this would deny]. 'In the same town was the archbishop dead'; and there was no bishop that 'forth on his way did not pass, nor monk nor any abbot,' that 'he on his way [soon away] did not ride, for they durst not for fear of God do there the wrong, 'to take the monk child, and make him Britains king.' Vortiger saw this,—of [all] evil he was 'well' ware; up he gan to stand, the crown he took in hand, [and] 'he' set it upon Constance,—that was to him 'in thought [pleasing]. Was there never any man that might there do Christendom, that might do

† mihte blessinge:

<sup>1</sup> R. man.

don in þan kinge. bute Vortiger ane: hit dude for alle clane. þe frume wes vnhende : & al fwa wef1 be ænde. he for-lette goddes had: per fore he forzen ibad. pus wef kig Coftance: & Vortiger wef hif stiward. Conftanz al his kinelond: fette i Vortigeres hod. & al he dude an londe: fwa him fulf wolde. ba isæh Uortiger: of muclen vfele he wef wær. **†** Coftanz be king : ne cube of londe<sup>3</sup> na bing. for he nefde ileorned: nauer nane lare. buten in hif munftre: 20 † munec fcolde drigen.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

don vppe pan kinge.
bote Vortiger one:
hit dude for alle cleane.
pat forme was on-hende:
foch was pe hende.
he for-let godes hod:
par vore forewe he a-baod?.
pus was he king of pis erp:
and Vortiger his ftiward.
Conftance al his kinelond:

[concl.]
fette in Vortigernes hond.

po iseh Vortiger:
of moche vuele he was war.
pat Constance pe king:
ne coupe of londe noping.
for he nadde hii-leornid!
in neuere none lore.
bote wat he solde dreie:
a-mag<sup>5</sup> his iveres.

blessing [up]on the king, but Vortiger alone did it clean for all! The beginning was unfair, 'and also [such] was the end; he deserted Gods hood (holy order), therefore he had sorrow! Thus was 'Constance [he] king [of this land], and Vortiger 'was' his steward. Constance set all his kingdom in Vortigers hand, 'and he did all in the land, as he himself would.' Then saw Vortiger,—of much evil he was ware,—that Constance the king knew nothing of land (government?), for he had not learnt [in] ever any learning, except what 'a monk [he] should perform 'in his monastery, [among his comrades]. 'Vortiger saw that,—the Worse was

[c. 2.]

Vortiger p isæh!

be wurse him wes ful neh.

<sup>1</sup> The last letter of wef is sup. ras.

<sup>3</sup> This word is sup. ras.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> abod?
<sup>4</sup> R. i-leornid.
<sup>5</sup> amang?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. ofte he hine bi-dohte: wæht he don mahte. hu he mihte mid læfinge: iquemen þan kinge. Nu þu miht iheren: hu þes fwiken him gon uaren. Weoren of Brutlonde: pa bezste alle dæde. nu weoren þas kingef broðeren : nou were þes kinges broþerf: beien ful lutle. 10 & Guēcelin ærchebiscop: þer bi-forē wes dæd. & him fulf piffes londes king: of pare laze ne cube na ping. Vortiger þif i-fah : & he to ban kinge bæh. mid mildere spæche: his lauerd he gon gretē. Hal feo bu Coftanz: Brutlondes lauerd. Ich æm icumen þe þuf næh : for muchelere neode. for suggen þe tiðende: be beod icume to londe.

of fwide muchele plihte:

nu þe bi-houeð mihte.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. ofte he hine bi-pohte: wat he don mihte. ou he mihte mid lefinge : icweme pan kinge. Nou bou miht ihere: ou he gan vare. Weren of Brutlonde: be beste alle deade. beiene lutle. and Gwencelin be archebiffop: þar bi-vore was dead. and him seolf bes londes king? of laze ne coupe noping. Vortiger þis iseh : and he to pan kinge beh. mid mildere speche: he gan his louerd grete. Hayl beo bou Constance: Bruttene louerd. Ich ham icome þe þus neh: for mochelere neode. for fegge be tidingde: pat icome beop to londe. of swipe mochele plihte:

nou pe bi-ouep mihte.

full nigh him !--oft he bethought him what he might do, how he might with leasing please the king. Now thou mayest hear; how this traitor [he] gan 'him' fare. The best men of Britain were all dead; now were the kings brothers both 'full' little, and Guencelin [the] archbishop therebefore was dead, and this lands king himself of 'the' law knew nothing. Vortiger saw this, and he came to the king, with mild speech his lord he gan greet: "Hail be thou, Constance, Britains lord! I am come thus nigh thee for much need, for to say to thee tidings that are come to land, of very great danger. Now thee behoveth might, now weapons behove thee to

nou þe bi-houeþ wepne: nu þe bi-houeð wepnen : to werie bine beode. to witie bine cunde. Her beo'd chæpmen icumen: Her beob chepmen icome: of ofere londen alse hit is iwune. of oper londe alse hit his wone. heo habbeo's ibroht to me: tol for heore æhte. and heo habbeo's me itald: & treowden iplihte. ₱ be king of Norewæi3e: neowenliche wule hider uare. 10 neuwenliche wole hider fare. & pere Dēsemone king: þaf Denen wulle atfechen. & be king of Rusie: ræh3est alre cnihten. & pe kig of Gutlonde: mid ferde fwide stronge. & pe king of Frise? þer uore me a-grifeð. pa tidende beod stronge: be icumen beod to londe. 20 her uore ich æm fwide adred: for ne con ich nēne godne ræd. buten we moten mid mihtë: feden æfter cnihten.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

hii habbeb me itold: wip forpere 1 spelle. pat pe king of Norweie: and be king of Denemarche : [c. 2.] peos Denes wole feche. and be king of Rusie: [f.76b.c.1.] rezest alre cnihte. and be king of Scotlond: mid mochelere ferde. and be king of Frisye: her vore me agriseb. peof tidinge beop stronge: pat icome beop to londe. her vore ich ham adrad: for ne can ich nanne godne read. bote we mote mid mihte: fende after cnihtes.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

defend thy country. Here are chapmen arrived from other lands, as it is the custom; 'they have brought to me toll for their goods, and' they have told me, 'and plighted troth [with sooth speech], that the king of Norway will newly fare hither, and the 'Danish king [king of Denmark] these Danes will seek, and the king of Russia, sternest of all knights, and the king of 'Gothland [Scotland] with host 'most strong [great], and the king of Frise,-'therefore [herefore] it alarmeth me. 'The [These] tidings are evil that are come to land; herefore I am 'most' adread, for I know no good counsel, unless we may with might send after knights, that are good and strong, and

<sup>1</sup> fofere?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. pat been gode & ftronge: & pat wel cunnen a londe. & fetten bine castles: mid kene monnen. & fwa þu miht þi kinelond: werien wið vnleoden. & þīne wurhscipe halden : mid hæzere strende. For nif nan kine-lond: na fwa brad næ swa long. pat ne bið fone inomen: 3if þær bið to lute gumen. penne answerede pe king: of londe ne cube he nabing. Vortiger þu ært stiward: ouer al Brutlondes ærd. & bu hit scalt walde: æft<sup>9</sup> þine willen. Send after cnihten: þe gode beon to fihtē. & nim al i pire hond: mine castles & mi lon1. & do al pine iwille:

& ich wulle beon stille.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

pat beo gode and stronge:
and wel conne a londe.
and fulle pine castles:
mid wel gode cnihtes.
and so pou miht pin kinelod:
werie wip onleode.

For nis par no kinelond?

ne beo hit neuere fo ftrong.

pat ne worp fone inome:

3ef par beop to feue gomes.

po answerede pe king:

pat of londe ne coupe noping.

Send after cnihtes:

pat gode been to fihtc.

and nim al in pine hond:

mine caftles and min lond.

and do al pine wille:

and ich wolle wonie stille.

'that' are well able in land; and 'set [fill] thy castles with 'keen men [well good knights], and so thou mightest defend thy kingdom against foreigners, 'and maintain thy worship with high strength.' For there is no kingdom, 'so broad nor so long [be it ever so strong], that will not soon be taken if there are too few warriors." Then answered the king,—[that] of land 'he' knew nothing,—"''Vortiger, thou art steward over all Britains land, and thou shalt it rule after thy will.' Send after knights that are good in fight; and take all in thine hand, my castles and my land, and do all thy will, and I will be still, except 'the single [one only] thing, [that] I will

<sup>1</sup> lond?

bute þe an læpi þing: ich wulle beon icleoped king. þa loh Uortiger: he wes of vfele fwi1 iwær. nes he nauere swa blibe: ær on his liue.

Uortiger nam læue :

& forð he gon liðe.

& swa he uoro ferde al p lond and so he porh ferde :

he fette an hif agere hond. & þe monraddene he nom : æuere æwher he com. & fwa he no his sonde: & fende to Scotlonde. & hæhte þa Pohtes: pa alre bezste cnihtes. preo hundred him cumen to: & he heon<sup>5</sup> wolde wel don. 20 And ha cnihtes him to come: ber æfter wel sone.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bote on alpi ping: bat ich wolle beo icleoped king. po loh Vortiger: pat was of vuele war. nas he neuere fo blibe: her on his lifue. Vortiger nam lefue: [[c.2.] and forb he gan wende. 10 al Brutlodes<sup>8</sup> erbe.

> alle be castles and bat lond: he fette in his owene hond. [f.64.c.1.]

And fuppe he nam his fonde and fende to Scotlond. and hehte be befte cnihtes: pat were a-mag4 pe Peutes. preo hundred him come to: and he 3am wolde wel fon. And peos cnihtes comen: to him riht fone.

be called king." Then laughed Vortiger,—'he [that] was of evil 'most' ware,-was he never so blithe ere in his life! Vortiger took leave, and forth he gan pass, and so he [proceeded through all Britains land; all the castles and] 'all' the land he set in his own hand, 'and the fealty he took ever where he came.' And 'so [afterwards] he took his messengers, and sent to Scotland, and ordered 'the Peohtes, the knights best of all [the best knights that were among the Peutes], three hundred to come to him, and he would well 'do to [receive] them. And 'the [these] knights came to him

<sup>1</sup> swipe?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Thus written at first, but serde afterwards expuncted. A line and half are evidently deficient.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R. Brutlondes.

<sup>4</sup> amang?

<sup>6</sup> heom?

pus spæc þe swikefulle gume! Cnihtes 3e beo's wulcume. ich habbe i mire hond : al þif kinewurðe lond. mid me 3e scullen liðen : for ich eow wullen luuien. & ich eow wullen bringe: bi-uoren ure kingė. 3e fcullen habbe feoluer & gold : he perfe horf of his lond. clades & fæire wif : eore wille ich wulle drigen. 3e sculled beon me leofue? for þa Bruttes me beoð laðe. lude & stille: ich wulle 1 3if 3e wulleo in londe :' halden me for lauerd. ba ford rihtes: answarede þa cnihtes.

Al we wulled:

don bine iwille.

& heo gunnen wenden:

to Coftace? pan kinge.

pus spac pe false gome: Cnihtes 3e beop welcome. ich habbe in mine hond? al pis kineworpe lond. mid me 3eo solle wonie: and ich ou wolle losuie.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

3eo follen beo me leofue! for Bruttus beop me lope. loude and stille! ich wolle don oure wille. 3ef 3eo wollep oueral! holde me for loud. po forprihtes!

Don we hit wolle? al pine wille. and hii gonne wende? to Constance pan kinge.

'thereafter' well [right] soon; thus spake the 'traitorous [false] man: "Knights, ye are welcome. I have in my hand all this regal land; with me ye shall 'go [dwell], and I will you love, 'and I will you bring before our king; ye shall have silver and gold, the best horses of this land, clothes, and fair wives; your will I will perform.' Ye shall be to me dear, for 'the' Britons are hateful to me; loud and still I will [do your will], if ye will 'in land [over all] hold me for lord." Then forth-right answered the knights: "We will [it] do all thy will"; and they gan proceed to Constance

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Half a line is here wanting, which the other text supplies. <sup>2</sup> R. Costance.

To pan kinge com Uortiger: of ufele he wes wel war. & feide him of hif dæde:

hu he idon hæuede.

& her ich habbe Peohtef:

pa scullen beo hired-cnihtes.

& pas uncube cnihtes: bi-uoren uf scullen fihten.

Al be king bi-lufde:

swa Fortiger hozede. ah wale þat nufte þa king:

of his bohte nading.

ne of his fwikedome:

be he dude ber æfter fone.

pas cnihtes weorē an hirede: hæhliche iwurðed.

fulle twa 3ere :

mid þan kige heo wuneden þere.

& Uortiger be stiward:

wes heore alre lauerd.

A he seide bat Bruttes:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po saide Vortiger:

pat was swipe wis and war.

and alleich habbe pine castles ! [s. 77. Alle pine castles : swide wel bitæht. and peos oncoupe cnihtes:

10 folle bi-vore vs fihte. And al be king lifde:

pat Vortiger faide.

ac wolawo bat nuste be king: of his bohte nobing.

ne of his swikedome:

pat he dude par after fone.

peof cnihtef wonede pare:

folle two 3ere.

21 and Vortiger be stiward: [c.2.]

was hire alre louerd.

the king. 'To the king came [Then said] Vortiger,—'of evil he was well ware [that was most wise and wary],—' and said him of his deed, how he had done.—"And here I have the Peohtes, who shall be household knights; and 'I have 'most' well stored all thy castles; and these foreign knights shall before us fight." The king commended all 'as [that] Vortiger 'purposed [said], but alas! that the king knew nothing of his thoughts, nor of his treachery, that he did soon thereafter! These knights 'were in court highly honored'; full two years 'with the king they' dwelt there, and Vortiger the steward was lord of them all. 'Ever he said that the

1 R. caftles.

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

neoren noht to nuttes.

ah¹ he feide þat þa Peohtes:'
weoren gode cnihtes.

A weoren Bruttes:'
godes bidaled.

& þa Peohtes walden:'
al þat heo wolden.
heo hafden drænc heo hafden mete:'

Vortiger heom falde: al pat heo wolden.

heo hafden muchel bliffe æke.

& heom wef<sup>2</sup> al fwa leof? fwa heore azene lif. fwa hat heo al fpeken? her heo heore mete ætē. hat Uortiger weoren wurðe? to walden has heode. hurh ut alle hinges? 20 hæt hene swulche heo kingef. Vortiger zef hissen gumen? fwiðe muchele gærfüe. ha ilomp hit on ane dæie?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

al þat hii wolde.

and eke he 3am 3ef:'

3iftes fwiþe riche.

so þat he ham waf fo lef:'

alfe hire 03e lif.

and hii ftille fpeken:'

þar þat hii feten.

þat Vortiger were worþe:'

to welde þeos riche.

þorh vt alle þinges:'

f. bet þane foche þreo kinges.

Vortiger 3am folde:

po bi-fulled<sup>3</sup> in hon dai:

Britons were not of use, but he said that the Peohtes were good knights. Ever were the Britons deprived of goods, and the Peohtes wielded all that they would. They had drink, they had meat, they had eke much bliss.' Vortiger granted them all that they would, and [eke he gave them gifts most rich, so that he] was to them as dear as their own life; 'so that [and] they 'all [stilly] spake, where [that] they 'ate their meat [sate], that Vortiger were worthy to govern this realm throughout all things, better than three such kings! 'Vortiger gave these men very much

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> a? 

<sup>2</sup> The last two letters of wef are by second hand sup. ras.

<sup>3</sup> bi-fulle hit?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. þa Uortiger at his inne laie. he nom1 his tweiene cnihtef: & fende æfter þan Peohtef. hæhten heom cumen her: [c.2.] for alle heo sculden æten þer. To him comen ba cnihtes: to hif inne ford rihtes. he uondede heom mid worde: alfe heo feten at borde. he lette heom bringen schenches: of feole cunne drēches.

heo dranken heo dremdē: dæi þer forð eode. þa heo weof fwa drunken: p wakeden heore fconken. ba spæc Uortiger: † he hæfde iboht ær.

of mire muchele forzen: ₱ ich fore⁴ habbe imurned.

Hercne's nu me cnihtef:

pe kig me bi-tahte pif ard:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat Vortiger at his hinne lai. he fende tweie cnihtes: after beos Peutes. pat hii solde alle: heote mid him soolue?. And anon forbrihtes: to him come peos cnihtes. he fondede 3am mid wordes : alfe hii fete at be bordes.

hii dronke hii dremde: be dai forb eode. So lang i3 weren pere : þat hii dronge were. po spac Vortiger: bat he hadde iboht her. Hercney nou cnihtes: ich wulle fuggen eow uord rihtes. ich wolle telle ou fobrihtes. 20 of pane mochele forewe: pat ich for ou habbe.

treasure.' Then befell it on a day, that Vortiger lay at his inn; he 'took his' two knights 'and' sent after 'the [these] Peohtes; 'bade them come here, for they all should eat there [that they should all eat with himself. And anon] forth-right 'the [these] knights came to him, 'to his inn'; he tried them with words as they sate at [the] board, 'he caused draughts to be brought them of many kinds of drinks'; they drank, they revelled, [the] day 'there' forth passed. 'When they were so drunk that their shanks weakened [So long they were there, that they were drunk], then spake Vortiger what he had previously thought: "Hearken now 'to me, knights, I will 'say [tell] to you 'forth-right [right sooth] of 'my [the] mickle sorrow that I for [you] have 'mourned. The king delivered

3 hii?

<sup>1</sup> inom pr. m., but i erased.

<sup>3</sup> seolue?

for eow?

for to been hif stiward. 3e beo's me on liue: alre monen leoft1. ah nabbe ich æhtē: to give mine cnihten. for hes king aeh al hif lond: and he if jung & pæh strong. and al ic him mot zelden: pat ich nime of hif londe. & 3if ich hif for-leose : 10 ich sal laze bolië. & mine ahten ich habbe ispēd:

for ich eo<sup>8</sup> wulle iquemen. & nu ich mot heonene uarë: feor to fumme kinge.

heren him mid fæhte:

& bi-winnen mid him ahte.

ne mæi i4 noht formuchele fcome:

habben here befne wone. ah forð ich mot liðen:

to uncube leoden.

&zifauere cume's pe dæi : [677% c.1.] and 3ef euere comep pe dai :

† ich æhten bi-3iten mæi.

pat ich hæhte bi-3ete mai.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

3eo beop me on lifue : cnihtef alre leofuest. ac nabbe ich more to 3efue? ne 30u for to holde. for be king haht al bat lond? and he his his 2 30ng and fwipe [ftrong.

3ef ich his god mif-spene : ich mot laze polie. [[£64b. c.1.] and mine hæhte ich habbe ispened: for ich ou wolde cweme. And nou ich mot of londe fare: for to somme kinge.

me this land for to be his steward.' Ye are to me liefest of all 'men [knights] alive, but I have not 'wealth [more] to give 'my knights [nor you for to maintain], for 'this [the] king possesses all 'this [the] land, and he is young and 'also [most] strong, 'and all I must yield to him that I take of his land; and if I destroy [mis-spend] his [goods], I shall [must] suffer the law; and mine own wealth I have spent, because I would please you. And now I must 'depart hence [go from the land] far to some king, 'serve him with peace, and gain wealth with him; I may not for much shame have here this abode, but forth I must go to foreign lands.' And if the day shall ever come, that I may acquire wealth, and I may so well thrive, that

<sup>1</sup> leofuest?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sic MS.

<sup>3</sup> eow?

and ich magen fwa wel ibeon: bat 3e cumen a londe ber ich beon. bat 3e come in londe war ich beon.

ich eow wulle wel biwiten: mid muchelere wuröscipe.

and habbeo's alle godne dæi: to niht ich wulle faren awæi.

hit bið a muchele wæne: whær 3e i-feon me auere mare.

Nusten noht pas cnihtes:

1 wæt þe fwike þohte.

Vortiger wes fæc: for her he hif lauerd bi-fwæc.

& pe cnihtes heolden hit for foh :

bat be swike sæide.

Fortiger hæhte his sweines: sadeli his blonken.

& nemnede twalf fcalkes:

to laden mid him feoluen.

to horsen heo eoden:

pat iseozen pa Peohtes:

ba for-drunkene cnihtes.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and ich mawe fo wel ibeon :

ich ou wolle wel bi-wite:

mid mochelere manfipe. and habbeh alle godne dai : to niht ich wolle varen awai.

Nuste noht be cuihtes: 10 wat be swike bohte.

Vortiger hehte his fweines: fadeli his stedes. and nam twealf cnihtes: forb mid him feolue. to horse hii eoden: swulc heo wolden of peoden. 20 alse hii wolde of peode. pis isehze pe Peutes: be fordronkene cnihtes.

ye come in the land where I am, I will well reward you with much worship. And have now all good day; for to-night I will go away; 'it is a great doubt whether ye see me evermore." -These [The] knights knew not what the traitor thought. 'Vortiger was treacherous, for here he betrayed his lord, and the knights held it for sooth, what the traitor said.' Vortiger ordered his swains to saddle his steeds, and 'named [took] twelve 'men to lead [knights forth] with himself; to horse they went as if they would depart from the land. The Peohtes saw that [this],—the drunken knights,—'how Vortiger would depart; herefore they had much

<sup>1</sup> This and the two following lines are written by the first hand out of order, but marked for transposition. A second hand has struck them out in the text, and recopied them in the margin in the order above given.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

hu Vortiger wolde uaren! [kare. her uore heo hæfden muchelne heo eodē to ræden! heo eoden to rune. alle heo menden heore lif! for Vortiger heom wes swa leof.

& pus feiden pa Peohtes:

pa drūkene cnihtes.

Whæt mase we nu to rade: whæ fcal us nu rædē.

wha fcal us feden: wha fcal uf fcruden. wha fcal an hirede:

beon ure lauerd.

Nu Vortiger if iuaren : alle we mote fusen.

nulle we for nane pinge: munec habbe to kinge.

munec habbe to kinge.

Ah wulle we wel don:

forð riht faren we him to.

dizelliche & stille: & don al ure iwille.

& don al ure iwille. in to hif bure:

& drincken of his beore. þenne we habbeð idrunkē:

and to hire herre hii fede:

Wat his vs nou to reade.

vvac his vs hou to reade.

wo fal vs nou fcrude: wo fal vs nou veode,

Nou Vortiger his a-fare:

[c.2.] and we ibroht in mochel care.

nole we for none pinge:

monek habbe to kinge.

care; they went to counsel, they went to communing; all they lamented their life (exceedingly), because Vortiger was so dear to them.' And 'thus said the Peohtes [to their chief they said], 'the drunken knights': "What 'may we [is to us] now in counsel? 'who shall us now advise?' who shall us 'feed [now clothe], who shall us 'clothe [now feed], 'who shall be our lord at court?' Now Vortiger is gone, 'we all must depart [and we are brought in mickle care];—we will not for anything have a monk for king! 'But we will do well, forth-right go we to him, secretly and still, and do all our will, into his chamber, and drink of his beer. When we have drunk,

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

dreme we lude. & fumme sculled to pere dure: mid fweorden stoden¹ ber biuoren. & fumme ford rihtes: nimen bene king & hif cnihtes. & flæn 2 of þa hafden : & we feolf hired haben. & leten fone of-ærnen: uræ lauerd Uortigerne. & feodden burh alle binge: 10 hæbben hine to kinge. benne mah we libben: swa uf bið alre leofueft. Wenden ba cnihtes: to pan kinge forð rihtes. eoden heo alle: burh ut bære halle. in to paf kingef bure: per he sæt bi fure.

Nes per nan pat word spæc : 20

puf he wid bæne kinge spæc:

bute Gille Callæt.

fwiken he pohte pet<sup>8</sup>. Luft me nu leod-kig:

Wende pes cnihtes! to pan kinge forprihtes. geoden pes cnihtef alle! porh vt pare halle. in to pe kinges boure! par he fat bi pan fure.

loudly revel we; and some shall go to the door, and with swords stand therebefore, and some forth-right take the king and his knights, and smite off the heads of them, and we ourselves have the court; and cause soon our lord Vortiger to be overtaken, and afterwards through all things raise him to be king;—then may we live as to us is liefest of all.' "The [These] knights proceeded to the king forth-right; 'they [these knights] all went throughout the hall into the kings chamber, where he sate by the fire. 'There was none that spake a word except Gille Callæt; thus he spake with

<sup>1</sup> ftonden?

<sup>\*</sup> The second letter of fluen is by second hand, sup. ras.

<sup>3</sup> per?

1

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

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nulle ich þe lizen naðing. we habbeo's ibeon an hirede: hæhliche iwurded. purh pinne stiwærd: be haued iwiten al bif ærd. he uf haue's wel jued: he uf haue's wel ifcrud. & to fobe ich fugge be mai ? mid him we æten nu to dæi. [£78.c.1.] ah fare uf of-bunched: nefden we noht to drinken. & nu we beod in bine bure: 3ef uf drinken of bine beore. þa 3æf þe kig answare: † fcal beon eowre laste kare. for 3e sculled habben to drinken: pa while pe eow god punche. Me heom brohte drinken: & heo gunnen dremen. buf fæide Gille Calæt: to pere dure he wes ful wæt. Whær beo 3e cnihtes: sturied eow ford rihtes. & heo pene king igripen :

& his hæfde of fmiten.

And hii pane king igrepe: and pat heued of fmite.

the king whom he there thought to betray: "Listen to me now, monarch; I will nothing-lie to thee. We have been in court highly honored through thy steward, who hath governed all this land; he hath us well fed, he hath us well clothed. And in sooth I may say to thee, with him we ate now to-day, but sore it us grieveth, we had nought to drink, and now we are in thy chamber, give us drink of thy beer." Then gave the king answer: "That shall be your least care, for ye shall have to drink the while that you think good." Men brought them drink, and they gan to revel; thus said Gille Callæt,—at the door he was full active: "Where be ye, knights? Bestir you forth-right!" And they seized the king, and smote

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

And nemen ane fondefman: and fende to Londen.

and pane kinedom nome.

pat ihorde Vortigerne:

azen forþrihtef a-non.

vt of pan ende. ac alle me a-bide:

pat fwike was fol deorne.

and bidde pat non ne wende:

for pat wite pou porh alle:

pat he swipe folde ernne: [c.2.]

and alle his cnihtes:

hii flozen forb rihtes.

after Vortigerne. pat he swipe come:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & alle his cnihtes : heo flozen forð rihtes. & nomen ænne fondes-mon : and fenden toward Lüden. þat he fwiðe fculde ærne : æfter Uortigerne. ħ he swide comen : & pene kinedom nome. for pat wuste he purh alle pig: islægen wes Costanz þe king. 10 hii-slege we habbeb þane king. pet iharde Uortigerne: be fwike wes ful derne. puf he hæhte pene fondes-mon! pus a? hehte pane fondes-man! azan forð riht anan. & hat heom wel bi-witen: al ure wurð-scipen. ₱ nauer anne wende: ut of pan ænde. ah alle me abiden : a b ich cune<sup>8</sup> riden.

20 forte ich come ride. & fwa ich wulle dele: and pan ich wolle deale? bif lond uf alle imæne. bis lond vs imene. Ford wende pe fondes-mon : [c.2.] Forp wede4 pe fondesman : and Vortiger fende a-non. and Vortiger nom anan.

off his head, and all his knights they slew forth-right. And took a messenger, and sent to ward London, that he should ride quickly after Vortiger, that he should come speedily, and take the kingdom, for that 'he should know [know thou] through all 'things,' slain 'was [we have] 'Constance' the king. Vortiger heard that, who was traitor full secret; thus he ordered the messenger back forth-right anon, and 'bade [bid] 'them well to keep all our worship,' that 'never one [none] depart out of the place, but all abide me, until that I arrive, and 'so [then] I will divide this land among us 'all.'" Forth went the messenger, and Vortiger

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. i-sle3e.

<sup>2</sup> he?

<sup>3</sup> cume?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> R. wende.

& fende 3eond Lüden:

& to hustinge hehte heom. ræðen & ful sone:

† heo alle comen.

Icumen 1 weoren þa burmen : þe fwiðe balde weoren.

þa spæc Vortigerne:

be fwike wes ful deorne. swide he gon to wepen:

& færiliche fiken.

ah hit wes an hafde:

& noht an his heorte.

þa axeden hine þa burhmen:

þe fwiðe balde weoren.

Lauerd Vortigerne ?

whæht if p bu murnest. nert þu na wimman :

fwa fære to wepen.

pa answarede Vortigerne: be wes swike ful deorne.

Ich eow wulle telle:

for reoliche spelle.

of muche særnesse:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

ouer al pan londe:

pat par a-boute were. and hehte 3am fone:

pat hii to him come.

po icomen were borhmen:

pat were swipe bolde.

po spac Vortigerne:

bat fwike was wel deorne.

swipe he gan wepe: and biterliche fike.

ac hit was on his heued:

and noht on his heorte.

po axede pe borhmen :

bat fwibe bolde weren.

Louerd Vortigerne: wi his pat bou wepest.

nert bou no wifman:

so fore to fike.

po answerede Vortigerne:

pat fwike was fol deorne.

Ich 30u telle ?

roubliche spelles.

of mochele forinesse:

'took [sent] anon 'and sent' over 'London [all the lands that there were about], and ordered them 'quickly and full' soon, that they 'all' should come to 'husting [him]. When 'the' burgh-men were come, who were most bold, then spake Vortiger, who was traitor 'full [well] secret;much he gan to weep, and 'sorrowfully [bitterly] to sigh, but it was in [his] head, and not in his heart. Then asked 'him' the burgh-men, who were most bold: "Lord Vortiger, 'what [why] is that thou 'mournest [weepest]? Thou art no woman so sore to 'weep [sigh]." Then answered Vortiger, who was traitor full secret: "I 'will' tell you piteous speeches,

<sup>1</sup> pa icumen?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pe ifizen if to londe.

Ich habbe iðif ærd ibeon :
eower kingef stiwærd.

& ifpæken hin¹ wið:

& iluued hine swa mi lif.

Ah nalde he at þan ende:
nænne ræd luuien.

he luuede þa Peohtest<sup>3</sup>: ba vncube cnihtes. & uf nalde he god don : ne neower feire vnderfon. ah heom he wes live: a to heore liue. Ne mihte ic of pan kinge: habben scipinge. ich spende mine ahte: pa wile pa heo ilaste. & feoððē ich nam leue: to mine londe live. [£786.c.1.] and benne ich hæfde mine gauel: cumen agan to hirede. þa ifæhjen þa Peohtes:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat ifeze his to londe.

Ich habbe pane king iloued:

more pan mi feolue.

And nolde he a pan ende : [165.c.1.]

noht hit onderstonde.

ne non of dedes : don after reade.

he louede pe Peutef : pe oncoupe cnihtes.

of much calamity that is come to the land. I have 'been in this realm your kings steward, and spoken with him, and' loved 'him as my life [the king more than myself]. But he would not at the end 'any counsel approve, [understand it, nor do any deeds after counsel]; he loved the Peohtes, the foreign knights, 'and he would not do good to us, nor anywhere fair receive, but to them he was gracious, ever in their lives. I might not of the king have remuneration (or wages); I spent my wealth, the while that it lasted, and afterwards I took leave to go to my land, and when I had my tribute, come again to court. When the Peohtes saw that the king had no

<sup>1</sup> him?

<sup>2</sup> Ac?

pat pe king nefde nane cnihtes. neo nauere nænne cunef mö : þe heo¹ wolden oht fore don.

heo nomen heore uore :

in to has kiges bure.

ich fuggen eow burh alle bing:

iflægen heo habbeoð þæne king. hii habbeb i-flage vre king. & penche's pifne kine-dom:

& uf alle for-don.

& wulled ford rihte: 10

makien king of ane Peohte.

Ah ic wes hif stiward :

& æueræche oht mon:

hælpen me † to don.

on ich wulle mid mine gærē:

& forð riht ich wulle uaren.

Wenden ut of Lunden:

cnihtes pritti hundred.

heo riden & heo arnden ?

forð mid Vortigerne.

þat heo nehlæhten: ber weoren ba Peohtes.

& he nom enne of his cnihtes:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

hii nemē hire vore: into be kingef boure.

ich fegge 30u porh alle ping :

and penches? pifne kinedom.

and vs alle for-don.

Ac ich was his stiward: wæken3 ich wulle minne lauerd. wreken ich wolle min louerd.

and euerech oht mon:

helpe pat to don.

Wenden vt of Londene: cnihtes þritti hundred.

hii riden and hii ernde:

forb mid Vortigerne.

þat hii nehleþte:

par wonede pes Peutes.

knights, nor ever any kind of man that would aught for them do,' they took their course into the kings chamber. I say you through all things, they have slain 'the [our] king, and think to destroy this kingdom and us all, 'and will forth-right make them king of a Peoht.' But I was his steward; avenge I will my lord; and every brave man help 'me' to do that! 'On I will with my gear, and forth-right I will go." Thirty hundred knights marched out of London; they rode and they ran, forth with Vortiger, until they approached where 'the [these] Peohtes 'were [dwelt]. 'And he

1

<sup>1</sup> heom?

penchep?

<sup>3</sup> wræken?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

& fende to pan Peohten. & feide heō bat he com : 3if heo hine wolden vnder-uon 1. pa Peohtes weore blide: for heore? fæi-fiðe. & heo nomen heore gode gærē: nef þer neowder sceld ne spære.

Vortiger forð rihtef: wepnede alle hif cnihtes. & comē þa Peohtes: & bruhten hæued þas kingef. pa Vortiger bis hæued isæh : [c.2.] po Vortiger bis heued i-seh : ba hælde he to grude ful neh. swulc he hafuede mod-kare: . mest of alre monne. mid hif lechen he gon lize: hif heorte wes ful blide. pa feide Vortigerne: be swike wef ful deorne. Auerælc oht mon : 90

mid fweorde legged heom on.

Vortiger and his cnihtes: wepnede 3am forp rihtes. 10 pare come pe Peutes: and brohte heued peos kinges. bo helde he to grunde neh. alfe he hadde mod-care: mest of alle mane. mid his<sup>3</sup> he gan libe: his heorte was wel blipe. po faide Vortigerne: bat fwike was deorne. Euer ech oht man: mid fweorde legge heom an.

took one of his knights, and sent to the Peohtes, and said to them that he came, if they would him receive. The Peohtes were blithe for their murder (that they had committed), and they took their good gear,—there was neither shield nor spear.' Vortiger weaponed all his knights [and his knights weaponed them] forth-right, 'and' the Peohtes [there] came, and brought the head of the king. When Vortiger saw this head, then fell he 'full' nigh to the ground, as if he had grief most of all men; with his countenance he gan lie, but his heart was 'full [well] blithe. Then said Vortiger, who was traitor 'full' secret: "Every brave

<sup>1</sup> vnde-uon pr. m.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This seems a harsh construction. Perhaps we should read jes kinges fæi-five, -the kings death.

<sup>3</sup> A word is here wanting.

& wrækeð wel an ærde: be feorge of ure lauerd. Næmme heo ne nomen : ah alle heo heom flozen. & to pan inne wende: in to Winchæstre. & flozen heore sweines: & heore burh-peief. heore cokes & heore cnaues: alle heo duden of lif-dæ3en. 10 pus ferden þa tiðinde∶ of Costanz pan kinge. & þa weorlde-wis mon : pa overe childre bi-wusten. for heo hafden care of Vortiger: for drede of Vortiger: heo nomen Ambrofie & Vőer. & landen 1 heom ouer fæ: in to pere lasse Brutene. & fæire heom bi-tahten: Bidiz<sup>2</sup> pan kinge.

& he heom feire vnder-feg:

& mid muchelere lifte:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and wrekeb wel on erbe: be forewe of vre louerd. Nanne hii ne nemen : ac alle hii flozē. and to pan hinne wende: in to Winchestre. [c. 2.] and floge pare of hire folk: al pat hii funde.

pus ferde pe tydinge: of Constance pan kinge. pe worle-wisemen: be ober children wifte. hii neme Aurelie and Vther. and ladde heom ouer féé : in to be lasse Britayne. and 3am bi-tahte: Biduz þan kinge. and he 3am faire vnder-feng: he wes heore cun & heore freond. for he was hire cun.

man lay on them with sword, and avenge well in the land the sorrow of our lord!" None they captured, but all they 'them' slew; and proceeded to the inn, into Winchester, and slew 'their swains, and their chamberservants, their cooks, and their boys, all they deprived of life-day [there of their folk all that they found]. Thus fared the tidings of Constance the king. 'And' the worldly-wise men took charge of the other children; for 'they had care [dread] of Vortiger they took 'Ambrosic [Aurelie] and Uther, and led them over sea, into the Less Britain, and delivered them 'fairly' to Biduz the king. And he them fairly received, [for] he was their kin 'and their friend, and with much joy the children he brought up'; and

<sup>1</sup> ladden?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Budiz man. sec.

Vortiger.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pa childere he biwuste.

and fwa wel fele 3ere? mid him heo weoren bere.

Vortiger a pissen londe:

wes ihoue to kinge.
alle pa Brut1 ftronge:

ftoden an his honde.

fif & twenti zeren:

he wes king her.

He wes wod he wes wild:

he wes ræh he wes bald.

of alle pinge he hæfde his iwille! Of alle pinges he hadde his wille! bute pa Peohtes neoren næuere bote pat Peutes nere neuere stille.

ah eouere heo wenden: [stille.

20

3eond bene norh enden.

& hunden? bif kinelond:

mid hærmen vnimete.

& wreken heore cun inoh:

pat Vortiger here of-floh. Vnder pan comen tiðende:

in to hiffen londe.

þat Aurelien wes cniht:

be Ambrofiæn wes ihæten.

& al swa wes Vther:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

and fo fale sere:

pe childerne wonede pere.

Vortiger in biffe londe:

was inoue to kinge.
and be borewes stronge:

ftode on his honde.
[£79.c.1.] fife and twenti-zere:

he was king here.

ac euere hii hiende his kinelond? mid harme onimete. and wreken hire cun inoh? pat Vortiger here of-floh. Vnder pan com tidinge? in to piffe londe. pat Aurelie was cniht? on mid pan befte.

and al fo was Vther :

so 'well' many years with him they were [the children dwelt] there. Vortiger in this land was raised to be king; 'all [and] the strong burghs stood in his hand; five and twenty years he was king here. 'He was mad, he was wild, he was cruel, he was bold'; of all things he had his will, except 'the [that] Peohtes were never still, but ever they 'advanced over the north end, and 'afflicted 'this [his] kingdom with prodigious harm, and avenged their kin enow, whom Vortiger slew here. In the mean time came tidings into this land, that Aurelie was knight, 'who was named Ambrosie [one with the best], and also was Uther, 'good knight and most [knight most wise and]

<sup>1</sup> burshes?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sic pr. m.; henden sec. m.

whæt he don mihte.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho. C. x111. god cniht & swiče iwar. cniht swipe wis and war. and wolden comen to biffen londe: and wolde come to biffe londe: & leden here fwide stronge. mid ferde stronge. pis wes feole side iquede! ofte iquidded. ofte comen tibinde: Ofte com peos tidinge: to Vortiger þå kinge. to Vortiger pan kinge. per fore him ofte scomede: par fore he ofte samede: & his heorte gromede. and his heorte gramede. for men hit fæiden wel iwhær: 10 for men hit faide wel i-war: [£65". c.1.] Nu cumed 1 Ambrofie & Vther. Nou come Aurelie and Vther. and wulled wræke Costance: and wolley wreke. Constance. an pene king of bif lod. pat was king in piffe lond. [hond: nus<sup>2</sup> þer cost nan oðer: nif par cost non oper: wærken<sup>8</sup> heo wulleb heore broder.wreke hii wolleb hire brober. and flæn Vortigerne: & to duste hine for-berne. puf heo wulled al pif lond? setten an heore azere hond. Swa quiddeden ælche dæi: 20 pus cwiddede eche dai: al þat 3eode bi þan wai. al þat verden æfter wæi. Uortiger hine bisohte : [c. 2.] Vortiger hine bi-pohte :

wary, and would come to this land, 'and lead [with] an army 'most 'strong. 'This was many times a saying oft repeated'; oft came [these] tidings to Vortiger the king; therefore 'it oft shamed him, [he oft was ashamed], and his heart angered, for men said it everywhere:—"Now will come 'Ambrosie [Aurelie] and Uther, and will avenge [soon] Constance, 'the [who was] king 'of [in] this land; there is no other course, avenge they will their brother, 'and slay Vortiger, and burn him to dust; thus they will set all this land in their own hand!" 'So [Thus] spake each day all that passed by [the] way. Vortiger bethought him what he might do, and thought to send messengers

wat he don mihte.

1 cume8? 2 nif? 8 wræken?

& bohte fende fende 1 fonde: into overe londe. æft<sup>9</sup> vncuðe cnihten: ba hine biwiten mihten. and bohte to beo wær: wið Ambrofie & wid2 Vther. Vnder þan comen tiðende : to Vortiger pan kinge. ₿ ouer sæ weoren icumen: fwide felcude gumen. inne pere Temese : to londe heo weorē icūmen. preo scipen gode: comen mid þan flode. preo hundred cnihten: alse hit weoren kinges. wið uten þan scipen-monen: þe weoren þer wið innē. þif weoren þa færeste men: bat auere her comen. ah heo weore hæðene: † wes hærm þa mare. Uortiger heom fende to: and axede hu heo weoren idon.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS, Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and pohte fende fode: in to oper londe. after vncoupe cnihtes: bat hine bi-witie mihte.

Vnder þan com týdinge :'
to Vortiger þan kinge.
þat ouer féé weren icome :'
10 fwiþe felliche gomes.

preo fipes gode! i-come were mid pan flode. par on preo hundred cnihtes! alse hit were kempes.

pes weren pe faireste men ?

pat euere come here.

ac hii weren hepene ?

pat was har<sup>3</sup> pe more.

into other lands, after foreign knights, who might him defend; 'and thought to be wary against Ambrosic and Uther.' In the mean time came tidings to Vortiger the king, that over sea were come men exceeding strange; 'in the Thames to land they were come'; three ships good 'came [were come] with the flood, [therein] three hundred knights, 'kings [champions] as it were, 'without (besides) the shipmen who were there within.' These were the fairest men that ever here came, but they were heathens,—that was the more harm! 'Vortiger sent to them, and asked how they were disposed

3if heo grið fohten:

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS, Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & of hif freend-scipe rohte.

Heo wisliche andswerden:

swa heo wel cuben.

& feiden † heo walden :

speken wið þan kinge.

& leofliche him heren:

& hælden hine for hærre.

and swa heo gunnen wenden: forð to þan kinge.

þa wes Uortigerne þa kig:

in Cantuarie-buri. per he mid his hirede:

hæbliche spilede.

per pas cnihtes comē:

bi-forē þan folc-kinge.

Sone swa heo hine imetten: [6.79]. peos comen to pan kinge:

20

fæire heo hine igrætten.

& feiden þat heo him wolden:

hæren i þisse londe.

3if he heom wolde:

mid rihten at-halden. pa and fwerede Vortige:

of elchen vuele he wes war.

An alle mine iliue:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

c.1.] and faire hine grette. and feide pat hii wolde: him farui in his lode. 3is1 vs pou wolle: mid rihte at-holde. po answerede Vortiger: bat of eche vuele he was war.

In al mine lifue:

.... Vorti-

(their business); if they sought peace, and recked of his friendship? They answered wisely, as well they knew, and said that they would speak with the king, and lovingly him serve, and hold him for lord; and so they gan wend forth to the king. Then was Vortiger the king in Canterbury, where he with his court nobly diverted themselves; there these knights came before the sovereign.' 'As soon as they met him, they [These came to the king, and] greeted him fair, and said that they would serve him in 'this [his] land, if 'he would them [thou wouldest us] with right retain. Then answered Vortiger,-[who] of each evil he was ware,-"In all

rtesimo o. zz°.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

be ich iluued habbe.

n, scili- bi dæie no bi nihtes: [cnihtes. Heniges ne sæh ich nauere ær swulche ne seh ich soche cnihtes.

et Hors], cum tribus for eouwer cume ich æm blibe: for 30u ich ham blipe: na[vibus],
anno gratie
qua[draqua[draqua[draqua[draqua]draqua[draqua[draqua]draqua[draqua[draqua]dra

& eouwer wille ich wulle drizen:

bi mine quicke liuen.

Ah of eou ich wulle iwiten: þurh foðen eouwer wurðscipen.

whahæt cnihtē 3e feon: 10 & whænnenen 3e icumen beon.

& whar 3e wullen beon treowe:

alde & æc neowe.

pa answerede pe over:

þat wes þe aldeste broðer.

Luft me nu lauerd king:

& ich þe wullen cuben.

what cnihtes we beox:

& whanene we icumen feod.

Ich hatte Heges: Horf is mi brober.

we beod of Alemaine:

aðelest alre londe.

of pat ilken ænde:

be Angles if ihaten.

my life that I have lived, by day nor by night saw I 'never ere' such

learn, 'through [for] your 'sooth [mickle] worship, what knights ye be, and whence ye are come, 'and whether ye will be true, old and eke new?'"

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat ich ileued habbe:

bi dai no bi nihte:

and mid me 3e folle bi-lefue.

Ac forst ich wolle wite: for 30ure mochele worsipe.

wat cnihtes beo 3eo: [c. 2.]

and wanene 3eo i-comen beo.

po answerede pe oper :

pat was pe elder broper.

Ich hatte Hengest: Hors hatte min brober. we beop of Alemaine : of one riche londe.

of pan ilke hende: pat Englis hif ihote.

♦ knights; for 'your arrival [you] I am blithe, and with me ye shall remain,

'and your will I will perform, by my quick life!' But [first] I would of you

Then answered the one who was the eldest brother: "Listen to me now,

lord king, and I will make known to you what knights we are, and whence

we are come.' I hight Hengest; Hors 'is [hight] my brother; we are of

Alemaine, 'a land noblest of all [of a rich land], of the same end that

Beo'd in ure londe: felcuðe tiðende. vmbe fiftene 3er : pat folc hil isomned. al ure iledene folc: & heore loten werpes. vppen þan þe hit faled3: he fcal uaren of londe. bilæuen scullen þa fiue: [c. 2.] pa sexte scal ford lide. ut of ban leade : to ucube londe. ne beo he na fwa leof mon: uoro he scal lioen. For per if folc swide muchel: mære þene heo walden.

æueralche 3ere :'
heo bereð child þere.
ħ beoð an uf feole :'
þat we færen feolden.

fwa pe deor wilde.

þa wif fareð mid childe :

ne mihte we bilæue:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

Beop in vre londe? wonder penges gonde. bi eche fiftene 3er? pat folk his i-fomned. and werpep pare hire lotes? fo² to londes feche? vt⁴ wan pat lot fallep? he mot neod wende.

ne beo he noht fo riche? he mot lond feche.

For pe wifues gop par emid childe? alse pe deor wilde. bi euereche 3ere? hii gop mid childe pere.

pat lot on vs ful: pat we faren folde. ne moste we bi-lefue:

Angles is named. In our land are 'strange tidings; after [many good things; by each] fifteen years the folk is assembled, 'all our nation-folk,' and cast [there] their lots [for to seek other lands]; upon whom 'that it [the lot] falleth, he 'shall depart from the land [must needs depart]. 'The five shall remain, the sixth shall forth proceed out of the country to a foreign land'; be he 'man' ever so 'loved [rich], he 'shall forth depart [must seek other land]. For 'there is folk very much, more than they would' (desire); the women go [there] with child as the wild deer, [by] every year they 'bear [go with] child there! 'That is fallen [The lot fell] on us, that we

<sup>1</sup> is?

<sup>2</sup> for ?

³ faleð?

<sup>4</sup> wp.?

uncube?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

par fore we beop nou here.

for life ne for deape.

pus hit fareb bere:

for liue ne for dæðe.

ne for nauer nane binge: for ban folc-kinge.

pus we uerden pere:

& for bi beod nu here.

to fechen vnder lufte:

lond & godne lauerd.

Nu pu hæfueft iherd lauerd kig1: Nou pou haueft ihord louerd king:

soo of uf burh alle big?. fop of vs and no lefing.

pa āswærede Vortiger: 10 po saide Vortiger: pat was wis and fwipe war. of alc an vfele he wes war.

Ich ileue þe cniht:

p bu me sugge soo riht.

& wulche beo'd æoure i-leuen: And woche beob zoure bi-léue:

þat 3eo an bi-léfeþ. 🧦 3e on ileueð.

& eoure leofue godd:

be 3e to luted8.

pa andfwarede Hængef: cnihtene alre fæirest.

nis in al bif kine-lond:

cniht fwa muchel ne4 fwa ftrong.

We habbe godes gode: We habbed godes gode:

should depart; we might not remain, for life nor for death, 'nor for ever anything, for fear of the sovereign. Thus 'we fared [it fareth] there, 'and' therefore are [we] now here, 'to seek under heaven land and good lord.' Now thou hast heard, lord king, sooth of us 'through all things, [and no leasing]." Then 'answered [said] Vortiger,—'of each evil he was ware [who was wise and most wary],—"'I believe thee, knight, that thou sayest to me right sooth'. And what are your creeds, that ye in believe, 'and your dear god, whom ye worship?" Then answered Hengest, fairest of all knights,—in all this kingdom is not a knight so tall nor so strong:'-

9 þing?

<sup>1</sup> king? 4 The words muchel ne are sup. ras.

<sup>\*</sup> lutet?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pe we luuies an ure mode. pat we louied in mode. pa we habbed hope to: & heore's heom mid mid 1 mihte. pe an hæhte Phebuf: pe on hatte Phebus: be over Saturn<sup>9</sup>. be ober Saturnus. þe þridde hæhte Wodë: þe þride hatte Woden: † if an weoli godd. pat was a mihti ping. pe feorde hæh² Jupit? : [6.80. c.1.] pe feorpe hatte Jubiter : of alle bige he if whar. of alle pinges he his war. [6.66.c.1.] þe fifte hæhte Mercuri<sup>9</sup>: pe fifpe hatte Merchuri<sup>9</sup>: 10 þat uf³ þe hæhste ouer us. pat his be hehest ouer vs. þæ fæxte hæhte Appollin : pe fixte hatte Appolin: # if a godd wel idon. pat his a god of gret win. þe seoðueðe hatte Teruagant: be fouebe hatte Teruagant: an hæh godd in ure lon4. an heh god in vre lond. 3et we habbed anne læuedi: 3et we habbeþ an leafdi∴ þe hæh is & mæhti. bat heh his and mihti. heh heo is & hali: hired-men heo luuied for bi. 3eo hif i-hote Frea: heo if ihate Fræa ? wel heo heom dihteo. heredmen hire louiep.

"We have good gods, whom we love in 'our' mind, 'whom we have hope in, and serve them with might.' The one hight Phebus; the second Saturnus; the third hight Woden, who 'is [was] a mighty 'god [thing]; the fourth hight Jupiter, of all things he is aware; the fifth hight Mercurius, who is the highest over us; the sixth hight Appolin, who is a god 'brave [of great power]; the seventh hight Tervagant, a high god in our land. Yet (in addition) we have a lady, who is high and mighty, 'high she is and holy, therefore courtiers love her,'—she is named Frea,—'well she them treateth [courtiers her love]. 'But among all our dear gods whom we shall serve, [To all these gods we work worship, and for their love these

Ah for alle ure goden deore:

ba we fcullen hæren.

To alle peos godes:

we worsipe wercheb.

<sup>1</sup> Redundant.

<sup>\*</sup> hæhte?

<sup>\*</sup> R. if.

<sup>4</sup> lond?

Saturnus.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Woden hehde þa hæhfte lage:

an ure ælderne dægen. he heom wes leof: æfne al swa heore lif. he wes heore walden 1 : and heom? wuröscipe duden. pene feorŏe dæi i pere wike : heo zifuen him to wuröscipe. pa punre heo ziuen pures dæi : for þi þat heo heom helpen mæi. Freon heore læfdi: heo ziuen hire fridæi. Saturnus heo ziuen sætterdæi: pene Sunne heo ziuen sonedæi. Monenen heo sifuenen monedæi : Tidea heo zeuen tisdæi. puf feide Hægeft8:

cnihten alre hendeft.

ba answerede Vortig<sup>9</sup>:

of ælchen vfel he wæs wær. 20

Cnihtes 3e beo's me leofue:

ah þaf tiðende me beoð laðe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.
and for hire loue!
peos dages we heom gefue.
Mone we gefue moneday!
Tydea we gefue tifdei.
Woden we gefue wendefdei!
pane ponre we gefue porifdai.
Frea pane friday!
Saturnus pan faterefdai.

pus faide Hengest:'
cniht alre hendest.
po answerede Vortiger:'
of alle harme he was war.
Cnihtes 3eo beop me leosue:'
ac 30ure bilesues me beop lope.

days we give them.] 'Woden had the highest law in our elders days; he was dear to them even as their life, he was their ruler, and did to them worship; the fourth day in the week they gave him for his honor. To the Thunder (Jupiter) they gave Thursday, because that it may help them; to Frea, their lady, they gave her Friday; to Saturnus they gave Saturday; to the Sun they gave Sunday; to the Moon they gave Monday; to Tidea they gave Tuesday [To the Moon we give Monday; to Tydea we give Tuesday; to Woden we give Wednesday; to the Thunder we give Thursday; to Frea the Friday; to Saturnus the Saturday]." Thus said Hengest, fairest of all knights. Then answered Vortiger,—of 'each evil [all harm] he was ware,—"Knights, ye are dear to me, but 'these tidings

<sup>1</sup> waldend?

² heo him ?

<sup>3</sup> Hængeft?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

eouwer ileuen¹ beo'd vnwraste: 3e ne ileoued noht an cristre. ah 3e ileoue's a pene wurse : [c.2.] be godd feolf awariede. eoure godes ne beo's nohtes: in helle heo niber liggeb. [hælde: Ah neobeles ich wulle eou at-Ac ich wolle ou at-holde!

an mine anwalde. in min anwolde. for nord beod ba Peohtes: for norb beob be Peutes: swide ohte cnihtes. 10 wipe ohte cnihtes.

þe ofte ledeð in mine londe: ferde swide stronge.

& perfore ich habbe grome. & 3if 3e me wulled wræken:

& heore hæfden me bizeten. ich eou wullen zeuen lond ? muchel feoluer & gold.

pa andfwerede Hængeft: cnihtene alre feirest. 3if hit wulle Saturnuf:

al hit fcal iwurde buf. & Woden ure lauerd:

& ofte dod8 me muchele scome: pat ofte dop me same: and par vore ich habbe grame. And 3ef 3e wolleb me wreke: of [hire] wipere dedes. ich 30u wolle 3eue : 3eftes swipe deore. po saide Hengest:

al hit fal iworpe pus.

[your creeds] are loathsome to me; 'your creeds are wicked, ye believe not on Christ, but ye believe on the Worse, whom God himself cursed; your gods are of nought, in hell they lie beneath.' But 'nevertheless' I will retain you in my power, for northward are the Peohtes, knights most brave, who oft 'into my land lead host most strong, and oft' do me 'much' shame, and therefore I have grief. And if ye will me avenge, 'and procure me their heads [of their evil deeds], I will give you 'land, much silver and gold [gifts exceeding precious]." Then 'answered [said] Hengest, 'fairest of all knights: "If Saturnus so will it, and Woden, our

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<sup>1</sup> ilauerd pr. m.

crifte?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

þe we on bi-liueð.

Hengest no læue: & to scipen gon live.

Hengest nam lefue : and to fipe gan wende.

Forb hii wende alle:

to Vortiger his halle.

bed3 weren i-scrud:

per wes moni cniht ftrong: [lod. and al hire godef:

[c. 2.]

heo drozen heore scipē uppe i pe hii beore to londe. Forð wenden dringches:

to Vortigerne pan kenge.

biuoren wende Hengest:

& Horf him alre hændeft.

seo den þa Alemainisce men: 10

þa aðele weorē an deden.

& feodden heo fenden him to:

heore Sæxisce cnihtes wel idon.

Hengestef cunnesmen:

of his aldene cudoe. Heo comen in to halle?

hændeliche alle.

bett<sup>2</sup> weoren ifcrudde:

& bed<sup>8</sup> weoren iuædde.

and bet weren ived.

Hængest swaine 4: [£80b.c.1.] Hengestes sweines:

pene Vortigernef peines. 21 pane Vortiger his cnihtef.

pa wes Vortigernes hired:

for hehne ihalden.

lord, on whom we believe,' it shall all thus be!" Hengest took leave, and gan wend to his ships; 'there was many a strong knight; they drew their ships upon the [and all their goods they bore to] land. Forth went 'the warriors [they all] to Vortiger 'the king [his hall]; 'Hengest went before, and Hors, next of all to him; then the Alemainish men, who were noble in deeds; and afterwards they sent to him (Vortiger) their brave Saxish knights, Hengests kinsmen, of his old race. They came into hall, fairly all'; better were clothed and better were fed Hengests swains, than 'Vortigers thanes [Vortiger his knights]! Then was Vortigers court

<sup>1</sup> Sup. ras.

³ bet?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> bette pr. m., but e erased.

<sup>4</sup> fwaines?

10

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MS, Cott. Calig. A. 1x. Bruttes weoren færi: for fwulchere ifihoe. Nes hit nawiht longe: bat ne comen to ban kinge. cnihtes funen uiue : þa ifaren hafden biliue. heo fæiden to þan kinge : neowe tiðēden. Nu forð rihtes: icumē beoð þa Peohtes.

purh pi lond heo ærneð: & hærsieð & berneð. & al pene noro ænde: iuæld to þā grūde. her of þu most ræden : očer alle we beod dæden.

be king hine bi-bohte: whæt he don mihte. he fende to pan innen:

after al hif monnen. per com Hengest per com Hors: par com Hengest and his brober:

per com mini 1 mon ful oht. ber comē þa Saxifce men:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

Bruttes weren fori : for pan ilke fihte. Nas noht longe: pat ne come tydinge.

pat po forp ribtes: icomen were be Peutes. Oueral bin lond hii erneb? and fleap bin folk and bearneb. and alle pane norp ende : hii falleb to ban grude. her of bou most reade: oper alle we beop deade. be king fende his fonde? to peos cnihtes hinne. pat hii swipe sone: to him feolue come.

and manian oper.

held in contempt'; the Britons were sorry for 'such a [that] sight. It was 'no whit [not] long before 'five knights sons who had travelled quickly' came 'to the king; they said to the king new' tidings: "Now [that then] forth-right the Peohtes 'are [were] come; 'through ["Over all] thy land they run, and 'harry [slay thy folk], and burn, and all the north end [they] fell to the ground; hereof thou must advise thee, or we all shall be dead." The king 'bethought him what he might do, he' sent [his messengers] to 'the [these knights] inn, 'after all his men [that they very soon should come to himself]. There came Hengest, 'there came

1 mani?

Hors, there came many a man full brave; [and his brother, and many an-

MS. Cott. Otho, C. =11.

Hengestes cunnes-men. & pa Alemainisce cnihtes: pe beo's gode to fihte. pat be king Vortiger: pif isæh þe king Vortiger: blipe was po per. blide wes he pa pa per. pa Peohtes duden heore iwune: pe Peutes dude hire wone: a þas hælf þere Humbre heo weo- a þif half Vmbre hii were icome.

& pe king Vortiger: of heore cume wes ful war. to-gadere heo comen: & feole per of-flozen.

ren icume.

per wes feht swide? Itrong: comp swide sturne.

Vortigerne to oil-cumen. [6.2.] Vortiger to ouercome. & ba heo bohten aswa3: ah hit ilomp an oder þa. for hit wes heom al hele: pat Hængest wes pere.

& pa cnihtes stronge: be comen of Saxelode.

And be king Vortiger: of hire come was war. 10 to-gadere hii comen : and manie par of-slozen.

pe Peohtef weoren ofte iwuned: pe Peutes weren ofte iwoned: and bo ibohten 4 al fo: ac hit bi-ful operweies po. for hii hadde mochel care: for Hengest was bare.

other, so that] 'there came the Saxish men, Hengests kinsmen, and the Alemainish knights, who are good in fight.' The king Vortiger 'saw this'; blithe was 'he' then there. The Peohtes did their custom (as they were accustomed),—on this side of 'the' Humber they were come. And the king Vortiger of their coming was 'full' aware; together they came (encountered), and many there slew; 'there was fight most strong, combat most stern!' The Peohtes were oft accustomed to overcome Vortiger, and so they thought then to do, but it befell then 'in other wise [otherways], for 'it was safety to them (the Britons) that [they had much care because] Hengest was there, 'and the strong knights who came from Saxland, and the brave Alemainish, who came thither with Hors,' [for] very many Peohtes

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<sup>1</sup> Redundant.

swife?

<sup>3</sup> alfwa?

<sup>4</sup> hii bohten?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& pa ohte Alemanisce:

be bider comen mid Horse.

swide monie Peohtes: heo flozen i þan fehte.

feondliche heo fuhten: feollen þa fæie.

pa pe non wes icumen!

& fwude heo awæi flogen:

an ælche helue heo forð flugen. 10 on euereche fide.

& alle dai heo fluzen: monie & vnnifo3e.

pe king Vortigerne: wende to herberwe.

& æuere him weorē on uaft:

Horf & Hængeft.

Hængest wes þan kinge leof1:

& him Lindesage 3ef.

and he 3æf Horse: madmes inoze.

& alle heore cnihtes:

he swide wel dihte.

& hit gode stude:

stod a pan ilke.

for fwipe manie Peutes:

hii flozen in þan fihte.

po pat non was icome:

ba weoren Peohtef ouer-cumen. bo were Peutes ouer-come.

and fwipe hii awey floge : [f. 66b.c.1.]

And Vortiger be king: wende azen to his hin.

he 3ef riche 3eftes.

and to Hengest an his cnihtes:

they slew in the fight; 'fiercely they fought, the fated fell!' When the noon was come, then were the Peohtes overcome, and quickly away they fled, on 'each [every] side 'they forth fled, and all day they fled, many and without number.' [And] the king Vortiger went [back] to 'lodging [his inn], 'and ever were nigh to him Hors and Hengest. Hengest was dear to the king', and to 'him [Hengest and his knights] he gave 'Lindesey [rich gifts], 'and he gave Hors treasures enow, and all their knights he treated exceeding well, and thus a good time it stood in the same wise.' The Peohtes durst never come into 'the

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<sup>1</sup> This word and half of the next line are on an erasure. We should probably read & him Lindesage he 3ef.

Ne durste nauere Peohtestes 1 : cumen i pan londes.

no ræueres no utlazen:

† heo neoren sone of-slægen.

& Hængest swide fæire:

herede bane king. pa ilop hit in ane time?

p þe king wes swide blide.

an-ane hæ3e dæie :

imong hif duzede monnen.

Hengest hine bi-bohte:

what he don mihte.

for he wolde wid ban kige: [£81.c.1.] holde runige.

þan kinge he eode to-foren:

& fæire hine gon4 greten.

pe king fone up ftod:

& fætte hine bi him feoluen.

heo drunken heo dremden : bliffe wes among heom.

Lauerd hærcne tidende.

& ich þe wulle ræcchen:

deorne runen.

M8. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Ne dorste neuere Peutes:

come in biffe londe.

pat hii nere fone of-slage:

and idon of lifdage.

and Hengest swipe hendeliche: cwemde pan kinge.

po hit bi-ful in on time:

bat be king was fwibe blibe.

Hengest wolde wip pan kinge: holde rounig8.

pane kinge he com bi-vore: and faire hine grette.

pa qued Hengest to pan kinge: po saide Hengest to pan kinge: Louerd hercne tydinge. and ich þe wolle telle:

of deorne rouniges,

[this] land, 'no rrobbers nor outlaws,' that they were not soon slain [and deprived of life-day]; and Hengest exceeding fairly 'served [pleased] the king. Then befell it on a time, that the king was very blithe, 'on a high-day (festival), among his people.' Hengest 'bethought him what he might do, for he' would hold secret discourse with the king; he 'went [came] before the king, and 'gan greet [greeted him] fair. 'The king up stood, and set him by himself; they drank, they revelled,—bliss was among them.' Then 'quoth [said] Hengest to the king: "Lord, hearken tidings, and I will tell thee [of]

<sup>1</sup> Peohtes?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Originally written ren king, but ren expuncted.

<sup>3</sup> rouning?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> At first written gonde, but de expuncted.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. . 3if bu mine lare: wel wult luften. . & noht halden to wraððe: bat ich wel leare. pe king answarede: swa Hengef1 hit wolde. pa sæide Hængest: cnihten alre fæireft. Lauerd ich habbe moni a dæi :' pine monfcipe ihæzed. & þin holde mon ibeð: i richen bine hirede. & in ælche fæhte: hæhst of bine cnihtē. & ich habbe ofte ihærd: hohfulle ronenen?. imong bine hired-monnen: heo hatied be swide. in to pan bare dæðe: 3if heo hit dursten cube. Ofte heo stilledliche<sup>8</sup> spækeð: & spilied mid runen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

3ef pou mine lore: wel wolt i-hure.

and noht holde to wrappe: 3ef ich pe wel leore.

And pe king answerede: alse Hengest hit wolde.

Louerd ofte ich habbe ihord:

a-mong pine cnihtes. pat hii pe hatiep swipe : into pare bare deathe.

Ofte hii stille spekep :

of two 30nge cheldre.

secret discourse, if thou wilt well 'listen to [hear] my advice, and not hold in wrath 'what I [if I thee] well teach." [And] the king answered as Hengest would it. 'Then said Hengest, fairest of all knights': "Lord, I have 'many a day advanced thy honor, and been thy faithful man in thy rich court, and in each fight the highest of thy knights. And I have 'often heard 'anxious whisperings' among thy 'courtiers; [knights, that] they hate thee exceedingly, unto the bare death, 'if they it durst shew.' Oft they speak stilly, 'and discourse with whispers,' of two young 'men [children], 'that dwell far hence'; the one hight Uther, the other 'Am-

1 R. Hengest.

of twam 3uge monnen:

pat feor wunied hennen.

2 ronen?

3 stilleliche?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. pe on hatte Vther: be an hæhte Vther: pe ober Ambrofie. be ober Aurelie. þe þridde hæhte Costance: pe pridde hehte Constance: be wes king i biffe lond 1. & he her wes of-flagen: bat bou dedest to deape. purh swicfulle lazen. Nou wolleh come be ober: Nu wulled cume pa odere: & wræken heore brober. and wreken hire brober. al forbærnen þi lond: [c. 2.] al for-bearne pi lond: & flæn þine leoden. 10 and flean bine leode. be seoluen & bine duze den : driuen ut of londe. & buf fugged bine men? and bus feggeb bine men : [c.2.] per heo fomned fitted. ftille bi-twine beom. for þa twene brodere: beo'd beyne2 kine-borne. of Androeinnes kunne : paf avele Bruttes. & puf pine duzede: stille be fordemed3. 20 Ah ich þe wulle ræde: Ac ich þe wolle reade: of muchele bire neode. of mochele bine neode. p bu bizite cnihtest⁴: pat pou bi-zete cnihtes:

brosie [Aurelie],—the third hight Constance 'who was king in this land,' and he here was slain through traitorous usage [whom thou puttedst to death]. The others will now come, and avenge their brother, all consume thy land, and slay thy people, 'thyself and thy folk drive out of land'. And thus say thy men, 'where they sit together [stilly between them], 'because the twain brothers are both royally born, of Androeins race, these noble Britons; and thus thy folk stilly condemn thee.' But I will advise thee of thy great need, that thou procure knights that are good in fight; and give

<sup>1</sup> This word is interlined by a later hand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> beoren pr. m., but corrected by a second hand in the margin.

<sup>3</sup> fordemes?

<sup>4</sup> Originally militest; the first letter corrected, but the last not. R. cnihtes.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix.

pa gode beo's to fibte.

& bi-tache me ænne caftel:'
o'ser ane kineliche burh.

pat ich mai inne ligge:'
pa while pa ich libbe.

Ic am uor pe iuaid:'
pær fore ic wene beon dæd.

fare per ic auer fare:'
næm ich næuere bute care.

buten ich legge faste:'

biclused inne castle.

3if bu bis me wult don:
ich hit wulle mid luue a-son.
& ich wulle biliue:

fenden after mine wive. pat if a Sexifc wimmon? of wifdome wel idon.

pe me if fwide deore.
Penne ich habbe mi wif:
& mine wine-maies.
& ich beo i pine londe:
fulliche at-stonde.

pa bet ich wullen hiren pe :'
3if pu bif zettest me.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat gode beon to fihte:' and bi-tak me one castel:'

pat ich mai on wonie.

For ich ham for pe i-veiped:
pat ich wene beo dead.
vare ware ich euere vare:
nam ich neuere boute care.
bote ihc ligge faste:
bi-clused in on castle.

mi wif folde come fone.

3ef þou þis woldes don :

& after Rouwene: mire dohter: and mi dohter Rowenne: pe me if swide deore. and moche of mine cunne.

Wan we pos beop in londe: folliche at-stonde.

pe bet we wollep cweme pe: gef pou pis wolt granti me.

to me a castle, 'or a royal burgh,' that I may 'lie [dwell] in, 'the while that I live. [For] I am for thee hated,—'therefore [so that] I ween to be dead; fare wherever I fare, I am never without care, unless I lie fast inclosed in [a] castle. If thou 'wilt [wouldest] do this 'for me, I will it receive with love,' and 'quickly I will send after my wife [my wife should come soon], who is a Saxish woman, of wisdom excellent,' and 'after' my daughter Rouwenne, 'who is most dear to me, [and much of my kindred]. When 'I have my wife, and my kinsmen, and 'I [we thus] are in 'thy' land fully settled, the better 'I [we] will 'serve [please] thee, if thou 'grantest [will grant] me this." Then answered Vortiger,—[who] of each evil

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xin. po answerede Vortiger: pa answerede Vortiger: of ælchen vuele he wef war. [6.819. þat of ech vuele waf war. c. l.] Nim cnihtes biliue: Nim cnihtes swipe: & fend æfter þine wiue. and fend after pine wifue. & æfter þine children: and after bine childre: þan 3ūgen & þan olden. pe 30ng and pe heoldre. & æfter þine cunnen: and after bine cunne? & afeoh heom mid wunne. and onderfang heom mid winne. penne heo to pe cumed: wane hii to be comeb: bou falt habbe garifome. bu scat! habben gærsume. hehliche heom to fede : hæhliche heom to uedē: & wuröliche fcruden. and worbliche to scrude. Ah nulle ich caftel na burh: Ac nelle ich caftel ne borh : nane be bi-techen. nanne be bi-take. for men me wolden scenden: for men me wolde sende: i mine kine<sup>2</sup> kine-lond. in mine kinelonde. for 3e halded þa hædene lage: zef ich hebene men : [£67. c.1.] londes bi-toke. pat stod on eoure ælderen dæze. & we halded criftes laze: & wulled auere an ure dæze. 20 pa 3et spæc Hængest: pe 3et spac Hengest:

'he' was ware,'—"Take quickly knights, and send after thy wife, and after thy children, the young and the old, and after thy kin, and receive them with joy; when they to thee come, thou shalt have riches to feed them nobly, and worthily to clothe them. But I will not give to thee any castle or burgh, for men would reproach me in my kingdom; 'for ye hold the heathen law that stood in your elders days, and we hold Christs law, and will ever in our days [if I gave lands to heathen men]." The yet spake Hengest, fairest of all knights: "Lord, I will 'perform [do now all] thy will, 'here and over all, and do all my deeds after thy counsel.' Now will

cniht alre hendest.

don al pine wille.

Louerd nou ich wolle:

cnihten alre hendest.

drizë her & ouer al.

Lauerd ich wulle bin iwil:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. fcalt.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Redundant.

& forð he gon liðe.

to hif azene lode.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & don al mine dæde: æfter þine ræde. Nu ic wulle biliue: fende after mine wiue. & æfter mire dohter: be me if fwa deore. & æfter ohte mönen: ba bezste of mine cunne. and þu 3if me swa muchel lond: and þou 3ef me so mochel lond: to stonden a mire agere hod. 10 to stonde on min owe hond. swa wule anes bule hude : ælches weies ouer-fpræden. in grene ouer-fprede. feor from ælche castle: amidden ane ualde. pene ne mai pe atwite: be hæne ne be riche. p bu æi hæhne burh3e! [c.2.] bat bou eni heh borh! hæðene monne habbe bi-tæht. be king him isette: And be kig him 3af: fwa Hengest zirnde. 20 pat lutel pat he 30rnde. Hengest nom 1 læue :

Nou ich wolle bliue: fende after mine wifue. ase wole a bole hude: for fram eche castle: a-midde one felde. panne ne mai pe atwite: þe pore no þe riche. hebene man bi-takeft.

Hengest nam lefue:

and for he gan wende.

to his owene londe.

. . .

I speedily send after my wife, 'and after my daughter, who is to me very dear, and after brave men, the best of my kin.' And thou give me so much land, to stand in mine own hand, as a bulls hide will 'each way [on the green] overspread, far from each castle, amidst a field. Then nor the poor nor the rich may blame thee, that thou 'hast given [givest] any noble burgh to a heathen man." [And] the king 'granted [gave] him 'as Hengest [the little that he] yearned. Hengest took leave, and forth he gan pass, and after his wife [he] sent messengers, to his own land; and 'he himself

& æfter hif wiue fende fonde: and after his wifue he fende fonde:

<sup>1</sup> inom pr. m., but i crased.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

ware he mihte wel sprede:

Hengest hadde one wifne man:

pat wel coupe of crafte. he nam peos bole hude:

and a borde laide.

oueral to bi-holde.

his bole hude.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

& he feolf wende seond bif lod: and him feolf wende: to fechen ænne bræne¹ fæld.

per he mihte wel spræde:

on hif feire hude.

He com æn enne ende:

in enne fæire uelde.

he hafde ane hude:

bigite to hif neode. of ane wilde bule:

be wes wunder ane strong. He hæfden ænne wifne mon:

pe wel cube a craften.

be nom baf hude:

& a bord leide.

and whætte hif færes:

alfe he schæren wolde.

Of bere hude he kærf enne bwong: par of he makede ane bwang: fwide fwal? & fwide long. fwipe fmal and fwipe lang.

nes þe þwong noht swiðe bræd: nas þe þwang noht brod:

buten swulc a twines præd. 20 bote ase hit were a twined pred.

þa al iflit wes þe þong : he wes wunder ane long.

a-buten he bilæde:

muche del of londe.

a-boute par mid he leide: moche deal of londe.

[he himself] went over 'this land, to seek a broad field [all, to behold]. where 'on' he might well spread his 'fair [bulls] hide. 'He came to a spot, in a fair field; he had obtained a hide to his need, of a wild bull, that was wondrously strong.' 'He [Hengest] had a wise man, who well knew of craft, 'who [he] took this [bulls] hide, and laid it on a board, 'and whet his shears, as if he would shear.' 'Of the hide [Thereof] he 'carved [made] a thong, very small and very long; the thong was not 'very' broad, but as [it were] a thread 'of twine [twined]; 'when the thong was all slit, it was wondrously long,' about [therewith] he encompassed a great deal of land.

<sup>1</sup> brædne ?

## LAJAMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

He bigon to deluen: He lette po delue: dic swide muchele. on euerech halue. par vppe stonene wal: ber uppe stenene wal: be wes ftrong ouer al. fwibe ftrong oueral. [c. 2.] ane burh he arerde: ane castel he arerde: muchele & mare. fair to bi-holde. pa pe burh well al 3are: po þe borh was al 3aru : pa scop he hire nome. bo fette he hire name. he hæhte heo ful iwif: he hehte hire foliwis: 10 Cayr-Karri in Bruttef. Kaer-Carrai an Bruttifc. & Ænglisce cnihtes: [682.c.1.] and Englisse cnihtes: heo cleopeden pwong-Chastre. pwangcheftre. nu and auere mare: nou and euere more: be nome stode 82 bere. be name stondeb bare. & for nan odere<sup>8</sup> gome: næueden þæ burh þene nome. a bet come Denfce men : forte pat Dence men : and driven ut ba Bruttes. driuen vt be cnihtes. pene pridde nome heo per sætte: pane pridde name par sette: & Lane-castel hine hæhten. 20 and Leane-castel hine cleopede. Lane-castel & for fwulche gomen? þæ tun hafde4 þaf þreo nomen. Vnder þan com liðen hider: Vnder pan com lipe hider:

He 'began to dig a ditch very mickle [caused then to be dug on every side]; there upon a stone wall, 'that was [exceeding] strong over all, a 'burgh [castle] he areared, 'mickle and lofty [fair to behold]. When the burgh was all ready, then 'shaped [set] he to it a name; he named it full truly Kaer-Carrai in British, and English knights 'they called it' Thong-chester. Now and evermore the name standeth there, 'and for no other adventure had the burgh the name,' until that Danish men 'came, and' drove out the 'Britons [knights]; the third name 'they' set there, and Lane-castel (Lancaster) it 'named [called]; 'and for such events the town had these three names.' In the mean time arrived hither Hengests wife with her

<sup>1</sup> R. wef.

² ftondet?

a ogete ;

<sup>4</sup> hafde?

Hengest.

M8. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

Hengestes wif mid hire scipen. heo hæfde to iueren: fiftene hūded¹ ridern. mid hire come to iwiten: muchele æhtene scipen. ber comen inne: muchel of Hengestes cunne. & Rouwē hif dohter:

þe him wes swide<sup>q</sup> deore.

Hit wes umbe while:

\$ com be ilke time.

₱ i3arked wes þa burh :

mid pan alre bezste. Hegest com to han kinge:

& bad him giftninge<sup>8</sup>. & feide p he hafde an in?

izarked to-zeines him.

& bad pat he come per to:

& he scolde beon fæire under-fon.

& be king him zette: fwa Hengest hit wolde.

Hit com to pan time:

p þe king gon forð liðe.

mid þan deoreste monnen:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Hengestes wif mid hire sipes. 3eo hadde to ivere:

fiftene hundred rideres.

and Rowen hif dohter: pat was him fwipe deore.

10 Hit was bi on wile:

pat com pe ilke time.

þat i-3arked was þe borh:

mid pan alre beste. and Hengest wende to pan kinge:

and bad hine to gyftnige.

and feide pat he hadde on in: hi-makede to-zenef him.

And be king him grantede: alfe Hengest wolde.

ships; she had for companions fifteen hundred riders; 'with her came, to wit, mickle good ships; therein came much of Hengests kiu,' and Rouwenne, his daughter, who was to him most dear. It was 'after [a] while, that that time came, that the burgh was completed with the best of all. [And] Hengest 'came [went] to the king, and asked him to a banquet, and said that he had 'prepared [made] an inn against him (his coming), 'and bade that he should come thereto, and he should be fairly received.' And the king granted him as Hengest it would. 'It came to the time that the king gan forth proceed, with the dearest men of all his folk'; forth 'he [they]

<sup>1</sup> hūdred?

<sup>3</sup> swide ?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. of alle hif duzede. forð he gon buzen: b he to burh com. [c. 2.] he bi-heold pene wal: up and dun ouer al. al him wel likede: † he ō lokede. He wende in to halle: & hif heledes mid him alle. bemen heo bleowen: 10 gomē men gunnen cleopien. bord heo hetten breden: cnihtes fetten per to. heo æten heo drunken: dræm wes i burh3en. pa pe duzede hafde izeten : þa wes heom þa bet iloten. Hængest eode in to pan inne: ber wunede Rouwenne. he heo lette fcruden: mid vnimete1 prude. al p scrud be heo hafde on ? heo weoren fwide wel ibon.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xrii.

For hii gonne wende?

pat hii come to pan ende.

pe king bi-heold pane wal?

vp and dun oueral.

al him wel likede?

pat he on lokede.

He wende in to halle?

and his cnihtes mid him alle.

bordes hii lette fprede: cnihtef þar to fete. hii eoten hii drongken: [6.67.c.1.] bliffe was a-mang heom.

Hengest wede to be ine : par Rowenne was hinne. he hire lette scrude : mid onimete prude.

gan proceed until 'he [they] came to 'the burgh [the spot]. 'He [The king] beheld the wall up and down over all; all it liked him well, that he on looked. He went into the hall, and all his knights with him; 'trumps they blew, games men gan to call,' boards they 'ordered [caused] to be spread, knights sate thereat; they ate, they drank, 'joy [bliss] was 'in the burgh [among them]!—'when the folk had eaten, then was the better befallen to them.' Hengest went 'in'to the inn, where Rouwenne 'dwelt [in was]; he caused her to be clad with excessive pride; 'all the clothes that she had on, they were most excellent, they were good with the best,

<sup>1</sup> The last two letters of vnimete are interlined by second hand.

heo weoren mid þan bezste: ibrufted mid golde. Heo bar an hir honde: ane guldene bolle. i-uulled mid wine : þe wes wunder ane god. Hæ3e iborēne men: heo lædden to hallen. biuoren þan kinge: farrest alre pinge. Reowen fæt a cneowe: & cleopede to pan kinge. & þuf ærest sæide: in Ænglene londe. Lauerd king wæf hæil: for bine kime ich æm uæin. pe king bif ihærde: & nuste what heo seide. be king Vortigerne: fræinede his cnihtef fone. what weoren pat fpeche: þe p maide spilede. pa andswerede Keredic : [f. 829.c.1.] po answerede Kepereh : a cniht swide sellic.

he wes be bezste latimer:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

3eo bar in hire hond: ane goldene bolle. hi-fulled mid wine: ne mihte non be richere. Hehze ibore mē: hire ladde in to halle. bi-vore þan kinge: 10 fairest alle ping. Rowenne fat a cnouwe: and feide to ba kinge. bus ereft 3eo spac : in Englene lond. Louerd king wasfayl: for bine comes me beob hail. be kig hit ihorde: and nuste wat 3eo saide. pe king Vortigerne: 20 haxede his cnihtes. wat were be speche: bat be maide fpeke. cniht mid þe wisest.

he was be beste latimer:

embroidered with gold.' She bare in her hand a golden bowl, filled with wine, 'that was one wondrous good [none might be richer]. High-born men led her [in] to the hall before the king, fairest of all things! Rouwenne sate on her knee, and 'called [said] to the king, 'and' thus first [she] 'said [spake] in English land: "Lord king, wassail! for thy coming 'I am glad [is health to me]." The king this [it] heard, and knew not what she said; the king Vortiger asked his knights 'soon', what were the speech that the maid spake. Then answered 'Keredic [Kethereh], 'a' knight 'most admirable [with the wisest]; he was the best interpreter that 'ere

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pat ær com her.

Luft me nu lauerd king:

& ich þe wulle cuðen.

whæt feið Rouwenne:

fæireft wimmonnen.

Hit beoð tiðende:

inne Sæxe-londe.

whær fwa æi dujeðe:

gladieð² of drenche.

pat freond fæiðe to freonde

mid fæire loten hende.

Leofue freond wæf hail:

pe ilke pat halt pene nap: he hine drinkeð up. oder<sup>3</sup> uul me þider fareð:

þe oðer fæið drinc hail.

& bi-theche's hif iuere.

benne pat uul beo's icumen :

penne cuffeo heo precien. pif bec's fele lazen!

inne Saxe-londe. & inne Alemaine:

heo beo's ihalden a'sele.

M8. Cott. Otho, C. xiii. pat euere wone l her.

Luft nou mi louerd king and ich pe wolle cuben.

wat feip Rowenne faireft of al wommanne.

Hit his pe wone?

gladie 8° of drenche.

pat freond sei 8e to freonde: 10 pat freond saip to his freond?

ine Sax-londe.

wane he fal dringe.

Leofue freond waffail:

pe oper faip dringhail.

pe ilke pat halt pane nap:

pane dringe dringp vp.

and ageo me hine fulp: and takeh his ivere.

pis beop pe lawes: [c.2.]
ine Saxlonde.

came [ever dwelt] here: "Listen 'to me' now, [my] lord king, and I will make known to thee what Rouwenne saith, fairest [of all] women. It is [the] custom in Saxland, 'wheresoever any people gladden (make merry) in drink,' that friend sayeth to [his] friend, 'with fair comely looks [when he shall drink], "Dear friend, wassail!"—the other sayeth, "Drinchail!" The same that holds the cup, 'he' drinketh 'it [the drink] up; 'another full cup men thither bring [and again men fill it], and give to his comrade. 'When the full cup is come, then kiss they thrice.' These are [the] 'good' customs in Saxland, 'and in Alemaine they are accounted noble!'" Vortiger

<sup>1</sup> wonede?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Written at first gladeied, but e expuncted by the same hand.

s over?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. Pif iherde Uortiger:

of alchel uuele he wes war. & feide hit an Bruttifc: ne cube he nan Ænglifc. Maiden Rouwenne: drinc bludeliche benne. pat maide dronc up pat win: & lette don oder per in. & bi-tæhten þan kinge: & prien hine cufte. & purh pa ilke leodē: ba lazen comen to biffen londe. [Waf-h]ail. wæf-hail & drinc-hæil! moni mon per of if fain. Rouwenne be hende : fat bi þan kinge. þe king heo 3corne biheold: heo was him an heorte leof. ofte he heo custe: ofte he heo clupte. al his mod & his main: halde to pan mæidene.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pif ihorde Vortiger: of eche vuele he was war. and faide hit on Brutteffe : ne coupe he noht on Englisse. Mayde Rowenne: dring blobeliche banne. pat maide drong vt pat win: and lette don over par in. and bi-tahte pan kinge: and he hit vp fwipte. And porh pifne ilke game? be lawe come to londe. wassayl and dring-hayl: þat mani mē lofuieþ. pe faire Rowenne: fat bi þan kinge. pe king hirê zeorne bi-heold : 3eo was him leof on heorte. ofte he hire custe: 20 and ofte he hire clupte.

heard this,—of each evil he was ware,—and said it in British, for he knew 'no [not in] English]: "Maiden Rouwenne, drink then blithely!" The maid drank 'up [out] the wine, and let do (put) other wine therein, and gave to the king, and 'thrice him kissed [he drank it up]. And through 'the [this] same 'people [game] the custom came to 'this' land of Wassail and Drinchail,—'many a man thereof is glad [that many men love]! Rouwenne the fair sate by the king; the king beheld her longingly, she was dear to him in heart; oft he kissed her, [and] oft he embraced her; 'all his mind and his might inclined towards the maiden.' The Worse was

pe wurse wes per sul neh! [c.2.] pe worse was pare wel neh!

<sup>1</sup> alchen?

pe in ælche gomene is ful ræh. pe wurse ne dude næuere god : he mæingde þas kinges mod. he murnede ful fwide: to habben bat mæidē to wiue. pat wes swide ladlic 1 ping : bat be cristine king. luuede þat haðene maide: leoden to hærme. maiden wes pan kinge leof: 10 æfne alfe hif azene lif. he bad Hengest his dring: ziuen him þat maide-child. Hegest funde an his ræd: to don p be king him bed: he 3ef him Rouwenne: wimmon swide hende. pan kinge hit was [icweme]: he makede 2 heo to quene. al after þan lagen:

þe stoden an hæðe 8 dæ3en.

nes þer nan criftindö:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat to foche game his wel fleh. pe worse pat neuere ne dop god! he meynde pare pes kinges mod. pe king mornede swipe! for habbe hire to wisue. pat was swipe loplich ping! pat pe cristene king. louede pat maide heapene! folk to harme.

To Hengest bad be king:

pat he pat maide 3esue him.

Hengest funde on his reade:

don pat be king him beade.

he 3es him Rowenne:

womman swibe hende.

pane king hit was icweme:

he makede hire to cwene. [6.68.c.1.]

al after be lawes:

pat stode in heapene daize.

nas par preost ne cristendom:

there full nigh, who in 'each [such a] game is 'full cruel [well sly]; the Worse [who] never 'did [doth] good, he troubled the kings mood; 'he [the king] mourned 'full' much, to have 'the maiden [her] for wife. That was a most loathly thing, that the christian king should love the heathen maid, to the harm of his people! 'The maiden was dear to the king, even as his own life'; 'he [The king] prayed [to] Hengest, 'his chieftain,' [that he should] give him the maid-'child.' Hengest found in his counsel to do what the king asked him; he gave him Rouwenne, the woman most fair. To the king it was pleasing; he made her queen, all after the laws that stood in the heathen days; was there 'no [nor priest nor] Christendom, where the king

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<sup>1</sup> swide lablic?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> imakede man. sec.

³ hæðene?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. per pe king pat maide mon1. ne preost ne na biscop: ne nauere ihandled godes boc. ah ā heðene wune he heo wedde : þat mayde he weddede : & brohte heo to his bedde. Maide he heo hæfde: & mærzeue hire bi-tahte. pa he hine an hire hafde iscend: he hire 3ef Londen & Kent. pe king hafde preo funen: þe weoren fwiðe hende gumē.

and nam hire to his bedde.

M8. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

þar þe king þat mayde nom.

Vortimer. Pascent. Catiger.

þe ældefte hehte Vortimer : Passcent & Katiger. Garengan wes an eorl: be Kent ohte longe. & hif fader biuoren him : and feodoen he purh hif cun. [f. 83. c. 1.] þa he bezst wende: to halden his lond. þa hafde Hengest: hit an hif hond. sellic puhte pan cnihte: whæt þe king þohte.

10 pe king hadde preo fones: pat were staleworpe gomes. pe eldeste hehte Vortimer: Pascent and Catiger. Garangan was an eorl : bat Kent hadde longe.

to holde his cunde. 20 po hadde hit pe cwene: and Hengest imene. seollich bohte be cniht: wat be king bohte.

po he beste wende:

took the maid, 'nor priest, nor any bishop, nor was Gods book ever handled, but in the heathen fashion' he wedded 'her [the maid], and 'brought [took] her to his bed! 'Maiden he had her, and ample gift bestowed on her; when he had disgraced himself on her, he gave her London and Kent.' The king had three sons, who were men 'exceeding fair [valiant]; the eldest hight Vortimer,-Pascent, and Catiger. Garengan was an earl, who 'possessed [had] Kent long, 'and his father before him, and he afterwards through his kin (by inheritance); when he best weened to hold his land, then had it [the queen, and] Hengest 'in his hand [in common]; strange it seemed to the knight, what the king thought. 'The king loved the heathens and

<sup>1</sup> R. nom? inom?

pe king luuede pa hædene :

& hunde 1 pa cristine.

pe hædene hæfden al pif lond!

to walden under heore hond. & pes kinges preo funen:

ofte poleden forzen & kare.

Heore moder wes pa dæd?

here moder wes fwide god wif:

& ladde swide criftin lif.

& heore steopmoder hædene:

Hengestes dohter.

Nes hit noh2 longe: buten ane ftude.

₱ þe king makede:

ueorme swide store.

þe hæðene he laðede þar to:

he wende fwide wel to don. bider comen bæines:

cnihtes and sweines.

And alle be cube a boken:

ba feorme for-foken.

for þa hæðene men: weoren hæhst an hireden. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pe heapene hadde al pis lond:

to hire owe hond.

and peos kinges preo fones.

ofte fori were.

hire moder was dead:

per uore heo hafden pe lasse ræd. par vore hii hadde pe lasse read.

Nas his<sup>3</sup> noht longe: bote one stunde: pat pe king makede feste : on mid be meste.

pe heapene he lapede par to:

he wende swipe wel to do.

Ac al pat coupe of boke: be feste for-soke.

harmed the christians'; the heathens had all this land 'to rule under their [in their own] hand, and the kings three sons oft 'suffered sorrow and care [were sorry]. Their mother was 'then' dead, therefore they had the less counsel,—'their mother was a woman most good, and led a life very christian, and their stepmother was heathen, Hengests daughter.' It was not long, but a while, that the king made a feast, 'exceeding great [one with the most]; the heathens he brought thereto; he weened most well to do; 'thither came thanes, knights and swains.' And all that knew of book (the christians) forsook the feast, 'for the heathen men were highest

<sup>1</sup> henede man. sec..

<sup>2</sup> noht?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R. hit.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& pæt cristine hired: for hæne wes ihalden. þa hæðene weoren bliðe: for be king heom luuede swide. for be king 3am losuede swide. Hengest hine bi-bohte: what he don mahte. he com to ba kinge: mid are hailige. & dronc to pan kinge1: þa spæc þus Hængest: cnihtene alre hændest. [c. 2.] ₱ of hæðene lagen: leouede a þan dæ3en : Hærcne me lauerd king: bu ært me leof burh alle bing. þu hæuest mine dohter: þæ me is swiðe deore. & ich æm þe an folke: swa ich þi fader weore. hærcne mine lare: heo sculled be wurden leofue.

for ich wulle hæhliche: to helpen þe ræden.

pin hired be hated for me:

þe heaþene were bliþe: Hengest hine bi-bohte: wat he don mihte. he com to ban kinge:

10 and peos word faide.

Hercne me nou louerd king? ich pe louie porh alle ping. [c.2.] pou hauest mine dohter: pat me his swipe deore. and ich ham be on folke: alse ich bi fader were.

pine men be hatieb for me:

in the court, and the christian folk was held for base'; the heathens were blithe, for the king loved them greatly. Hengest bethought him what he might do; he came to the king, 'with a hailing (salutation),' and 'drank to the king. Then' 'thus spake Hengest [said these words], 'fairest of all knights who lived of heathen law in those days': "Hearken to me [now], lord king, 'thou art to me dear [I love thee] through all things; thou hast my daughter, who is to me very dear, and I am to thee among folk as if I were thy father. 'Hearken to my instruction, it shall be to thee lief, for I will (wish) chiefly to help counsel thee.' Thy 'court [men] hate thee

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A line is here apparently deficient.

& ich æm iuæid for þe. & pe hatied kinges: eorles & öringes. heo uared in bine londe? mid hære fwide stronge. 3if þu wult þe awraken: mid wurdscipe muchen. & don bine vniwinen wa: send after mine fune Octa. & æfter enne oðer: 10 Ebissa his wed-brover. þis beo'ð þa hæhste men : þe æuer hired lædden. & i ban noro ende : 3if heom of bine londe. Heo beo's of muchele mæhte: & stronge i fæhte. heo wulled biwiten bi lond: wel mid þan bezsten. penne mihte pu mid winne: bi lif al uor-werien. mid haueken & mid hunden : hired-plæie luuien.

ne þræt þu nauere habben kare:

of uncube leoden.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and ich ham ifeiped for be.

3ef þou wolt þe awreke: mid worfipe mochele. and don bin onwines wo: fend after mine fone Octa. and after pan oper: Ebiffa his wed-brober. þis beoþ þe ardiefte men: pat euere bere wepne. and in pan norpende: 3ef ham of bine lond. Hii beop of mochele mihte: and strong in eche fihte. hii wolleh witie bi lond ? wel mid þan beste. 20 pan miht pou in wele: bi lif al for-werie.

for me (on my account), and I am detested for thee, 'and thee hate kings, earls and thanes; they fare in thy land with a host exceeding strong.' If thou wilt avenge thee with much worship, and do woe to thy enemies, send after my son Octa, and after 'another [the other], Ebissa, his wed-brother. These are the 'noblest [hardiest] men that ever 'led army [bare weapon]; and give them of thy land in the north end. They are of mickle might, and strong in [each] fight; they will defend thy land well with the best; then mightest thou in 'joy [weal] thy life all spend, 'with hawks and with hounds court-play love; needest thou never have care of foreign people."

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pa answarede Vortiger: [683b.c.1.] po saide pe king: of ælchen uuele he wes war.

Send bine fonde:

in to Sex-londe.

after bine fune Octa:

& after pine freonden ma.

do him wel to iwite:

B he fende hif writen. æfter al þan cnihten:

pe gode beo'd to fihten.

3eond alle Sæx-peoden :

pat heo cumen to mire neoden.

& beh he bringen ten busend gualle heo beoome welicumen. [men:

pif ihærde Hengest:

cnihten alre henddeft.

ba wes he swa bliče:

swa he nes næuere an hif liue.

Hengest sende his sode:

in to Sax-londe.

hehte cumen Octa:

and his wed-broder Ebiffa.

& al of heore cume1:

fende after 3am for alle bing.

Hengest sende his sonde : 20 into Saxlonde. hehte come Octa: and his wedbroper Ebiffa. and alle of hire cunne:

Then 'answered Vortiger [said the king],—'of each evil he was ware,'-"Send 'thy messengers into Saxland,' after 'thy son Octa, and after thy friends more [them, for all things]. 'Cause him to know well, that he send his writs after all the knights that are good in fight, over all Saxland, that they come to my need; and though he bring ten thousand men, all they shall be welcome to me." Hengest heard this, fairest of all knights; then was he so blithe as he was never in his life.' Hengest sent his messengers into Saxland, and bade Octa come, and his wed-brother Ebissa, and all of their kindred that they might gain, and all the knights 10

20

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. þat heo mihten iwinnen. · & alle pa cnihtes: þæ heo bigiten mihten. Octa fende fende 1 fonde : 3eod preom kine-londe. & bad ælchene ohte gume: hizenliche hi to cume. pe wolden bizitē lond: oder feoluer oder gold. Heo comen to hirede: alse hazel be ualleb. p was to iwitene: mid preo hundred scipene. Forð wenden mid Octa: pritti pusend & æc ma. ohte men & kene: & Ebiffa hif iuere. [c. 2.] æfter com liðen: mid unimete leoden. & he ladde to iwiten:

oder half hundred scipen. þer æfter comen liðe:

fiue & fiue.

bi fixe bi feoue!

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat hii mihte a-winne. and alle be cnihtes: þat hii bi-zeten mihte.

Hii come fone to iwite: mid foue hundred fipes.

par after fone: bar come wel ilome. bi fixe bi fouene:

that they might get. 'Octa sent messengers over three kingdoms, and bade each brave man speedily to come to him, who would obtain land, or silver or gold.' They came [soon] 'to the army, as hail that falleth, that was' to wit, with 'three [seven] hundred ships. 'Forth went with Octa thirty thousand and eke more, brave men and keen; and Ebissa, his companion, afterwards arrived with numberless folk, and he led to wit an hundred and fifty ships'; thereafter 'arrived five and five, [soon there came ships well often] by six, by seven, by ten, 'and' by eleven; and thus 'the heathen

bi tene & bi ælleuene. & þuf heo comen liðen ? toward bissen londe. hæðene hære-gumē∶ to hirede bif kinges. p þis lond wes fwa vul: of uncube leoden. pat nes nan swa wis mon : no fwa 3er witele. pat mihte to-dæle! pa cristine & pa hædene. for þa hæðene weoren swa riue! & auere heo comen bililiue1. pa isezen Buttes: pat balu wes an londe. þer uore heo weoren færi: & an heorte druri. & ferden to pan kinge : be hæhste of bissen londe.

& puf him to sæiden:

mid forhfule steuene.

of ure leod-runen<sup>8</sup>.

Luft uf nu lauerd king:

pu ært þurh uf bald king :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. bi ten bi enlouene. and pus hii come fie: 'in to piffe londe.

pat pif lond was fo ful? of heapene hundes.
pat nas non fo wis man.
ne fo war witty.
pat mihte to-dele? [f.68%.c.1.]
pe heapene and pe criftene?

po ifeh;e Bruttes?

pat pus hit verde in londe.

par vore hii weren fori?

and in hire heor² dreri.

and wende to pan kinge?

he hehefte of piffe [londe].

and pus to him faide?

mid forpfulle heorte.

Hercne vs louerd king?

of oure deorne rouning.

pou hart porh vs bold king?

warriors they arrived 'toward [into] this land, 'to the court of this king,' so that this land was so full of 'foreign people [heathen hounds], that there was no man so wise, nor so quick-witted, that might separate the christians and the heathens, 'for the heathens were so rife; and ever they speedily came!' When the Britons saw that 'sorrow was [thus it fared] in the land, therefore they were sorry, and in [their] heart dreary, and proceeded to the king, the highest of this land, and thus to him said with sorrowful 'voice [heart]: "'Listen [Hearken] to us, lord king, of our 'discourse [secret communing]; thou art through us (by our means) bold king in this 'Britain,

20

<sup>1</sup> R. biliue.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. heorte.

³ leoð-runen sec. m.

inne bisse Butene.

& þu hafuest þe biwunen:

hærm & muchele funnen.

ibroht hedene folc:

3et hit þe ihærmeð.

& þu letest godes lagen! uor uncude<sup>3</sup> leoden.

& nult ne ihæren ure drihtē: for þiffen hædene4 cniliten.

for alle godes fibbē:

þat þu heom bilæuen:

& of bine lode driuen.

3if bu alles ne maht:

we wulled makien muchel fæht. we wolleb makie gret fiht.

& driven heom of londe:

over heom adun fallen.

oder we uf feoluen:

of-flagen wulled liggen. & leten havene uolc:

hælden þas riche.

bruken hit mid winne:

zif heo hit mazen iwinnen.

& 3if heo alle beo's hæsene:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

in biffere londe.

ac pou hauest pe bi-wonne:

harm and mochel funne.

i-broh 1 heapene folk:

zet hit mai þe ruwe.

and po' for-fakeft godes lawe:

for heapene folke:

& we be wulled bidden! [£84.c.1.] Ac we be wolleb bidde! 11 for alle god fibbe.

pat pou heom bi-lefue:

and of pine londe driue.

3ef pou elles ne miht:

and driven heom vt of londe:

oper to grunde falle.

oper we vs seolue:

to-hewe wollep ligge.

and leten heapene folk: habbe peos riche.

And 3ef hii alle beob heabene:

and [land, but] thou hast procured to thee harm and much sin; brought heathen folk,—yet it may thee harm [rue];—and thou forsakest Gods law, for 'foreign [heathen] folk, 'and wilt not worship our Lord, for these heathen knights.' 'And [But] we would pray thee, for all Gods peace, that thou leave them, and drive from thy land. If thou else (otherwise) mightest not, we will make 'mickle [great] fight, and drive them 'from [out of] land, or fell 'them' 'down [to ground], or we ourselves will lie 'slain [cut in pieces], and let the heathen folk 'hold [have] this realm, 'possess it with joy, if they may it win. And if they all are heathen, and

<sup>1</sup> ibroht?

<sup>\*</sup> you?

<sup>3</sup> uncube?

<sup>4</sup> hæðene?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& bu ane cristine.

nulled heo nauere longe: habben þe to kinge.

buten þu a þine dazen:

afo hæðene lazen.

& bilæue þe hahze godd:

& luuie heore mahimet.

benne scalt bu for-wurben:

a þifferere 1 woruld-riche.

& pi wracche saule: fizen to helle.

þenne hauest þu aboht:

pe luue of pire brude?.

pa answærede Vortiger:

of ælc an uuele he wef wær.

Nulle ich heom bilauen: bi mine quike liue.

for Hengest if hider icumen:

he if mi fader & ich hif fune.

hif dohter Rouwenne.

& ich heo habbe biwedded:

& ihaued a mine bedde.

& seo ocen ich sende after Octa: and suppe ich sende after Octa:

po answerede Vortiger :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and bou one cristene.

nolleh hii neuere:

holde be for kinge.

of ech vuele he was war. Nelle ich 3am bi-leue : bi mine cwike lifue. for Hengest his hider icome: he hif min fader and ich his fone. & ich habbe to leof-monne: 20 and ich habbe to lefman: his dohter Rowenne.

thou alone christian, they will never 'long' 'have [hold] thee for king, 'except thou in thy days receive the heathen law, and desert the high God, and praise their idols. Then shalt thou perish in this worlds realm, and thy wretched soul sink to hell; then hast thou dearly bought the love of thy bride!'" Then answered Vortiger,—of each evil he was ware:—"I will not leave them, by my quick life! For Hengest is hither come, he is my father, and I his son; and I have for mistress his daughter Rouwenne, 'and I have wedded her, and had in my bed,' and afterwards I sent after

<sup>1</sup> þiffere?

Written at first Brutede, but te struck out by the rubricator.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & after hif iueren ma. hu mihte ich for scome? fcunien heom fwa fone. driue of londe: mine wiues1 deore. pa andiwarede Bruttes: mid forzen ibunden. Nulle we nauere mare : pine iboden here. ne to pine hirede cumen ? ne þe uor king halden. ah hatien we wulled: mid hæhzere stregðe. alle pine hædene wines: &2 hærme igreten. bidden us to fultume: † is crift godes sune. Ford iwenden eorlef: forð iwenden beornes. ford iwenden biscopes: & pa boc-ilæred m. ford iwenden pæines: forð iwēden sweines.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

and after hire cunne mo.
hou milite ich for fame:

[c.2.] fo fone 3am for-fake.

po answerede Bruttus: mid forewe ibunde.
And nolle we neuere more: pine bodes ihiere.

ne to pine heste come: ne pe for kinge holde.

ac be and bine hundes! we wolleb mid harme grete. be vs nou to foltome! bat his crift godes fone.

Octa, and after more of 'his companions [their kin];—how might I for shame 'ahun [forsake] them so soon, 'and drive from land my dear friends?'" Then answered the Britons, with sorrow bound: "[And] we will nevermore obey thy commands, nor come to thy 'court [command], nor hold thee for king, 'but we will hate thee with great strength,' 'and all thine heathen friends [thee and thine hounds] with harm greet. Be Christ now, that is Gods son, our help!" Forth went 'the earls, forth went the lords, forth went the bishops, and the book-learned men, forth went the thanes, forth went the swains,' 'all the Britons, until they came to London [they all to London

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. alle Brutleoden: 7 heo comen to Ludene. per wes moni hæh Brut: at pan hustinge. & peos king preo funes: alle heo weoren pider icumen. ber wes Uortimer: Pascent & Katiger. & fwide monie odere: pat comē mid pan brobere. 10 al \$ folc bider com: pat luueden pene crifttendom. Alle þa riche: nomē heom to ræde. & nomen þes kingefældefte fune: pe to pan hustinge wes icumen. & mid muchele loft-fonge:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Forp hii wende alle :

to Londene his toune.

par was mani heh Brut.

at pan ilke fpeche.

and peos kinges preo fones:

alle hii were pider icome.

and swipe manie opere:

pat come mid pan broperes.

al pat folk pider com:

pat losuede pane cristendom.

And alle pe riche:

nemen heom to reade.

Vortim[er]. Þa wes Vortimer: criftine kig þer.
& Uortig<sup>9</sup> his fader: fulede þan hæðenen.

heuen hiuen 1 to kinge.

pat hii wolde Vortimer:

makie cristene king per.

and lete Vortigerne his fader:
folwi pe heapene.

Al pus hit bi-com:

his town]. There was many a noble Briton at 'the husting [that conference], and the kings three sons they all were come thither; 'there was Vortimer, Pascent, and Catiger,' and very many others, that came with the brothers; all the folk came thither, that loved the Christendom. [And] all the rich men betook them to counsel, 'and took the kings eldest son, who was come to the husting, and with mickle song of praise elevated him to be king.' 'Then was [that they would make] Vortimer christian king there, and [let] Vortiger, his father, 'followed [follow] the heathens. [All thus it happened, as the counsel was done. And] Vortimer, the young

alfe pe read was idon.

wes swide kene purh alle ping. was kene porh alle ping.

Vortim<sup>9</sup> be 3unge kig : [£849.c.1.] and Vortimer be 30nge king :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

he fende Hengest word: & Horse his brober.

he het Hengest hizenliche:

buten heo hizenliche: uerden of bif riche.

faren vt of his riche.

he heom walde ufel don!

bate ablenden and anhon. & his azene fader:

folle ligge here to-3ere. [669.c.1.]

he for-uaren walde.

& alle þa hæðene:

mid hæzere strengde.

pa andfwærede Hengest:

cnihtene alre hendest.

Her we wulled wunien:

wintres & fumeres.

riden & ærnen :

mid þan kinge Vortigerne.

& alle pa mid Vortimere uared: and al pat mid Vortimer varep:

heo sculled habben sorzen & kare. hii solle habbe sorewe and care.

pat iherde Vortimer:

he wes wis & fwide iwar.

& lette beoden uerde:

zeond allen þiffen ærde.

oper bou and bine veres:

po answerede Hengest: cniht alre hendest.

Her we wolleh wonie? wintres and fomeres.

riden and erne:

mid þan king Vortigerne.

22 pat ihorde Vortimer:

he was wis and fwipe war.

he lette beden ferde :

oueral peof eorpe.

king, was 'most' keen through all things; he 'sent [ordered] Hengest 'and Hors his brother, unless' speedily 'they departed from this [to depart out of his] realm, 'he would evil do to them, both blind and hang; ["or thou and thy comrades shall presently lie here."] 'and his own father he would destroy, and all the heathens, with great strength.' Then answered Hengest, fairest of all knights: "Here we will dwell winter and summer, ride and run with the king Vortiger; and all that with Vortimer go, they shall have sorrow and care!" Vortimer heard that,—he was wise and most wary,—'and [he] caused a host to be assembled over all this land, that all

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. bat al bat cristene folk : bat al B cristine folc: come to hirede. come to hire kinge. Vortimer be junge king? i Lundene heold hif hufting. be king hehte ælcne mon: þe luuede þene criftidom. pat heo pa hædene: hatien fcolden. & þa hæfden bringen. to Vortimer pan kinge. 10 & twalf panewes habben to mede: and twelf panewes to mede: for his wel dede. Vortimer be sunge: verde ut of Lundene. & Pascent his broder: & Katig<sup>9</sup> þe o'ðer. heom wes icumē word: p Hengest læi at Epiford. þat Hengest lay at Epiford. uppen ban watere: pe men nemned Darewente. [c. 2.] pat Darwent his ihote. per comen to-somne: 21 fixti busend monnen. an are halue wes Vortimer: Pascent & Categer.

& al pat leodliche folc:

pe king hehte echne mon: pat louede pane cristendom. pat hii alle pe heapene: hatie folde. and be hefdes bringe: to Vortimer pan king. habbe for his god dede. Vortimer be 30nge: verde vt of Londene. and Pascent his broper: and Catiger be ober. him was icome word:

vppe bare watere: par comen to-gadere: fixti busend mane. in on half was Vortimer: Pascent and Catiger. and al pat cristene folk:

the christian folk should come to 'kis court [their king]. 'Vortimer, the young king, in London held his husting'; the king ordered each man that loved the Christendom, that they [all] should hate the heathers, and bring the heads of them to Vortimer the king, and have twelve pennies for reward, for his good deed. Vortimer the young marched out of London, and Pascent, his brother, and Catiger, the other; to 'them [him] was come word, that Hengest lay at Epiford, upon the water that 'men name [is named] Darwent. There came together sixty thousand men; on one half was Vortimer, Pascent, and Catiger, and all the [christian] folk that loved our Lord; on

þat luueden ure drihten. an overe halue weore dreches: mid Vortigerne þan kige. Hengest and his brober: & moni busend over: To-fomne heo comen: & mid mæine on-flogen. per uellen to pan grude : twa & pritti hundred. of Hængestest¹ monnen: 10 & Hors wes for-wonded. Catiger per com: & Horf ford riht per: for-wundede Catiger. & Heng gon to flonnen: mid al his driht-monnen. & Vortigerne þe king: flæh forð alse þe wid. heo flogen forð in to Kent: & Vortimer heom after went. uppen þere fæ brimme: per Hegest polede pine.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat louede vre drihte. in be ober half were: mid Vortiger pan king. Hengest and his brober [c. 2.] and mani busend oper. To-gadere hii come: and mainliche on-flowe. par fulle to pan grunde t' two and pritti hundred. of Hengestes men: and his broper fore iwondede. Catiger par com: & mid his spere hine purh-nom. and mid his spere him porh-nom. and he forp riht per: for-wondede Catiger. And Hengest gan to flende: mid heapene folke. and Vortiger be king! flep forp ase be wind. hii floge forp into Kent: and Vortimer heom after wend. vppe pare séé rime? par Hengest polede pine.

the other half were 'chiefs' with Vortiger the king, Hengest and his brother, and many thousand others. Together they came (encountered), and combated 'with might [mightily]; there fell to the ground two and thirty hundred of Hengests men; and 'Hors was [his brother was sore] wounded. Catiger came there, and with his spear ran him through, and 'Hors [he] forth-right there wounded Catiger. And Hengest gan to flee with 'all his followers [the heathen folk], and Vortiger the king fled forth as the wind; they flew forth into Kent, and Vortimer went after them; there upon the sea-shore Hengest suffered pain; there they gan to halt, and fought very Tanate.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. þer heo günen at-stonden : & fuhten swide longe. fif busende ber weore islæzen: & idon of lif-dæzen. of Vortigernes 1 monnen : of ban hædene cunnen. Hengest hine bisohte: whæt he don mahte. ifeh he þer bi-halues: ane hæuene swide mære. moni scipe gode: ber stoden i sæ flode.

a swipe fæier æit-lond. [£85.c.1.] a swipe fair yllond. hit if ihaten Tænate: piderward heo weoren whæte.

& anan gunnen wendē: in to pan æit-londe. & Bruttes heom after: mid feole cunne craften.

ber ba Sæxisce men:

þæ sæ ifohten.

& heom to-heolden: in æchere hælue.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. par hii gonne aftonde : and fohte swipe longe. fif boused bar were islaze: and idon of lifdaize. of Hengestes men: of ban heabene cunne. Hengest hine bi-bohte: wat he don mihte. hi-seh he per in flode:

mani fipes gode.

Heo isezen an heore riht hond? Hii sehe on hire riht hond? þat his i-hote Tanate: þiderward iwere<sup>2</sup> wate. bar be Saxesse men: pare séé sohte. and a-non wende: to þan ýllonde. and Bruttef heom after : mid fale cunne craftes. and heom to-heolde: in euereche side.

long; five thousand there were slain, and deprived of life-day, of 'Vortigers [Hengests] men, of the heathen race. Hengest bethought him what he might do; he saw there 'beside a haven very large,' many good ships 'there stood' in the 'sea'-flood. They saw on their right hand an island exceeding fair, 'it [that] is called Thanet; thitherward they were brisk; there the Saxish men sought the sea, and anon 'gan pass [passed] ' in 'to the island. And the Britons followed after them, with many kind of crafts, and surrounded them on 'each [every] side; 'with ships and with boats they gan

<sup>1</sup> Hengestes?

<sup>2</sup> hii were?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. mid scipe & mid baten: heo gunnen smiten & sceoten. Ofte wes Hængest wæ1: & nauere wurf pane pa. buten he dude overne ræd: þer he fculden wurðen dæd. he no ænne spere-scæft: be wes long & swipe stærc. & dude a pene ænde: ænne mantel hende. 10 & cleopede to pan Brutten: & bed heom abiden. he wold spæcke heom wið: & 3irnen þeos kinges grið. & mid gride fede: Uortigerne to londe. to makien hif forward: bat he faren moste. wiŏ uten mare fconde : in to Sex-londe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Ofte was Hengest wo: [f. 69b.c.l.] ac neuere worse pane po. bote he dude operne read: par he moste beo dead. he nam one spere-saft : pat was swipe lang and starc. and dude o pan ende? one mantel hende. and spac to pan Bruttes: wordes and faide bus. Alle we 3erneh grih? and to fpeke be kinge wib. and mid loue fende: his fader to londe. wip pan pat we mote vare? md<sup>2</sup> þif lure and þeos care. and wib houte more fconde: in to Saxlonde. ¶ Bruttef wende to londe: to Vortim<sup>9</sup> hire kinge.

to smite and shoot.' Oft was Hengest woe, 'and [but] never worse than then; unless he did other counsel he should there be dead. He took a spear-shaft, that was long and 'very' tough, and put on the end a fair mantle, and 'called [spake words] to the Britons, and 'bade them abide [said thus]; he would speak with them, and yearn the kings grace ["We all yearn grace, and to speak with the king], and send 'Vortiger [his father] with 'peace [love] to the land, 'to make this agreement [on condition] that 'he might [we may] depart [with this loss and this care, and] without more shame into Saxland. The Britons went to the land, to Vortimer their king, and

and Hengest spec wid Vortigerne: and Hengest spac wid Vortigene3:

Bruttes wende to londe: to Vortimere heore kinge.

<sup>1</sup> wæi pr. m., but i erased.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. mid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R. Vortigerne.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. of rune fwide derne. roune swipe deorne. Vortigerne wende a pat lond: Vortiger wende a lond: & ber anne 3erd an hif hond. and bar an zeord on his hond. pa while pa heo of gride speken : pe wile hii of gripe speke: Saxes i scipe leopen. Saxesse in sipe leope. & drozen up to coppe: and drozen vp to toppe: hæ3e heore feiles. hehe hire feyles. & wenden mid wedere : and wende mid wedere: in þare séé wilde. i bere sæ wilde. & letten i þiffen londe ! [c.2.] 10 and bi-lefde in biffe londe: wifuef and hire children. wiues & heore children. & Vortigerne king: and Vortigerne pane king: be heom luuede burh alle bing. pat heō louede porh alle ping. Mid muchele mod-kære: Mid mochele mod-care: Hengest gon awæi uarē. Hengest gan awei vare. swa longe heo ferden: so longe hii wenden: pat ine Saxlonde heo weoren. bat ine Saxlonde hii weren. pa weorē inn Bruttene: po were here: Bruttes swide balde. Bruttef swipe bolde. heo drozen on heom muchel mod : & duden al pat heom puhte god. & Vortimer be 3unge: and Vortimer be 30nge king: wes duhti mon burh alle big. was dohti man borh alle bing. [c.2.] & Vortigerne his fader: And Vortiger his fader:

Hengest spake with Vortiger, in most secret converse. Vortiger went on 'the' land, and bare a wand in his hand. The while 'that' they spake of peace the Saxons leapt into their ships, and drew up high their sails to the top, and proceeded with weather in the wild sea, and left in this land their wives and their children, and Vortiger the king, who loved them through all things. With much grief of mind Vortiger gan away fare; so long they proceeded, that in Saxland they were (arrived). Then were 'in Britain [here] the Britons most bold; 'they assumed to them mickle mood, and did all that seemed good to them'; and Vortiger, the young king, was doughty man through all things. And Vortiger, his father, 'proceeded

ferde 3eond pas Bruttene.

ah nes hit nan fwa wac mon?

p him ne hokerede on.

k fwa he gon wondrien?

fulle fif wintren.

k his fune Vortimer?

riche kig wuneden her.

& al pif leodifce folc:

luueden hine fwide. he wes milde ælche cnafe:

& tahte þan folke godef læ3e. 10 þan 3ungen & þan ælden:

hu heo criftindom sculde halden. Writen he sende to Rome:

to pan pape wel idone. pe wes ihaten sceint Romæin!

al cristindom he make fain.

Biscopes he nom twæin! hali men heo weoren bæien.

Germain & Leois : of Ceore & of Træis.

heo uerden ut of Rome?

fwa þat heo hider comen.

20

pa wef fwa blide Vortimer!

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

alle men hénde.

and fo gan he wondri:

folle fif 3cre.

And his fone Vortimer:

riche king was her.

riche king was her. and al þis leodisse folk :' lofuede hine swipe.

pe king fende to Rome! to pan pope wel idone. pat was ihote feint Romayn! he wetede pane criftendom. Biffopes he nam tweiene! holi men hit were beiene. Germayn and Lous! of Geroyne and of Troyes. hii verde vt of Rome! fo pat hii hider come.

po was so blipe Vortimer:

over this Britain,' 'but it was no man so poor, that did not revile him [all men reproached], and so he gan to wander full five years. And his son Vortimer 'dwelt [was] here powerful king, and all this nation loved him greatly. 'He was mild to each man, and taught the folk Gods law, the young and the old, how they should hold Christendom.' 'He [The king] sent 'letters' to Rome, to the excellent Pope, who was named Saint Romain,—'all Christendom he made glad [he had charge of the Christendom].—He took two bishops, holy men'they [it] were both, Germain and Louis, of 'Auxerre [Geroyne] and of Troyes; they proceeded out of Rome, so that they hither came. Then was Vortimer so blithe as he was never ere 'here';

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Vortime pr. m.

swa he nes næuere ær her1.

he & alle his cnihtes: iwenden uoð? rihtes.

an here bare uoten:

to-zeines þan biscopen.

& mid michelere murh de :

mudes ber custen.

Nu þu miht iheren: of þa kinge Vortimere.

heu he spac wid seint Germain! hou he spac wip seint Germain!

for heore kume he wes fæin. 11 of hire come he was fain.

Lusted me lauerd-dinges:

ich æm þiffere leodene king. ich hatte Vortimer:

mi broder hatte Catimer8.

Vortigene hehte ure fader:

him uulied unrædes.

He hafð ibroh4 i þif lond: hæðene leoden.

ah we heom habbeo iflemed : 20 ac we 3am habbeb iflemid :

al fwa<sup>5</sup> ure uulle iuan.

& mid wepnē ifelled:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

fo he nas neuere her.

he and alle his cnihtes:

[£85°.c.1.] wende forprihtes. on hire barefote:

to-zenes pif bissopes gode.

and mid mochele murthe:

mubes par cufte.

Nou pou miht ihere:

of pan kinge Vortimere.

Lustep louerdlinges:

ich ham þis leod king.

ich hote Vortimer:

and Vortigerne mi fader.

He haueh ibroht in hisse londe?

heapene leode.

ase vre folle fon.

and mid wepne ifalled:

he and all his knights went forth-right on their bare feet towards the [these good] bishops, and with much mirth mouths there kissed. Now mayest thou hear of the king Vortimer, how he spake with Saint Germain, -'for [of] their coming he was glad. "Listen 'to me,' lordings, I am king of this people; I hight Vortimer, 'my brother hight Catiger;' [and] Vortiger 'hight our [my] father,—' miscounsel followeth him!' He hath brought into this land heathen people; but we have put them to flight, as our full foes, and felled with weapon many thousands 'of them,' and sent

<sup>1</sup> Redundant?

<sup>2</sup> R. uorf.

<sup>3</sup> R. Catiger.

<sup>4</sup> ibroht?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Written at first al swa alse, but alse expuncted by the same hand.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and isend heom ouer séé strem:

fale bousendes.

And we folle here:

and heapenfipe hatie.

20 and ech loue to hoper:

lofuie vre drihte.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

of heom ueole busen.

& ifend heom ouer fæ ftran2:

p heo nauere sel ne cumen azan. pat hii neuere ne come a-zen.

& we fcullen an londe:

luuiæn ure dribten.

godef folc uroæfrien: & freondliche hit halden.

wurden milf<sup>8</sup> lide:

wið þa lond-tilien.

churichen we scullen hæhzen : 10 cherches we solle hehzi:

& hæðene-scipe hatien. Habbe alc god mon:

hif rihte 3if godd hit an.

& ælc þrel & ælc wælh:

wurde iuroeid.

& her ich bi-teche eou an hond:

al freo ælc chiric-lond.

& ich for-ziue ælchere widewe: And ich for-zeue ech widewe:

hire lauerdes quide. here louerdes cwide.

afe poh were bropers.

& þus we scullen an ure dazen : [a.2.] and so we solle a-neoþeri :

aničeri Hēgestes lazen. Hengestes lawes.

them over sea-stream, so that they never shall come again. And we shall in land [here] worship our Lord, 'comfort Gods folk, and friendly it maintain, and be mild to the land-tillers'; churches we shall honor, and heathendom hate. 'Each good man shall have his right, if God it will grant, and each thral and each slave be set free. And here I give to you in hand each church-land all free;' and I forgive to each widow her lords testament. [and each shall love other as though they were brothers.] And 'thus [so] we shall 'in our day' put down Hengests laws, 'and him

<sup>1</sup> pusend?

<sup>2</sup> ftrand? The true reading is ftrem, which in the MS. ftran much resembles.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> milfc pr. m., but e erased.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& hine & hif hædene-scipe: bæ he hider brohte. pat mine fader bi-fwoc: & minne fader bifwak: burh fwike his craftef. purh his dohter Rouwenne: mine uader he uor-radde. & mi uader swa uuele agon : scunede bene cristindom. & þa hæðene lazē: luuede to swide. pa we sculled sceonien: þa while þa we luuien. pa answare seint Germain: for fwulche worden he wes fain. for bane wordes he was fain. Ich ponkie mine drihte? pe scop pes dazes lihte. bet he fwulche mildce: fent to moncunne. & fetten hit al a godes hond. 20 and fette hit a godes hond. & pene criftindom heo rihten:

mid his luper craftes. porh his dohter Rowenne: mine fader he for-radde. And mi fader fo vuele agan: pat he sonede pane cristendo. and be heapene lawes: lofuede to fwipe. pat we folle hatie: wile pat we libbep. po answerede Germain: Ich ponkie mine drihte: pat sop pef daizes lihte. pat he foche milfe: fent to mankunde. pas biscopes ferden zeond pis lond: peos bissops verde oueral pat lond:

& pat volc per to dihten. & seovoen ber æfter sone: heo iwenden to Rome.

and pane criftendom hii rihte: and pat folk hii dibte. and fubbe par after fone: he1 wende to Rome?

and his heathendom that he hither brought, 'and [who] deceived my father 'through [with] his 'treacherous [wicked] crafts; through his daughter Rowenne he betrayed my father. And my father so evilly began, [that he] shunned the Christendom, and loved the heathen laws too much, which we shall 'avoid [hate] 'the' while that we live." Then answered 'Saint' Germain,-for 'such [the] words he was glad :-- "I thank my Lord, who shaped the day-light, that he such mercy sent to mankind!" These bishops proceeded over 'this [all the] land, and set it 'all' in Gods hand, and the Christendom they righted, and the folk 'thereto [they] instructed; and then

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & sæiden þan papen: be Roumain wef ihaten. hu he¹ hafden her idon : iriht bene cristindom. & buf hit ane stude: stod a pan ilkē. Vo we 3et a Uortigerne: alre kinge fi he ærmeft. he luuede Rouwen: of pan hædenne cune. Hengestes dohter: heo puhten him wel fofte. Rouwenne heo bi-bohte: whæt heo don mahte. & hire freondene dea's. Ofte heo fende fonde: to Uortimere pon kinge. heo him fende maomes: moniare cunne. of seoluer & of golde:

pe beste of æie londe. heo jirnede his ære:' p heo moste wonien here. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and feide pan pope: pat Romain was i-hote. ou hii here hadde i-don: a-riht pane criftendom.

o we get to Vortigerne?

Talre king beo him harmes.
he louede Rowene?

of pan heapene cunne.

Rouwenne heo bi-pohte! Rowenne hire bi-pohte! whæt heo don mahte. [[f. 86.c.1.] wat 3eo don mihte. hu heo mahte hire fader wreken! ou 3eo miht hire fader wreke! & hire freondene deas. and hire louerd his teone. Ofte heo fende fonde! Ofte 3eo fende fonde! to Vortimer pan kinge.

pat 3e0 moste wonie here:

soon thereafter they departed to Rome, and said to the Pope, who was named Romain, how they had done here, restored the Christendom. 'And thus it stood a time in the same wise.' Go we yet (again) to Vortiger,—of all kings be he most wretched!—he loved Rowenne, of the heathen race, 'Hengests daughter, she seemed to him well soft.' Rowenne bethought her what she might do, how she might avenge her father and her 'friends death [lord his grief]. Oft she sent messengers to Vortimer the king; 'she sent him treasures of many a kind, of silver and of gold, the best of any land; she asked his favor,' that she might here dwell with Vortiger his father,

20

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. mid Uortig ne hif fader: & foluen his rædes. pe king uor his fader bone: 3ette hire hir bone1. bute pat heo sculde wel don: luuien pene cristindom. al p be king 3irnede: al heo hit zette. Ah wale pat Uortimer: of hire bonke næf wær. wale pat pe gode king: of hire bonke nufte na bing. † he nuste pene swikedom: þe þohte þa luðere wimman. Hit ilomp an are tide: heo nom hire to ræde2.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. mid his fader Vortigere.

and 3eo wolde wel don?

ād onderfange criftendom.

þe king hire grantede:

þorh bidding of his fader.

Ac wolawo þat Vortimer:

of hire þong nas war.

wolawo þat þe gode king:

of hire þohte nuste noþūg.

of þan ilke swikedom:

þat þohte þe luþere wismā.

Hit bi-ful in one time:

3eo nam hire to reade.

þat 3eo wolde fare:

to þan kinge Vortimere.

and don bi his reade:

alle hire neode. 20 [don! al hire neode.

and to whiche time heo mihte wel and woche time 300 miht wel don! vnderuongen bene criftindom.

Foro heo gon riden! Foro 300 gan wende!

'and follow his counsels.' The king for his fathers request granted to her her prayer,' 'except that she should [and she would] do well, [and] 'love the [receive] Christendom; 'all that the king yearned, all she it granted [the king granted it to her, through the prayer of his father]. But alas! that Vortimer was not aware of her thought; alas! that the good king of her thought knew nothing; 'that he knew not the [of that] treachery that the wicked woman thought! It befell on a time she betook her to counsel, [that she would go to the king Vortimer, and do by his counsel] all her need, and 'at' what time she might do well, and receive the Christendom.

<sup>1</sup> Or bene; the MS. is dubious.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> There is evidently an omission here.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. to Uortimer pan kinge. þa heo hine imette: uæire heo hine igrette. Hal wro pu lauerd king: Bruttene deorling. Ich æm þe icomen to: cristindom ich wulle auon. an þan ilke dæie: be bu feolf demest. pa wæs Uortimer pe king: blibe burh alle bing. he wende pat hit weore fod: pat peo scade sæide. Bemen ber bleowen: bliffe wes on hirede. forð mon brohte þat water: bi-foren þan wun¹ kinge. heo feten to borde: mid muchelure bliffe. pa þe king hafde iæten : 20 pa eoden peinef-men to mete. in halle heo drunken:

harpen ber dremden.

MS. Cott. Otho. C. x111.

to Vortimer pan kinge.

po 3eo hine imette?

faire 3eo hine grette.

Hayl worp pou louerd king?

Bruttene deorling.

Ich ham pe icome to:

cristendom to vnderson.

in pan ilke daie?

pat pou pi seols demest.

po was Vortimer pe king? [6.70%.c.1.]

blipe porh alle ping.

he wende pat hit were sop?

pat pe scape seide.

For me brohte pat water :

to wasse hire hondes.

po seten hii to borde :

mid mochelere blisse.

po pe king hadde igeote :

po geode sweines to mete.

in halle hii dronken :

[c. 2.] harpes par dremden.

Forth she gan 'ride [proceed] to Vortimer the king; when she him met, fair she greeted him: "Hail be thou, lord king, Britains darling! I am come to thee; Christendom 'I will [to] receive, on the same day that thou [thy]self deemest fit." Then was Vortimer the king blithe through all things; he weened that it were sooth what the wretch said. 'Trumpets there blew, bliss was in the court'; forth men brought the water 'before the king [to wash their hands]; they sate [then] at the board with much bliss. When the king had eaten, then went the 'thanes-men [swains] to meat; in hall they drank; harps there resounded. 'The treacherous

<sup>1</sup> Query, if not superfluous? A. plummet mark in the margin of the MS. indicates some error.

pa swicfulle Rouuenne: eode to are tunne. ber wes idon in: pes kinges deoreste win. nom heo an honde: ane bolle of ræde golde. & heo gon fcenchen: on has kinges benche. ba heo isæh hire time: heo fulde hir scale of wine. & at-foren al pan dringe: heo eode to pan kinge. & þuf hailede him on : be swicfulle wimman. Lauerd king wæfhail: uor þe ich am fwiðe uæin. Hercne nu muchel swikedom: of pere lubere wimmon. hu heo gon swiken þer: bene king Uortimer. pe king heo uæire under-uæng: pe king here onderfeng: to his fæie-side.

Fortimer spæc Bruttisc:

& Rouuenne Saxifc.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. po a-ros Rowenne: and eode to hire hinne. 3eo eode war in: was þe kinges beste win. nam 3eo an honde: one bolle of reade golde. and 3eo gan to fenche: vp on þe kýngef benche. po 3eo i-seh hire tyme: 10 3eo fulden 1 hire fulle 2 of wine. and a-mong al pan pringe: zeo eode to ban kinge. and pus haillede him on: be fwicfolle wifman. Louerd king waffail: for be ich ham swipe fain.

to his feisibe. Vortimer spac Bruttus: and Rowenne Saxisse.

[Then arose] Rowenne, [and] went to 'a tun [her inn], 'wherein was placed [she went wherein was] the kings 'dearest [best] wine. She took in hand a bowl of red gold, and she gan to pour out [up] on the kings bench. she saw her time, she filled her 'vessel [bowl] with wine, and 'before [among] all the company she went to the king, and thus the treacherous woman hailed him (drank his health): "Lord king, wassail, for thee I am most joyful!" 'Hearken now the great treachery of the wicked woman, how she gan there betray the king Vortimer!' The king received her fair, to his own destruction. Vortimer spake British, and Rowenne Saxish; to

1 fulde? 2 bolle?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. pan king puhte gomen inoh: for hire spæche he loh. Hærcne hu heo toc on : þuf¹ fwicfulle wimman. In hire bosme heo bar: bi-neoden hire titten. ane guldene ampulle: of attere i-fulled. & þa luðere Rouuenne: dronc pene bolle. pat heo hafde half don: after þes kinges dom. pa while be ha king loh? þa ampulle heo ut droh. pene bolle heo sette to hire chin : pe bolle 3eo sette to hire chin : pat atter heo halde in pat win. & feoden heo pa cuppe: bitahte pan kinge. pe kig dronc al pat win: & pat atter per in. pe dai for o eode: blisse wes on hirede.

for Uortimer be gode kig:

of pan swikedom nuste na pig.

pane king hit bohte game inoh: for hire speche he smere loh. Hercne ou 3eo tock an : pes wickede wifman. In hire bosome 3eo bar: bi-neope hire tyttes. one ampulle: of hatter ifulled. and be lubere Rowenne: 10 drang pane bolle. þat 3eo half hadde idon : [c. 2.] after þe kinges dom. pe wile pat pe king lop? þe ampulle 3eo vt droh. þat hatter 300 heolde þar in. and suppe 3eo be bolle : bi-tahte pan kinge. þe king drong al þat win : and pat hatter par in.

He pat was fo god king:

of peos swikedome nuste noping.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

the king [it] seemed game enow, for her speech he laughed. Hearken how she took on, this deceitful woman! In her bosom she bare, beneath her teats, a 'golden' phial filled with poison; and the wicked Rowenne drank (or drenched) the bowl, until she had half done, after the kings will. The while that the king laughed, she drew out the phial; the bowl she set to her chin, the poison she poured 'in the wine [therein], and afterwards she delivered the 'cup [bowl] to the king; the king drank all the wine, and the poison therein. 'The day forth passed, bliss was

in the court, 'for Vortimer the [He that was so] good king of 'the [this]

for he isah Rouuenne: [£86.c.1.] for he i-seh Rowenne: halden bene bolle.

& drinken half þat ilke win:

þat heo heuede idon þer in.

pa hit com to pare nihte:

pa to-dælleden hired-cnihtes.

& pa ufele Rouwenne:

wende to hire inne.

& alle hire cnihtef:

mid hire uoro rihtes.

pa heihte heo hire sweines?

& ec paie peines. pat heo an hizinge:

heore hors sculden sadelien.

& heo swipe stille?

stelen ut of burnwe.

& wenden al bi nihte:

to pwocchestre uord rihte.

& per swide vaste:

& lu3ē Uortigerne:

& Vortig<sup>9</sup>ne be fwikele king.

ilæfde þare læfing.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

holde pane bolle.

ād drong alf þat ilke win :

þat was idon þar in.

pat him com to pa nihte:

bo dealde hire cnihtef?. and be vuele Rowenne:

wende to hire ine.

and alle hire cnihtes:

10 mid hire forp rihtes. po hehte 3eo alle :

hire horfen fadeli.

and deorneliche:

and<sup>3</sup> stelen vt of borewe.

and al bi nihte ride ?

into pwangchestre.

and pare swipe faste:

bi-clusen heom in ane castle. 20 bi-cluse 3 am in pan castle. and feg to Vortigerne ?

pat his fune hine wolde biliggen. pat his fone hine wolde bi-ligge.

And Vortiger be fole king : ilefuede hire lesing.

treachery knew nothing, for he saw Rowenne hold the bowl, and drink half of the same wine that 'she had [was] put therein. When it came to the night, then separated the courtiers; and the evil Rowenne went to her inn, and all her knights with her forth-right. Then ordered she 'her swains, and eke the thanes [all], 'that they in haste' their horses 'should saddle [to saddle]; and 'they most still [secretly] to steal out of the burgh, and 'proceed [ride] all by night 'to [into] Thwongchester 'forth-right,' and there most fast (securely) to inclose them in 'a [the] castle, and 'lie [say] to Vortiger, that his son would besiege him. And Vortiger the 'false [foolish]

<sup>1</sup> Pa hit?

<sup>2</sup> hired-cnihtes?

<sup>3</sup> Redundant?

fenden after cnihtes.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Nu vnder-3at Uortimer hif fune : Nou wiste Vortimer his sone : † he hefde atter inomen. pat he [hadde] hatter inome. ne mihte na lechecraft: ne mihte non lechecraft: helpen him næ wiht. him heolpe nowiht. He nom feole fonden: He fende his fondes: & fende seond his londe. a-mong alle his londes. & hehte alle his cnihtes: and hehte alle his cnihtes: [£71.c.1.] to him come foro rihtes. comen swipe forp rihtes. þa † folc waf icumē : po hii were alle icome? pa was pe king swide untrumed. po was pe king swipe ontromed. pa zirnde pe king heore grið: 11 po pe king mid god grip: & þuf he fpac hem alle wið. to 1 alle his cnihtes he spac bus wib. Alre cnihte wro eow best: Alre cnihtef work ou best: be heren æie kige. þat farueþ ený king. þer nif nan oðer red: par nis of me non oper read: buten hizedliche ich beo dæd. bote hizenliche ich worbe dead. hir ich bitæche eow mi lond: here ich bi-take 30u an hond: al mi feoluer & al mi gold. al to-gadere mi kinelond. & alle mine maomes: eowre moscipe if ba mare. & 3e forð rihtes:

And 3eo forprihtes: fendep after cnihtes.

king believed the [her] leasing. Now understood [knew] Vortimer, his son, that he had taken poison; might no leechcraft help him any whit. He 'took many [sent his] messengers, 'and sent over [among all] his 'land [lands], and bade all his knights to come 'to him [quickly] forth-right. When 'the folk was [they were all] arrived, then was the king exceeding ill; then 'asked' the king 'their [with good] peace, 'and' thus he spake with 'them all [all his knights]: "Of all knights are ye best that serve any king; there is [of me] no other hap, but that speedily I be dead. Here I deliver you 'my land, all my silver and all my gold [in hand my kingdom all together], 'and all my treasures,—your worship is the greater.' And ye forth-right send after knights, 'and give them silver and gold, and hold ye

<sup>1</sup> Redundant.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& zeuen heom foluer & gold: [c. 2.]

& hældeð 3e feolf eowre lond.

& wreke's eow 3if 3e cunnen: of Sexifce monnen.

uor weonne so ich beo uord faren for wane ich ham ford fare f Hengest eow wul makien kare.

& nime's mine likamæ:

& leggeð an chæsten.

& lede's me to pare se strode:

per Saxisce men wulled cumen a pare Saxisse men wollep comen a

awæi heo wulleð wenden.

nouver quic ne dead : ne durren heo me abiden.

Imong biffen dome :

dæð¹ iwarð þe gode king.

þer wes wop þer wes rop:

& reuliche iberen.

& ladde to Lundene.

& bifides Bælges-3ate: fæire hine bi-burgeden.

alse þe king heihte.

& nawiht hine ne ladden:

and werieb ou 3ef 3e conne:

wip Saxisse manne.

Hengest 30u wole makie care. And nime mine licame:

and leggeb on chefte.

and ledeb me to bare séé strod!

anan swa heo me per witen: [lond: anon so hii me pare witep: [lond. 12 a-wei hii wolleb wende. nober cwik nober dead :

ne dorren hii me a-bide.

Amang al þif motýng: dead iwarb be gode king.

Heo nomen þes kinges licame: Hii neme þis kingef licame: 20 and ladde to Londene. and bifides Bellinges-3ate: faire hine leide. and noht him ne ladde: ase him seolf hehte.

yourselves your land,' and 'avenge [defend] you, if ye can, 'of [against] Saxish men; for when 'as' I 'be [am] departed, Hengest will make care to you. And take ye my body, and lay in a chest, and carry me to the sea strand, where Saxish men will come on land; anon as they know me there, away they will go; neither alive nor dead dare they abide me!" Among [all] this discourse the good king died; 'there was weeping, there was lament, and piteous cries!' They took the kings body, and carried to London, and beside Belyns-gate 'buried [laid] him fair; and carried him 'no whit [not] as 'the king [he himself] ordered. Thus 'lived [it was of] Vor-

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. puf liuede Uortimer: pus hit was of Uortimer: & puf he endede par. and bus he hendede her. ba iueolen Bruttes: po nuste Bruttes: a balufulle ræde. none gode readef. [c. 2.] heo nomen Uortigerne anan: hii nemen Vortiger a-non: &bi-tahten heom 1 peine kenedom. and bi-tock him al pii lond. welle reculich wes per a ping : wola? roulich was pare a ping : nu waf Vortigerne æft king. nou was Vortiger heft king. Uortigerne nom his fonde: Vortiger nam his fonde: & fende to Sexlonde. 10 and fende to Saxlonde. & grette wel Hengest: and grette wel Hengest: [3inge5: cnih3 alre faireft. cnihten alre væirest. & grette hine4 & bad hine hi- and bad him an hizenge! comen to biffe londe. come to ban kinge. & mid him brouhte here: and mid him brohte here: an hundred ridærē. an hundred rideres. For pat wite pu puru alle ping: For pat wite pou porh alle ping: pat dead if Vortimer pe king. bat dead his Vortimer be king. & fiker bu miht hider comen: for dæd is Fortimer mi fune. 20 Nif hit no need to bringe: Nif be non neod to bringen: mid be muchel genge. [[£87.c.1.] wib be mochel genge. lefte ure Bruttes: lefte vre Bruttef:

timer, and thus he ended 'there [here]. Then the Britons'fell into evil [knew no good] counsel; they took Vortiger anon, and delivered him [all] this 'kingdom [land]; there was a well rueful thing, now was eft Vortiger king! Vortiger took his messengers, and sent to Saxland, and greeted well Hengest, fairest of all knights, and bade him in haste to come to 'this land [the king], and with him should bring here a hundred riders. "—For that know thou through all things, that dead is Vortimer the king, 'and sure (safe) thou mayest hither come, for dead is Vortimer my son.' [It] is no need 'for thee' to bring with thee much folk, least our Britons

<sup>1</sup> him? 2 wel? 3 cniht?
4 These three words are, apparently, superfluous. 5 an hijenge?

10

20

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. æft¹ beon abol3en. p eow æft seorwen: fizen bitweonen. Hengest somnede uærde: of feole cunne ærde. pat he hefde to iwiten: feouen hundred scipen. & ælc scip? he dihte: mid preo hundred cniten. i pere Temese at Lundene: Hengest com to londe. pat word com ful fone: to Uortigerne ban kinge. † Hengest was in hauene: mid feouen hundred scipene. ofte was Uortig<sup>9</sup>ne wa: neuer wrfe þan þæ. & Bruttes weoren fari: & feorhful an heorte. nusten heo an world-riche: ræd þat heom weore ilike. Hengest was of usele war: pat he wel cudde pær.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

heft beo abolwe.

Hengest somnede ferde :'
of fale cun erpe.
pat he hadde to iwite :'
soue hudred sipes.
and [ech] sip he dihte :'
mid preo hundred cnihtes.
in pare Temese at Londene :'
Hengest com to londe.
pat word com ful sone :'
to Vortiger pan kinge.

ofte was Vortiger wo: ac neuere worse pane po. and Bruttes weren sori: and sorhfulle on heorte.

Hengest was of vue<sup>3</sup> war: bat he wel cudde bar.

eft be angry, 'so that sorrow eft come between you.'" Hengest assembled a host of many kind of land, so that he had to wit seven hundred ships, and each ship he filled with three hundred knights; in the Thames at London Hengest came to land. The tidings came full soon to Vortiger the king, 'that Hengest was in haven with seven hundred ships.' Oft was Vortiger woe, [but] never worse than then, and the Britons were sorry, and sorrowful in heart; 'they knew not in the worlds realm counsel that were to them pleasing.' Hengest was of evil ware,—that he well shewed

<sup>1</sup> There has been some attempt to alter this word, and the reading is doubtful.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This word is sup. ras. <sup>2</sup> R. vuele.

10

[geft:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. he nom fone hif fonde: & fende to pan kinge. & grette Uortigerne king: mid fwide uæire worden. & feide pat he was icumen: fwa fader sculde to his sune. mid fibbe & mid faihte: he wolde on fele wunien. grið he wolde luuien: unriht he wolde scunien. grið he wolde habben: grið he wolde holden. & al pif leodifce folc: luuien he wolde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. he nom fone his fonde: and fende to pan kinge.

and faide pat he was icome: fo fader folde to his fone. mid fibbe and mid feahte: he wolde here libbe. [£715. c.1.]

& Uortig<sup>9</sup>ne þene king: luuien burh alle bing.

ut of Sexleoden.

seouen hundred scipene:

of hæðene folke.

† beop be alre wihteste men : [c. 2.] 7 wunied under funnen.

& ich wulle quad Hengest:

leden heo 1 to pan kinge.

'Ah he hefde ibroht i pif lond : And ich habbe i-brobt cwab Hen-

20 mani cnihtes gode.

and ich ha wolle leade: alle to pan kinge.

there,—he took soon his messengers, and sent to the king, 'and greeted Vortiger the king with words most fair,' and said that he was come as a father should to his son; with peace and with friendship he would 'dwell in amity [here live]; 'peace he would love, and wrong he would shun; peace he would have, peace he would hold; and all this nation he would love, and love Vortiger the king through all things.' 'But he had brought ["And I have brought," quoth Hengest], 'in this land, out of Saxland,' 'seven hundred ships of heathen folk, "who are the bravest of all men that dwell under the sun [many good knights], and I will, 'quoth Hengest,'

1 heom?

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to an i-sette dæie: at-foren al his duzeŏe. & be king fcal arifen: and of pan cnihten cheosen. twa hundred cnihten: to leden to hif fihten. be sculen biwiten bene king: durewurdliche burh alle bing. & feodden fcullen þa odere: uaren to heore ærde. mid fibbe & mid sæle: agen to Sæxlonde. & ich wulle bi-læuen: mid monnen alre feleft. p is Uortigone pe king: be ich luuie burh alle bing. ₱ word com to Brutten: hu Hengest bihæhte heom. ba weoren heo uæine : uor uæiren hif worden. & fetten grið & fetten frið: to whulchen ane uirste. þe king an ane dæie: wolde iseon þas duzeðe. pat iherde Hengest:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

to one ifette daize: bi-vore alle his cnihtes.
And he king fal a-rife: and of han folk cheofe.
two hundred cnihtes: to leade to hif fihte.
hat folle bi-witie hane king: deorworliche horh alle hing.
and suhhen solle he oher: fare to hire riche.

And ich wolle bi-léue! mid manne alre leuest. pat his Vortiger pe king! wan ich louie porh alle ping. pat word com to Bruttes! ou Hengest heom bi-hehte.

po setten hii grip:'
for alle speken him wip.

pat hi-horde Hengest:

lead them [all] to the king, at a set (appointed) day, before all his 'people [knights]. And the king shall arise, and choose of the 'knights [folk] two hundred knights, to lead to his fight, who shall guard the king preciously through all things. And afterwards the others shall depart to their 'land [realm], 'with peace and with amity, again to Saxland'; and I will remain with the 'best [dearest] of all men, that is Vortiger the king, whom I love through all things." The tidings came to the Britons how Hengest them promised; then 'were they fain for his fair words, and 'set [they] peace 'and set amity' 'to such a time that the king on a day would see this folk [for all to speak with him]. Hengest heard that, fairest of all knights;

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

fo he nas neuere her on lifue.

cniht alre fairest.

po was he so blipe:

for he pohte swike:

pane king on his riche.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. cnihten alre uæirest. ba wes he fwa blide: fwa he nes neuer ær an liue. for he pohte swike: bene king an hif riche. Her iwra'd Hengest: cnihtē uor-cubest. swa bið æuerælc mon: þe bi-fwikeð þe him wel on. Wha wolde wenen:

Wo wolde wene: 10 in hisse worle-riche riche1. a pissere weorld-riche. pat Hengest swike pohte: pat Hengest swike pohte: pene king pat hæfde his dohter. pane king pat hadde his dohter. for nif nauer nan mon : [f.87b.c.1.] ac par nis no man fo wis: pat menemai mid swikedome ouer-pat me ne mai bi-swike. Heonomen ænneisetnedæi: [gan. pe dai was iset:

þat scolden þas duzeðen. cumen heom to-foinne: mid fæhte & mid fibbe.

an uast Ambresburi. be stude wes Ælenge: nu hatte hit Stan-henge.

an ane uælde þe wæs muri: so in on stude swipe mury: bi-fides Amburefburi. be stude bo was Elinge: pat nou hatte Stonhenge.

ac feue ferde þe bet.

Ambre] f-

[Stanhen]-

then was he so blithe as he was never ere in life, for he thought to deceive the king in his realm. 'Here became Hengest wickedest of knights; so is every man that deceiveth one, who benefits him.' Who would ween, in this worlds realm, that Hengest thought to deceive the king who had his daughter! 'For [But] there is 'never any man [no man so wise], that men may not 'over-reach with treachery [deceive]. They took an appointed day, [The day was set, but few fared the better!] 'that these people should come them together with concord and with peace,' in a 'plain that was [spot most] pleasant beside Ambresbury; the place was 'Ælenge; [then Rhinge, that] now hight 'it' Stonehenge. There Hengest the traitor either

1 Sic MS.

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

per Hengest pe swike : æider bi worde & bi write. cudde pan kinge :

bat he cumen wolde.

mid hif mō-uerde:

to wurdscipe bes kinges.

ah he nalde bringen on drihte:'
buten preo hundred cnihten.

þa alre wiseste men :

þe he mihte uinden.

& pe kig brohte al fwa ueole: baldere peinen.

and beo weoren ba alre witereste:

be wuneden on Buttene.

mid goden heore iweden:

al buten wepnen.

pat heom no to-wurden!

burh brist of ban wepnen.

puf heo hit speken:

& æft heo hit to-brekē. for Hængest þe leod-swike:

bus he his gon learen.

† ælc nome a long fax :

9 1 11 1 11 C 1

& læiden bi his sconke.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

par Hengest be swike: [[c.2.] aiper mid worde and mid write. cudde han kinge!

pat he come wolde.

ac he nolde bringe ? bote preo hundred cnihtes.

pe alre wiseste men :'

pat he mihte finde.

and be king folde alse vale:

bringe in his halue.

mid gode hire wedes:' al wib oute wepne.

pus i<sup>1</sup> po fpeke:'
and eft hit to-breke.
for Hengest pe wickede:'
pus his gan leore.
pat ech neme a long fex:'

and leide bi his foncke.

'by [with] word and 'by [with] writ made known to the king, that he would come 'with his forces, in honor of the king'; but he would not bring 'in retinue' but three hundred knights, the wisest men of all that he might find. And the king should bring as many [on his side] 'bold thanes, and who should be the wisest of all that dwelt in Britain,' with their good vestments, all without weapons, 'that no evil should happen to them, through confidence of the weapons.' Thus they 'it [then] spake, and eft 'they' it brake; for Hengest the 'traitor [wicked] thus gan 'he' teach his comrades, that each should take a long sæx (knife), and lay by his shank, within his hose, where

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. wid inne hif hose: wip ine his hose: per hit hit habben 1 hæle. par he hit habbe mihte. pēne heo comen to-somne : and wanne hii come to-gadere: Sæxes & Bruttes. Saxisse and Bruttisse. benne qued Hēgest: banne leggeb heom on : cnihten alre swikeleft. non þat 3e ne sparie. Hail feo þu lauerd king: po faide Hengest to pan king: ælc þe is þin vnderlig. [c.2.] þat was hehest ouer him. 3if æuere æi of þine gume : 3ef here his ený cniht: gære haueð bifiden. pat wepne bere bi his fide. send hit mid freondscipe: sende hine mid fronfipe: feor from uf feoluen. for fram vs feolue. & beon we on fele : and motegen of fahte. nue we mazen mid fibbē: and speke we of sibbe: ure lif libben. ou we mawe libbe. buf be balde-fulle³ mō : pus [pe] swicfolle man : bi-sprac4 per pa Bruttes. bi-swoc pare pe Bruttes. ba and swarede Uortiger: po answerede Vortiger: her he wef to vnwar. to onwis he was par.

he it might 'hide [have; and] When they 'came [should come] together, the Saxons and Britons, ["then lay on them, so that ye spare none!"] then 'quoth [said] Hengest, 'most deceitful of all knights': "Hail be thou, lord king, each is to thee thy subject! [to the king, who was highest over him] If 'ever any of thy men hath [here is any knight, who beareth] weapon by [his] side, send 'it [him] with friendship far from ourselves, 'and be we in amity,' and speak [we] of 'concord [peace]; how we may 'with peace our lives live.'" Thus the 'wicked [treacherous] man 'spake there to [deceived there] the Britons. Then answered Vortiger,—'here [there] he was too 'unwary [unwise],—"If here is any knight so wild, that hath weapon by his

3ef here his eny cniht fo wod:

3if here if æi cniht swa wod:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> he hit mihte? A plummet mark in the margin indicates that there is some error committed here by the scribe.

² hu?

<sup>3</sup> balefulle?

<sup>4</sup> bifwac?

þat wepnen habbe bi fiden. he scal leosen þa höd:

burh hif azene brand. buten he hit sone:

heonene isende.

Heore wepnen heo awæi sende: Hire wepne hii a-wei sende!

pa nefden heo noht an honden. po nadden hii noh! an honde. cnihtes eoden upward:

cnihtes eoden adonward.

ælc spac wið oðer:

swulc he weore his brober.

pa weoren Bruttes:

imænged wið þan Saxef.

þa cleopede Hengest:

cnihtene swikelæft. Nime's coure fexes:

sele mine bernes.

& ohtliche eou sturied:

& nænne ne sparieo.

Bruttes per weoren riche:

ah ne cube heo noht ba speche. ac hii ne coupe noht of be speche.

whæt þa Saxifce men:

feiden heom bi-tweonen.

Heo breoden ut þa fæxes:

pat wepne habbe bi fide.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

he fal leofe be hond?

borh his owene brond.

cnihtes eoden vpward: [£72.c.1.]

cnihtes eoden dunward. 10 ech spac wib ober :

afe hit were brobers.

po weren Bruttus:

imeng wip be Saxisse.

bo faide Hengest:

cnih<sup>2</sup> alre fwikeleft. Nemeb oure feaxes:

and hahtliche 30u storieb.

20 Bruttus þar weren riche:

wat Saxisse men:

feide heom bi-twine.

Hii breiden vt þe faxes:

side, he shall lose the hand through his own brand, 'unless he soon send it hence.'" Their weapons they sent away, then had they nought in hand; knights went upward, knights went downward, each spake with other as if 'he [it] were 'his brother [brothers]. When the Britons were mingled with the Saxons, then 'called [said] Hengest, of [all] knights most treacherous, "Take your sæxes, 'my good warriors,' and bravely bestir you, 'and spare ye none'!" Noble Britons were there, but they knew not [of] the speech, what 'the' Saxish men said them between. They drew out the

<sup>1</sup> noht?

biræfued þan liue.

summe heo fluzen swide: ofer bene feld brade.

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. alle bihalues. alle bi-halues. heo smite an riht half? hii fmiten in eche halue: heo fmiten an lift half. biuoren & bihindē: bi-vore and bi-hinde. heo leiden heom to grunde. [f. 88.] alle heo flogen: alle hii flozen: bat heo neh comen. pat hii neh comen. of bes kinges monen: of his kingef folke: [fone] per feollen. fone par fulle. feouwer hundred & fife: four hundred and fifue: wo was pan king a-lifue. wa wef pan kinge on liue. pa Hengest hine igrap : Hengest grop pan king: mid grimmē hif gripen. and breide hine to him. & bi þan mantle hine ibræid : bi bane mantel: þat breken þa ítrenges. pat pe strenges breke. & Sæxes him fette to: And Saxisse sote to: & wolde bene king fordon. and wolde pane king for-do. & Hengest hine gon werien: ac Hengest hine gan werie: & nalde hit noht ibeuen. and nolde hit noht bolie. ac he heold hine wel faste: ah he heold hine ful faste: 20 be while bat feht ilaste. pe wile pat fiht ilaste. per wes moni riche Brut? par was mani riche Brut!

sæxes, all aside; they smote on 'the right [each] side, 'they smote on the left side'; before and behind 'they laid them to the ground;' all they slew that they came nigh; of 'the [this] kings 'men [folk] there fell [soon] four hundred and five,—woe was the king alive! 'Then' Hengest grasped 'him [the king] 'with his grim gripe,' and drew him [to him] by the mantle, so that the strings brake. And the Saxons set on him, and would the king kill, 'and [but] Hengest gan him defend, and would not suffer it; but he held him 'full [well] fast, the while the fight lasted. There was many noble Briton bereaved of the life! Some 'they fled quickly over the

bi-reiued of pan lifue.

Aldolf.

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& wereden heom mid stanen: for wepnen næfden heo nane. per wes swide hard fiht: per feol moni god cniht. per wes of Salesburi: an oht bonde icumen. ænne muchelne mæin clubbe: he bar an his rugge. pa wes per an adele eorl: Aldulf ihatē. cniht mid ban bezste: he æhte Glochæste. he to pan cheorle leop: swulc hit a liun weoren. & binom him be clubbe: þa he bar an rugge. æure wulcne fwa he fwat1: per forð rihtes he iwat. bi-foren & bi-hiden: he laide heom to grunde. preo & fifti he per floh: & feodde to ane ste droh. he leop uppen stede:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. somme werede heom mid stones: for wepne nadden hii none.

par was a bond of Salusburi: pat bar on his honde. ane mochele club: for to breke stones. peos iseh a strong eorl: Aldolf ihote. cniht mid þan beste: [c.2.] pat habte Gloucestre. he to pan cheorle leop: alfe hit a lýon were. and bi-nam him pane club: bat he bar on his rugge. wan he bar mid fmot: par riht he a-bod. bi-vore and bi-hinde: he leide 3am to grunde. preo and fifti he par of-slop: and suppe to his stede droh. he leop vppe pan stede:

broad plain, and' defended them with stones, for weapons had they none. 'There was fight exceeding hard; there fell many a good knight!' There was a 'bold' churl of Salisbury 'come'; 'he [who] bare 'on [in] his 'back [hand] a great 'strong' club [for to break stones]. 'Then was there a noble earl [A strong earl saw this], named Aldolf, knight with the best; 'he [who] possessed Gloucester; he leapt to the churl, as if it were a lion, and took from him the club, that he bare on [his] back; whom'soever' he smote [therewith], there 'forth'-right he died; before and behind he laid them to the ground. Three and fifty there he slew, and afterwards drew

1 fmat?

² ftede ?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

& swide gon him ride. he ærde 1 to Glochæstre : [c.2.] in to Gloucestre : & be 3ates læc ful feste. & anan for or rihtes: lette ærmi his cnihtes. 3eond alle þan londe :' & nomen bat heo funden. heo nomen orf heo nomen corn:

and fwipe gan ride. and be zeates lok faste. And a-non forp rihtes: lette harmi his cnihtes. and wende ouer al pat lond: and nemen wat hii funde.

10 and brohte to borewe:

þe 3ates hii tunde faste:

and fpeke we of ban kinge.

and wolde bane king for-do.

ac Hengest saide forbribtes:

and wel 3am bi-wuste.

Lete we bis stonde:

Saxisse him leope to:

Bleueh mine cnihtes.

onimete bliffe.

& al pat heo quic funden. & brohten to burh3e: vnnimete bliffe.

þa zæten heo tüden uafte: & wel heom biwusten.

Lete we hit buf stonde:

& speken of ban kinge.

Sexes him leoppe to: & wolde bene king for-do2.

Hegest cleopede uord rihtes:

Aswiked mine cnihtes.

ne sculle 3e hine noht for-faren: ne solle 3e hine noht for-fare: for uf he haued ihaued mucle care. for vs he haued ihaued care.

& he haued to quene: mine dohter ba if scone.

22

towards 'a [his] steed; he leapt upon [the] steed, and quickly gan 'him' ride; 'he rode to [into] Gloucester, and the gates locked 'full' fast. And anon forth-right caused his knights to arm, [and marched] over all the land, and took what they found; 'they took cattle, they took corn, and all that they found alive,' and brought to the burgh with great bliss; the gates they closed fast, and well them guarded. Let we 'it thus [this] stand, and speak [we] of the king. The Saxons leapt towards him, and would kill the king, [but] Hengest 'called [said] forth-right, "Stop, my knights, ye shall him not destroy; for us he hath had 'much' care,

<sup>1</sup> ærnde ?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> for is interlined by a second hand.

ah alle hif burhzes: he fcal uf bitæchen.

aif he wule hif lif broken:

oder ællef him if balu ziuede. pa wes Uortig ne:

væste ibunden.

giues swide grete: heo duden an hif foten.

ne moste he nauere biten mete: ne moste he neuere bite mete:

ne wið nenne freond speken. 10 no wiþ none freonde speke.

ær he heom hæfden ifworen:

uppē halidom þat wes icoren. bat he al bif kine-lond?

burh;es & castles:

& al his coine-lond<sup>2</sup>.

& al fwa he idode : alfe hit idemed was.

& Hengest nom an hif hond?

al pif riche kine-lond.

& delde his leodē:

muchel of biffe londe.

he 3æf æne eorle al Kent : [£883.c.1.]he 3eof an cniht al Kent :

'and he hath for queen my daughter who is fair.' But all his burghs he shall deliver to us, if he will 'enjoy his life, or else is sorrow given to him [live, and have his limbs]." Then was Vortiger fast bound; gyves exceeding great they put 'on [about] his feet; he might not ever bite meat, nor speak with any friend, ere he had to them sworn upon 'relic [relics] that 'was [were] choice, that he would deliver them all this kingdom in hand, 'burghs and castles, and all his kingdom.' And all so he did, as 'it was deemed [they it would]. And Hengest took in his hand all this rich kingdom, 'and divided among his people much of this land.' He gave 'an

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

ac alle his borewes:

he fal vs bi-take. zef he wolle libbe:

and his limes habbe.

po was Vortigerne: faste i-bunde.

gyues swipe grete:

idon¹ a-boute his feote.

her he 3am hadde ifwore: vppe halidomes þat were icore.

pat he al pis kinelod:

wolde bitæchen heom an heond. wolde bi-take 3am an hond. [6.79.c.1.]

and al fo he dude:

alfe hii hit wolde.

And Hengest nam on his hond:

20 al pif riche kenelond.

<sup>1</sup> hii don?

<sup>2</sup> kinelond? A second hand has erased the d, and altered lo into la.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. ase hit bi Lundene went. he 3æf hif stiwarde Æst-sex1: & his burdeine: Middel-fax bitahte. pa cnihtes hit at-fengen: and ane while heo heolden. pa while Uortig<sup>9</sup>ne: zeond þif lond ferde. & bitahte Hengest: hæzen his burhzes. & Hengest ford rihtes: dude per in his cnihtes. ba while muchel fmal folc: læi inne Suð-fæxe. & inne Middel-fæxe! muchel of ban kune. & inne Æst-saxe: heore a belefte zuzebe. Mete heo ferden: al pat heo funden. heo for-læizen þa wif: & godes lazen breken.

heo duden i þan londe :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

afe hit bi Londene wet.

and manie oper cnihtes:

he makede riche peines.

so pat on torf of lond:

ne stod Vortiger an hond.

earl [a knight] all Kent, as it went (lay) by London; 'he gave his steward Essex, and on his chamberlain he bestowed Middlesex [and many other knights he made rich thanes, so that a turf of land did not remain to Vortiger in hand]. 'The knights received it, and a while they held it, the while Vortiger proceeded over this land, and delivered to Hengest his noble burghs. And Hengest forth-right placed his knights therein; the while much of the baser people lay in Sussex, and in Middlesex much of the race, and in Essex their noblest folk. The meat (provisions) they carried off, all that they found; they violated the women, and Gods law brake; they did in the land all that they would.' The Britons saw 'that

<sup>1</sup> A line, or part of one, seems here wanting.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

al p heo wolden.

† isezen Bruttes:

bis isehze Bruttus:

bat balu wes on londe.

& hu Sæxisce men :

ou rixlede pes Saxisse.

ifizen weoren to heom.

for Sæxisce monnen scome.

Brutt<sup>9</sup> 1 fcupten pan londe nome: Bruttus fipte pat lond name:

for Saxisse menne same.

& for ban fwike-dome:

þat heo idon hæfdē.

for pan pe heo mid cnifen: 10 and for pan pat hii mid fexes: biræueden heom at liue.

þa cleopeden heo þat lond al :

bi-refde 3am of lifues. po cleopeden hii pat lond:

[West]-sex. & pat pridde: Middel-Sæx<sup>2</sup>.
[Midde]!- Vorti-9-5 1-1

[Æft-f]ex. Æft-fæx & Weft-fæx.

Eftfex: and Westfex. and pat [pridde] Middelsex2.

Vortig<sup>9</sup>ne þe king:

bi-tæhte heom al þis lond.

₱ ne bilæfde him an heonde :

a turf of londe.

ſæx.

& him feolf Vortigene: flæh ouer Sæuærne.

feor in to Wellifce lond:

& per he gon at-stonde.

And Vortiger gan wende:

20 ouer Séévarne.

for into Walfe londe:

& his hired mid him:

and par he gan at-stonde.

[this], 'that mischief was in the land, and' how'the Saxish men were come to them [these Saxons governed]. The Britons shaped to the land a name for the shame of Saxish men, 'and for the treachery that they had done;' [and] for that cause that they with knives [sæxes] bereaved them of life, then called they 'all' the land East-Sex and West-Sex, and the third Middle-Sex. 'Vortiger the king gave them all this land, so that a turf of land did not remain to him in hand.' And Vortiger 'himself' 'fled [gan wend] over Severn, far into Welsh-land, and there he gan tarry, 'and his retinue with him, that poor was become.' And 'he [Vortiger] had in hoard treasure

<sup>1</sup> Brut pr. man.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Perhaps a line is here missing.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. þe hæne wes iwurðen. & he hæfde an horde: gerfume fwide1 ftronge. he lette his men riden :' [c. 2.] widen & fiden. and lette him to bonnen: of ælchef cunnes monnen. be æuere wolden hif feoh: mid freondscipe 3irnen. † iherden Bruttes: † iherden Scottes. to him heo comen: per after ful fone. an ælchere fide: þider heo gune riden. monies hæzes monnes süe: for golde & for gærfume. þa hæfde he to-fomne :' sixti busend monen. þa fumnede he þa richen: þa wel cuðen ræden. Gode men ræðed3 me ræd: uor me if fwide muchel neod.

whar ich mihte on wilderne:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

And Vortiger hadde in horde: garifom swipe riche.

and lette to him banni? of eche cunnef manne. pat euere wolde his feo? mid māfipe 3eorne. Pat ihorde Bruttus? pat hi-horde Sottes?. to him hii come ride?

in euer eche fide.

mani heh mannef fone:'
for gold and for garefome.
po hadde he to-gadere:'
fixti pufend manne.
to 3am faide po per:'
pe pore king Vortiger.

ode men rede me read :
for nou ich habbe moche
war ich mihte in wilderne : [neod.

most 'large [rich]; 'he caused his men to ride wide and far,' and caused to be summoned to him men of each kind, whoso ever would yearn his fee with friendship. That heard the Britons, that heard the Scots; they came to him [riding] 'thereafter full soon'; on 'each [every] side 'thither they gan ride, many a noble mans son, for gold and for treasure. When he had together sixty thousand men, then 'assembled he the nobles that well could advise [said there to them the poor king Vortiger]: "Good men, say me counsel, for 'to me is [now I have] great need, where I might (may)

1 swife?

<sup>2</sup> Scottes?

³ rædet?

wurchen ænne castel. per ic mihte an inne: lubbe1 mid mine monnen. & halden hine wid Hegest: mid hæzere strengde. a pat ich mihte bæt: burhzen iwine. wræken me a mine feondē: ba mine wines feolden. & habbed al mi kine-lond: 10 awræht ut of mire hond. & buf me iflæmed: mine fulle ifan. pa and fwarede a wif mon: þe wel cudðe ræden. Lust me nu lauerd king: ich be cube god bing. uppen pan munte of Reir: ich wullen ræden. pat pu caste? wurche: mid stronge stan walle. for per pu miht wunien:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii. werchen one caftel.

pat ich mihte holde? [c.2.] wip Hengest pan stronge. forte pat ich mihte bet: borewes a-winne.

vp 3am þat habbeþ al mi lond? a-wreþt vt of mine hond.

po answerede a wisman:
pat coupe wel reade.
Lust nou mi louerd king:
and ich pe wolle cupe god ping.
vppe pan munte of Kaier:
ich pe wolle reade.
pat pou reare castel<sup>3</sup>.

in wilderness work a castle, 'wherein I might live with my men, 'and hold it [that I might hold] against Hengest 'with great strength [the strong], until that I might the better win my burghs, 'and avenge me of my enemies who felled my friends, and [from them who] have all my 'kingdom [land] wrested out of my hand, 'and thus driven me out, my full foes?'" Then answered a wise man, who well could counsel: "Listen now 'to me, [my] lord king, [and] I will shew to thee a good thing; upon the mount of 'Reir [Kaier] I will [thee] advise, that thou 'work [rear] a castle 'with strong stone wall, for there thou mightest dwell, and live with joy; and yet thou

<sup>1</sup> libbe?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A line appears to be wanting here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. castel.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

& libben mid winne. & 3et þù hauest a þire hond: muchel feoluer & gold. to halden bine hired: þa þe helpen fcal. & swa þu miht on liue: [689.c.1.] libben alræ fæleft. þa andfwere þe king: Let hit cuben an higing. geond muchele mire ferde: 10 pat ich faren wulle. to pan munte of Reir: & ræren þer castel.

Ford ferde be kig: & pa ferde mid him. þa heo þider comen : dic heo bigunnen fone. hornes þer bleouwen: machūnes heowen. lim heo gunnen bærnen:

fettē a Uortigernes hond. al heo hit nomen:

3eond pat lond ærnen. & al wæst Walsce2 lond:

po answerede pe king: Let hit cupe an hizeng. ouer al pan folke: pat ich wende wolle. to ban munte of Kayr: a-rere par castel. Forp ferde be king: and be ferde mid him. po hii pider come: dich i1 dolue sone.

hast in thy hand much silver and gold, to maintain thy people who shall thee help; and so thou mightest in life live best of all." Then answered the king: "Let it be made known in haste, over 'my numerous host [all the folk], that I will go to the mount of 'Reir [Kayr], 'and' rear there a castle." Forth went the king, and the host with him; when they thither came, a dyke they began [dug] soon; 'horns there blew, machines hewed; lime they gan to burn, and over the land to run; and all west Welsh-land set in Vortigers hand; all they it took, that they nigh came.' When 'the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The last two letters of week and Walice are by second hand, sup. ras.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

of machuns par was wonder:

fif and twenti hundred.

a morewe hii hine arerde:

þos² þis worck ham dihte.

a niht he gan to-refe.

a niht feol oueral.

folle fouenihte:

po he was hi-dolue :

alse he beo solde.

po leideine¹ wal : a þan dich oueral.

pat heo neh comen. þa þe dic wes idoluen:

& allunge ideoped.

þa bi-gunnen heo wal :

a pere dic ouer al. & heo lim & ftan :

leiden to-fomne.

of machunes per wes wunder:

fif and twenti hudred.

A dæi heo leiden þene wal : 10 A dai hii leide þane wal :

a niht he feol ouer al.

a marwe heo hine arædden:

a niht he gon to-reofen. fulle feouen nihte:

fwa heom dihte.

ælche dæi heo hine aredden:

& ælche niht he gon reofen.

pa wes fari pe king:

& forhful burh alle bing.

fwa wes al þa uerde:

ladliche of-færed.

for æuere heo lokede:

po was fori pe king-

and forbfolle borh alle bing.

for heuere he lokede: whænne Hengest come an uuenan.wane Hengest come libe.

dyke [it] was dug, 'and thoroughly deepened [as it should be], then 'began [laid] they a wall on the dyke over all, 'and they laid together lime and stone'; of machines there was plenty,—five and twenty hundred! In the day they laid the wall, in the night 'it' fell over all; in the morrow they reared it, in the night it gan to tumble! Full a se'nnight 'so it [thus this work] them served; 'each day they raised it, and each night it gan fall!' Then was the king sorry, and sorrowful through all things; 'so was all the host terribly afraid'; for ever 'they [he] looked when Hengest should 'come upon them [arrive]. The king was 'full [well] sorry, and sent after sages,

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. þe king wes ful færi: pe king was wel fori ? & fende after witien. and fende after wittie. æfter world-wife monne: þa wifdom cuðen. & bad heom leoten weorpen: and bad heom lotef werpe: & fondien leod-runen. fondien pat sode: [c.2.] and fondie pat fope: mid heore size-craften. whær on hit weore ilög: war on hit were ilong: pat be wal be wes swa ftrong. 10 bat be wal bat was foftrang. [6.73.c.1.] ne moste moste 1 niht longes ? ne mihte nihe longe: nauere istonden. neuere one stonde. pas weorlde-wife men: pes worle-wifemen: ber a twa wendē. bar a two wende. fume heo wenden to pan wude: somme wende to pan wode: fume to weien-læten. somme to weynleates. heo gunnen loten weorpen : mid heore leod-runen. fulle preo nihten: folle preo nihtes: heore craftes heo dihten. 20 hire craftes par hii dihte. ne mihten hii neuere finde: ne mihtē heo nauere finden: burh nauere nane binge. borh none cunnef binge. wheer on hit weore ilong? war on hit were ilong: pat be wal pat wes swa strong. pat be wal bat was fo ftrong.

'after world-wise men, who knew wisdom,' and bade them cast lots, and 'try incantations,' try the truth' with their powerful craft,' on what account it were, that the wall that was so strong might not ever stand a night long. These world-wise men there went in two parties; some 'they' went to the wood, some to the cross-ways; 'they gan to cast lots with their incantations'; full three nights their crafts [there] they practised; they might never find, through 'never any [no kind of] thing, on what account it were, that the wall that was so strong every night fell down, and the king lost his labor.

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<sup>1</sup> Sic MS.

Jora[m].

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. æuere ælche nihte to-raf: & pe king hif fwic læs. Buten witie ber wes an: he wes ihaten Joram. he seide bat he hit afunde: ah hit þuhte læfinge. he seide 3if mon funde: in auer æi londe. æuer æi cniht bærn : be næuere fæder no ibæd. & openede his breofte: & nomen of hif blode. & mengde wið þan lime: & bæne wal læide. penne mihte he stonde: to bere worlde longe. pat word com to pan kige: of bere læfinge. & he hit ilefde: bah hit læs weore. Sone he nom his fonde: & fende 3eod þan londe.

dursten æies weief faren.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. euereche niht reef: and be king hif fwic les. Bote witti þar was on: he was ihote Joram. he faide bat he hit funde? ac hit poht lesinge. he saide þat 3ef man funde: in eni kinelonde. eny cnaue child: pat neuere fader nadde. and hopenede hif breofte: and neme of his blode. and meinde wip pan lime: and in pan wal leide. panne mihte he stonde: to ban worle longe.

pe king fende his fonde:

oueral pan londe.

in eni wei fare.

But there was one sage, he was named Joram, he said that he it found,—but it seemed (was) leasing,—he said that if men found in 'ever' any 'land [kingdom], 'ever' any male-child, that never had father, and opened his breast, and took of his blood, and mingled with the lime, and laid [in] the wall, that then might it stand to the worlds end. 'The word came to the king, of the leasing, and he it believed, though it were false.' 'Soon he took [The king sent] his messengers, 'and sent' over [all] the land, so far as they for care (fear) of death durst 'anyways [in any way] fare, and in each

swa feor fwa he1 for dædes kare: so for fo he2 dorfte for depef care:

1 heo?

² hii?

& in ælche tune: hercneden þa runen. whær heo mihte ifinden : [f. 89%.c.1.] war hii.mihten finden : fpeken of fwulche childe. pas cnihtes forð ferden: widen zeond ban ærde. tweien uerden ænne wæi: be west riht him læi. þe læi forð rihtes in : per nu if Kaer-merbin. Bifides pere burh: in ane weie brade. hefden ænne muchelne plæ3e: alle þa burh-cnauen. pas cnihtes weoren weri: & an heorte swide særi. & feten adun bi þan plaze:

& bi-heolden þas cnauen.

heo bigunnen striuinge.

al fe hit wes auer laze?

imong childrene plæ3e.

þe an þe oderne<sup>5</sup> fmat:

Vmbē ane ftunde :

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

and in eche toune: hercnede roune. fpeken of foche childe. peos cnihtes for verde: in to mani erbe. tweie verden anne way: bat west rihtes him lay. pat lay nou<sup>1</sup> ribtes in : 10 par nou his Kermerbin. [c. 2.] Bifides pare borewe: in one way brode. adde alle 2 borh-cnaues.: hii-gadered<sup>3</sup> heom to-gadere. . peos cnihtef weren weri: and on heorte fori. and fete adun bi beos cnaues: bi-heolde ou hii pleoyde. Bi one lutele stunde: hii bi-gonne to striuende. 20 al fo hit was euere lawe: a-mang stildrene4 plawe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

town hearkened 'the' rumors, where they might find speak of such a child. These knights forth proceeded wide over the [into many a] land; two of the number went a way that lay right west, that lay forth-right in where now Caermarthen is. Beside the burgh, in a broad way, all 'the' burgh-lads had 'a great play [gathered them together]. These knights were weary, and in heart 'exceeding' sorry, and sate down by 'the play [these lads], 'and' beheld 'these lads [how they played]. After a [little] time they began striving,—as it was ever custom among childrens play; the one smote the other, and he 'these blows [his blow] suffered. Then

be on ban ober fmot?

<sup>1</sup> forb?

<sup>2</sup> alle þe?

<sup>•</sup> offerne? 4 childrene?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R. i-gadered.

Merlyn.

þa wes swide grim: Dinabuz touward Mærlin. & pus quad Dinab3: be bene dut hefde. Mærling<sup>2</sup> vnwærste<sup>8</sup> man : whu hæuest þu me þus idon. bu hauest idon me muchel scome: ber fore bu fcalt habben grome. Ich æm anes kinges fune: & bu ært of noht icumen. þu nahtes i nane stude: habben freo-monnes ibude. for swa wes al ba uore: bi moder wes an hore. for n<sup>9</sup>te heo næuere pene mon: for nuste 3e0 wat was pe man: p þe streonde hire on. no bu on moncunne: nefdest fader nëne. & bu in ure londe: makeft uf to fconde. bu ært uf imong icumē :

& nært nænes mones 5 fune.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& he peos dudes abad.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. and he his dunt a-bod. po was swipe grim: Dunabuz to Merlýn. and bus faide Dunabuz: bat bane dunt hadde. Merlyn onwreste man: wi hauest pou pus idon.

Ich ham one kingef fone: and bou hart of noht icome.

for fo was al be vore: þi moder was an hore. pat be streone hire an. ne bou in mancunne : haddest fader nadde4. and bou in houre londe: doft vs fo mochel fconde.

was exceeding wrath Dinabuz to' ward' Merlin, and thus 'quoth [said] Dinabuz, who had the blow: "Merlin, wicked man, why hast thou thus done 'to me? Thou hast done me much shame, therefore thou shalt have grief.' I am a kings son, and thou art born of nought; 'thou oughtest not in any spot to have free mans abode'; for so was all the adventure, thy mother was a whore, for she knew not 'ever [what was] the man that begat thee on her, nor haddest thou any father among mankind. And thou in our land 'makest us to be shamed [dost us so much shame]; 'thou art among us come, and art son of no man'; thou shalt therefore in this day

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Merlin here and elsewhere. \* vnwræste?

<sup>4</sup> nanne?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> This word is interlined by the second hand.

[c.2.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pu scalt i pissen dæie: '
per uore dæd' polien.

pis iherden pa cnihtes:

per heo weoren bi-haluef.

heo arisen up & eoden neor: & neodeliche 3erden.

of piffere uncude talen:

be heo iherden of ban cnauen.

pa wes inne Kair-Merdin: a reue pe hehte Eli.

þa cnihtes biliue:

comen to pan reue.

& pus him to sæiden:

sone mid mude.

We bud her rihtes:

Uortig<sup>9</sup>nes cnihtes.

& habbeo'd her ifunde:'
enne cnaue 3unge.

he if ihate Merlin:

be it made within.

ne icnawe we na wiot his cunne.

Nim hine & hi3inde<sup>3</sup>?

& fende hine to pan kinge. al fe pu wult libben:

& pine limen habben.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

pou salt in pisse daie!

par vore deap polie.

pis ihorde pe cnihtes:

pare hii weren bi-halues. hii a-rife and eoden ner:

and 30rnliche lufte.

of pes vncoupe tale:

pat hii ihorde of pes cnaue.

po was in Kermerbin!

a reue pat hehte Ely. bes cnihtef bliue:

comen to pan reue. [6.723.c.1.]

and to him þus sayde:

fone mid mube.

We beop here rihtes:

Vortigerne his cnihtes.

and habbe here if unde : one cnaue 30nge.

Merlin.

fenden hine to pan kinge : alfe pou wolt libbe.

suffer death." The knights heard this, where they were aside; they arose up, and went near, and earnestly 'asked of [listened to] this strange tale, that they heard of 'the [this] lad. Then was in Caermarthen a reve that hight Eli; 'the [these] knights quickly came to the reve, and thus to him said soon with mouth: "We are here-right 'Vortigers [Vortiger his] knights, and have found here a young lad; 'he is named Merlin; we know no whit his kin. Take him in haste, and 'send him to the king, as thou wilt live, 'and thy limbs have,' and his mother with him, who bore him to be man.

¹ dæð?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 3ernden?

<sup>3</sup> an hijinge?

& his moder mid him: be hine bar to monnen. 3if þu þif wult don: be king heom wule under-fon. & 3if bu hit noht ne 3emest: per fore pu bist flæme. & pas burh al for-bard1: pas leodē al fordemed. pa answarede Eli: be reue of Kæir-Merdin. Wel ic wat pat al pif lond? ftunt a Vortig<sup>9</sup>nes hond. & we beo'd alle hif men : his monfcipe is be mare. & we scullen bif don fain: & drigen his wille. Ford wende be reue: & burhmen his iuere. & ifunden Mærlin: & his plaze-iueren mid him. 20 and his pleiueres mid him. Mærlin heo nomen: and hif iuæren lozen. ba ba Mærlig wes ilad:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and his moder mid him: pat hine bar to manne. 3ef pou pif nelt noht don: þe king þe wole a-hon.

and peos borh al for-berne: and pat folk fleme. po answerede Ely: 10 be reaue of Kermerbin. Wel ich wot bat al bis lond: ftond in Vortigernes hond.

> par vore ich wole pif don ? and drezen his wille. Forb wende be reue: and borhmen his ivere. and ifunde Merlyn: Merlyn hii nemen: and his iveres lowen. bo bat Merlyn was ilad:

If thou this 'wilt do, the king will receive them, and if thou carest it not, therefore thou wilt be driven out [wilt not do, the king will hang thee], and this burgh all 'consumed, [consume, and] 'this [the] folk all 'destroyed [drive out]." Then answered Eli, the reve of Caermarthen: "Well I wot, that all this land stands in Vortigers hand, 'and we are all his men,his honor is the more!'—'and we shall [therefore I will] do this 'gladly,' and perform his will." Forth went the reve, and the burghers his associates, and found Merlin, and his playfellows with him. Merlin they took, and his companions laughed; when that Merlin was led away, then was

<sup>1</sup> for-barnd?

þa wes Dinabus ful glad. [£90.c.1.] þo was Dunabuz fol glad. e1 wende pat he ilad weore: limen for to leose. ah al an o'der fet þe dom: ær hit weoren al idon. Nu wes Mærlinges moder: wundermere i-wurden. in ane hase munstre: muchene<sup>2</sup> ihaded. pider iwende Eli: be reue of Kaer-Merdin. & nom him þa lafdie: per heo læi on munstre. & uorð him gö ærne: to pan kinge Uortigerne. & muchel folc mid him : & ladden þa nunne & Merlin. Sone wes pat word cub? to Vortigernes kinges muð. þat icumen wes Eli: 20 & brohte pa lauedi. & Marling heore fone: wes mid hire per icumen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

he wende þat hit were: for bane pley bare. ac al an oper was be dom: are hit were al idon. Nou was Merlyn his moder: wonderliche iworbe. in one nonneric: munechene ihoded. pider wende Ely: be reue of Kermerbin. and nam þe gode leafdi: par 3eo was in munestre. and forb him gan erne: to pan king Vortigerne. [c. 2.] and mochel folk mid him: þat ladde þe nonne and Merlýn. Sone was pat word coup: to Vortiger be kinges mub. þat icome was Ely: and hadde ibroht be lafdi. and Merlyn hire fone? was mid hire par icome.

Dinabuz full glad; he weened that 'he were led away for to lose his limbs [it were for the play there], but all another way 'set [was] the doom, ere it were all done. Now was 'Merlins [Merlyn his] mother strangely become in a 'noble minster [nunnery] a hooded nun. Thither went Eli, the reve of Caermarthen, and took 'him' the [good] lady, where she 'lay [was] in the minster, and forth gan him run to the king Vortiger, and much folk with him, 'and [that] led the nun and Merlin. The word (tidings) was soon made known to [the] king Vortigers mouth, that Eli was come, and [had] brought the lady, and that Merlin her son was with her there come.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pa wes an liue: Vortigerne blide1. & þa læuedi aueng: mid swide uæire læten. & Mærlin he bitwahte<sup>2</sup>: goden twælf cnihten. þa weoren þā kinge holde : & hine witen fcolden. pa sæiden þe king Vortig<sup>98</sup>? wið þa nunne he spilede þer. 10 wiþ þe nonne spac þer. Gode læuedi fæi me: sæl þe fcal iwurðe. whar weoren þu iborē: wha streonede be to bearne. Þæ andfwarede þa nunne :' & hire fader nemnede. priddendale pis lond: ftod a mines fader hond. of pan londe he wes king: cuố hit wes wide. he wes ihatē Conaan: cnihtene lauerd. pa answarede pe king:

pe king be leafdi vnder-feng: and manfipe bi-hehte. and Merlyn he bi-tahte: twelf gode cnihtes. bat weren ban kige holde: and hine witie folde. po be king Vortiger: Gode leafdi sai me:

wo streonede be. po answerede pe nonne: and hire fader nemnede. pat pridden deal of al pif lond! ftod in mine fader hond. of pan londe he was king ? coup hit was wide. he was ihote Conan: cnihtene louerd. [c.2.] po spac Vortigerne:

Then was Vortiger blithe in life, and [The king] received the lady, with looks most fair [and honor promised], and Merlin he delivered to twelve good knights, who were faithful to the king, and him should guard. Then 'said' the king Vortiger, with the nun 'he' spake there: "Good lady, say to me,-- well it shall be to thee,--where wert thou born, who begat thee to be child '?" Then answered the nun, and named her father :—"[The] third part of [all] this land stood in my fathers hand; of the land he was king, known it was wide; he was named Conaan, lord of knights." Then 'an-

<sup>1</sup> blife?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> bitahte? Written at first Vortigene, but the last two letters expuncted.

fwulc heo hif cun weore.

Lauedi sæie þu hit mer sæl þe scal iwurðen.

her if Mærlin þi fune:

wha streonede hine.

who wes him a folke:

for fader iholden.

pa heng heo hire hæfued:

& heolde touward bræften. bi þan kinge heo fæt ful fofte:' 10

& ane lutle while pohte.

& ane lutie while ponte.

vmbe while heo fpac:

& fpilede wið þan kinge. King ich þe wulle tellë:

for feolcube spellen.

Mi fader Conaan be king:

luuede me purh alle ping.

ba iward ich on vestme:

pa Iwaro ich on vertine.

wunder ane fæir.

pa ich wes an uore:

fiftene zere.

ba wunede ich on bure :

on wunfele mine.

maidene mid me :

wūd<sup>9</sup>e ane uæire.

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afe he his cun were.

Leafdi sei pou nou me! leof pou hart me swipe.

her his Merlyn bi sone:

wo streonede hine.

King ich þe wolle telle !'
felcouþe fpelles.
Mi fader Conan þe king !'
lofuede me þorh alle þing.

and feodde me in boure:

mid mine maydenes deore.

swered the king [spake Vortiger], as if 'she [he] were of his kin: "Lady, say thou 'it [now] to me,—'well it shall be to thee [thou art to me very dear],—here is Merlin thy son, who begat him? 'Who was held for father to him among the folk?" Then hung she her head, and bent toward her breast; by the king she sate full softly, and thought a little while; after a while she spake, and said to the king': "King, I will tell thee marvellous stories. My father Conaan the king loved me through all things; 'then became I in stature wondrously fair. When I was fifteen years of age,' 'then dwelt I [and fed me] in bower, 'in my mansion'; 'my maidens with me, [with my maidens dear] 'wondrously fair'. [And] when I was in bed 'in slumber,

20

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

penne ich wæs on bedde iswaued: And po ich was abedde: mid foft mine flepen. mildeliche on flepe. par com me bi-vore: þē com biuoren: [[£74.c.1.] þa fæirest þing þat wes iboren. þat fayrest þinge þat was ibore. fwulc hit weore a muchel cniht: alse hit were a mochel cniht: al of golde idiht. al of golde idiht. pif ich isæh on sweuene: pis ping com me bi-vore: alche niht on flepe. eche niht on fleape. þif þing glad me biuoren: and glitene on golde. 10 ofte hit me custe: ofte hit me custe: ofte hit me clupte. and ofte hit me cluppte. ofte hit me to-bæh: ofte his hing ich iseh : & eode me swiðe neh. and ofte hit zeode me neh.

þa ich an ænde me bifæh : felcuo me puhte pas. mi mæte me wes læd1: mine limes uncude. selcuo me puhte:

pa ansæt ich on ænde : bat ich was mid childe. ba mi time com: pisne cnaue ich hæfuede.

selcup me pohte: what hit beon mihte. [£90b.c.1.] wat his beon mihte. 21 po angete ich at pan ende : bat ich was mid childe. po pat pe time com: pifne cnaue ich hadde.

with my soft sleep, then [mildly asleep, there] came before [me] the fairest thing that ever was born, as if it were a tall knight, arrayed all of gold. This 'I saw in dream [thing came before me] each night in sleep. 'This thing glided before me, and glistened of gold;' oft it me kissed, [and] oft it me embraced; oft'it approached me [this thing I saw], and [oft it] came to me 'very' nigh; 'when I at length looked to myself,-strange this seemed to me,-my meat to me was loathsome, my limbs unusual'; strange it seemed to me, what 'it [this] might be! Then perceived I at [the] end that I was with child; when 'my [that the] time came, this boy I had. I know not

Nat ic on folde? what his fader weoren.

ne wha his bijate? inne weorlde-riche.

no whater hit weore unwiht? be on godes halue idiht.

La swa ich ibedde are? nat ich na mare.

to suggen be of mine sune? hu he to worulde is icume.

be nunne beh hire hæsde adun? & hire huje dihte.

& hire huse dihte.

De king hine bi-pohte:

whæt he don mihte.

& droh him to ræde:

redsiuen gode.

& heo him raddē:

ræd mid þan bezfte.

pat he of-fende Magan:

D wes a felcuð mon.

He wes a wis clærc:

& cuðe of feolc cæften.

he cuðe wel ræden:

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not ich in þis worle:

wo his fader were.

pe king hine bi-pohte:
wat he don mihte.
and nam him to reade:
red;eues gode.
and hii him radde:
read mid pan befte.
pat he of-fende Madan!:
pat was a fwipe wifman.

in [this] world 'what [who] his father were, 'nor who begat him in this worlds-realm, nor whether it were evil-thing, or on Gods behalf dight. Alas! as I pray for mercy, I know not any more to say to thee of my son, how he is come to the world." The nun bowed her head down, and covered her features.' The king bethought him what he might do, and 'drew [took] to him good councillors to counsel; and they said him counsel with the best, that he should send for Magan, who was a 'marvellous [very wise] man.—'He was a wise clerk, and knew of many crafts; he would advise well, he could far direct'; he knew of the craft that dwelleth in the sky (astronomy),

1 R. Magan.

[Ma]gan.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

he cube feor læden. he cube of ba crafte:

þe wuneð i þan lufte.

he cube tellen: of ælche leod-spelle.

Magan com to hirede:

par be king wunede.

& pene king grætte: mid godfulle worde.

Hail seo þu & sund :

Vortigerne þe king.

ich æm icumē to þe:

cu'd me pine iwille. þa ādíwærede þe king:

& talde al pan clærke.

hu þa nunne hafde ifæid :

& axede hine per of ræd.

ord fram pan ende:

al he him talde. [c. 2.] pa fæide Magan :

Ich con ful wel her on.

per wunied in pan lufte:

feole cunne wihte.

þa þer fcullen bilæfuen:

þat domef-dæi cume liðen.

sume heo beoð aðele:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

he coupe of pan crafte:

pat woniep in pan lufte.

he coupe telle:

of eche leod-spelles. Magā com to þe stude:

par be king wonede.

and pane king grette:

mid his milde wordes.

Ich ham icome to be:

cup me pine wille. po answerede pe king:

and tolde pan clearke.

ou be nonne hadde ifeid :

and axede par of read.

po faide Magan :

fale cunne wiptes.

Ich con ful wel par an.

par woniep in pan lufte:

pat par mote wonie:

forte domes-dai come.

somme hii beoþ gode : [c.2.]

he could tell of each history (or language). Magan came to 'court [the place] where the king dwelt, and greeted the king with 'goodly [his mild] words: "'Hail be thou and sound, Vortiger the king!' I am come to thee, shew me thy will." Then answered the king, and told the clerk 'all,' how the nun had said, and asked 'him' thereof counsel; 'from the beginning to the end, all he him told.' Then said Magan: "I know full well 'hereon [thereon]. There dwell in the sky many kind of beings, that there shall remain [must dwell] until domesday 'arrive [come]; some they are

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& fumme heo uuel wurched. somme wircheb vuele. per on if swide muchel cun: þa cumeð imög monnen. heo beo'd ihaten ful iwis: hii beop i-hote foliwis: incubii demones. incubi demones. ne dod heo noht muchel scade! ne dob hii noht moche scape! bute hokeried pan folke. monine mō on1 fweuene: bote swinkeh men on sleape. ofte heo swenche 32. & monienne hende wimmon : 10 and mani on hénde wifman : purh heore cræfte kenneð anan. þorh hire craft kenneþ a-non. & monies godes monnes child ? heo bicharred burh wigelig. & þus wes Marlin bizeten: And bus was Merlyn bi-zete: & iboren of his moder. and ibore of his moder. & pus hit if al igan : quað þe clærc Magā. pa sæide Marling: po faide Merlyn ? [men: to pan feolue kinge. to feolue þā kinge. King bine men me habbeod inu- King bine men me habbeb inome! & ich æm to þe icumen. 21 and ich ham to be icome. & ich iwiten wulle: and ich iwite wolle:

good, 'and' some 'they' work evil. 'Therein is a race very numerous, that cometh among men'; they are named full truly Incubi Dæmones; they do not much harm, but 'deceive the folk; many a man in dream oft they delude [delude men in sleep], and many a fair woman through their craft childeth anon, 'and many a good mans child they beguile through magic.' And thus was Merlin begat, and born of his mother, 'and thus it is all transacted," quoth the clerk Magan.' Then said Merlin to the king himself: "King, thy men have taken me, and I am to thee come, and I would learn

wat beo bin wille.

what been bi wille.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Altered by a second hand to of.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The last four letters of this word are on an erasure by second hand.

³ kenne pr. m.

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& for wulche binge: ich æm ibroht to kinge. pa spilede pe king: mid fwikere1 fpeche. Mærlin þu ært hider icumen : bu nært nanes monnes fune. swide he longed: after lave spelle. iwhiten þu wult þa uore: nu bu hit scalt ihere. ¶ Ich habbe bigunnen a weorc: mid grūdliche stregde3. wel swide binume. fif busend men: wurcheð þer on. Ich habbe lim & stan: on leode nis betere nan. na in nare leode: weorcmen al fwa gode. al † heo leggeo à a dæi : to fode ich hit fugge mæi. ær dæi amarwen : al hit bið dune.

po saide be king: mid cwickere speche.

Swipe be langeb:

after lop speche. hii² þou wolt ware vore: 10 nou pou falt hit ihere. Ch habbe bi-gonne a worc: mid grundeliche strengbe. be haued mine gærfume : [691.c.1.] al hit haueh min garesome : of me clene bi-nome. fif busend men: wercheb eche dai bar on. And ich habbe lym and fton:

> al þat hii leggeþ adai : to sope ich þe segge mai. her dai a morwe: al hit his a-doune.

in þe worle nif betere non.

what is thy will, 'and for what thing I am brought to the king?' Then said the king with quick speech: "'Merlin, thou art hither come; thou art son of no man!' Much thou longest after loath speech; learn thou wilt 'the adventure [wherefore],—now thou shalt hear it. I have begun a work with great strength, 'that [it] hath [all] my treasure 'well much [from me clean] taken away; five thousand men work [each day] thereon. [And] I have lime and stone, in [the] world is none better, 'nor in any land workmen so good.' All that they lay in the day,—in sooth I may say 'it [to thee],—ere day in the morrow all it is down; 'each stone from the other

<sup>1</sup> cwikere?

<sup>2</sup> i-wite?

<sup>3</sup> ftrengte?

ælc stan from o'der: inalled to pan grunde. Nu sugged mine wise: and mine witie men. þat 3if ich nime þi¹ blod : ut of bire breofte. & minne wal wurche: & do to mine lime. penne mai he ftonde: to pere worlde longe. Nu pu hit wost al ? hu þe iwurðe scal. bis ihærde Mærlin: & bælh on hif mode. & pas word fæide: wrað þeh he weore. Nulle hit nauere god feolf: be gumenene is lauerd. p pi castel stonde: for mine heorte blode. ne nauere þi stan wal: stille ne ligge.

For alle bine witien:

beo'd fwide fwikele.

ifæid² læffinge:

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Nou feggeb mine wife: and mine wittye men. þat 3ef ich neme þi blod: vt of bine breofte. and do to mine lyme? and mine wal wurche. panne mihte he stonde: 10 to biffe worle longe. Nou pou iwost al: ou pe iworpe sal. þis ihorde Merlýn: [f.74b.c.1.] a-bolwe on his mode. and peos word faide: boh he wrob were. Nolle hit neuere god seolf: pat his mane louerd. pat pin castel stode: 20 for mine heorte blode.

Ac alle pine wittie! beop fwipe fwikele. hii feggep lefinge!

felled to the ground!' Now say my wise and my sage men, that if I take thy blood, out of thy breast, and work my wall, and put to my lime, then 'may [might] it stand to 'the [this] worlds end. Now thou knowest 'it' all, how it shall be to thee." Merlin heard this, 'and' angered in his mood, and said these words, though he were wrath: "God himself, who is lord of men, will it never, that the castle should stand for my hearts blood, 'nor ever thy stone wall lie still.' 'For [But] all thy sages are exceeding de-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The last letter of þi is on an erasure of two letters.

¹ heo fæið?

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þe týdinge me þencheþ game:

ich was isape him to bane.

and 3ef ich þe fegge fop :

and bine worc heale.

bi-vore bi fulue.

pat pou falt a-finde:

in pisse daies surste.

for þif sayde Joram:

pat his min folle fon.

Let com bi-vore be:

Joram bane wittye.

o and al his iveref:

[c.2.]

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bi-foren þæ¹ feolue.

p pu scalt afinde: a pisses dæies ferste.

for þif fæde Joram:

þe if mi fulle ifa.

pa tidende me punched game! ich wes iscepen him to bone.

Let cumen biuoren?

Joram þine<sup>8</sup> witie.

& alle his iuere:

forð rihtes here.

þa þeos lefinge:

talden þan kinge.

& 3if ich þe sugge :

soðe mine worde.

of bie walle:

& whi he4 adun falle8.

and mid fode hit bitelle:

bat heore talen finde<sup>5</sup> lefe.

3ef me heore hæfden:

3if ich þi wærc hæle.

pa andfwarede þe king :

mid quickere steuene.

for hire lefinges.

po answerede pe king :

mid cwickere stemne.

20 3ef me hire hefdes:

ceitful; they say leasings before thyself,—that thou shalt find in this days space. For Joram said this, who is my full foe; the tidings seem to me sport; I was shapen to his bane! Let Joram 'thy [the] sage come before thee, and all his companions, forth-right here, 'who told these leasings to the king;' and if I say thee 'my sooth words of thy wall, and why it down falleth, and with sooth it prove, that their tales are leasing [sooth, and thy work heal], give me their heads, 'if I thy work heal [for their leas-

ings]." Then answered the king with quick voice: "So help me my hand,

¹ þi? ² biuoren þe?

<sup>3 &</sup>amp; pine pr. m., but & expuncted.
5 finde?

<sup>4</sup> Interlined by a second hand.

Swa me help mi hond: bif forwærde ich be halde. To pan kinge was ibroht: Joram be witie. & feofue of his iueren: alle heo weoren uæie. Marline gromede: & he grimliche spæc.

lað me on heorten. whi falled bes wal: uolden to grunde.

sæie me wæh hit vælleð: pat pe wal reosed.

what mai man uinden: at pere dic grunde. Joram wes stille:

pa feide Merlin pas word: King hald me forward.

let deluen þas dich:

heo scullen uinden ænne stan:

Sæie me Joram leod-fwike:

10

20

ne cube he noht tellen.

feouen uoten deopere.

wunder ane ueire.

he if ueir & brad :

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So me helpe min hond? peos forewarde ich pe holde. To pan kinge was ibroht: Joram þe witty. and his foue veres: alle hii weren feye. Merlyn gramede: and wrobliche spac. Saie me Joram :

lob me on heorte.

sai waren hit his lang: pat be wal falleb. wat mai me finde: at pare dich his grunde. Joram was stille: ne coupe he noht telle. po faide Merlyn: Let delue pane dich anon. foue fet deoppere :

pane he his noupe. and bou falt finde pare anon: [c.2.] ane swipe brode ston.

this covenant I hold thee!" To the king was brought Joram the sage, and 'seven of his [his seven] companions,—all they were fated to die! Merlin angered, and 'he' spake wrathly:- 'Say me Joram, 'traitor,'-loathsome to me in heart,- why falleth this wall to the ground; say 'me' why it happeneth [what is the cause] that the wall falleth, what men may find at the 'dykes [dyke his] bottom?" Joram was still; he could not tell. Then said Merlin 'these words: "King, hold to me covenant!' Cause 'this [the] dyke to be dug [anon] seven feet deeper [than it is now]; 'they shall [and thou shalt] find 'a stone wondrously

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pis was sone idon:

po faide Merlyn:

Wat cunnes bingef:

Joram was stille:

vnder þis ston wonieþ.

ne coupe he noht telle. po faide Merlyn wonder:

A water bar his hunder.

þat water hii fūde anon.

towardef Joram.

and hii founde pane ston.

volke to bi-halden.

þa dich wes idoluē∶ seoue vet depre.

þa uundē¹ heo anan :

ber rihtes bene stan.

pa fæide Mærlin pas word:

King hald me forward. sæie me Joram :

mone me ladest2.

& fæie þiffe kinge:

wulches cunnes binges.

vnder bissen stane:

stačel habbeoð inumen.

Joram wes stille: ne cube he noht telle.

ba fæide Mærlin wunder:

A water her if under.

doh a-wai pisne stan! [f. 91°. c.1.]

þat water 3e findeð anan.

Heo duden a-wai bene stan: 20 Hii dude away bane ston:

10

at-foren þan kinge anon.

₿ water heo funden:

pa sæide Merlin. po saide Merlyn:

fair [there anon a very broad stone]; 'it is fair and broad, for folk to behold." 'The dyke was dug seven feet deeper; then [This was soon done, and] they found 'anon there-right' the stone. Then said Merlin 'these words [towards Joram]: "'King, hold to me covenant!" Say to me, Joram, man to me most hateful, and say to this king' what kind of thing 'hath taken station [dwelleth] under this stone?" Joram was still; he could not tell. Then said Merlin a wonder: "A water here [there] is under; 'do away this stone, the water ye shall find anon.'" They did away the stone 'before the king anon'; the water they found [anon]. Then said

<sup>1</sup> This word has been subsequently altered to ivunden.

<sup>2</sup> labest?

Æxe me Joram : pe is mi fulle ifa.

umben ane stunde:

fuggen be of ban grunde. what wuned i ban watere:

wintres & fummeres.

pe king axede Joram :

ah ne cube he nowiht per on.

pa 3et fæide Mærlin pas word:
King hald me foreward.

Let alæten þif wæter !

& wei weorpen.

per wunied i pan grunde!

tweien draken stronge.

pe an is a nord half?

pe oder a sud half.

pe oder if milc-whit: ælche deore unnilich.

þe ofer ræd alfe blod:

wurmen alre baldest.

wurmen alle baluert.

Ælche middernihte:

heo bigunne's to fihten.

8

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and fpac toward Joram.

Wat wonieh in han grunde: bi-halues pan watere. po faide Joram: Ne can ich noht bar an. Nou faide Merlyn þis word: 10 King holde me foreward. Letep lade pat water: and awey werpe. par woniep in pan grunde: tweie drakes stronge. pe on his a norp half: be ober a sub half. be on his milc-wit? eche deor onilich. be ober to read to blod? 20 worm alre boldeft. Eche midnihte: hii bi-ginneb to fihte.

and borh hire fihte:

Merlin: "Ask me [and spake toward] Joram, 'who is my full foe, after a while, to say thee of the bottom,' what dwelleth 'in the water, winter and summer [at the bottom, beside the water]." The king asked [Then said] Joram, 'but he knew ["I know] nought thereof. 'The yet [Now] said Merlin these words: "King, hold to me covenant! Cause 'this [the] water to be carried off, and away cast; there dwell at the bottom two strong dragons; the one is on the north side, the other on the south side; the one is milk-white, to each beast unlike, the other [as] red as blood, boldest of all worms! Each midnight they begin to fight, [and through their fight] thy

<sup>1</sup> offer?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A line is here wanting.

feollen bine wurckes. þe eorðe gon to-rufien: & pi wal to-reofen. purh fwulche wundre: bi wal if afallen. þa iwrað i þissen flode∶ & noht for mine blode. pis wæter wes al ilæde: þes kinges men weoren glæde. muchel wes pa blisse: biuoren þan leod-kinge. & sone per after: fari heo weorē. ær be dæi come to ende : heo iherden tidinde. þa þa water wes al ilædden: & þe put wes ilær. [[c. 2.] pa comen ut pas tweië draken: po comen vt pe twei drakes! & muchel dunen makeden. 20 and fupten feondeliche ? [£75.c.l.] & fuhten grimliche: dun i pere dich. ne isæh nauere na cniht: nan ladluker fiht. fluzen of heore mude:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

folle bine workes. be eorbe gan to-cwakie: and pin wal to-refe. and porh foche wondre: bine walles fulle. þis water was a-way idon: after Merlyn his dom.

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flogen of hire moupe: works fell, the earth began to 'sink [quake], and thy wall to tumble; [and] through such wonder thy 'wall is fallen [walls fell], 'that happened in this flood, and not for (on account of) my blood.'" This water was 'all carried off [done away, after Merlin his sentence]; 'the kings men were glad, great was the bliss before the monarch, and soon thereafter they were sorry; ere the day came to an end, strange tidings they heard. When the water was all carried off, and the pit was empty,' then came out 'these

and mochel dune makede.

ne feh neuere non cniht :

dun in pare dich.

non loblichere fiht.

[the] two dragons, and made great din, and fought fiercely down in the dyke. Never saw any man any loathlier fight; 'flames of fire [fiery sparks] flew from their mouth! The 'monarch [king] saw this [fight], 'their

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. fures leomē. pis ifah pe leodking: grimme heore lates. pa wes he awundred: on biffere wurlde-riche. what weore bif tacninge: þa he ifah þer on grunde. & hu Mærlin hit wuste: pat nan oder mon nuste. Ærest wes be white buuen: 10 & feodden he wes bi-neoden. & þe drake ræde: for-wundede hine to dæðe. and æider wende to his hole: ne isæh heom seodde na mon i- ne seah ham suppe no man ibore. buf ferden beof big: pat isah Vortig<sup>9</sup>ne pe king. Ad alle be weoren mid him: luueden swide Mærlin.

& pe king hatede Joram ?

þe mid him weoren þære.

& his hæfed hi binam.

& his seouene iuerē:

furie gledes. pis fiht ifah be king ? and awondrede him. hou Merlyn hit wiste: pat non noper nuste. Erest was be wite boue: and suppe he was bi-neope. and be drake reade: for-wondede him to deape.

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and aiper wende to his hole? [boren. pus ferde pis ping: bat i-fah Vortiger be king. And alle his iveren: and lofuede swipe Merlyn. and be king hatede Joram : and his hefued him bi-nom. and alle his iveres: pat mid him pare were.

grim gestures'; 'then was he astonished [and wondered him] 'in this worlds-realm, what this tokening were, that he saw there at the bottom, and 'how Merlin knew it, that no other 'man' knew. First was the white above, and afterwards he was beneath, and the red dragon wounded him to death; and either went to his hole,—no man born saw them afterwards! Thus fared this thing that Vortiger the king saw. And all that were with him [his companions] loved Merlin greatly; and the king hated Joram, and deprived him of his head, and [all] his 'seven' comrades that with him were there. The king went to his house, and led Merlin with

20

<sup>1</sup> Redundant?

To telde eode be king: & mid him lædde Mærlin.

& seide him mid mucle luue:

Mærling þu ært wilcume.

& ich be ziuē wulle:

al p bu zirnest.

of mine londe:

of feoluere & of golde.

He wende burh Mærlin :

† lond al iwinnē.

ah al over hit wende:

ær comen þes daies ende. pus fræinede þe king :

his leofe freond M<sup>9</sup>lin.

Sæie me nu M<sup>9</sup>lin:

monnen me leofuest.

þe þene dune makeden.

be stan & bat water:

& þat wundreliche¹ fæht.

fæie me 3if þi wil is:

whæt bitacned al bif.

& seoððen þu most me ræden:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

To telde eode be kinge: and ladde mid him Merlyn.

ant tahte him moche lofue:

Merlyn bou hart wilcome.

He wende borh Merlyn: 10 al þat lond awinne.

ac al oper hit iwarb:

fone par hafter.

po saide pe king:

Leoue freond Merlyn.

what bitacnie's þa draken : [f. 92. wat bi-tocneþ þaie drakef : þat þane dune makede. and be fton: and bat water: and baie stronge fihtes. sai me of bin willes:

wat bi-tokenep al pis.

And suppe pou most me reade:

him, and 'said to [bestowed on] him 'with' much love: "Merlin, thou art welcome, 'and I will give thee all that thou desirest, of my land, of silver and of gold." He weened through Merlin to win all the land, but it happened 'all otherwise 'ere the days end came [soon thereafter]. The king 'thus asked his [then said :] dear friend Merlin, "'Say me now, Merlin, man to me dearest,' what betoken the dragons that made the din, [and] the stone, and the water, and the 'wondrous fight [strong combats]? Say me, 'if thy will is [of thy will], what betokeneth all this? And afterwards thou must counsel me how I shall guide me, and how I may win my

<sup>1</sup> wundeliche pr. m.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. hu ich scal me læden. & hu ich mai biwinne: kinedo minne. of Hengest mines wives fader: pe swide me hæfd ihærmed. þa andfwarede Merlin: pane kinge pe spac wið him. King þu ært unwis: & vnwiter a ræde. bu fræinest of ban draken: þe þene dune makeden. & whæt tacned heore fiht: & heore feondliche gripe. Heo tacned kinges: ba funde to cumene. & heore fiht & heore uare: & heore uæi uolc. Ah 3if þu weore swa wis mō: & swa witter a boncke. þat þu fræinedest me: of feole bine forzen. of pire mucle kare: ba be if to cumene. ich þe wolde fuggen: of forze bine.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. ou ich fal me leade. and hou ich may bi-winne: [c. 2.] kinedom minne. of Hengest mine wifues fader: pat swipe me hauep hi-harmed. po answerede Merlyn: to pan king pat spac wip him. King bou hart onwis! and onwytti of reade. bou axest of ban drakes: pat pane dune makede. and wat bi-tokenep hire fiht: and hire grim refes. Hii bi-tokeneb kinges: pat 3et beop to comene.

Ac 3ef bou were fo wif man: fo ich wende þat þou were. panne pou wost axi: of pine mochele care. and of bine wowe: bat be his to comene.

kingdom from Hengest, my wifes father, who hath harmed me greatly." Then answered Merlin to the king that spake with him: "King, thou art unwise, and foolish in counsel; thou askest of the dragons that made the din, and what 'betokened [betokeneth] their fight, and their fierce assaults? They betoken kings that [yet] are to come, 'and their fight, and their adventure, and their fated folk!' But if thou wert so wise a man, 'and so prudent in thought, that thou haddest inquired of me [as I weened that thou wert, then thou wouldest ask] of thy 'many sorrows, [great care, and] of thy 'great care [woe], that is to come to thee, 'I would say to thee of thy sorrow." Then 'quoth [said] Vortiger the king: "Dear friend Merlin,

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. Vortiger. þa quað Vortig<sup>9</sup> þe king: po saide Vortiger pe king: Leofue freond Merling. Leoue freod Merlyn. fæie me of þan þinge: sai me of pan pinge: be me to cumen fonden. pat me beop to comende. Bludeliche quad¹ Mærlin ? Blopeliche cwab Merlyn2: baldere stefne. ich þe wulle fuggen: ich þe wolle fegge: ah æuere hit wule þe<sup>8</sup> reouwen. ac euere hit wole þe reuwe. king king bi-seh þe: king king bi-fi3 þe : 10 forwe þe his 3efue. forzen þe bið zeueðe. of Costantines cunne: of Constantines cunne: hif ber þu aqualdeft. his fone bou acweldeft. [c. 2.] bu lettest flæn Costanz: bou lettest slea Constance: be wes king a bif lond. be king of biffe londe. þu lettest þine Peohtes: hine ladliche biswiken. per uore pu ibidest: par vore pou ibidest : alre baluwene mæst. alre care mest. Seodden þu tuzen uuenon þe: Suppe pou drohe to be? uncube leoden. vncoupe leode. Saxes to lode: Sax[es.] Saxes to londe: per uore pu wurdest to scode. þar þou bidest scode.

say me of the things that are to come to me." "Blithely," quoth Merlin, 'with bold voice,' "I will say to thee; but ever it will thee rue. King, king, be-see thee (see to thyself), sorrow is to thee given of Constantines kin!—his son thou killedest; thou causedest Constance to be slain, 'who was [the] king 'in [of] this land; 'thou causedest thy Peohtes to betray (or destroy) him basely'; therefore thou shalt suffer 'sorrows [care] most of all! Afterwards thou drewest 'upon [to] thee foreign people, the Saxons to this land; therefore thou shalt be destroyed [suffer destruction]! Now are the

Nu beo'd of Brutaine :

Nou beob of Bruttes:

<sup>1</sup> quat?
3 Interlined, man. sec.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A line seems here wanting.

Auril[ie.] Vthe[r.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

beornes ariued. hit his Aurilien & Vther: nu þu ært þær of war.

heo cume'd to-mærgen fuliwis:

i pif lond at Tottenæs. ich do þe wel to witene:

mid feouen hundred scipene.

& nu heo inne sæ :

fælieð biliue.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

cnihtef ariued.

pat his Aurelie and Vther :

nou pou hart par of iwar.

hii comeh to-morwe foliwis : [£.75b.c.1.]

at Dertemub in Totenas.

ich do þe wel to iwite: mid sceoue hundred sipes.

[idon:

pu hauest heom muchel uuel idon !pou hauest heom mochel harm and nu bu most bat las on-fon. 11 and nou bou most bat onder-fon. bu hauest a ba halue:

bone þe þencheð.

pine ifan pe biuoren:

& pine ifeond bæften.

Ah flih flih þinne wæi :

& burh bine life.

& fleo pider pe pu fleo :

heo þe wulleð after teon. Ambrofie Aurilien:

ah he burh atterne drench:

dæð fcal iþolien.

for nou bine fon be beob bi-vore: and eke bi-hinde.

fleo woder pat pou fleo! hii þeo wolleþ after teo.

And be eldre brober :

he hæued1 ærest þisne kinedon2. worþ king bi-vore þan oþer.

ac he borh hatterne drench:

deap fal polie.

'barons [knights] of 'Britain [Britons] arrived; 'it [that] is, Aurelie and Uther,—now thou art thereof aware ;—they shall come tomorrow, full truly, in this land at [at Dartmouth in] Totnes, I do thee well to wit, with seven hundred ships; 'and now they sail speedily in the sea.' Thou hast much 'evil [harm] done to them, and now thou must 'the harm [that] receive; 'thou hast on both sides bane that to thee shall seem'; [for now] thy foes [are] before thee, and 'thy enemies [eke] behind. 'But flee, flee thy way, and save thy life,—and' flee whither that thou fleest, they will pursue after thee! 'Ambrosie Aurelie he shall have first this kingdom [And the elder brother

20

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

& feodden scal Vther Pendrago : and suppe sal Vther Pendragun: habben þefne kinedom. habbe þifne kinedom. ah þi cun hine scal: ac pi cun hine sal : mid hatter acwelle. mid attere aqllē. ah ær he dæd¹ þolie: ac her he deb bolie : he fcæl dune makien. he fal dune makie. Vther scal habben ænne fune: Vther fal habbe one fone: of Cornwaille he scal cumen. bat fal vt of Cornwale come. pat beo'd a wilde bar : [£929.c.1.] alse hit were a wilde bor : iburstled mid stele. 10 ibrustled mid stele. be bar fcal for-bærnen: þe bor fal for-bearne : hæhze þa burhzes. swipe heze borewes. he fcal alle þa fwiken: fwenien mid eize. he fcal al pi riche cun : mid witen aquellen. he bið fwiðe oht mon: & abele an bonke. heonenæ into Rome: hinene to Rome: rixled beos ilke. so folle rixly his domes. scal he alle his feond:

hinene to Rome:'
folle rixly his domes.
he fal alle his fon:'
falle to pan grunde.
Sop ich habbe pe ifeid:'
ac nis pe noht pe fohtere'.

shall be king before the other]; but he through draught of poison shall suffer death. And afterwards shall Uther Pendragon have this kingdom; but thy kin shall kill him with poison; but ere he suffer death, he shall din (contest) make. Uther shall have a son, [out] of Cornwall he [that] shall come, 'that shall be [as it were] a wild boar, bristled with steel; the boar shall consume 'the [most] noble burghs; 'he shall destroy (or devour) all the traitors with authority; he shall kill with death all thy rich kindred; he shall be man most brave, and noble in thought'; hence 'in' to Rome 'this same [his authority] shall rule; all his foes he shall fell to [the] ground. Sooth I have said

fallen to grunde.

Soo ich habbe þe isæid:

ah nis þe na þe foftre.

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. ah flih mid þine verde: for wede woder bou wende? bine iuon be cume's to herede!. bine dazes beob at be ende. þa afwac worden: Merlin be wise. & pe king lette blawen: breottene bemen. & forð mid his ferde: pe king mid his ferde? feodliche? swide. forb wende swibe. Nes per uord rihtes! Nas par sop riht: 10 bote forst of on niht. bute uirst of ane nihte. pat comen pe bropers: pat comen pa brodere: beien to-fome<sup>3</sup>. beine to-gadere. to fæ ströde ful iwis: to féé stronde foliwis: at Dertemonhe in Totenas. [c. 2.] [To]ttenas. at Dertenemude i Totenas. pis i-horde Bruttes: bis iherden Bruttes: & weoren blide ful iwis. and weren blipe foliwis. heo drozen ut of þan wuden: hii drozen vt of be wodes: & of pan wulderne. and of be wilderne. bi fixti & bi fixti : bi fixti bi hundredes: & bi feouen hundred. bi þrit4 & bi þritti : and bi mani busendes. & bi feole pusend.

to thee, but it is not to thee the softer;—but flee with thine host, thy foes come to thee to thy court [for go whither thou goest, thy days are at the end]!" 'Then Merlin the wise ceased his words, and' the king 'caused thirteen trumpets to be blown, and' marched forth with his army 'exceeding' quickly. There was not 'forth-right [right sooth] but space of one night, that the brothers came, both together, to the sea-strand full truly, at Dartmouth in Totnes. The Britons heard this, and were full surely blithe; they drew themselves out of the woods, and out of the wilderness, by sixty, 'and by sixty, and' by 'seven hundred [hundreds], 'by thirty, and

pa heo comen to-fomne:

<sup>1</sup> At first written hirede.

² feondliche?

<sup>\*</sup> to-fomne?

<sup>4</sup> þritti ?

ful sel hit heo puhte. Pa brodere to pissen ærde:

brohten vnimete verde. & her comen heom bi-uoren:

balde has Bruttes.

vnimete uolc:

al hit wræc þa wolde.

þæ ær weoren 3eond wudes :

wunderliche to-dreued.

and burh be muclen ærmöe. 11

& purh pene mucle hærm:

ba Hengest heom wrohte.

& hafde alle heore hæfd-men:

mid cniuen amuroerd.

mid fæxen to-fnædðe<sup>2</sup>:

fnelle þe þeines.

Bruttes heolden hustig:

mid heze wisdome.

heo nomen Aurilien: bene ældre broder anan.

inne hæze hustinge:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

And bropers to pif erpe: brohte moche ferde:

and her com heom bi-vore:

mani bolde Bruttes.

pat hadde 3am lang ihudde:

purh pene muchelne zeie : [c. 2.] for Hegestes eye.

And po hii heolde speche?
mid mochele wisdome.

and nemen Aurelien?
pan eldre broper anon.
and to-fore alle ping?

by thirty,' and by many thousands,—'when they came together, full good it seemed to them!' [And] the brothers brought to this land a 'numerous [great] host; and here came before them 'these [many] bold Britons, a numerous folk, 'who would it all avenge,' that 'ere were over the woods wondrously scattered [had long hid themselves], 'through the mickle dread, and through the great misery, and through the mickle harm that Hengest wrought them [for dread of Hengest], 'and who had murdered all their chief men with knives, with sexes cut in pieces the good thanes!' 'The Britons [And then they] held 'husting [conference] with great wisdom; 'they [and] took anon Aurelie, the elder brother, 'in the noble husting, and raised [before all things made] him to be king. Then

<sup>1</sup> And be?

² to-inæbde?

Genoire.

Hargin.

swa muchel fwa heo rohten.

pat heo inoh hafden:

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and heouen hine to kinge. makede hine to kinge. ba weoren Bruttes: po weren Bruttes: mid bliffe auulled. blide an mode: swipe blipe foliwis. bæ ær weoren murne. Come pes tidinge: Comen pas tidende: to Vortiger pan kinge. to Vortigerne pan kinge. þat Aurilien wes icoren: bat Aurelie was ichofe! ād to kinge iheouen. and to kinge ihoue. þa wes Vortig<sup>9</sup> wa: 10 po was him wel wo: & æft him wes wurse. and eft him was worfe. Vortiger uerde: Vortiger wende: ver to ane castle. for to one castle. Genoire hæhte: Genoyre he hehte: hæh an ane munte. heh vpon an hulle. Cloard hæhte þe munt: Gloar hehte be hul? and Hærgin hahte þat lond. and þat lond Hergýn. on væst Wæie: be is a water hende. Vortigeres men nemen: Vortigernes men nomen: al þat hii neh comen. al pat heo neh comen. heo nomen wepnen & mete: hii nemen wepne and mete: mani ane wife. a moni are wife. to pan castle heo brohte: to pan castle hit brohte:

were the Britons 'filled with bliss, blithe in mood who ere were mournful [most blithe full truly]. These tidings came to Vortiger the king, that Aurelie was chosen and raised to be king. Then was 'Vortiger [he well] woe, and eft to him was worse! Vortiger proceeded far to a castle, 'named [it hight] Genoure, [up]on a high 'mount [hill]; Cloard hight the 'mount [hill], and Hergin 'hight' the land, 'near the Wye, that is a fair water (stream).' Vortigers men took all that they came nigh; they took weapons and meat, 'on' many a wise; to the castle 'they [it] brought 'as much as they cared for, so that they had enow', though it little helped them. Aurelie

peh hit lutel hulpe.

Aurilien & Vther: weoren of Vortigerne war.

wher he wes uppen Cloward!

biclused in castlen.

Heo letten blawe bemen:

bonnien heore uerde. [f. 93. c. 1.]

volc unimete:

of moi ane londe.

ferden to Genoire:

þær læi Vortigerne.

King wes wið utē:

king wes wið innē.

cnihtes þer fuhten:

mid feödliche ræfen.

æuerælc god mö: gurede hine feolfuen.

pa heo isezen:

þat heo sigen næfden.

pa to wude wenden:

heo uelden þæne wude adun:

& drozen to pan castle.

8. Calden al har diad

& fulden al þæ dic:

be mes munder ane deop.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

beh hit lute holpe.

Aurelie and Vther: weren of Vortiger war.

pat he was in Gloarp:

bi-tuned in an castel.

10 hii to Genoyre wende:

war Vortiger alende. [f.76.c.1.]

King was wip ine: king was wip houte.

cnihtef þar fohtē:

mid feondeliche refes.

And cnihtef a pan ende :'
to pan wode wende.
hii fulde pane wode adun :'
and ladde to pan castle.
and sulde al pan dich :'

anon to be toppe.

and Uther were aware of Vortiger, 'where [that] he was 'upon [in] 'Cloard, inclosed in [a] castle. They 'caused trumpets to be blown, their host to be assembled,—a numerous folk of many a land,—they' marched to Genoure, where Vortiger lay. A king was within, a king was without; knights there fought with fierce encounters; 'every good man made himself ready. When they saw, that they had not the victory,'then a wondrous great force [And the knights at the end] went to [the] wood; they felled the wood down, and drew to the castle, and filled all the dyke, 'that was wondrously deep [anon to the top. And] fire 'they' sent in, on every side, and called to

Feor 1 heo in sende ?

on æuerælche ende. & cleopeden to Vortiger:

Nu þu fcalt þe warmen þer.

for bu floze Coftanz:

be wes king of bif lond.

& seovoe Costantin his sune :

nu if Aurilie icumen. & Vther his broder:

þa þe balu fendeð.

pe wind wæht pat fur ? † hit wunderliche born.

be castel gon to berne:

bures per flælden?. feollen þa hallen:

flozen3 to grunde.

Ne mihten ber na cniht:

azeines þe fure makien fiht.

pat fur eode ouer al:

& barnde huf & barnde wal.

& pe king Vortigone: ber inne he gon to berne.

al hit for-swælde:

bat ber inne wunede.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

And fur in fende:

in euereche ende.

and cleopede to Vortiger: Nou pou sal pe wormie per.

pe wind wehte pat fur : pat hit wel barnde.

Ne mihte par non cniht: azen þan fure makie fiht. pat fur wende oueral: 20 and barnde cniht and barnd hal. and be king Vortigerne: par in gan to bearne. · al hit for-swelde:

bat har ine wonede.

Vortiger: "Now thou shalt warm thee there, for thou slewest Constance, who was king of this land, and afterwards Constantine his son. Now is Aurelie come, and Uther his brother, who send thee bale!" The wind wafted the fire, so that it burnt'wonderfully [well]; 'the castle gan to burn, the chambers there were consumed; the halls fell to the ground.' Might no man there against the fire make fight (resist); the fire went over all, and burnt 'house [man], and burnt 'wall [hall]; and the king Vortiger therein 'he' gan to burn; all it was consumed that therein dwelt!

<sup>1</sup> Fur?

² fwælden?

<sup>3</sup> folden?

Deo gra-

mid muchele ærme Vortiger. pa hafde al pat lond: Aurilie an hif hod. per wes pe avele eorl: [c.2.] Aldolf ihaten. he wes of Gloucestre: cnihtē alre glæuest. þær Aurilie i þā ærde : makede hine stiwærd. þa hæfde Aurilien: & Vther his brodrer1. heore ifan auelde: & weore per fore pe blivere. pif iherden Hengest: cnihten alre strengest. ba wes he auæred: feondliche swide2. He fusde his ferde : & flæh touward Scotten. & Aurilie be kīg: æfter him uerde an hizinge. & Hengest puhte pat he walde:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pus ændede þer:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

Pus endede par :

mid mochele wowe Vortiger.
and Aurelie to hif hond:
nam al his kine-lond.
par was he ftrong eorl:
Aldolf ihote.
he was of Gloucestre:
cniht mid han beste.

par riht Aurelie:

10 his stiward hine makede.

pis ihorde Hengest : cniht alre falsest.

He hizede swipe: and wende toward Scottes. and Aurelie pe king: after verde an hizenge.

Thus ended there, with mickle 'harm [woe], Vortiger! 'Then [And] Aurelie 'had [took] all 'the land [this kingdom] in his hand. There was the strong earl, named Aldolf; he was of Gloucester, 'of all knights skilfullest [knight with the best]; 'there in the land [there-right] Aurelie made him [his] steward. 'Then had Aurelie, and Uther his brother, felled their foes, and were therefore the blither!' Hengest heard this, strongest of all knights [knight falsest of all]; 'then was he afraid exceeding greatly. He'marched his host [hastened greatly], and 'fled [proceeded] toward the Scots; and Aurelie the king went after 'him' in haste. 'And Hengest thought that he

1 brover?

² (wide?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

mid¹ al his mon-uerde.

3if me on-fohte him :'
fleon in to Scotte.

pat he mihte mid wizele :'
panene atwinden.

3if he ne mihte i pan londe :'
uor Aurilie at-ftode².

Aurilie ferde uorŏ :'

& droh his folc riht norŏ.

mid alle his imihte:

Bruttes weoren balde? & rehten ouer walde. ba hafde Aurilien:

vnimete uerde.

he funde west lond: leoden of-slæzene.

chiriches fur-barde<sup>3</sup>:'
Bruttes for-fwæled.

pa fæide Aurilie þe king:

Bruttene deorlig.

3if ich mot ibiden:

p ich azæ ride.

noid al his mihte: [c.2.]

folle fouenihte.

Bruttes weren bolde: and rehten ouer wolde.

po hafde Aurelie: onimete verde.

he funde in west lond: pe chnihtes is lawe.

and pe chirches alle: icast to pan grunde.

po saide Aurelie pe king: Bruttene deorlig.

would, with all his army, if men pursued him, flee into Scotland, so that he might thence with guile escape, if he might not for Aurelie remain in the land. Aurelie marched forth, and led his host right north,' with all his might, full a se'nnight. The Britons were bold, and proceeded over the weald. Then had Aurelie a numerous force; he found [in] ravaged land, [the] people slain, [and all the] churches 'burnt [cast to the ground], 'and the Britons consumed.' Then said Aurelie the king, Britains darling: "If I might 'abide, that I should back ride; and if the Lord it will, who shaped

<sup>1</sup> The last letter of mid is by second hand, sup. ros.

<sup>2</sup> at-stonde?

<sup>3</sup> for-barnde?

& hit wulle drihte: be scop bes dazes lihte.

pat ich mote mid ifunde:

bizite mine ikunde.

chirchen ich wulle arære:

& god ich wulle hærē.

zeue his irihte.

& auer ælche beorne:

þan ælden & þan 3ungē.

ich wulle milden wurden¹: 3if godd me wule ivnnæ:

min æðel to biwinnen.

To Hengeste comen tidende: of Aurilie pan kinge.

pa spac Hengest: cnihtē alre swikelest.

Hærcneð nu mi men:

monscipe eou is ziuede. her cumeo Aurilie:

& Vther his brober eke.

heo bringeo swide muchel folc:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

3ef ich mote mid ifunde:

bi-3ete mine cunde. cherchef ich wolle a-rere:

and god ich wolle herie.

ich wulle alche cnihte: [f.93b.c.1.] ich wolle eche cnihte: zeuen his rihte.

> To Hengest com tydinge: of Aurelie pan kinge. pat he brohte ferde : of onimete folke. po spac Hengest: and leorede his cnihtes.

wat ich ou wolle cube.

her come Aurelie and Vther:

20 Hercneh nou mine men :

the day-light, that I might 'in safety obtain my right (or country), churches I will arear, and God I will worship. I will give to each man his right, 'and to every person, the old and the young, I will be gracious, if God will grant to me my land to win!" Tidings came to Hengest of Aurelie the king, [that he brought an army of innumerable folk]. Then spake Hengest, 'most treacherous of all knights, [and instructed his knights]: "Hearken now, my men,—'honor to you is given [what I will make known to you], here cometh Aurelie, and Uther 'eke, his brother; they bring very much

<sup>1</sup> A line seems here wanting, and an attempt seems to have been made to insert i before wurden.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. ah alle heo beoð fæie. For vnwis if be king: fwa beo'd his cnihtes. & a cnaue is his broder: þe an alse þe oðer. þer fore magen Bruttes: beon muchele þe vnbaldur. penne pat hæfd is unwræft: þe hælp¹ is þæ wurfe. & wel 3e hit ma3en imunen : 10 bat ich wulle mæinen. betere beoð ure fifti: pænne heore fif² hundred. bat heo feole fiden: ifonded habbeo's. seoboen heo an londe : födeden leoden. For cub hit if wide: of ure wider-deden. ₱ we beoð kempen: icud mid þan bezsten.

and beie hii beop feaye.

For onwis his pe king:

fo his his broper:

par fore magen Bruttes:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

par fore magen Bruttes?'
beo pe onbaldere.
wan pat heued his onwrest?'
be heop his pe worse.

and betere beop vre fifti? pane hire fif hūdred. pat hii fale fipe? habbep i-funde.

We scullen agen beom stonden: We solle agen beom stonder: & driven beom of londen. and driven of londe. and walden has riche: and welde heos riche:

folk,' 'but all [and both] they are fated! For the king is unwise, 'so are his knights, and' 'a knave [so] is his brother, 'the one as the other'; therefore may Britons be 'much' the un-bolder; when the head (leader) is bad, the heap (multitude) is the worse. And 'well ye may it remember, what I will say'; better are fifty of us, than of them five hundred,—that they many times have found, 'since they in land sought the people. For known it is wide, of our bold feats, that we are chosen warriors with the best!' We shall against them stand, and drive them from land, and possess this realm

<sup>1</sup> heep ?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sup. ras.

Aurilie.

after ure iwille. puf bælde Hængest: cnihten alre hændest. balde hif ferde: ber heo wes an felde. ær com feouen niht. Ford comen pa tidide: to Aurilie pan kinge. whær Hengest wunede: buuen are munede. Aurilien hafde to iuerē: þritti þufend rideren. baldere? Brutten: þe heore beot makeden. & æc he hafde Walisce: wunder ane monie. pa lette he his cnihtes: dæies & nihtes. æuere beon iwepned: alfe heo to wize fcolden. for auere he care hafde:

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after oure wille. pus pe swikele Hengest: baldede his cnihtes. ah o'der weies hire 1 was idiht: [c. 2.]ac oper weyef hit was idiht: here come þe dai a foueniht. [67 Com be tidinge: to Aurelie pan kinge. 10 war Hengest a-bod : vpon ane munede. And Aurelie mid his ferde : to him wende swipe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

after our will." Thus 'hold [the traitorous] Hengest, 'fairest of all knights,' emboldened his 'host [knights], 'where he was in field,' but otherwise it was disposed ere came [the day a] se'nnight. 'Forth' came the tidings to Aurelie the king, where Hengest abode upon a mount. 'Aurelie had for companions thirty thousand riders, bold Britons, who made their threat; and eke he had Welsh, wondrously many. Then caused he his knights to be ever weaponed, day and night, as if they should go to battle; for ever he had care

of the heathen folk. [And Aurelie with his host marched quickly towards

An pat ihorde Hengest:

20

1 hit?

of hedene uolke. pa iherde Hengest:

2 baldere?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pat Aurilien wes on uaft. nom he hif ferde :

& fusde him to-3aines.

þa wes Aurilie wær:

þat Hengest wolde cumē þær.

he uærde in ane velde:

wel iwepned under scelde. nom he forð rihtes:

ten þusend cnihtes.

þa weoren bezst iboren:

& of hif ferde coren.

& fetten heom a þan felde :

auoten under fcelde.

Ten pusend Walisce:

he to wude fende.

ten þusend Scottes:

he fende bi-halues.

be hædene to imete:

bi stizen & by straten.

& his a dele kempes.

& hif holdeste men:

þa he hæfde an londe.

& makede his fceld-trume:

fwulc hit weoren an hær wude.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat Aurelie was anewest.

nam he his ferde :

and wende him to-3enes. bo was Aurelie war:

pat Hengest wolde come par.

he wende in one felde:

wel iwepnid onder fealde.

Ten busend Walse : he to wode fende. ten pufend Scottef: he fende bi-halues. be heapene to mete: bi weief and bi ftrede. him feolf he nom his eorles: 20 him feolf he nam his eorles: and his stronge cnihtes.

> and makede one foltrome: ase hit were a wilde wode.

him.] 'When [And] Hengest heard [that,] that Aurelie was near, he took his army, and marched against him. When Aurelie was aware that Hengest would come there, he went into a field, well weaponed under shield; 'he took forth-right ten thousand knights, that were the best born and chosen of his force, and set them in the field, on foot under shield.' Ten thousand Welsh he sent to the wood; ten thousand Scots he sent aside, to meet the heathens by ways and by streets; himself he took his earls and his 'good warriors [strong knights], 'and his faithfullest men, that he had in land,' and made 'his [a] shield-troop, as it were a wild wood; five thousand there

fif busend ber riden! þa sculden al þis folc biwiten. Aldolf. pa cleopede 1 Aldolf: eorl of Gloucestre. 3if hit me on drihte: þe alle domes waldeð. pat ich mote ibide: pat Hængest cume riden. pa if a pissen londe: swa longe atstode. & bifwac mine leofe freondes: mid longe hif fæxes. bifidē Amberefburi: mid ærmliche witē. Ah 3if ich mihte of þan eorlē: p agel me bi-winnen. benne mihte ich fuggen : soo quides mine. ₱ me hafde godd feolf : godes iunnen. 20 3if ich mine ifan: fallen to grunde anan.

& wræken mi deore cun:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

fif pousend par ride?

pat folde pis folk wel bi-wite.

po faide Aldolf?

eorl of Gloucestre.

3if hit wole drihte?

[f.94.c.1.] pat al domes weldep.

pat ich mai eny fiht?

of Hengest habbe.

he folde bitere a-bugge?

al his stronge gile.

eorlē?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

rode, who should 'all' this folk [well] defend. Then 'called [said] Aldolf, earl of Gloucester, "If the Lord, that ruleth all dooms, 'grant it to me [will it], that I 'might abide, that Hengest should come riding, [may have any fight with Hengest, he should the better buy (atone for) all his strong guile!"] 'who has in this land so long remained, and betrayed (or destroyed) my dear friends with his long sæxes beside Ambresbury, with miserable death! But if I might of the earl win to me the country; then might I say my sooth words, that God himself had granted good to me, if I might fell my foes to ground anon, and avenge my dear kindred, whom they have laid adown!"'

<sup>1</sup> The last syllable de is interlined, but by the original hand.

10

pat heo habbeo's ilæid adū. Vn-neæ'se wes pif fpel :' ifæid to pā ende.

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pa isezen heo Hængest: halde ouer dune.

Mid vnimete ferdē: feondliche heo fusden.

to-somme heo comen: & feondliche heo slogen.

per pa ræse men :'
to-gæderen heom ræsden.

helmes gunnen gullen :'
cnihtes þer feollen.

stel eode wið þā ban : balu þer wes riue.

urnen inne strete:

ftremes of blode.

fazedē þa feldes: '
& p graf falewede.

pa isch Hængest:

† hif help trukede.

þa hald he fram fæhte: '& bi-halues flæh.

& his folc after:

fusde bi-liue.

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Onnepe was pat word: isaid to pan ende.

pat hine hii isehze :

holde ouer dune.
mid onimete ferde:

feondliche he fusde.

To-gadere fone hii come : and fasteliche hii slo3e.

healmes par gonne zelle ? [c. 2.]

cnihtes par fulle.

vrne in þan wayef:'
ftremes of blode.

po ifeh Hengeft: pat his healp trokede. po fleah he fwipe:

and his folk after.

Scarcely was 'this speech [the word] said to the end, that they saw 'Hengest [him] approach over the down. With a numerous host 'they [he] fiercely marched; together [soon] they came, and terribly they slew; 'there the stern men together rushed themselves,' helms [there] gan resound, knights there fell; 'steel went against the bones, mischief there was rife'; streams of blood flowed in [the] ways; 'the fields were dyed, and the grass changed color!' When Hengest saw that his help failed him, then 'withdrew [fled] he 'from the fight [quickly], 'and fled aside, and his folk after 'speedily moved. The christians pursued after, and laid on them, and called Christ,

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pa cistine liden after: & heom on læidē. & cleopeden crift godes fone: beo heom a fultume. & þe heðene leoden: æc lude cleopeden. Teruagant. Ure godd Touagat:

whi trukest bu us an hond. þa Hēgest isæh: þa hæðene ibuzenc. 10 & þa cristine men: cumen heom an ufene. [c. 2.] þa fleh Hengef¹ þurh & þurh: pat he com to Kunigges-burh. i þare burh he wende: burh to brukene2.

& be king Aurilien: aft<sup>9</sup> wende anan.

& clepede to his leoden: ludere stæuene. Ærneð æuere vorð & vorð:

Hengest is ifaren norð. & heo him after buzen:

pat heo to burhze comen.

and Aurelie him fiwede forb:

forte hii come to Coninef-borh.

Gods son, to be to them in aid; and the heathen people also called loud, "Our God Tervagant, why failest thou us now?" When Hengest saw the heathens recede, and the christian men come upon them, then fled Hengest through and through, until he came to Coningsburgh; in the burgh he went, safety to obtain.' And 'the king' Aurelie 'went after him anon [followed him forth], 'and called to his people with loud voice: "Run ever forth and forth! Hengest is gone northwards!" And they pursued after him' until they came to 'the burgh [Coningsburgh]. When Hengest and his son saw

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. Hengest.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> breokene man pr.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pa isæh Hegest & his sune ? al þa uerde heom after cumen. þa fæide Hengest: cnihten alre wraðeft. Nulle ich na mare fleon : ah nu ich wulle fihten. & mi fune Octa: & hif wed-broder Ebiffa. & al mi mon-uerde: sturied eouwer wepnen. & fare we heom to-zenes: & makien feond flæhtes. & 3if we hom ne falled: bænne beon we fæie. ilæid on felde: & freode bidælde. Hengest bah a bene wald: & bilæfde al hif teld. & makede his fceld-trume: al of his hædene gumen. pa com Aurilie pe king ? & moni þusend mid him. and bigunen þer oðer fæht: be wes feondliche stærc.

per wes moni græt dunt:

po ifeh Hengest and his sone: pe ferde after 3eom come. po faide Hengest: cniht alre wrobest. Nelle ich na more fleon:

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ac nou ich wolle fihte. and min fone Octa?

and his wedbroper Ebyffa. And alle mine cnihtes:

storieb zoure wepne. and wende we heom to-zeanes?

and make we ftronge fleahtef.

Hii wende in to pan felde: and lete stonde hire teldes. and makede hire fultrome: of his heapene gomes. par com Aurelie pe king : and mani bousend mid him. and bi-gonne pare to fihte: mid folle 30rneste.

'all' the host come after them, then said Hengest, of all knights wrathest, "Will I no more flee, but now I will fight, and my son Octa, and his wedbrother Ebissa! And all my 'army [knights], stir ye your weapons, and march we against them, and make [we] strong slaughter! 'And if we fell them not, then be we dead, laid on the field, and deprived of friends!"" 'Hengest [They] marched 'on [into] the 'weald [field], and 'left all his [let stand their] tents; and made 'his [their] shield-troop 'all' of his heathen men. Then came Aurelie the king, and many thousands with him, and began there 'another [to] fight, 'that was exceeding strong [in full earnest];

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idæld i þan compe.

per weoren pa cristine: wel neh ouer-cumene.

pa comen per uaren:

fif bused rideren.

þa Aurilie hafde:

an horse to fihten. heo smiten a þan hæðene:

† heo adun helden.

per wes feht swide stor: 10

eornest ful sturne.

I pan fæhte com the eorl:

Aldolf of Gloucecre<sup>1</sup>. [£94.c.1.] Aldolf ihote.

& ifunde Hengest! cnihten for-cuðdest.

whar he feodliche faht: & ba criftine feolde.

Aldolf his gode fweord adroh: Aldolf his sweord droh:

& uppen Hengest sloh. [uoren: and toward Hengest he smot. [vore:

bat he atwa to-fcænde.

pare weren pe cristene: wel neh ouer-come.

po com par to helpe: fif busend ridares.

and fmite amag pan heapene:

pat hii to grude folle.

In pan fihte com pe eorl:

and ifunde Hengest: cnihte forcoupest.

war he zeorne faht:

and be criftene fulde. [£77.c.1.]

& Hengest warp bene sceld bi- and Hengest warp bane sceald bi-& ælles weoren hif lif for-loren. and helles he hadde be for-lore.

& Aldolf fmat i pene sceld: 22 and Aldolf smot in pane sceald:

bat he atwo to-feolde.

'there was many great stroke dealt in the combat!' There were the christians well nigh overcome. Then 'approached there [came there to help] five thousand riders, 'that Aurelie had on horse to fight'; 'they [and] smote 'on [among] the heathens, so that they 'down [to ground] fell; 'there was fight most strong, combat full stern!' In the fight came the earl Aldolf 'of Gloucester [named], and found Hengest, wickedest of knights, where he fought fiercely, and felled the christians. Aldolf drew his 'good' sword, and 'upon [toward] Hengest [he] smote; and Hengest cast the shield before him, and else 'were his life [had he been] destroyed; and Aldolf smote on the shield, so that it was shivered in two. And

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. Gloucestre.

& Hengest hi leop to: swulc hit a liun weore. & fmat an Aldolfes helm: ₿ he atwa to-feol. pa heowen heo mid fweorde: þa fwipen weorē grimme. fur flæh of stele: ofte & wel ilome. Vnder are stunde: pa leop Aldolf to [grunde]. & ifæh him Gorlois: þat wæs a kene güe ful iwis. of Cornwale he wes eorl: he wes widene cub. þa wes þæ beorn Aldolf: muchele þe balder. & hæf hæhje his sweord: & lette hit adun swippen. & fmat Hengest a pan hond: p he forlette his brond. & hizinge hine igrap: mid grimme his læchen.

bi pere burne hode:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and Hengest him leop to: afe hit a lyon were. and smot vp Aldolf his helm: bat he atwo to-scende.

Vnder one stude:

po leop Aldolf to grunde.

and ifeh bi him Gorloys:

pat was a kene cniht foliwis.

eorl of Cornwale:

wel wide icnowe.

po was Aldolf:

moche pe boldere.

and heze hefde his sweorde:

and hit adū swipte.

and smot Hengest a pan hond:

pat he for-let his gode bronde.

and an hizenge hine i-grop:

bi þan brunie hode:

Hengest leapt to him, as if it were a lion, and smote [up]on 'Aldolfs [Aldolf his] helm, so that it parted in two. 'Then hewed they with swords,—the strokes were grim,—fire flew from the steel, oft and well frequent!' After a time, then leapt Aldolf to the ground, and saw [by] him Gorlois, who was a keen 'man [knight] full truly; of Cornwall 'he was' earl, 'he was [well] widely known. Then was 'the baron' Aldolf much the bolder, and heaved high his sword, and 'let it down swing [swung it down], and smote Hengest on the hand, so that he let go his [good] brand; and in haste grasped him, 'with his grim looks,' by the cuirasses hood 'that was

<sup>1</sup> And an?

ba wes an hif hafde.

& mid muchelere ftrengge: hine adun swipte.

and seobbe he hine up bræid:

swulc he hine to-breken wolde.

& mid ærmen hine bifprædde:

& forð hine lædde.

Nu wes Hengest inumen:

purh Aldolf bene æhte gume.

þæ cleope Aldolf : 10

bene eorl of Gloucestre.

swa þe wes bi Ambrefburie.

þer þu þa fæxef drogen :

and Bruttes of-flozen.

mid mid2 muchele fwike-dome: bu mi cun floze.

Nu þu fcalt læn leofen :

& lofie bine freonden.

mid reoliche witen:

an worlde forwurden.

Hengest eode stille:

ne isæh he help nenne.

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and mid mochele strengpe:

hine adun swipte.

and suppe hine vp bræid:

ase he hine breke wolde. and his harmes spradde:

and forp mid him ladde.

Nou was Hengest inome:

porh Hengest<sup>1</sup> pan hohte gome.

po saide Aldolf:

[c. 2.] eorl of Gloucestre.

Hengest nº be noht swa murie! Hengest nif be noht so muri!

ase þe was wile bi Amberesbury. bar bou be seaxes droze:

and min cun of-floze.

Hengest eode stille : ne likede noht his wille.

on his head,' and with great strength struck him down; and then 'he' him up drew, as if he would crush him, and 'with [his] arms 'embraced him [spread], and forth [with] him led. Now was Hengest taken, through Aldolf, the brave man! Then 'called [said] Aldolf, 'the' earl of Gloucester: "Hengest, it is not so merry for thee now as it was [whilom] by Ambresbury, where thou drewest the sæxes, and slew 'the Britons [my kindred], 'with much treachery thou slewest my kindred! Now thou shalt pay retribution, and lose thy friends; with cruel death perish in the world!"" Hengest proceeded still (without speaking); 'he saw no help; [his will

20

Aldolf hine ladde : to hif leod-kinge. & grætte þene leod-kig:

mid leofliche worden.

Hail feo þu Aurilien ? adeles cunnes.

her ich bringe þe biuoren : be wes bines cunnes bone.

Hengest bene hedene:

pe hærm uf hafued iuræinned. 10 þat houre cun acwelde.

godd hit me iude:

þat ich hine igripen habben.

Nu ich hine ziue þe :

uor monne leofuest ært þu me.

& þet¹ þine hired-childeren :' pleien mid þiffe hunde.

scotien mid heore flā:

& his cun fcenden anan.

pa and swarede pe king : quicliche steuene.

Edi feo þu Aldolf:

eorlene a beleft.

bu ært me leof al fwa mi lif:

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and Aldolf hine ladde: to his leod-kinge.

an faide to pan kinge: peof ilke wordes.

Her ich be bringe : bine cunnes bane.

Hengest bane heabene:

Nou ich hine zeue þe: for manne leouest art bou me. and let bine hiredmen: pleoye mid þa hunde.

po answerede pe king: cwickere stemne. Wel worpe be Aldolf : eorl alre kennest. bou art me leof fo mi lif.

liked it not, and] Aldolf led him to his sovereign, and 'greeted the sovereign with loving [said to the king these same] words: "'Hail be thou, Aurelie, of noble race!' Here I bring 'before' thee Hengest, the heathen, 'who was' thy kindreds bane, who hath sought to us harm [killed our kin]; 'God granted it to me, that I have him grasped!' Now I give him to thee, for dearest of men art thou to me; and let thy attendants play with 'this [the] hound; 'shoot with their arrows, and his race anon destroy!'" Then answered the king with quick voice: "'Blessed be thou [Well worth thee], Aldolf, 'noblest [keenest] of [all] earls! Thou art to

per me nom Hengest: and per me bond Hengest. per wef pa Hengest: cnihten alre 3eomerest. pis feht wes ouer-cumē: & þa hæðene flugen. pa iseh Octa: þat hif fader wes ful wa. & Ebissa his wed-brober : [195.c.1.] and Ebyssa his wedbrober : buzezen heom to-gadere. & fluzen in to Eouuerwic: mid ærm'den inoze. & greiðeden walles: to-halden þa halles.

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leoden þu fcalt beon alder.

pa wes Aurilian be king: iquemed wel burh alle bing. he wende in to Cuniges-burh: mid his driht folke. & bankede drihten:

Summe þa hæðene: to ban wude iwenden.

þær ₱ ganninde folc:

læiden heom to grunde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. leode bou falt beon louerd. par me nam Hengest: par me bond Hēgest.

pis fiht was ouer-come: and be heapene floze. po iseh Octa: þat his fader was wel wo. 11 bouwed heom to-gadere. and flozen into Euerwich: and bi-tunde 3am faste.

Somme be heabene: to ban wode wende. par pat going folk : laide heom to grunde. po was Aurelie be king ? icwemid borh alle bing. he wende to Conines-borh : mid alle his folke.

me dear as my life, thou shalt be 'chief [lord] of people!" There men took Hengest, 'and' there men bound Hengest; 'there was then Hengest of all knights most wretched!' This fight was overcome, and the heathens fled. Then saw Octa, that his father was 'full [well] woe; and with Ebissa, his wed-brother, joined them together, and fled into York, with harm enow [and inclosed them fast], 'and made ready the walls, and pulled down the halls.' Some of the heathens went to the wood, where the folk on foot laid them to ground. Then was Aurelie the king pleased 'well' through all things; he proceeded 'in 'to Coningsburgh, with [all] his folk, 'and thanked the Lord for such might.' Three days and three nights the king 'dwelt

LA3AMONS BRUT.

swulchere mihten.

preo dæies & preo niht:

pe king wunede par riht.

to lechinien pa wunden:

of leofenen hif cnihte.

& bačien on bur;e:
heore wærie ban.
þa þe þridde dæi com:

& pat folc hafde imaked non. ba lette be king blawen:

& beonnede his eorles.

pa heo comen to hustinge:

to Aurilie pan kinge.

pa heo to-gadere comen : be king heom axede fone.

whæt heo him radde:

† his richemen weoren.

a wulchere witen:

& hu he mihte bezît wreokē: 20

Hengest scolde for-wurden.

hif leofueste freondes. be an fest Amberes-buri :

leien bi-buride.

¶ þa ftod up Ældad<sup>9</sup>?

po ftod vp Aldodus:

Hengest solde deie.

forte wite in woche1 wise:

Aldadus.

[was] there [forth]-right, to heal the wounds of 'his [my] dear knights, 'and rest in the burgh their weary bones.' When the third day came, and the folk had made noon (?), then caused the king 'the trumpets to blow, and summoned [to be called all] his earls, 'that they should come to husting, to Aurelie the king. When they came together, the king asked them soon, what they would counsel him, who were his rich men,' 'by what death [for to know in what wise] Hengest should die, 'and how he might best avenge his dearest friends, who lay buried near Ambresbury.'

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preo dages and preo niht!

pe king was pare forp riht.

to lechnie pe wūdef!

of leoue mine cnihtes. [f. 77b. c.l.]

po pe pridde dai com :

and pat folk hadde imaked non.

po lette pe king cleopie :

alle his heorles.

<sup>1</sup> Written at first on woche on woche in woche, but the superfluous words expuncted.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& wid bene king he spac bus. to-wardef gode he was god: he wes an hali bifcop. Aldolf eorles broder: nefde he nenne over. Lauerd king luft nu me: what ic wullen tellen be. [c.2.] ich wulle makie bene dom ? hu he scal beō fordō. For he if on leade: 10 monnen us lavest. & haued ure kun of-flæ3en: & idon of lif-dæ3en. and he if an hædene hund: helle he fcal ifechen. per he scal sinke : for hif fwikedome. Lauerd kig hærene me: wat ich be wulle tællen. A king wes in Jerusalē: 20 A king was in Jerufalem :

and feide king hercne me: wat ich wolle telle be. ich wolle zefue bane dom :

þat was an holý biffop.

Then stood up Ældadus, 'and with the king he spake thus;—towards God he was good, 'he [who] was a holy bishop, 'Aldolf the earls brother, he had no other,'—[and said:] 'Lord' king, 'listen now [hearken] to me, what I will thee tell. I will 'make [give] the sentence, how he shall be put to death. 'For he is most hateful of men to us in the world, and hath slain our kindred, and deprived of life-day; and he is a heathen houndhell he shall seek; there he shall sink for his treachery! Lord king, hearken to me, what I thee will tell.' A king was in Jerusalem, who was named Saul; and in heathendom was [a] king of mickle might, who was named Agag,-Jerusalem he hated,-he was king of the Amalech,-the

Saul.

Saul wes ihaten.

þe wes in hæðenesse : king of muchele mæhte.

Agag. Agag wes ihaten: ou he fal beo for-don.

Saul was i-hote.

and in heapennisse:

Agag was i-hote:

was a king of mochele mihte.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Jerim he hatede.

Jerusalem he hatede.

he wes king of be Amalæh: be wurse him wes ful nieh. auere he hatede Jerusalem: mid hærmen þan mesten.

nolde he neouere heom ziuen grið: nolde he neuere zef ham griþ: ah auere he heom stod wið.

ac euere he faht heom wib.

he heom barde he heom floh:

he dude heom forzen' inoh.

Hit ilomp in ane time: pat pe funne gon to scine.

þa sat Agag þe king: inne hif hæh fættele.

meinde hif fæie blod:

& munezede hine to fusen.

He cleopede his cnihtes: anan uoro rihtes.

Swide to eouwer steden:

& forð we fculle riden.

we fculled bærnen & flæn : 20

al ibuten Jerlm.

Ford wende be king:

& muche ferde mid him. ₱ lond heo gunne þurh-ærnen :

& pa tunes fur-bernen?.

Worse was full nigh to him! Ever he hated Jerusalem with harm the most'; never would he give them peace, but ever he 'withstood [fought with] them; 'he burnt them, he slew them, he did them sorrow enow! It fell on a time that the sun gan to shine; then sate Agag the king on his high chair; his fated blood was troubled, and urged him to march. He called his knights anon forth-right: "Quick to your steeds! and forth we shall ride; we shall burn and slay all about Jerusalem!" Forth went the king, and a great host with him; the land they gan through-run, and the

1 fogen pr. m.

<sup>2</sup> for-bernen?

VOL. II.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

ħ isezē þa men :

be wuneden inne Jerusalem.

& heo heom to-zeines: [£95.c.1.] and hii him to-zenes:

cnihtes & fweines.

& fuhten wid bene king: & mid fæhte hine ouer-comen.

& al hif folc flozen:

& Agag heo king nomē.

& fwa heo mid him comē:

to Saul ban kinge. ba wes Saul be king:

blide purh alle ping.

be king axeden ræd: at hif riche a-nan.

whæder he mihte hime bet don woche manere peos king :

oder slæn oder an-hon.

pa leop up Samuel:

[Sam]uel.

a witize of Ifrael. he wes swide hali mon:

hæh touward drihtē.

nuste na mon i þan dægen :

fwa heh mon an godes lazen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

pis isehze be men: pat wonede in Jerusalem.

cnihtef and fweines.

and pane king nemen: and hif folk flozen.

po was Saul be king: blibe borh alle bing.

pe [king] axede read:

of riche hif cnihtes.

mihte for-worbi.

po leop Samuel: a witty of Isrł.

nuste me in þan da3e : non foch of godef lawe.

towns to consume.' The men saw 'that [this] who dwelt in Jerusalem; and they advanced against 'them [him], knights and swains, 'and fought with the king, and with fight him overcame,' and slew 'all' his folk, and 'Agag' [the] king 'they' took; 'and so they with him came to Saul the king.' Then was Saul the king blithe through all things! The king asked counsel 'at [of] his rich [knights] 'anon,' 'which he might the better do to him, either slay or up hang [in what manner this king might perish]. Then leapt up Samuel, a prophet of Israel;—'he was a man exceeding holy, high toward the Lord'; 'no man knew [men knew not] in those days 'man so high in [none such of] Gods law. Samuel took Agag the king,

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Samuel nom Agag bene king: & lædde hine a þan cheping. & lette hine swide sterke: to ane stake binde. & nom mid hif riht hond? ænne dure-wurde brond. & þuf cleopede him on : Samuel þe godef<sup>2</sup> mon. þu hattes Agag þe king : nu þu ært an ærmig. nu þu fcalt fon þat læn : p þu for-ferdest Jerusalem. þat þu hauest þas hæze burh: swa swide for-worht. & monienne godne mon iflæ3en : & idon of lif-dægen. fwa ich ibide are: ne fcalt þu nauer mar. Samuel \$ fweord an-hof: & hærdeliche adun floh. & al to-fwadde pene king: in Jerusalem<sup>9</sup> chepping. & þa stucchen tarueden:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Samuel nam Agag pane king : and ladde hine in ban chipinge. and lette hine faste: to one stocke bynde. and nam mid his riht hond ? [c. 2.] one stelene brond. and bus faide him ton 1: Samuel be gode mon.

Nou pou falt abugge: pine luper deades.

pat swerd he vp heof: 20 and pat heued of-swipte. and al to-fcende pane king : in Jerusalem his cheping. and be fticches toruede:

and led him in the market-place, and caused him 'most' fast to a stake to be bound; and took with his right hand a 'precious [steel] brand; and thus 'called [said] to him Samuel, the good man: "'Thou hightest Agag the king, now thou art in sorrow!' Now thou shalt 'receive the retribution for that thou destroyedest Jerusalem, for that thou hast this noble burgh so greatly injured, and many a good man slain, and deprived of life-day [buy dear (pay or suffer for) thy wicked deeds]! 'As I hope for mercy, shalt thou do so no more.'" 'Samuel [He] heaved up the sword, and 'strongly down struck [the head off smote], and cut the king all in pieces in 'Jerusalems [Jerusalem his] market, and threw the [c.2.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. wide zeond þa straten. puf tok Samuel on: and swa bu agest Hengest don. bif iherde Aldolf? be earl of Glocet<sup>9</sup>e. touward Hengest he leop: swulc hit a liun weore. and igrap hine bi pan toppe: & hine æfter him halede. & burh ut Cuniges-burh. & wið uten þere burh3e: he hine lette binden. Aldolf hif fwored adroh: & Hengestes hafd of-floh. & pe king hine nom ford rihtes: and pe king forpriht: for he wes fwa oht cniht. & læide hine in eorðe: after hedene lazen. & bad for pere fæule: † hir neuere fæl neore. & nu Aurilie þe king : lette beode hustig.

oueral pan strede. pus toc Samuel an : and fo bou falt Hengest don. pis hi-horde Aldolf: be biffop his brober. and toward Hengest leop: ase hit a lyon were. and grop hine bi pan toppe: and after him hine halede. & landde1 hine purh & purh ? 10 and droh hine porh and porh? al Coninef-borh. and wip houte pe borh: he hine lette bynde. Aldolf his sweord droh: and Hengestes heued of-slop. for he was fo god cniht. leide hine in eorbe: after heapene lawe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

And to 2 Aurelie be king ? wende forb an hizenge.

pieces 'wide over [over all] the streets. Thus Samuel took-on (acted), and so 'oughtest [shalt] thou do to Hengest." Aldolf heard this, the 'earl of Gloucester; [bishop his brother, and] toward Hengest 'he' leapt, as if it were a lion, and grasped him by the head, and after him hauled him, and drew him through and through, 'and throughout [all] Coningsburgh; and without the burgh he caused him to be bound. Aldolf drew his sword, and smote off Hengests head; and the king 'took him' forth-right, because he was so 'brave [good] a knight, 'and' laid him in earth, after the heathen law, 'and prayed for the soul, that it never were happy.' And now Aurelie the king 'caused a husting to be summoned [went forth in haste], 'and

& lætte blawen bemen :

& bonnien hif ferde.

folc ber wes fellic:

& ferden riht to Euerwic.

& biclusde per wid innen:

Octa mid hif mönen.

pe king lette deluen ænne dich : pe king lette dealue one dich : al abuten Eouerwic.

þat ne mihte þer na man:

neover ute no igan 1.

þæt ifæh Octa:

þer fore him wes wa.

& hif hædene folc:

be he hafde an burge.

heo nomen heom to ræde:

what heo don mæhten.

& buf spac Octa:

wið his iuere Ebissa. '

No<sup>2</sup> ich habben me biboht:

wht3 ich don wulle.

Ich and mine cnihtes:

scullen forð rihtes.

in ure bare brechē:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

þar was folk fellich:

and wende forb to Euerwich.

and bi-clusede pare ine :

Octa wip his manne.

al a-boute Euerwich.

þat ne mihte þar no man :

10 nober vt ne in gon. pat iseh Octa:

par vore him was fol wo.

and feide to his i-veres: [f. 78.c.1.] pat par ine mid him were. Ich habbe me nou bi-boht: wat ich don wolle.

gon we folle alle:

caused trumpets to be blown, and his army to assemble,'-there was wondrous (numerous) folk,-and marched 'right [forth] to York, and inclosed Octa with his men 'there' within. The king caused a dyke to be dug, all about York, that no man might there either go out or in. Octa saw that; therefore he was [full] woe. 'And his heathen folk, that he had in the burgh, they betook them to counsel, what they might do.' And 'thus spake Octa with his companion Ebissa [said to his companions that were therein with him]: "I have now bethought me, what I will do. 'I and my knights shall forth-right' in our bare-breech go out of the burgh,

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<sup>1</sup> in gan?

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

gan ut of burgen.

ænne rake-teze.

& cumen to pan kinge:

hif mildce biddinde. ælles we beo'd alle dæde:

buten we fulien piffen ræde.

Alle heo duden swa: fwa heom radde Octa.

duden of claves:

kare-fulle cnihtes.

& eoden ut of burhae:

blade peines.

tweiene & tweiene:

twenti hūdred.

þif bi-heold Aurilien:

aldelest kingen.

seolcuð him þuhte:

of pan nakede cnihten.

To-somne comen pa ferde : 20

þat læi 3eond þan ærde.

isegen Octa cumen:

Octa.

pat wes Hengest sune.

on vre bare fot.

ræmen a mine swor!! [f.96.c. 1.] and honge a-bute oure fweres!

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

grete raketeies. and come to pan kinge:

his milce biddinge.

And alle hii dude fo: alfe heom radde Octa.

pis bi-heold Aurelie:

and wondrede swipe:

po he iseh nakede come: Octa Hengest his fone.

[Go we shall all on our bare-feet, and] hang 'on my neck a chain [about our necks great chains], and come to the king, praying his mercy. 'We all shall else be dead, except we follow this counsel." [And] they all did so, as Octa them advised; 'put off their clothes the careful (sorrowful) knights, and proceeded out of the burgh, miserable thanes, twain and twain, twenty hundred!' Aurelie beheld this, 'noblest of kings,' 'strange it seemed to him [and wondered greatly,] 'of the naked knights. Together came the host that lay over the land'; 'they [when he] saw Octa [naked] come, 'that was' 'Hengests [Hengest his] son. 'He [and] bare in his hand

He bar an hif honde? ænne rake-teze longe.

he com to ban kige :

& bi-uoren hif hære-dringe.

he feol uppen uolde:

þaf kinges fæt ifohte.

& pas word feide pa:

Hengestes sune Octa.

Imilze mi lauerd king: burh bene milde godd.

for luue of god almihtē:

haue milce of mine cnihten.

for alle ure hedene-scipe:

hæne if iwurden.

lazen & ure leoden:

for lade we beod drihten.

for uf if itruked an hond:

Appollin & Teruagant.

Woden & Mercuriuf:

Jubit & Saf nus.

Venus & Didō:

Frea & Mamilon.

& alle ure laue :

nu uf funde lade.

and alle houre bi-lefue:

nou vs beob lobe.

a 'long [strong] chain; 'he came to the king,' and before 'his warriors he [this kings feet] fell 'upon [prone to] the ground, 'and the kings feet sought'; and these words then said Hengests son Octa: "'Mercy, my lord king, through God the mild'; for [the] love of God Almighty 'have mercy of [pardon me and] my knights! 'For all our heathendom is become base, our laws and our people, for loathsome we are to the Lord.' For us has failed in hand Appolin, and Tervagant, 'Woden, and Mercurius, Jupiter, and Saturnus, Venus, and Didon, Frea, and Mamilon,' and all our beliefs are

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<sup>1</sup> R. an.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and bar on his honde?

one raketeze stronge:

Hengestes sone Octa.

bi-vore þis kinges fote.

and bes word faide bo:

and nuel feol to grunde:

For pe loue of god al-mihti:

milce me and mine chnihtes.

for vs his itroked and 1 hond:

Appolin and Teruegand.

Appolin.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. ah we wulled ileuen:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

ac we wolleb ilefue: in leofe bine drihten. on gode bine drihte.

for al hit truked uf an hond ? [c 2.]

B we to temden.

We 3eorned 1 pine are: nu and auere mare. 3if bu me wult gridens? & þu me wult fruðien3. we be wulled to teon:

& bine holde men beon.

luuien pine leoden : & þine lazen halden. 3if bu bet wulle4: do þine iwille.

whater swa bu wult don: þa uf flan þa us an-hon.

& þe kig wes mild-heorte: & heold hine stille.

he bi-heold a riht hond?

he bi-heold a lift hond. wulc of wiifen:

ærest spæken wolden.

Alle heo weoren stille:

& fwizede mid stæuen.

now to us odious; but we will believe on thy 'dear [good] Lord, ' for all it faileth us now in hand, that we worshiped. We yearn thy favor, now and evermore; if thou wilt me grant peace, and if thou wilt me grant amity, we will draw to thee, and be thy faithful men; love thy people, and hold thy laws; if thou wilt not that, do thy will, whetherso (whatsoever) thou wilt do, or slay us or up hang us." And the king was mild-hearted, and held him still; he beheld on the right hand, he beheld on the left hand, which of his wise men first would speak. They all were still, and kept silence

<sup>1 3</sup>eornes ?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> griðien?

<sup>3</sup> fribien?

<sup>4</sup> nulle?

Aldadus.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. nes þer nan fwa hæh mon : pat durste word sciren. & æuere læie Octa: æt þes kinges foten fwa. alle hif cnihtes: leien him biæften. þa fpac Aldadus: þe gode biscop & seide þus. Æuere hit wæf? & a hit bið? & 3et hit uf bi-houed. 10 pene we milze 3eorne'd: † we milze habben. wurde he if milze: þe wurðeliche heo biddeð. & bu feolf læuerd king: leoden þu ært ælder. imilze þu Octa: & hif iueren al fwa. 3if heo wulled criftindom:

mid gode lefue vnder-fon.

for 3et hit mai ilimpen? i fummere leoden. † heo ma3en drihten? du3e\*bliche hærien.

Nu stont al þis kinelond:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

po spac Aldadus:

pe gode bissop and seide pus.

Euere hit was: and 3et hit his:

alse vs wel bi-houep.

pat wo milce biddep:

pat he hit maje habbe.

par vore louerd king:

milce bou alle heom.

3ef hii wolleh cristendom: mid gode bi-leaue onderfon.

with voice; was there no man so high, that durst a word utter; and ever lay Octa at the kings feet so; all his knights lay behind him.' Then spake Aldadus, the good bishop, and said thus: "Ever it was, and 'ever it shall be, and yet it [yet it is, as it well] behoveth us, 'when we yearn mercy, that we should have mercy [that whoso prayeth for mercy, that he it may have]; 'worthy is he of mercy, who worthily prayeth for it.' 'And thou thyself, [Therefore,] lord king, 'thou art chief of the people,' pardon thou 'Octa, and also his companions [all of them], if they will receive Christendom with good belief; 'for yet it may befall, in some country that they may fitly worship the Lord. Now stands all this kingdom in

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MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

a pire azer hond. [£965.c.1.] bitec heom enne stude: per be bid iqueme. & nim of heom 3ifles: swulche þu wult 3irnen. & let heom wel halden: in irene benden. finden þan 3iflen mete & clað: finden al þat heom bið leof. & þenne miht þu wel halden : 10 bif mon-cun i bine londe. & let heom tilien \$ lond: & libben bi heore tilæhðe. 3if hit feo⁵ðen ilimppeð: An 3ef hit bi-falleh: fone per after. † heo trukieð an hond: treoðē1 to halden. þat hii wakie. & wakie's mid wærke: [c. 2.] & þe wiðer haldeð.

& þe wiðer haldeð.

nu ich? þe demen þene dom? 20 her ich 3efue þane dom? whæt þu miht feoððen don.

Let riden heō to? ræhliliche8 fwiðe.

thine own hand; give them a place, where it shall be agreeable to thee, and take of them hostages, such as thou wilt require; and let them be well held (secured) in iron bonds; the hostages be found meat and clothes, be found all that to them shall be lief; and then mightest thou well hold (retain) this people in thy land, and let them till the land, and live by their tilth." [And] if it 'subsequently' shall befall, 'soon thereafter, that they fail in hand to hold troth, and' weaken 'in work, and withstand thee,' 'now [here] I 'decree to thee [give] the doom, 'what thou mayest then [how thou shalt by them] do. 'Cause men to ride to them exceeding

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Above the letter 0 is written u, as if to take its place.

<sup>2</sup> ic pr. m.

<sup>3</sup> ræhliche?

1

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& let heom alle for-don: spillen & æc an-hō. pif ich pe deme : drihten hit ihere. pa andswarede pe king: qickere stefne. Al fwa ich wulle don: swa bu hauest idemed. pus spac be king 1 ba: Aris up Octa. þu scalt swiðe wel don : vnder-uoh cristindom. per wes iuulzed Octa? & his iueren al fwa. and alle his cnihtes: i þan stude uorð rihtes. Heo nomen heore siflef: & zeuen þan kinge. þreo & fifti children : heo bitæhten þan kinge. & pe king heom fende: bi-fiden Scotlonde. aðes heo sworen:

fwiken þat heo nalden.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

let nime 3am alle fwihe?'
and do 3am of lifue.
his ich 3am deme?'
drihte hit ihere.
ho anfwerede he king?'

don ich wolle al pis ping.

and pine cnihtes alle.

Alle pes cnihtes:

him bi-toke zifles:'
preo and fifti children.
hii him bi-tahte:'

and opes hii fwore: fwike pat hii nolde.

quickly, and 'cause them all to be 'destroyed, slain and eke up hung [taken quickly, and deprive them of life]. This I decree to 'thee [them]; the Lord it hear!" Then answered the king, 'with quick voice': "All I will 'so' do [this thing] 'as thou hast deemed." Thus spake the king then': "Arise 'up [now], Octa; 'thou shalt quickly do well, receive Christendom [and thy knights all]." 'There was Octa baptized, and his companions also; and 'all 'his [these] knights 'on the spot forth-right.' 'They took their [gave to him] hostages, 'and gave to the king,' three and fifty children they delivered to 'the king [him]. And 'the king sent them beside Scotland'; oaths they swore,

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<sup>1</sup> kin *pr. m.* 

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pe king bi-tahte heom an hond! pe king bi-tahte hond': sixti hidene lond. fixti hidene lond. par on hii wonede: þer on heo wuneden: [c. 2.] wel fale wintres. wel feole witren. be king was in Euerwich: be king? wes inne Eouerwic: and murie him pohte. adele him buhte. he fende his fonde: he nom hif fonden? oueral his londe. & fende 3eond hif londe. and hehte eorles and knihtes: hæhte hif biscopes: 10 biffopes and cleorekes. hif boc-ilærede men. eorles & beines : come an hizenge. cumen him to-zeines. to Aurilie þā kige: riht to him feolue: to muchele huftinge. Hit iwærd fone: And hii swipe sone: bat heo gadere comē. to him alle come. pe king hif folc grætte: be king welcomede alle: mid fæire hif worden. hizenliche swipe. he wilcumede eorles: he wilcumede beornes. 90 & ba biscopes: & þa boc-ilærede men. Ich eou wulle fuggen: Ich ou wolle segge:

that they would not deceive him. The king gave them in hand sixty hides of land; thereon they dwelt well many winters. The king was in York, 'good [and merry] it seemed to him; he 'took [sent] his messengers, 'and sent' over [all] his land; [and] ordered 'his' 'bishops, his book-learned men, earls and thanes [earls and knights, bishops and clerks], to come 'towards him, to Aurelie the king, [in haste, right to himself.] 'to a great husting. 'It soon came to pass, that they came together [And they very soon all came to him]. The king 'greeted his folk with his fair words [welcomed all very speedily], 'he welcomed earls, he welcomed barons, and the bishops, and the book-learned men.'—"I will say to you with [my]

<sup>1</sup> heom an hond?

² kin, pr. m.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. mid fo'e wordē. whi ich eou æfter fende : & for wulche bingen. Her ich azeuen ælche cnihten: Here ich take ech cniht: icunden 1 & hif rihten. & æuerælche eorle : & æuerælche beorne. bat he mæi biwinnen: brukē hit mid wunnen. & ælche monnen bi hif life: 10 ich hate grið luuien. Ich hæten eou wurchen: & buldē þa chirchen. bellen leten ringen: godes lof fingen. heren mid ure mihtē: leofe ure drihten. ælche mon bi hif mæhte: halden fibbe & fæhten. læten tilien \$ lond : nu hit if al a mire hond. ba buf do wes ifæid: alle heo leofden pifne ræd. pe king heom 3ef leoue?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. mid fope mine worde. wi ich ou after fende : and for woche pinge. his cude and his riht. and ech eorl and barun:

pat he mai a-winne:

And ich ou hote alle: a-rere chirches bat beob a-valle.

and ech be his mihte: lofuie vre drihte.

po pes dom was al iseid: alle hii louede pane read. pe king 3am [3ef] leue : [£78b.c.1.]

sooth words, why I sent after you, and for what thing. Here I give to each knight his land and his right, and to 'every [each] earl and 'every' baron, what he may win, 'to possess it with joy; and each man I order to love peace, on his life'. [And] I bid you [all] to 'work and build the [arear] churches [that are fallen], 'to let the bells ring, to sing Gods praise,' [and each] 'with our [by his] might to 'worship [love] our 'dear' Lord; 'each man by his might to hold peace and amity, and cause the land to be tilled, now it is all in my hand." When this doom was [all] said, they all praised 'this [the] counsel. The king gave them leave to depart thence; each fared

<sup>1</sup> if cunden man. sec., for his cunden.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pane to lipe. penne to live. ælc uærde heomward: ech verde hamward: bar him best bohte. swa heom bezst puhte. Seouen niht fulle: Souenihte folle: be king lai bare stille. þe king læi þer stille. & feodden he gon lide: and suppe he gan wende: in to Londone. in to Ludenne. [f. 97. c.1.] to gladien bat burh-folc: pat ofte weoren bisie. He letten stronge walles: 10 and lette strongi walles: he lette bulden halles. and arere halles. & rihte al þa workes: be ær weore to-brosene1. & azef heom alle þa lazen: þe ftoden bi heore ælderne dæ3en. and he makede pare reues: he makede þer reuen: ban uolke to reden. ban folke to dihte. panene he wende: & þenenen he gon wendē: riht to Wynchestre. riht to Winchæstre. and lette bare wereche: per he lette wurcchen: halles and chirches. ber him buhte swide muri: pare him pohte swipe muri: feodoen he uerde to Ambres-buri.and suppe he wende to Ambresburi.

homeward, 'as [where] to 'them [him] it best seemed. Full seven nights the king lay there still, and then he gan proceed into London, 'to gladden the burgh-folk, who oft were busy.' 'He [and] caused walls to be strengthened, 'he caused [and] halls to be 'built [areared], 'and all the works to be righted (repaired) that ere were broken; and gave them all the laws that stood in their elders days'; [and] he made there reves, to rule the folk. 'And' thence he 'gan proceed [proceeded] right to Winchester; [and] there 'he' caused to be worked [halls and churches];—there it seemed to him most pleasant;—[and] afterwards he went to Ambresbury, 'to the

<sup>1</sup> This word is doubtful, and seems to have been written at first to-rosene.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$   $\varLambda$  line is here evidently deficient.

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

ware Hengest mid his cniues?

adde idon his cun of lifue.

He lette axi anon:

to pan leerstowe: of leofuen hif freonden. þa Hengest mid cniuen: per aquald hæfuede. He lette axien anan: men þat cuðen hæuwen stan. & æc gode wurhten: be mid æxe cube wurchen. he pohte wurche per a werc: wūder ane ueire. ₿ a sculde ilasten: þa while men luueden. pa wef inne Kaerlium?

spæc þer wið þene king.

Lust nu me Aurilien: what ich þe wulle cuben. & ich þe wullen fuggen :

fæleft alre ræden. 3if bu hine wult luuien:

men pat coupe ewe ston. and eke after wrohtes: pat mid axe coupen weorche. he pohte makien an worc ? 10 pat euere folde leste: po was in Kairlyon: a bifcop be habte Tremoriun. an biffop bat hehte Tremorion. he wes fwide wif mon: inne weorld-richen. mid þā kinge he wes: ouenan þæ walde. & puf Tremorien godes dring:

he faide to pan king: of one gode binge. 20

burial-place of his dear friends,' 'whom [where] Hengest with [his] knives had 'murdered there [deprived his kindred of life]. He caused men anon to be inquired for, who could hew stone, and eke 'good [after] wrights, who could work with axe; he thought to 'work there [make] a work 'wondrously fair,' that ever should last, 'the while men lived!' Then was in (of) Caerleon a bishop, that hight Tremoriun; 'he was a man exceeding wise in the worlds-realm; with the king he was, over the weald. And thus' 'Tremoriun, Gods servant, spake there with [he said to] the king, [of a good thing]: "'Listen now to me, Aurelie, what I will make known to thee, and I will say to thee the best of all counsel; if thou wilt it approve,

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

æft he þe likeð.

We habbeo's ænne witeze:

Mærlin if ihaten.

3if æi mō hine mihte ifinden:

uppe þiffere wælden. [c. 2.]

& to be ibringen:

burh æief cunnef binge.

& bu hif iwille:

drigen woldest.

he be wolde runen:

felest ræden.

hu þu mihtest þif weorc:

makien ftrong & fterk.

þet a mihte ilæsten:

þa while men leoueden.

pa andswarede pe king:

bas wordes him weoren iqueme.

Leoue freond Temoriun:

al þif ich wulle don.

pe king fende hif fonde:

zeond al hif kinelonde.

and bad æuerælene mon :

axien after Mærlin.

& 3if me hine mihten ifinden:

bringen hine to pan kige.

We habbeh one wytti:

Merlyn his ihote.

3ef me hine mihte finde:

and to be hine bringe.

10 he þe wolde fegge : felest alre reade. hou pou mihtest pis worc: makie strog and stark.

pat hit mihte leste:

pe wile pat men lefuede.

20 pe king an hizenge : wide his men fende.

> for to hine finde: [c. 2.] and bringe to pan kinge.

eft it will like to thee.' We have a prophet, who is Merlin named; if 'any man [men] might him find, 'upon this weald,' and bring [him] to thee, 'through any kind of thing, and if thou his will wouldest perform,' he would say to thee best [of all] counsel, how thou mightest this work make strong and stark, that 'ever [it] might last, the while [that] men lived. 'Then answered the king,—these words were to him agreeable:—"Dear friend Tremoriun, all this I will do."' The king [in haste] sent his 'messengers over all his kingdom [men wide], 'and bade every man to ask after Merlin'; 'and if men might him find, to bring him [for to find him,

Ala[ban].

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

he him wolde 3ifuen lond ? bobe feoluer & gold, & a weorl-richen ? drizen hif iwille.

pa fondë gunnen riden: widen & fiden.

summe heo uerden riht norð:' & fumme heo uerden fuð forð.

sume heo uerden riht æst:

& summe heo uerden riht west. 10

summe heo uerden a-nan: 'pat heo comen to Alæban.

pat neo comen to Alæban pat if a wælle:

inne Wælfce londe.

pe wælle he lufode:

pe wæne ne tutoue: Rocke bine beninns t

& ofte hine per inne badede. pa cnihtef hine funde:

per he fat bi pan strondē.

Sone fwa hine inette?

fæire heo hine igrætten.

& puf him to ford rihtes!

sæiden þa tweien cnihtes.

Hail feo bu Mærlin:

monnene wisest.

0

and pus anon rihtes:'
faide pe cnihtes.

Somme wede a-non :

and lome pare bapede.

be cnihtef hine funde:

par h1 fat bi brimme.

pat his fair welle:

ine Walfe londe.

pat hii come to Alaban.

pe welle he moche lofuede:

and bring] to the king; 'he would give him land, both silver and gold, and in the worlds realm perform his will. The messengers gan to ride wide and far; some they went right north, and some they went forth south; some they went right east, and some they went right west'; some 'they' went anon, so that they came to Alaban, that is 'a' [fair] well (spring) in Welsh land. The well he (Merlin) [much] loved, and oft therein [there] bathed 'him'; the knights him found where he sate by 'the strand [brim]. 'So soon as they him met, they greeted him fair'; and thus said the 'two'

<sup>1</sup> R. he.

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knights 'to him' 'forth [anon] right: "'Hail be thou, Merlin, wisest of

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bi uf þe gon grætē: B if a god-ful king. Aurilian ihaten: ačest l alre kingë. stont al bis muchele lond: I Aurilies kingef hond. faire he pe biseches: p bu him to buze. & he pe wule 3iue lond? boŏe feluer & gold.

3if bu an riche: ræde wulle þa kinge. Mærlin andfwerede þa:

þæt cnihten<sup>2</sup> wes ful wa.

hif feoluer no hif goldes.

no his clades no hif hors: mi feolf ich habbe inowe.

pa sat he stille!

longe ane stunde. paf cnihtes weoren afæred:

pat he fleon<sup>3</sup> wolde.

[6976.c.1.] Bi vs be gan grete: be king of biffe londe.

> and faire be bi-secheb: pat bou to him come. hand he pe wole zeue lond? 10 and feoluer and golde.

Merlyn answerede bo: bat be cnihtes weren wo. Ne recche ich noht hif londes! Ne rech ich of his londes! ne of his oper 3eftes.

> po sæt he stille: 20 one lange stunde.

men!' By us 'he who is a goodly king [the king of this land], 'named Aurelie, noblest of all kings,' greets thee, [and] 'he' beseecheth thee courteously, that thou come to him; and he will give land to thee, 'both [and] silver and gold, 'if thou in the realm wilt counsel the king.'" Then answered Merlin, 'what to the knights was full [that the knights were] woe: "I reck not of his land, 'his silver, nor 'his gold [nor of his other gifts], 'nor his clothes, nor his horses; myself I have enow.'" Then sate he still a long time. 'These knights were afraid, that (least) he would flee.' When

<sup>1</sup> abeleft?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ha has been added before cnihten by a second hand, and afterwards erased.

i feon, pr. man.

pa hit alles up brac: hit wes god bat he spæc. 3it1 beo'd tweiene cnihtes: icumen her rihtes. 3urstendæi ær none : ich wuste þat 3e comen. & 3if ich swa walde: ne mihte 3e me finden. 3e bringeŏ me gretinge : from Aurilie þan kinge. Ich cneou hif cnihtes? ær he come to londe. & ich icneou þene oder: Vther hif broder. ic icneou beien: ær heo iboren weoren. [c. 2.] þæh ich nauer nouþer: mid ezen ne iseze. Ah walawa walawa: pat hit if idiht fwa. p be leodene-king : leng ne mot luuien.

Ah nu ich wulle fusen :

& beon eouwer ifere.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

po hit halles vp brac: hit was god bat he spac. 3e beop tweie cnihtes: icome fram ban kinge. 30rstendai here non : ich wuste pat 3e come. and 3ef ich hit wolde ? ne folde 3e me finde. 3e bringeþ me gretýnge: 10 fram Aurelie þan kinge. Ich i-cnew his cuftes: are he to londe come. and eke pan oper: Vther his brober. ich icnew beyene : are hii ibore were. peh ich neuere ne sehze? noper mid ehze. [6.79. c. 1.] Ac wolawo wolawo: pat hit his idiht so. pat be gode king: lang ne mot libbe. Nou ich wolle wende : mid 30u to bā kinge.

it all brake forth, it was good that he spake: "Ye are two knights come 'right here [from the king]; yesterday ere noon I knew that ye should come, and if I 'so [it] would, ye 'might [should] not find (have found) me. Ye bring me greeting from Aurelie the king. I knew his qualities ere he came to land, and 'I knew [eke] the other, Uther his brother; I knew both ere they were born, though I never saw either with eye. But alas! alas! that it is so ordered, that the 'monarch [good king] may not live long! 'But' now will I go, 'and be your companion;' to the king 'I will proceed

<sup>1</sup> Written at first 3eit, but e expuncted.

<sup>2</sup> coftes ?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

to pan kinge ich faren wulle:

& drizen hif iwille.

Ford ferde Mærlin: & ba cnihtes wid him.

swa longe † heo comen :

to pā leod-kinge.

Komen to pan kinge:

wil-tidende.

næuer ær an hif liue:

nes þe king fwa bliðe.

for næuere nanef mönes cume:

be him to come.

pe kig to hif stede:

& ut him gon ride.

& alle hif cnihtef mid hī:

to wulcumen Mærlin.

pe kig hine imette:

& fære hine igratte.

he hine iclupte:

he hine custe.

he hine cuölæhte¹:'
Muchel wes þe murhæ:'

i þan mö-uerede.

al for Marlines cume:

Forp wende Merlyn: and be cnihtes mid him. so lange bat hii come: par be king wonede.

pe king hine clupte :'
20 pe king hine custe.

[with you], 'and perform his will.'" Forth went Merlin, and the knights with him, so long that they came 'to the sovereign [where the king dwelt]. 'The good tidings came to the king; never ere in his life was the king so blithe, for ever any kind of man that came to him! The king went to his steed, and out gan him ride, and all his knights with him, to welcome Merlin.' The king 'him met, and greeted him fair; he' embraced him, 'he[the king] kissed him, 'he made him his familiar. Great was the mirth among the people, all for Merlin's arrival, who was son of no man. Alas!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A line here seems deficient.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

be nes nanes monnes fune. Wale pat an worlde: næs nan witie. pat auere wuste here: whes fune he weore. buten drihtē ane: be wlæt al clane. pe king lælde¹ to bure:

and ladde hine to boure: Mærlin þe wes deore. [£98. c.1.] for he was him deore. 10 and he axede him anon: he hine fræinien gon: mid fæire hif worden anan. mid fayre his wordef.

pat he dude him to vnder-stonde: pat he him dude to vnderstode:

of þan weorldes 3eögen. of his worle longe. & of al pan 3eren:

pat to cumen weoren. for hit weoren him swide iwil: B he perof wuste. Mærlin andfwerede þa:

& to pan kinge feide fwa. O Aurilie be king: bu fræinest me a sellic bing. loke þat þu na mare:

fwulc bing ne iscire.

Merlyn answerede bo: þat þan kinge was wo. O Aurilie be king: bou axest a wonder bing. loke þat þou na more: foch bing ne scire.

that in the world was no wise man that ever knew here whose son he were, but the Lord alone, who surveys (or explores) all clean!' 'The king led [and led him] to chamber 'Merlin who was [for he was to him] dear; [and] he 'gan ask [asked] him anon with his fair words, that he should cause him to understand of 'the [this] worlds course, 'and of all the years that were to come; for it were to him greatly in will, that he thereof knew.' Merlin then answered, 'and to the king said thus [what to the king was woe]: "O Aurelie, the king, thou askest 'me' a strange thing; look that thou no more such thing inquire. 'For my spirit truly is wrathful, that

<sup>1</sup> lædde ?

MS. Cott. Celig. A. IX.

mote wunië stille. þenne mæi ich suggen: MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

For mi gæst if bæl iwis': ba a mire breofte if. and 3ef ich among monnen: 3elp wolde makien. mid glad-scipe mid gomene: mid god-fulle worden. mi gast hine iwarded?: & wird stille. & binimed me mī iwit: & mine wife word for-dut. 10 benne weore ich dübe: of æuer ælche dome. Ah bilef fwulche þinges: Ac bi-lef al foche pinges: quæd<sup>3</sup> Mærlin to þan kingen. cwab Merlyn to ban kinge. for whan fwa cumeo neode: to auer æi þeode. & mon me mid milde-scipe: wulle me bisechen. & ich mid mine iwille:

hu hit seo von scal iwurven. [c.2.]

Ah ich þe 4 wulle ræden:

Ac ich þe wolle reade:

of nexte þire neoden.

to þine nexste neode.

is in my breast; and if I among men would make boast, with gladness, with game, with goodly words, my spirit would wrath himself, and become still, and deprive me of my sense, and my wise words fore-close; then were I dumb of every sentence.' But leave [all] such things," quoth Merlin to the king, "'for whensoever need shall come to ever any people, and man will beseech me with mildness, and I may with my will dwell still, then may I say, how it afterwards shall happen.' But I will counsel thee of thy

bæli wis, MS. 2 iwrabed? 3 quæb

<sup>4</sup> he is omitted by the first hand, which has also written ic.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & fugen þe her riht: what bu hauest an heorten. A ueld if bi Amberes-buri : þe is brad & fwiðe muri. þer wes mid cniuē: bi cun idon of liuen. per wef moni bald Brut: biswiken to pan dese. & penchest pene stude: mid wuröcipe igraten. mid fælcuðe wærcken: wurdien þa dæde. pat per scal stonden: to bere worlde longe. pe cunne awiht pe1 on. be cunne wærc makien: þe nauere nulle trukien. Ah ic þe wulle ræden: to fwulchere neode. for ich what a wærc: mid wundere bi-stonde.

for bat weorc stonded:

inne Irlonde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. and fegge be her riht? wat bou hauest on heorte. On feold his bi Ambref-buri: pat his brod and swipe muri. par was mid cniue: pin cun idon of lifue.

par vore pou penchest pane stude : 10 mid worfipe grete. mid felcoupe workef: herie pe deade. pat folde euere stonde: to pare worle longe. Ah nauest þu neuere nenne mon : Ac nauest þou neuer one man : [c. 2.] pat oht conne par on. for to worch makie: pat neuere nolle trokie. Ac ich be wolle reade: to folchere neode. for ich wot a worc:

for in Yrlond.

nearest need, and say to thee right here what thou hast in heart. A plain is by Ambresbury, that is broad, and exceeding pleasant; there was thy kindred deprived of life with knives, 'there was many bold Briton betrayed to the death; 'and [therefore thou] thinkest to greet the place with worship, and with surprising works to honor the dead, that 'there' shall [ever] stand, to the worlds end. But thou hast never 'any [one] man, that knows aught thereon, 'who can [for to] make a work that never will fail. But I will counsel thee at such need, for I know a work 'with wonder encompassed; far 'the work standeth' in Ireland. It is a most surprising MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Hit if a fwide fellic ping 1;

Corea [gi]-gant[um].

pat weorc if of stane: fwulc ne beoð oðer nane. fwa wid fwa if weorlde-riche: nif nan weorc hif iliche. þa ftanef beod<sup>2</sup> muchele: & mahten heo habbeoo. þa men þe beoð un-hal: heo fared to pan stane. & heo wasce'd bene stan : & þer mide baðieð heore ban. umbe lutle ftude3: [6.983.c.1.] heo wurded al isude. Ah þe stanes beoð muchele: & uninete4 græte. for nif nauere na mon iboren: i<sup>5</sup> nauere nare burh;e. be mihte mid ftregde: þa stanes þenne bringe. þa andswarede þe king! Mærlin þu fæift fællic þing.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Hit his a fwipe fellich ping !
hit hat pe Eatantes Ring.
pat work his of stone !
foch oper not ich none.
so wid so his pe worle-riche !
nif no work him iliche.
pe stones beop mochele !
and mihte hii habbep.
pe men pat beop on-hole !
wendep to pan stones.
and wassep pane ston !

and habbe hire hele anon.

Ac pe stones beop mochele?

and onimete grete.

for nas neuere pe man ibore?

in neuere none borewe.

pat mihte mid strengpe?

pe stones panne bringe.

po saide pe king?

Merlyn pou saist wonder ping.

thing, [it is named the Giants Ring]; the work is of stone, such an other 'there is [I know] none, so wide as is the worlds realm is no work 'its [to it] like. The stones are great, and virtue they have; the men who are sick 'they' go to the stones, and 'they' wash the stones, 'and therewith bathe their bones'; 'after a little while they become all sound [and have their health anon]! But the stones are mickle, and immensely great; for was never 'any [the] man born, in ever any burgh, who might with strength bring the stones thence." Then 'answered [said] the king: "Merlin, thou sayest strange thing; 'that [if] never any man born 'may bring them thence,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A line is here wanting, supplied by the other text.

<sup>2</sup> beo5? 4 R. unimete.

Added by second hand.

be nauere nan iboren mon : ne maie heom bringgen benne. no mid nare strengge: of pan stude lade. hu mihte ich heom þenne : heom bringen beonne. pa andswerede Mærlin: þan kinge þat spac wið him. 3use 3use lauerd kig: hit wes 3are ique en. 10 pat betere if lifte: bene ufel strende1. for mid lifte me mai ihalden : bat strengde ne mai iwalden?. Ah fomne bine uerde : & far to pan ærde. & bu mid be lede:

gode monne-uerde.

& ich wulle mid þe:'

pi monscipe bið þe mære. 20
Ær þu agæn wende:'

pine iwille þu scalt habbē.

& þat weorc þu scalt bringen:'

mid none cunnes strengpe.

ne mai 3am panene:'

mid none ping bringe.

wat folde ich panne:'

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

wane neuere no man ibore:

after heom fende.

bo answerede Merlyn:

pan kinge pat spac wip him.

3ufe 3ufe louerd: hit was isaid wile.

pat betere his sleahpe:

pane vuele strengpe.

for mid flehpe me mai holde: [6.79b.c.1.]

pat strengpe ne mai awilde.

Ac fend þider ferde:

and ich wolle mid ham wende.

nor with any strength carry from the place, how might [with any kind of strength, may thence with any thing (contrivance) bring them, wherefore should] I then 'bring them thence [after them send]?" Then answered Merlin to the king who spake with him: "Yes, yes, lord 'king', it was of yore [whilom] said, that better is art, than evil strength; for with art men may hold what strength may not obtain. But 'assemble thine [send thither an] army, 'and go to the land, and lead thou with thee a good host'; and I will [go] with 'thee, [them]—'thy worship will be the more! Ere thou back come, thy will thou shalt have, and the work thou shalt bring with thee to

<sup>1</sup> ftrengre? 2 A part of this word is by second hand, sup. ras.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. mid be to biffen londe. & fwa þu hit fcalt leden : to pere lich-rafte. & wurdien pene stude: per pine wines ligged. & pu feolf scalt per in: pine ban restē. penne pi lif ended: per pu scalt resten. þuf feiden Mærlin: 10 & feodden he fæt stille. alse peh he wolde: of worlden iwiten. [c. 2.] pe king hine lette bringen: into ane fære bure. & wunien þer inne: æft<sup>9</sup> his iwille 1. Aurilie þe king: lette beoden husting. of alle pan londe: 20 pa stod an hif honde. he bad him ræde: to fwulchere neode. and heo him wel rædden: riche hif beornes. ₱ he dude þene ræd :

this land, and so thou shalt carry it to the burial-place, and honor the spot where thy friends lie. And thou thyself shalt therein thy bones rest; when thy life endeth, there shalt thou rest." Thus said Merlin, and afterwards he sate still, as though he would from the world depart. The king caused him

<sup>1</sup> Sup. ras. à sec. man.

to be brought into a fair chamber, and dwell therein, after his will. Aurelie the king caused a husting to be summoned from all the lands that stood in his hand; he bade them counsel him at such need. And his noble barons

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

fende fiftene pusend cnihtes.

and Merlyn and Vther:

þat was his o3e broþer.

hii verde so longe:

pat hii come to Yrlonde.

And he forprihtes:

pat Mærlin him hauede ifað<sup>1</sup>. Ah heo nælden leden þene king : ut of þif londe.

ah heo curen heom to ældre: 'Vther pene gode.

& fiftene pusend cnihten:

fæire iwepned.

baldere Brutten:

pa pider sculde buzen. Pa pas ferde wes al zaru:

pa bigunnen heo to faren.

mid alle pan bezste scippen: bæ bi þære sæ stoden.

& ferde swa longe:

bat heo comen to Irlode.

& þa hauene nomen:

pæ cnihtes wel idone.

heo eoden uppen sæ ströd:

& biheolden Irlonde.

þa spæc Mærlin:

& fpilede mid wordē.

Iseo 3e nu ohte men:

lada mid wardā

20

pene muchelne hul.

they well advised him, that he should do the counsel that Merlin had said to him.' 'But they would not lead the king out of this land, but they chose them for chief Uther the good, and fifteen thousand knights, weaponed fair, of bold Britons, who thither should go [And he forth-right sent fifteen thousand knights, and Merlin, and Uther, who was his own brother]. 'When this army was all ready, then began they to fare with all the best ships that by the sea stood,' 'and [they] voyaged so long that they came to Ireland. 'And the brave knights took the haven; they went upon the sea strand, and beheld Ireland. Then spake Merlin, and discoursed with words: "See ye now, brave men, the great hill, the hill so exceeding high,

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

þe hul swa swiðe hæh: pere weolcne he if ful neh. pat if pat feolliche ping: hit hatte pere Eotinde Ring. elches weorkes unniliche: hit com of Aufrike. Slæð eower teldest¹: 3eond al paf feldes. her we scullen ræsten: to preom dæzen uirsten. 10 i pan feorde dæize: we fcullen heonne fusen. touward þā hulle : [£99.c.1.] ber if ure iwille. Ah we sculle us ær badien: & bonnien ure beornes. græiðien ure wepnen: fer2 wel heo uf bi-houed. pus hit bi-læfde: & per læie pa ferde. 20 peo8 ahte Irland: a king þat wes swiðe strong. he hæhte Gillomaurus:

gomenen he wef lauerd.

him comen þa tiðende:

and flozen hire teldes: oueral pe feldes.

Gillomaurus.

pis ihorde Gillomaur: king of pan londe.

that to the welkin it is full nigh? That is the marvellous thing, it is named the Giants Ring, to each work unlike,—it came from Africa.' 'Pitch your [and pitched their] tents over all 'these [the] fields; 'here we shall rest for the space of three days; on the fourth day we shall march hence toward the hill, where our will is. But we shall ere (previously) refresh us, and assemble our warriors; make ready our weapons, for well they behove us (we shall need them). Thus it remained, and there lay the army. Then possessed Ireland a king that was most strong; he hight Gillomaur, he

<sup>1</sup> teldef?

alre baluwenen mæft. heore blod 3eoten:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. Brutes weore an londe. he lette beoden ferde : zeond alle Irlondes ærde. & he gon pretien swide: and pretede swipe: pat al he wolde heō to-driue. pat he 3am wolde vt driue. pa b word him com to: Brutes wolden ber don. & come to pan anes: to fæchen þa stanes. þa þe kig Gillomar: 10 makede mucchel hoker & fcarn. and makede mochel fcornes: & feide \$ heo weoren: sotten iueren. ₱ ouer fæ brade: þider weoren iliðene. pat hi fohte pare stones. to fechen per stanes: fo ase none ne mihte be funde! ase in heore londe neore nane. in al Brutlonde. and fwor a feit Brændan: He fwor bi feint Brendan: Ne scullen heo læde ænne stan. þat hii ne folde habbe on. ah for pan stanen heo scullen ibiden 'ac for love of pan stones :'

was lord of the people; the tidings came to him that the Britons were in the land; [This heard Gillomaur, king of the land,] 'he caused forces to be summoned over all Irelands territory,' and 'he gan to threaten [threatened] greatly, that he would 'all' drive them out. 'When the word came to him, what the Britons would do there, and that they came for that only, to fetch the stones, then the king Gillomar' [and] made mickle 'derision and' scorn, 'and said that they were foolish fellows, who over the broad sea were thither arrived,' 'to seek [that they should seek] there stones, as [if] none 'were in their land [might be found in all Britain]; 'and [He] swore by saint Brandan:—"They shall not carry away one stone [that they should not have one], but for [love of] the stones they

21 hii fol<sup>1</sup> habbe harm mest.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

ut of heore buken. & fwa me fcal heō tachen: stanes to fæchen. & feodden ich wulle buzen: in to Brutlonde. & fuggen þan king Aurilie: † mine stanes ich wullen werien. & buten be king beon stille: & don mine iwille. ich wulle in hif londe : mid fæhte at-den 1. maken him weste pases: & wildernes monie. [c.2.] widewen i-noze: heore weres scullen deze. buf be vnwise king: plazede mid worden. ah al an o'er hit iwærd: over he iwende. 3aru wes hes8 ferde :

& ford heo gon fusen.

ber læien Brutes on.

swa longe pat heo comen:

pus wife king?:

pleoyde mid wordes.

ac al an oper hit iwarp:

oper pane he wende.

3aru was his ferde:

and he gan forp wende.

so long pat he com:

par peos Bruttes were.

'shall abide the most of all mischiefs; [should have most of harm.] 'spill their blood out of their bellies,—and so men shall teach them (they shall be taught) to seek stones! And afterwards I will go into Britain, and say to the king Aurelie, that my stones I will defend; and unless the king be still, and do my will, I will in his land with fight withstand; make him waste paths, and wildernesses many; widows enow,—their husbands shall die!" Thus the unwise king played with words, but it all happened another wise, other [than] he weened. His army was ready, and forth 'they [he] gan march, so long that 'they [he] came 'whereon the [where these] Britons

<sup>1</sup> at-ftonden?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A part of this line seems omitted.

To-gadere heo comen:

& hærdliche on-flogen.

& fuhten feondliche: feollen þa fæie.

pa Irifce weoren bare :

& Bruttes iburnede.

þa Irifce fullen:

& wrizen al þa feldef.

& be king Gillomar:

gon him to fleonne par.

& flæh forð rihtes:

mid twenti of hif cnihtes.

in to ænne muchele wude:

wurdscipen biræiued 1. wes hif Irisce uole:

mid stele iualled.

puf wes be kig iscænd:

& p<sup>9</sup> he endede hif 3elp.

& p<sup>9</sup> to wude ferde:

& lette hif folc fællen.

pa Bruttes biheolden:

þa dede 3eond þan vælden.

seouen pusend per leien: liues bidæled.

D ... 11

Bruttes 3eond pan uælden:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

To-gadere hii come: and hahliche floze.

Ac Yresse weren bare:

and Bruttus i-burned.

pe Yrisse folle:

and wrese be feldes.
and be king Gillomaur:

10 gan to fleonde par.

in to one mochele wode:

worfipe bi-deled.

bus was be king ifend:

and pus eandede his 3ealp.

Bruttes in pan felde :

'lay [were]. Together they came, and 'hardily [fiercely] encountered, 'and fought fiercely,—the fated fell!' [But] 'the' Irish were bare, and the Britons in armour; the Irish fell, and covered 'all' the fields. And the king Gillomar gan 'him' to fiee there, 'and fled forth-right, with twenty of his knights,' into a great wood,—of worship bereaved,—'his Irish folk was felled with steel.' Thus was the king shamed, and thus 'he' ended his boast, 'and thus went to the wood, and let his folk fall! The Britons beheld the dead over the fields; seven thousand there lay deprived of life.'

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<sup>1</sup> birmiues pr. m.

² he endede?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. ferde to heore telden. & heore gode wepnen: wurdliche bihozeden. & þer heo gunnen ræften: alse Merlin heom radde. I ban feorde dæie: þa gunen heo fusen. & ferden to pan hulle: iwæpned wel alle. þer stod þ seolkuð werc: 10 muchel & swide stoc. Cnihtes eoden upward: cnihtef eodē dunward. cnihtes eoden abuten: & 3eorne biheolden. isezen | per on londe : [f.999.c.1.] hii sehzen par on londe : sellic were stonden. per weoren a pusend cnihtes: mid wepnen wel idihten. and alle þa der2 to iwiten: biwusten wel heore scipen. þa fpæc M<sup>9</sup>lin∶ & fpileden mid þan cnihten. Cnihtes 3e beo's stronge:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. wende to hire teldes.

and par hii gonne to reste? ase Merlyn heom hehte. In pan feorpe daie: po gonnen hii wende. and ferde to pan hulle? iwepnid wel alle. war stod þat wonder worc: mochel and fwipe stark. Cnihtef eoden vpward: cnihtes eoden dunward. hii eoden al aboute: and 3eorne bi-heolde. wonder work stonde.

po spac Merlyn : and faide to be cnihtes. pis sto beop longe:

The Britons went 'over [on] the fields to their tents, 'and worthily looked to (or took care of) their good weapons,' and there they gan to rest, as Merlin 'counselled [bade] them. On the fourth day then gan they to march, and proceeded to the hill, all well weaponed, where the marvellous work stood, great and most strong! Knights went upward, knights went downward, 'knights [they] went [all] about, and earnestly beheld it; they saw there on the land the marvellous work stand. 'There were a thousand knights with weapons well furnished, and all the others to wit guarded well their ships.' Then spake Merlin, and 'discoursed with [said to] the knights:

<sup>1</sup> heo fe3en?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. paf stanes beod græte & longe. 3e mote neh gon :' & neodliche heom fon on. 3e mote uaste heom wriden: mid strongen sæil-rapen. fcuuen & hebben : mid hæ3ere strende1. treon græte & longe: p beon swide stronge. & gao to ane stane: 3e alle glæue?. and cumes mid stregge!! 3if 3e hine magen sturien. Wel wufte Merlin ? hu hit fculde iwurden. pa cnihtes to-stepen: mid muchelere streng de. heo fwunken ful swide: ah næfden heo fÿ3e. pat heo auer æine stan : sturien mahten. M<sup>9</sup>lin biheold Vther:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and 3e beop men ftronge.

suuep and hebbep? mid al 30ure strengpe.

and gop to one stone?

Ac wel wifte Merlyn?
hou hit wolde iworpe.
pis cnihtef to-stapte?
mid mochelere strēgpe.
hii swonke wel swipe?
peh hit lute holpe.
ne mihten hii alle?
anne ston welde.
Merlyn bi-heold Vther?

"'Knights, ye are strong; these stones are great and long [These stones are long, and ye are strong men]; 'ye must go nigh, and forcibly take hold of them; ye must wreathe them fast with strong sail-ropes'; shove and heave with 'utmost [all your] strength 'trees great and long, that are exceeding strong'; and go ye to one stone, all clean, 'and come again with strength, if ye may it stir.'" [But] Merlin wist well how it should [would] happen. 'The [These] knights advanced with mickle strength; they labored full greatly, 'but they had not power, so that they ever any stone might stir [though it helped but little; they all might not gain one stone]! Merlin beheld Uther, who was 'the [this] kings brother, and 'Merlin the pro-

¹ ftrengëe?

2 clæne?

pus M<sup>9</sup>lin dude per ?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. pat was his kingef brober. þe was þe kinges broðer. & pas word sæide: M<sup>9</sup>lin þe witeze. Vther tih þe agan : and bad him and his cnihtef: & bonne bine cnihtes. & stonded al abute: stonde bi-halues. & zeorne bi-haldev. & beo's alle stille: p na man per ne sturie. ær ich fugge eou nu anan : forte ich legge 30u anon? 10 nime ech ane ston. hu we fcullen fon on. Vther droh hine abac: & bonnede hif cnihtes. ₿ ne bilafden þer nane : aneoweste pan stane. al fwa feor fwa a mon : mihte werpen ænne stan. [c.2.] & Mærlin eode abutē: Merlyn eode aboute: & zeornen gon bihalden. brie he eode abuten : 20 wip ine and wip houte. wið innen & wið uten. & fturede hif tunge : and storede his tonke1: alse he bede sunge. afe he his bedes fonge.

phet said these words: "Uther, draw thee back, and assemble thy knights, and stand ye all about [bade him and his knights stand aside], 'and diligently behold, and be ye all still, so that no man there stir' 'ere [until] I say to you 'now' anon how we shall commence ["take ye each a stone"]." 'Uther drew him back, and assembled his knights, so that none there remained near the stones, as far as a man might cast a stone. And' Merlin went about, 'and diligently gan behold; thrice he went about,' within and without, and moved his tongue as if he sung [his] beads. Thus did Merlin

pus Merlyn dude per :

<sup>1</sup> tonge?

10

20

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

ħ¹ cleopede he Vðær. Vther com swide: & alle pine cnihtes mid pe. & winne's pas stanes alle : ne scullen 3e læuen nænne. swulche vederene balles. & swa ze sculled heom mid ræde: and so ze solle mid reade: to ure scipen lede. peos stanes heo ladden: swa Merlin heom radde. & duden hes in heore scipen : & seileden uord to iwiten. & swa heo gunnë wenden: into hissen londe. & ladden heom in ann velde: be if wunder ane brad. he if brad & swide muri: on uæst Ambres-burie. per Hengest biswæc:

Bruttes mid fæxen. Mærlin heom gon rærē:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. po cleopede he Vther. Vther com to me: and alle pine cnihtef mid be.[£80.c.1.] and nime peos stones alle: ne folle 3eo bi-leaue nanne. for nu 3e ma3en heom habben? for nou 3e mawe heom hebbe! afe feberbeddes.

to 30ure fipes leade. pe stones hii ladde:

ase Merly<sup>3</sup> heom radde.

and wende forb fo long: pat hii come to piffe londe. hii bere 3am alle bolde: and leide 3am vp on wolde. pat was a stude wel [muri]:

Ambr

Merlyn hem gan reare:

ihote Ambres-buri.

there; 'then called he Uther: "Uther, come 'quickly [to me], and all thy knights' with thee, and take ye these stones all; ye shall not leave one; for now ye may heave them as (like) feather 'balls [beds]; and so ye shall with counsel carry 'them' to 'our [your] ships." 'These [The] stones they carried away, as Merlin counselled them, 'and placed them in their ships, and sailed forth to wit,' and 'so they gan proceed into [proceeded forth so long, that they came to] this land, 'and brought them on a plain that is wondrously broad; broad it is and most pleasant, near [they bore them all bold, and laid them upon a weald that was a place well pleasant, named] Ambresbury, 'where Hengest betrayed (or destroyed) the Britons with sæxes.'

1 ja?

<sup>2</sup> hebben?

3 R. Merlyn.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. alfe heo stoden ærer. swa næu nan oder mon : bene craft ne cube don. ne næuer ær þer biforē: nef na mon fwa wif iboren. pat cube pet weorc rihten: & pa stanes dihten. i þan norð ende. of Merlines fore: 10 & of Vthæres hif brober. bat heo weoren mid ifunde: icumen to biffen londe. & p pat worc wef al idiht: & ifet up riht. pe king wes an breoste: [6100.c.1.]pe king was on lifue: wūder ane bliðe. & lette beode hustige: fwa wid fwa wef al hif lond. pat al hif folc swa swide muri: 20 come to Amberes-buri. al hif drihtliche uolc : to White-funedæie.

so neuere non ober man: pane craft ne coupe don. pat tidende com to pan kinge! pe tydinge com to pan kinge! of ban worc to his hinne. and of Merlyn his vore: and Vther his boper8.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

alse hii sto1 ere.

þat hii weren mid ifunde: icome to biffe londe. and bat worc was al idiht: and ifet vp riht. wonderliche blibe. and lette beade al his folk muri!

pat hii come to Ambref-buri. wip houte delaie: in þan Witesonedaize.

Merlin gan rear them, as they ere stood, so never any other man could do the craft, 'nor ever ere there-before was any man so wise born, that could the work raise, and the stones dispose.' The tidings came to the king in the north end, [to his inn, of the work, and] of 'Merlins [Merlin his] proceeding, and 'of' Uther, his brother, that they were with safety come to this land, and that the work was all disposed, and set up right. The king was in 'breast [life] wondrously blithe; and caused'a husting [all his merry folk] to be summoned, 'so wide as was all his land,' that 'all his merry folk [they] 'so very joyous' should come to Ambresbury, 'all his

<sup>1</sup> ftode?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

Pider com com<sup>1</sup> Aurilie þe king : and þe king wolde þare beo : & al his folc mid him. and þane stude worþi.

1 Whiten-funedæie:

ie þer wærf makede.

d se ich pe wulle telle!

a pisse boc-spelle.

Weoren a pan walde:

teldes itælded.
in þan brade uelde:

nize þusend teldes.

al þan Whitenfunendæi:

þe king a þan uelde læi.

hæt hal;ien þe ftude :'
þe hæhte Stanhenge.
þreo dæies fulle :'
wunede þe king ftille.
i þan þridde dæie :'
he;e wurðede his du;eðe.
he makede tweie bifcopes :'
wunder ane gode.
Seint Dubriz to Kaerliun :'

par were in pan wolde:

o pan Witesonneday:

pe king in pan felde lay. [c.2.]

he bar pare his croune:

heze vppe on his heued.

and lette halzi pane stude:

pat hatte Stonhenge.

preo dazes folle:

par lay pe king stille.

he makede twei biffopes: holi më and gode. Seint Dubriz to Cayrlion:

Dubriz.

people, at [without delay, on the] Whitsunday, [and the king would be there, and honour the place]. 'Thither came Aurelie the king, and all his folk with him; on Whitsunday he there made a feast, as I will thee tell in this book-story. [There] were on the weald 'tents raised, on the broad plain,' nine thousand tents. 'All [On] the Whitsunday the king on the plain lay; [he bare there his crown, high upon his head]; 'ordered [and caused] the place to be hallowed, that hight Stonehenge. Full three days the king 'dwelt [lay there] still; 'on the third day, his people he highly honoured [or rewarded];' he made two bishops, 'wondrously [holy men

90

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Samfon.

to Eouuerwic feint Samfon. beien heo iwurden hali: & mid gode haze. I pan feorde dæie: duzeden to-dælden. and fwa ane ftunde: hit stod a þan ilkē.

¶ þa set þer wes a luðer gume : DE set þar was on luþer gome : Passent Vortigernes sune. Passent.

> wes be ilke Passent: in to Walifc londe iwet. and per a pen ilke dazen:

wes bicumen ut-laze.

for Aurilie & for Vther. ah he biset scipen gode:

& ferde bi sæ flode. in to Alemaine he uerde?

mid fif hundred monnen.

& per he biwon muchel uolc: & makeden scip-ferde.

& for fwa longe:

pat he com to biffe londe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

to Euerwich feint Samfon.

beine hii were holy: and borh god mihti.

In pan feorpe daie:

pat folk him to-dealde. and fo hit one ftunde:

stod in pan ilke.

Pascent Vortigerne his sone.

was bes ilke Pascent: in to Walfe lond iwend.

and pare in pan ilke daze:

[per : was bi-come vtlage.

Ah ne durste he noht longe wunienAc ne dorste he noht longe wonie [[c.2.] for Aurelie and for Vther.

ac bi-zeat fipes gode: and wende bi féé flode.

in to Alemayne he com: mid fif hundred manne.

in l þar bi-wan moche z

and torn eft to bif londe.

and] good, Saint Dubriz at Kaerleon, and Saint Samson at York; both they 'became [were] holy, and 'with [through] God 'high [mighty]. On the fourth day 'people [the folk it] separated, and so a time it stood in the same wise. The yet there was a wicked man, Pascent, 'Vortigers [Vortiger his] son; was 'the [this] same Pascent gone into Welsh land, and there in the same days was become outlaw. But he durst not long dwell there, for Aurelie and for Uther; but 'he' procured good ships, and went by the sea-flood; into Germany he 'proceeded [came], with five hundred men, and there 'he' won much 'folk, and made a fleet,' and 'voyaged so long that he came [turned eft] to this land, into 'the Humber

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. ī to pere Humbre: per he hærmes worhte. Ah ne durste he noht longe: i han ænde at-stonde. þe kin i ferde þider ward: & Paffent fleh aweiward. æft<sup>9</sup> fæ fwa longe: pat he com to Irlonde. Sone he per funde: pene king of pan londe. his heorte wes swide fær ? he grette bene king Gillomar. Hail feo þu Gillomar : gumene ælder. ich æm to þe icume: ich wes Vortig<sup>9</sup>nes fune. mi fader wes Brutlondes king: he luuede þe þurh alle þing. & 3if bu woldest to-3ere: beon þider min iuare. 20 swa wit sculden ifpæcken: & minne fader wel wreken. & wel wreken bi folc:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

in to Norphübre:
pare he harmes wrohte.
Ac ne dorfte he noht longe:
in pan eande aftonde.
pe king verde piderward:
and Pascent fleop a-weiward.

into Yrlonde:

to king Gelomaur be stronge. [£80°.c.1.]
and grette ban kinge:
mid godes gretige.
Ich ham to be icome:
ich was Vortigeres sone.
mi fader was Brutlondes king:
and louede be borh alle bing.
and jes bou woldest to-zere:
beo mine vere.

to wreken mine fader deap?' and pin owe folkes.

[Northumberland], where he harm wrought. But he durst not long remain in the territory. The king marched thitherward, and Pascent field awayward, 'by sea so long that he came' 'to [into] Ireland. 'Soon he found there the king of the land; [to king Gillomar the strong; and] 'his heart was very sore, he' greeted the king 'Gillomar' [with Gods greeting]: "'Hail be thou, Gillomar, chief of men!' I am to thee come; I was Vortigers son; my father was Britains king, 'he [and] loved thee through all things. And if thou wouldest now be my companion, 'as we shall agree,' 'and my father well avenge, and well avenge thy folk [to avenge my fathers

Vther her qualde.
 bi felcube wære:
 bat heo¹ heonne droæ.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

pat Vther here fulde: po he pe stones fette.

halfendel pat kinelond: ich wolde fet pe an hond.

& æc ich iherde fuggen:

per ic ferde inne fæ.

pat pe king Aurilien:

seoc if iwurðen.

& lið inne Winchæstre: [f.100b.c.1.]

a bedde ful faste.

pu miht ileue me inoh:

for pif if witerliche soð.

Pestet & Gillomar.

Paffet & Gillomar: makeden heore forward par. ades heo fwore:

monie & unifolize.

† heo wolde al pif lond:

fætten on hæore tweire hond. be aðes weoren ifworene:

ah æft heo weoren for-lorene.

De king gadere ferde: wide 3eond hif ærde.

pus Pascent and Gillomar? makede foreward par. opes i² sworen? manye and inowe. pat hii wolde al pis lond? sette in hire tweire hond.

pe king gadere ferde : ouer al pan erpe.

death, and thine own folks] that Uther here 'killed, and thy marvellous work, that he hence drew [felled, when he fetched away the stones, the halfpart of the kingdom I would set to thee in hand."] 'And eke I heard say, where I voyaged in the sea, that the king Aurelie is become sick, and lieth in Winchester, in bed full fast. Thou mayest believe me enow, for this is verily sooth."' [Thus] Pascent and Gillomar made 'their' compact there; oaths they swore, many and 'innumerable [enow], that they would set all this land in their two (joint) hands; 'the oaths were sworn, but eft they were broken!' The king gathered a host 'wide over his [over all the] land;

## [v. 17574—17596.] LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

to pere sæ beoð iwende: Gillomar & Paffen 1. in to pan scipen eoden: & forð heom letten gliden. Ford heo wenden biliue: bat heo comen to Meniue. ₿ wes a þan time: tun swide hende. p mō nu iwitterli∶ cleped feint Deouwi. per heo nomen hauene: mid hezere bliffe. fcipen eodē a þat strond: cnihtes eoden a bat lond. pa sæide Passent: touward Gillomar he went. Seie me king Gillomar: nu we beo'd icumen her. Nu ich fette þe an hond: halfenuēdæl<sup>2</sup> þif kinelon<sup>3</sup>. for if of Wichastre icume: to me anes cnihtes fune. & fæið me fwulne ræd ?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. to pare féé hii beop iwend : Gillomar and Pascent.

Forp hii eode blifue?

pat hii come to Menue.

pat was in pan time?

toun fwipe hende.

pat me nou weterly?

cleopep feint Daui.

po Pascent: toward Gillomar went.

Ich fette pe nou an hond?

haluendel pif kinelond.

for par his of Winchestre ico
to me one cnihtes fone.

and saip me sochue read?

to the sea [they] are gone, Gillomar and Pascent; 'into the ships they and forth let them glide'. Forth they proceeded quickly, so that they to Meneve, that was in that time a town exceeding fair, that men now call Saint Davids. 'There they took haven with great bliss; the went on the strand, the knights went on the land.' Then 'said' Pasce toward Gillomar 'he' went,—"'Say me, king Gillomar, now we are here'; now I set to thee in hand half-part this kingdom; for [the from Winchester come to me a knights son, and saith to me such as

<sup>1</sup> R. Passent here and below.

<sup>2</sup> halfendæl? haluendæl? One syllable is redundant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> kinelond

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. B Aurilie wale been dæd. pat ufel if under hif ribben: pat ne mæi he noh¹ libben. her wit scullen wel wreken: unker wine-mæies. biwinnen hif wunfeles: [c. 2.] íwa us bið alre feleft. To pan kinge com pat word: in to Winchæstre. bat Paffent & Gillomar: 10 weoren mid ferde icumen hær. be king cleopede Vther: þe wes hif leoue broðer. Vther beð? uerde: zeond al bissen ærde. & far to ure feonden: & drif heom of ærde. oder þu heom fusen : over bu hed feolle. Ich wolde faren æc: zif ich neore swa seoc. ah 3if ich mai beon feore:

ich be cumen after sone.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.
pat Aurelie wole beo dead. [c.2.]

her we folle oure cun wel wreke!

and his lond a-winne.

To pan kinge co pat word: In to Wynchestre. pat Pascent and Gillomar: were mid serde icome her. pe king cleopede Vther: pat was his owe broper. Vther bead serde: oueral peos eorpe. and wend to oure onsreondes: and drif heom of londe.

and ich wolde eke ?

gef ich nere fo feke.

ac al fo fone fo ich may ?

ich wolle be after wende.

that Aurelie will be dead (die); 'the sickness is under his ribs, so that he may not live.' Here we shall well avenge our kindred, [and] win 'his territories [this land], 'as to us shall be best of all.'" To the king came the word, into Winchester, that Pascent and Gillomar were come here with as army. The king called Uther, who was his 'dear [own] brother:—" Uther, summon forces over all this land, and march to our enemies, and drive them from land; 'either thou them disperse, either thou them fell.' [And] I would eke 'fare,' if I were not so sick; but 'if I may be sound (convalescent), I will come after thee soon [as soon as I may, I will after thee march]." Uther did

Appas.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Al dude Uöer! swa þe king him fæide þer. & Paffen at fēit Deowi! sorgen iworhte þer bi. and þe king Gillomar! muchel forge he dude þær.

Brutlond heo purh-arnden: hærsede & barden!

& Vther i piffen ærde:' fumnede hif ferde.

& hit wes longe uirst: ær he mihte fusen a-riht.

& Paffent West Walisc lond: fet an his agere hond.

Hit wes an ane dæie! his duje de weore blide.

per com faren Appas :

feodes hine vælden?.
to Passent he quad þus:

Cum hidere to uf.

ich þe wulle telle: of ane wil-fpalle<sup>3</sup>.

Ich was at Winchæstre! at þine wiðer-iwinnē.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

Al dude Vther: alse he king hi saide har.
And Pascent at seint Daui: mochel forewe dude har bi.

Brutlond hii porh-hearnde:' and flowen and barnde.

and al West Walse lond: sette in hire owe hond. Hit was in on tyme: hat he folk was blike.

pat pe folk was onpe.

par com faren Appas:

to Pascent and faide bus.

Ich was in Wynchestre? mid þan seake kinge.

all as the king said to him there. And Pascent at Saint Davids 'wrought [made] thereby [much] sorrow; 'and to the king Gillomar much sorrow he did there'; Britain they through-ran, 'harried [and slew] and burnt. 'And Uther in this land assembled his host, and it was long time ere he might march aright.' And 'Pascent' set in 'his [their] own hand [all] West Welsh land. It was on a 'day [time], 'his people were [that the folk 'was blithe, there arrived Appas,—the fiends him conveyed! To Pascent 'he quoth [and said] thus: "'Come hither to us. I will thee tell of a joyful tiding.' I was 'at [in] Winchester, with 'thine adversaries [the sick king],

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> barnden? <sup>2</sup> vereden? Cf. l. 17787. et alib.

<sup>\*</sup> wil-spelle?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. per lið þe king feoc:

& forh-ful an heorten. what fcal beon mi mede:

3if ic bider ride.

& ich þe swa iqueme:

þa andfwarede Paffen : and toward Appafe went.

Ich bi-hate þe todæi:

an hūdrad pund for ic mæi. 10

3if bu me iquemest:

pat pu hine aqlle. Treove he' plihte :

befne swikedom to dihten.

Appas eode to bur?

& pefne balu mæinde.

he wes an hædene gume:

ut of Saxlonde icume. Muneckes clades he nom an:

he fcar hif crune ufeen. 20

he nom him tweien iueren:

& forð he gon fufen.

& wende anan rihte:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

par he lip in bedde: and 3et wole libbe.

ac wat fal beon mi mede:

pat ich hine aquele<sup>1</sup>. [£101.c.1.] 3ef ich hine acwelle.

po answerede Pascent: and toward Appas he went.

Ich bi-hote be to day: [£81.c.1.]

an hundred pund an wel ich may.

3ef bou ine cwalest.

Treoupe hii plihte: bifne swikedom to dihte.

Appas eode to boure:

and pane balu meynde.

he was an heapene gome :

vt of Saxlonde icome.

Monekene clopes he nom :

and far him croune ouenon.

and wende a-non riht:

where 'the king [he] lieth 'sick, and sorrowful in heart [in bed, and yet would live. But] what shall be my meed, if I 'thither ride, and I so gratify thee, that I' kill him?" Then answered Pascent, and toward Appas he went: "I promise thee to-day a hundred pounds, for [and well] I may, if thou 'me so gratifiest, that thou 'kill [killest] him. Troth they plight this treachery to contrive. Appas went to his chamber, and 'this [the] mischief meditated; he was a heathen man, out of Saxland come. Monks clothes he took 'on,' 'he [and] shaved 'his crown upon [him upon the crown]; 'he took to him two companions, and forth he gan proceed,' and went anon

<sup>1</sup> The letters le are written above the line.

in to Winchæstre. fwulc hit weore an hali mon : þe hæðene deouel. He wende to pan burh; ate: per pe king on bure lai. & gratte pene dureward: godes grætinge. & band 1 hine an hizige: gan in to pan kinge. & fuggen him to fode: † Vther hif broder. hæfde him þider i-fend: feolne læche. pene bezste læche: þe wunede an æi londe. be auer ælcne fucne mon : of ufele bringe con. puf læh þe læðe mon : leodene-kinge. for Uther wef ifare: forð mid hif ferde. no nauer Vther hine ne isæh: ne bider hine i-sende.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.
in to Wynchestre.
defends hit were an holi mā defende deauel.
He wende to ha borhate deauel.
He wende to ha borhate deauel.
He wende to ha borhate deauel.

and hare doreward grette.

and bad hine an hisenge deauel.

and feggen him to sohe deauel.

bat Vther his broher.

hadde him hider i-send deauel.

pus he leh pe lope man!
loh him worpe drihte.
for Vther was forp ifare!
mid mochelere ferde.
ne neuere Vther hine ne feh!
ne bider ne fende.

right into Winchester, as if it were a holy man,—the heathen devil! He went to the burgh-gate, 'where the king lay in chamber,' and greeted the door-keeper 'with Gods greeting;' and bade him in haste go 'in'to the king, and say to him in sooth, that Uther his brother had sent him thither 'a good leech [the king to heal]; 'the best leech that dwelt in any land, that ever any sick man out of sickness can bring.' Thus [he] lied, the odious man, 'to the monarch,—[may the Lord be to him loath!],—for Uther was gone forth with 'his [great] army, nor ever him saw (had seen) Uther, nor thither 'him' sent! 'And [But] the king weened 'that' it were sooth, and

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& pe king wende pat hit weore foo ac pe king wende hit were fop!

& ilefde hī inoh.

Wha wolde wene:

pat he swike weore.

for an hif bare liche:

he weorede ane burne.

ber ufenen he hæfde:

[c. 2.]

per ufenen he hæfde : [c. 2.] ane ladliche here.

& feooden ane cule: of ane blake clase.

iblæcched he hæfede hif licame:

fwulc ismitte of cole.

He cneolede to pan kingge? hif spæche wes sul milde. Hail seo pu Aurilien: aðelest alre kīgē. hider me sende Vther: be if pin agen broðer. & ich al for godes luue: æm to pe her icume. for ich pe wulle helen:

for criftef leofe godef fune: ne ræche ich nane garfüe.

& al hal makien.

and ilefde him inoh.
Wo wolde wene :'
pat he fwike were.
for nexft his liche :'
he werede pe eare.
par ouenan he hadde :'
one blake couele.

He cneolede to pan kinge? his speche was wel milde. Hayl beo pou Aurelie pe king?[c.2.] Bruttene deorling. hider me sende Vther? pat his pin owe broper. and ich al for godes loue? ham to pe hider icome. for ich wolle for cristes loue? al hol pe makie.

believed him enow. Who would ween that he were traitor!—for 'on his bare [next his] body he wore 'a cuirass [the hair-cloth], thereupon he had a 'loathly hair-cloth [black cowl], 'and then a cowl of a black cloth; he had blackened his body, as if smutted with coal!' He kneeled to the king, his speech was 'full [well] mild: "Hail be thou, Aurelie, 'noblest of all kings [the king, Britains darling]! Hither me sent Uther, that is thine own brother; and I all for Gods love am 'here [hither] to thee come. For I will 'heal, and' all whole thee make, for Christs love, 'Gods son; I

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no mede of londe: ne of feoluere no of golde. ah ælche feocken ich hit do : for luue of mine dribtene. þif iherde þe king : hit wes him fwide iqme. ah whar if æuere æi mon: a þiffe middel-ærde. þe þif wolde wenen: 10 p he swiken weore. He no hif glæf-fat anan: & þe king mæh þer on. anne while after pan: þat glæf-fat an honden nom. & sceoweden hit forð rihtes: biforen þaf kinges enihtes. & p9 fæide anan : Appas þe haðene mon. 3if 3e me wulled ileuē ₹ ær to marwen eue. pes king scal beon al hal? ihaled an his wille. ba weoren blise: alle þa weoren i bure.

Appas eoden in ænne bur:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pis ihorde pe king!
hit was him fwipe icweme.
for ware his euere pe man!
in piffe worle-riche.
pat wolde hit iwene!
pat he foch were.
He nam his vrinal anon!
an pe king meh par on.
one wile after pan!
pe vrnal an honde he nā.
and fewede forp rihtes!
bi-vore alle his enihtes.
and pus faide anon!
Appaf pe luper man.

Are to morewe heue. al hol bou falt iwospe.

po weren blipe:'
alle pat weren in boure.
Appas wende to boure!

reck not any treasure, nor meed of land, nor of silver nor of gold, but to each sick person I do it for love of my Lord." The king heard this, it was to him most agreeable;—'but [for] where is ever 'any [the] man in this 'middle-earth [worlds realm], that would 'this [it] ween, that he were 'traitor [such]! He took his 'glass vessel [urinal] anon, and the king urined therein; a while after that, the 'glass-vessel [urinal] in hand [he] took, and viewed 'it' forth-right before 'the kings [all his] knights; and thus said anon Appas, the 'heathen [wicked] man: "'If ye will me believe' ere to-morrow eve 'this king shall be [thou shalt become] all whole, 'healed at his will'." Then were blithe all that were in chamber. Appas went 'in a [to] cham-

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& pat balu mæinde.

& dude per to atter:

ba fcamoiene<sup>1</sup> hatte.

& com ut ford rihtef:

& þan kinge<sup>2</sup> he gon dæle:

muchel canele.

& gingiuere & licoriz:

he hom lefliche 3ef. alle heo nomen # lac:

& he heom alle bi-fwac.

peos fwike feol a cneowe:

at-foren þan leod-kinge.

& p9 faide3 him to:

Lauerd nu þu scalt a-fon.

of hiffen drinchen ane dæle:

pat scal beon pin hale.

& be king up drong?

& per p atter he dronc.

Anan fwa he hafde idrunke:

be leche hine adun læide.

þus feide Appas :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and pane balu meingde.

and dude par to hatter:

bat scamoine hatte. and com vt forprihtes:

imōg þa burh-cnihtes. [£101\.c.1.] amōg alle his cnihtes.

and to 3am he gan deale:

mochel canele.

alle hii nemen pat lock :

and he alle bi-fwoc.

pes fwike ful a-cnowe:

bi-vore pan kinge.

and pus faide him to?

Louerd pou falt pis vnder-fo.

of þis drench on deal:

and pat fal beon pin heal. [681%.c.1.]

And be king hit drong?

to his feye-fibe.

ber, and the mischief meditated, and put thereto poison, that hight scamony, and came out forth-right among 'the chamber-knights [all his knights], and to 'the knights [them] he gan to distribute much canel, 'and gingiver and liquorice he gave them lovingly.' They all took the gift, and he deceived 'them' all. This traitor fell on his knees before the 'monarch [king], and thus said to him: "Lord, 'now' thou shalt receive [this,] of this drink a part, [and] that shall be thy cure." And the king 'up drank, and there the poison he drank [drank it to his own destruction]. 'Anon as he had drank, the leech laid him down. Thus said Appas to the chamber-

<sup>1</sup> The last two letters of this word are added by a second hand.

<sup>2</sup> cnihtes?

<sup>3</sup> saide smide man. pr., but the second word struck out man. sec.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

to pan bur-cnihtes. Wreo'd nu wel bene king : # he ligge a fwæting. for ich fugge eou purh alle ping : al hal beo's aure 1 king. & ich wulle to mine inne : and fpeken wið mine monnen. & to pere mid-nihte: ich cum ford rihtes. mid over lache-cafte: þa sculleð beon him liðe. Ford wende be swike: be king læi on sweuete. Appaf to hif inne: & spec wið his monnē. mid stilleliche rune: bistal of pan tune.

and be leche stille: bi-stal vt of pan halle. and awei him wet: toward Gillomar and Pascent.

To pere mid-nihte: pa fende pa burh-cnihtes. sixe of heore monne: to Appases inne.

knights: "Wrap now the king well, that he lie in sweating; for I say to you through all things, all whole shall your king be. And I will go to my inn, and speak with my men, and at the midnight I will come again forthright, with other leechcraft, that shall be to him healing." Forth went the traitor,—the king lay in slumber,—Appas to his inn, and spake with his men'; 'with stilly counsel stole from the town. [And the leech stilly stole out of the hall (palace), and away went he toward Gillomar and Pascent.] 'At the midnight then sent the chamber-knights six of their men to Appases inn; they weened to find him, and bring him to the king. Then was he

20

1 eoure?

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MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

heo wenden hine to finden: and longi hine to pan kinge. þa wes he iflozen: & feondes hine uæreden. pa men azein comē: per pe king wunede. [c. 2.] & cudde i þan bure: of Appales fore. pa mihte me iseon: forzen inoze beon. cnihtes feollen a-dun: & zirnden heore dæðes. per wes muchel wanig: heortne granig. per wes moni reolic fpel: þer wes gumene izel. Heo leopen to pan bedde: & pene king hedden. þa 3et he lai on sweouete: & on muchele fwate. pæ cnihtef mid weope: bene king awehten. & heo him to-cleopeden: mid mildere steuene.

And 3it be king?
20 al to-swate an hisenge.

and cleopede his cnihtes! to him anon rihtes.

flown, and the fiends him carried! The men came back where the king dwelt, and made known in the chamber of Appases departure. Then might men see sorrow enow be! Knights fell down, and yearned their deaths; there was mickle lamentation and heart-groaning, there was many a piteous speech, there was yell of men! They leapt to the bed, and beheld the king'; 'the yet he lay in slumber, and in great sweat. [And yet the king all over sweated speedily; and called his knights to him anon right.] 'The knights with weeping awakened the king, and they called to him with

1 cubden?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Lauerd hu mid be: hu beod pine beouste1. for nu if ure læche: ifaren buten laue. iliden ut of hirede: for hæne uf bilæued. pe king heom 3if and sware: Al ic æm to-fwollen. & þer nif nan oder² ræd: nu nan ich wurde dæd. & ich bidde forð rihtes: ze beo's mine cnihtes. pat 3e græten Vther: be if min age broder. & bidde's hine halden : mi lond an on-walde. Godd feolf burh alle bing: lete hine been god king. & hate's hine been kene: & æiwær riht deme. wærcche8 uolke for fæder:

and feide 3am an ftrongne read?

10 pat he moste beo dead.

And 3eo cnihtes hende:

mild voice: "Lord, how is it with thee? how is thy harm? For now is our leech departed without leave, gone out of court, and left us as wretches." 'The king gave them answer: "I am all over swollen, and there is no other hap, now anon I shall be dead. And I bid forth-right, ye who are my knights [and said to them an evil hap, that he must die. "And ye, fair knights], 'that ye greet Uther, who is my own brother, and bid him hold my land in his sway. God himself through all things let him be a good king! And bid him be keen, and always deem right, as a father to the poor folk, to the destitute for comfort;—then may he hold the land in

hænen to frouere.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Perhaps an error for bearfte? A plummet-mark in the margin indicates some mistake.

<sup>2</sup> ofer?

<sup>3</sup> wræcche ?

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

penne maie he halde: lond an on-walde. & nu to dai benne ich beo dæd: nime's alle anne ræd. & lete's me ilenge: [£ 102.c.1:] riht to Stanhenge. per lið muchel of mine cunne: burh Sæxen a-qualde. & of-fended1 bifcopes: & boc-ilarede men. mi gold and mi feoluer: deled for mire faule. & leggeð me an æft ænde : inne Stan-henge. Næs þer nan oðer ræd: þer iward<sup>3</sup> þe king dæd. & al fwa hif men duden : swa þe king demde. Inne Wæles4 wes Vther: & her of næs naðing war. neuere purh nare lifte: her of naping nufte.

bringeb me at Stöhenge.

and leggeb me bar in : ware lib mochel of mine cun.

And al pus hit was iwroht: alse be king hit hadde idiht. And Vther was in Walis:

and noht her of nuste.

power. And now today, when I be dead, take ye all one counsel, and' cause me to be brought right [bring me] to Stonehenge, 'where lie much of my kindred, by the Saxons killed. And send for bishops, and booklearned men; my gold and my silver distribute for my soul,' and lay me 'at the east end, in Stonehenge [therein, where lie much of my kindred]. 'There was no other hap,-there was the king dead!' And all 'so his men did [thus it was wrought] as the king 'directed. [had ordered it. And] Uther was in Wales, and hereof 'was nothing ware, never through any art hereof 'nothing [nought] wist; nevertheless he had with him the prophet

<sup>2</sup> deleg 5 1 of-fendet? 3 iwarb? 4 The first hand has only written was, which is corrected by the second into Wales

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

nateles he hafede mid him ;

pene wite;e M<sup>9</sup>lin.

a;eineden 1 pere uerde;

pe icumë wef to ærde.

Vther lai inne Wales;

in anne wilderne.

& fundede to uarene;

with Paffent to fehten.

pa a pan auen time;

pe mone gon to fcine.

wel neh al fwa brihte;

swa pe fune-lihte.

Da ifehzen heo feorre;

noþeles he hadde mid him : þane witty Merlýn.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

wel neh al fwa brihte?

swa pe fune-lihte.

pa ifehzen heo feorre?

ænne felcuőe sterre.

he wes brad he wes muchel?

he wes unimete.

of hī comē leomen?

hii ifezen a-vorre:

In pan euetime:

10 þe mone gan to scýne.

a latin comete.

Com of þan steore:

a leome swiðe sturne.

at þeos leomen ende:

wes a drake hende.

of þes draken muðe:

leomen come inohze.

igastliche scine. pe steorre is ihate:

pat his ihote:

a latyn Comete.

Com of pan storre:
a leom swipe sturne.
at pe leomes ende:
was a drake hende.
of pan drakes moupe:
leames come inowe.

Merlin; he proceeded towards the army that was come to the land. Uther lay in Wales, in a wilderness, and prepared to march, to fight with Pascent. Then' in the eventime, the moon gan to shine, 'well nigh all as bright as the sun-light. Then' they saw afar a marvellous star; 'it was broad, it was large, it was immense! From it came gleams terribly shining'; 'the star [that] is named in Latin, comet. Came from the star a gleam most fierce; at 'this [the] gleams end was a dragon fair; from 'this [the] dragons

<sup>1</sup> azenden, pr. man.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Ah tweien per weoren muchele: Ac tweie par were mochele: per ooere vnimete. pe opre oniliche. pe on droh touward France: pe on droh to Fince: pe ooer touward Irlonde. [c.2.] pe oper to Yrlonde. pe leome pe toward France droh: pe leame pat toward France droh:

he wes briht vnifoh.

to Mut<sup>1</sup> Giu wæs isegen: ba seolcude takne.

pe leome pa strehte west riht:'
a seouen bæmen wes idiht. 10

pif isah Vöer: ah nas he noht her of war.

fær him wes an heorte:

fwa wes al þat muchele folc:

pat wes in pere uerde. Vőer cleopede M<sup>9</sup>lin:

& bad hine cume to him.

& puf feide him to :'
mid fwide fofte worden.

Mærlin M<sup>9</sup>lī! leoue freond!

fonde þi feoluen. & fæie uf of þan tacne: Ms. Oott. Out, C. III.

he was him seolf briht inoh. [c.2]

pe leome pat strahte west riht? a seoue bemes hit was idiht. pis i-seh Vther: ac he nas noht fale war.

Vther cleopede Merlyn:
and bad hine come to him.
and pus faide him to:
mid mildere speche.
Merlyn leoue freend:
fonde pi seolue.
and sei vs of pan tockne:

mouth came gleams enow! But twain there were mickle, unlike to the others; the one drew (spread) 'toward [to] France, the other 'toward [to] Ireland. The gleam that toward France drew, it was [itself] bright enow; 'to Munt-Giu was seen the marvellous token!' The gleam that stretched right west, [it] was disposed in seven beams. Uther saw this,—but he was not 'hereof [much] wary,—'sorrow was to him in heart, and strangely he was frightened; so was all the great folk that was in the host.' Uther called Merlin, and bade him come to him, and thus said to him with 'very soft words [mild speech]: "Merlin, 'Merlin,' dear friend, prove thyself, and say to us of the token that we have seen; for 'I wot not

<sup>1</sup> Munt?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Some alteration has been made in this word.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. þe we i-fægen habbeoð. for nat ich on worlde-riche: to whan hit fcal iwurden. buten þu uf raden : azæn we moten riden. Mærlin fæt him ftille: longe ane stunde. swulc he mid fweuene: swunke ful swide. Heo seide pe hit isezen: mid heore agen ægen. pat ofte he hine wende: fwulc hit a wurem weore. Late he gō awakien : þa gon he to quakien. & pas word feide: M<sup>9</sup>lin þa witeze. Wæilawæi wæilawæi: a þiffere worlde-riche. muchel if ba forge : be isizen if to londe. Whær ært þu Vther: fiten me biuoren her. & ich þe wulle suggen: of forzen inozen. Deed if Aurilie ?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. pat we ifeih3e habbep.

for bote pou vs reade: azein we mote ride. Merlyn fat wel stille: one lange stunde. alfe he mid.fweune1: wel fore fwonke. 10 Hii faide þat hit ifehe : mid hire owene heze. pat ofte he hine wende : alse hit a worm were. Late he gan a-wakie: po gan he to cwakie. and peos word faide: Merlyn be wise. Way la way: in hisse worle-riche. 20 moche his be forewe: pat isezen his to londe. War hart pou Vther: fete me bi-vore her. and ich þe wolle fegge: of many cunnes forewe. Dead his Aurelie bi brober:

in the worlds realm to what end it shall befall; unless thou us counsel, back we must ride." Merlin sate 'him [well] still, a long time, as if he with dream 'full greatly [well sorely] labored. They said who saw it with their own eyes, that oft he turned him, as if it were a worm! At length he gan to awake, then gan he to quake, and these words said Merlin the 'prophet [wise]: "Walaway! Walaway! in this worlds realm, much is the sorrow that is come to the land! Where art thou, Uther? Set before me here, and I will say to thee of 'sorrows enow [many kind of sorrow].

<sup>1</sup> fweuene?

kingene abeleft. fwa if be over: [£1029.c.1.] Costanz pi brober. pe Uortigone biswac: mid his fwike-dome. Nu haued Vortigernes cun: Aurilien aquald. nu þu ært al ane: of adele bine cunne. Ah ne hope þu to ræde: of heom pat ligged dede. ah penc of pe feoluen: seolden pe beod ziuepe. for felde he aswint: pe to him feolue penches. bu scalt wurden god king: & gumenene lauerd. & pu to pere mid-nihte: wepne bine cnihtes. bat we i ban morzen-liht: mæzen come forð riht.

forn at Meneue: '
per pu fcat' fihtē.
ær pu penne wende: '

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

and Constance bin ober. bat Vortiger bi-fwok ? mid his swikedome. Nou haueb Vortigerne his cun! Aurelie acwelled. nou hart bou al one: of alle pine kunne. [£82.c.1.] 10 Ac ne hope bou to reade: of ha bat liggeb deade. ac pench ou pou miht pi feolf? bine kinedom werie. for fealde he aswint: pat to him seolue treftep. bou falt worbe god king! and steorne borh alle bing. And you at pare midniht: wepne bine cnihtes. bat bou at ban moreliht: 20 maze be a-redi to be filit.

Dead is Aurelie [thy brother], 'noblest of kings'; 'so is the other, Constance, thy brother [and Constance, thine other], whom Vortiger betrayed with his treachery. Now hath 'Vortigers [Vortiger his] kin killed Aurelie; now art thou alone of 'thy noble [all thy] kindred. But hope not thou for counsel of them that lie dead, but think 'of thyself,—prosperity shall be given to thee [how thou mightest thyself defend thy kingdom];—for seldom he faileth, who to himself 'thinketh [trusteth]. Thou shalt become good king, and 'lord of men [stern through all things]. And thou at the midnight weapon thy knights, that 'we in [thou at] the morning-light may come forth-right [be ready for the fight], 'before Meneve,—there thou

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. scalt.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. fclæht þu fcalt makien. pu scalt beien slæ þer: for bou falt beiene flen bar : Passent and Gillomar. Pafcent and Gillomar. & monie pufend of pan gumen: and mani poufend of pan gomes: pat beo's mid heom hider icumen. pat beop mid 3am icome. pat taken of pan steorre: pe tockne of pan storre: þe we isazen swa feorre. pat we iseben so forre. soo hit if Uder leof? sop hit was Vther leof: † tacnede þines broðer dæd. hit tocknede pine broper deap. Biuoren þa steorre wes þæ drake: Bi-fore þan stor was þe drake: elcches wurmef vnimake. 11 eche worme onimake. ₱ takē wes a¹ þire half: pat tockne was in pine half: p weore pu Uder pi seols. pat were Vther pou pi feolf. bu scalt habben bis lond? & pin æie beon muchel & strong. Swulche toknen beo'd uncude: pe tocknes oncoupe: of þaf draken muðe. pat come of pe drakes moupe. eoden tweien leomen: [c. 2.] pat weren tweie leomes: wunder ane lihte. wonderliche lihte. pe on strehte for sup: pe an strehte feor soo : 20 ut ouer France. vt ouer France. p if an æizef-ful fune: pat his a witfol fone:

shalt fight; ere thou thence depart, slaughter thou shalt make'; [for] thou shalt both slay there, Pascent and Gillomar, and many thousands of the men that are with them 'hither' come. The token of the star, that we saw so far, sooth it 'is [was], Uther dear, 'that [it] betokened thy brothers death. Before the star was the dragon, to each worm unlike; the token was on thy half, that was thou, Uther, thyself! 'Thou shalt have this land, and thy authority be great and strong.' 'Such [The] tokens 'are' marvellous [that came] of the dragons mouth; two gleams proceeded forth [that were] wondrously light. The one stretched far south, out over France,—that is (signifies) a 'powerful [wise] son, that of thy body shall come, who shall

B of bine licame scal cume.

pat of pine licame sal come.

<sup>1</sup> a is interlined.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> At first written wearen, but n struck out.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. þe fcal moni kine-löd: pat fal many cune lond: a-winne to his hond. mid compe biwinne. & an ende he fcal rede: moniane peode. pe over leome pe strahte west! pe oper pat streahte west! wunder ane lihte. pat fal beon a dolter: pat bið a dohter: þa þe bið swiðe deore. pe leomef pat par strehte: pe leome gon striden: 10 in to foue ftrengef. [c.2.] a ueire feoue strengen. p beod¹ feouen uzeire funen: pat beop foue fones: be of bine dohter sculled cumen. bat solleb of bine dohter come. þe fcullen moni kine-lond: bigiten to heore agere hond. hii follen beo wel stronge: heo sculled been wel stronge: a water & a londe. a water and a londe. Nu bu hauest of me ihærde: Nou pon hauest of me ihord: wat be wolleb helpe. be wule halpen. fwide uord rihtes! fwipe forp riht: far to bine fihte. wend to bine fihte. & Merlin gon to flume<sup>2</sup>: fwulc he wolde flæpen. Vp araf Voer: Vp aros Vther:

win many 'kingdoms with conflict [kind of land to his hand], 'and in the end he shall rule many a nation.' The other gleam that stretched west, 'wondrously light,' that shall be a daughter, 'that to thee shall be exceeding dear.' The gleams that 'gan to spread in [there stretched into] seven 'fair' strings, are seven 'fair' sons, who shall come of thy daughter, 'who shall win to their own hand many a kingdom'; they shall be well strong, on water and on land. Now thou hast of me heard what will thee help, quickly forth-right march to thy fight." 'And Merlin gan to slumber, as if he would sleep.' Up arose Uther, 'now he [who then] was [both] wise and

<sup>1</sup> peog 5

Written at first flume, for flumen, but the stroke above the m afterwards erased.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Interlined man. sec.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. nu he wef<sup>3</sup> wif & war. & hæhte his cnihtes: to horse ford ribtes. & hæhte heom biliue: faren to Meneue. & alle heore fare græiðen: alle¹ heo fcullē fehten. I þan flokke biforen: he hafde cnihtes wel icoren. feouen pusend cnihte: ohte men & wihte. hafde he amidde : cnihtef wel bihedde. oder seoue busend: felere beinen. hæ hede² bæfte: [£103.c.1.] ohtere cnihten. ahtene þusen8: ohtere kempen. & of ganninde uolke:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat was po bope wis and war. and hehte his cnihtes: to horse for rihtes. and hehte heō bliue fare: toward Menue.

In þan flocke bi-vore: weren cnihtes wel icore. soue poufend cnihtes : 10 ohte men and wihte. hadde he a-midde: cnihtes wel bi-hedde. ober foue bousend: boldere cnihtes. and eke he hadde bi-hinde: ehtetene ponsend. and of goinge folk? 20 fo many pousendes. pat in none spelle:

pat hii come to Menue. wary, and ordered his knights forth-right to horse, and ordered them quickly to proceed to [toward] Meneve; 'and all their expedition (or forces) to prepare, as if they should fight.' In the troop before 'he had [were] knights

ne mihte heom no man telle.

Fort hii wende blife!

well chosen; seven thousand knights, brave men and active. He had in the middle knights well beseen, other seven thousand 'good thanes. [bold knights. And eke] he had behind 'brave knights' eighteen thousand, 'brave warriors,' and of folk on foot so many thousands, that in no speech might any man tell them! Forth they marched quickly, until they came

fwa feole bufend.

₱ a nane spelle:

ne mihte heom na mon tellen. Forð heo wenden biliue:

† heo come to Meneue.

<sup>1</sup> alfe?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> he hafede?

<sup>3</sup> busend?

per isah Gillomar: Whar him com Vther. & hæhde1 hif cnihtes: to wepne foro rihtes. & heo to-biliue: & gripen heore cniues3. & of mid here breches: feolcude weoren heore lechef. & igripen an heore hond4: heore speren longe. hengen an heore æxle: mucle wi-æxe. pa fæide Gillomar þe king: a fwide feollic bing. Her cumed Voer: Aurilies broder. he wule bidden mi grið: & noht fehten me wið. pa formeste beo'd his sweines: fare we heom to-zeines. ne þurfē 3e nauere rehchen:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

po i-feh Gillomar?

war hī com Vther.

and hehte his cnihtes?

wepni heom forprihtef.

And hii to-bliue?

neomen hire cniues.

and gripen on hire honde?

hire fperes longe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po faide Gillomar be king? a fwipe fellich bing.
Her comeb Vther?
Aurelie his brober.
he wole bidde min grib? [[522.c.1.]]
and noht fihte me wib.

to Meneve. 'There [Then] saw Gillomar where Uther came to him, and commanded his knights to weapon [them] forth-right. And they very speedily 'grasped [took] their knives, 'and off with their breeches—strange were their looks,'—and grasped in their hands their long spears, 'and hung on their shoulders great battle-axes.' Then said Gillomar the king a thing very strange:—" Here cometh Uther, 'Aurelies [Aurelie his] brother; he will ask my peace, and not fight with me. 'The foremost are his swains; march we against them; ye need never reck, though ye slay the wretches!' 'For [And] if Uther, Constantines son, will here become my man, 'and give

For 3if Vther Costantines some! And 3ef Vther Constantines some!

þah 3e slæn þa wrecchen.

<sup>1</sup> hæhte?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Redundant?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Partly on an erasure, but by original hand.

<sup>4</sup> honde pr. man., but e erased.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 3eines man. pr.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. wulle her mi mon bicume. & Passente azenen : hif fader richē. ich hine wullen gridien : & latten hine liuien. & inne fæire bēden : læden hine to mine londe. pe king wordede pus: þa while him a-lomp wurf. Weoren Vtheres cnihtes: 10 at pan tune for orihtes. leiden fur a bene tun: & fehten biliue. [c. 2.] mid fweorden beom to rakeden! and faste to 3am rakede! and þa Irifce weoren nakede. þa isegen Irisce mē. bat Brutten wes an eornest. feondliche heo fuhten: and neobeles heo feollen. heo cleopede on heore king: 20 hii gradde to hire king: Whar ært þu niðing. whi nult bu hider wenden : bu lezst uf her scenden. and Passent bin ifere:

ifih us fallen here.

ich hine wolle gribie : and lete hine libbe. and in faire bendes: him lede to mine londe. pe kig wordede bus? be wile hit bi-fulle worf. Weren Vther his chnihtes: in pan toune forprihtes. and fetten fur oueral: in bour and in hal. and hii were alle nakede. po i-sehze Yrisse men: pat hii busse fullen.

War hart bou nibing.

wi nelt bou hider wende: bou letest vs alle asende.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

wole her mi man bi-come.

to Pascent his fathers realm,' I will him grant peace, and let him live, and in fair bonds lead him to my land." The king spake thus, the while worse 'him [it] befell! 'Uthers [Uther his] knights were in the town forth-right, [and] 'laid [set] fire 'in the town, and fought sharply; with swords [over all, in bower and in hall, and fast] rushed towards them; and 'the Irish [they] were [all] naked. When the Irish men saw, that 'the Britons were in conflict, they fought fiercely, and 'nevertheless [thus] they fell; they called 'on [to] their king: "Where art thou, nithing! why wilt thou not come hither? thou lettest us 'here [all] be destroyed;—' and Pascent, thy comrade, saw us fall here;—come ye to us to help, with great strength!''

cumed us to halpe: mid hahzere strengoe. pif iherde Gillomar:

per foren wes hif heorte fær.

mid hif Irifce cnihten: he com to pan fihte.

and Passend voro mid him? beien heo weoren uæie.

pa isch Voer:

to him he gon riden? and fmat hine i pere fide.

pat pat spere purh-rade:

& pa heorte to-glad. Hizendliche he hine biwet1:

& of-toc Passent.

and has word sæide:

Vther be fele.

Passent bu scalt abiden:

her cumed Vther riden.

pat he adun halde.

and pat sweord putte in his mut and pat sweord put in his mut ! swulc mete him wes uncuð.

Gillomar heard this; therefore his heart was sore; with his Irish knights

he came to the fight, and Pascent forth with him, -both they were fated! When Uther saw, that Gillomar was 'there' come, to him he gan ride, and smote him in the side, so that the spear through pierced, and glided to the heart. Hastily he passed by him, 'and [he soon] overtook Pascent; and said these words Uther the good: "Pascent, thou shalt [why wilt thou not] shide; here cometh Uther riding!" He smote him upon the head,

20

so that he fell 'down [to the ground], and the sword put in his mouth—

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

pis ihorde Gillomar:

par vore his heort was for.

mid his Yresse cnihtes: he com to pan fihte.

and Pascent for mid him:

beine hii weren veie.

po ifeh Vther:

pat icumen wes per Gillomar. 10 pat icome was Gillomar.

to him he gan ride:

and fmot hi in pan fide. pat pe spere porh-rod:

and be hearte to-glod.

Higenliche he hine bi-went :

of-tock he fone Pascent.

and peos word faide :

Vther be sæle.

Pascent wi nelt abide:

her come Vther ride.

He fmat hine unenen pat hæued! He fmot hine onenon pat heued! [c1]

pat he ful to pan grunde.

foch mete him was oncoup.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat be ord of ban sworde: pat be ord of be sweord: wod in pere eorde.. wond in pan eorpe. pa sæide Vther: po faide Vther: Passent lis nu per. Pascent ly nou par. nu þu hauest Brutlond : [f.103%.c.1.] nou þou hauest Brutlond : al bi-tald to pire hond. al awonne to bin hond. Swa pe if nu iræd: per on pu ært ded. wikien 3e fcullen here: wonie nou here: bu and Gillomar bin ifere. 10 pou an Gillomare. & bruke's wel Brutlod: and brouke wel Brutlond: for nu ic hit bitæche inc an hond.for nou 3e hit habbeb an hond. pat 3it mazen to-zere: mid uf wunien here. ne purue 3e nauere adrede : ne perh he' noht drede :' wha eou fcullen feden. pat 30u fal feode. puf sæide Vder2: and seoðde he arnde þer. and drof Irifce men: 3eond wateres and 3eond fenes. 20 and floh al pa uerde: be mid Passent commen to ærde. Summe to bere sæ iwiten:

such meat to him was strange,—so that the point of the sword went in the earth. Then said Uther: "Pascent, lie now there; now thou hast Britain all won to thy hand! 'So is now hap to thee; therein thou art dead;' dwell 'ye shall [now] here, thou, and Gillomar 'thy companion,' and possess well Britain! For now 'I deliver it to you [ye it have] in hand, 'so that ye may presently dwell with us here'; ye need not 'ever' dread who you shall feed!" 'Thus said Uther, and afterwards he there ran, and drove the Irish men over waters and over feas, and slew all the host that with Pascent came to land. Some to the sea fled, and leapt into their ships;

& leoppen in heore scipen. mid wederen & mid wateren: bær heo forferden. þuf heo ifpædden her: Passent and Gillomar. Nu wes bif feht idon: and Vther ase com. and for or rihtes wende: into Winchæstre. in are brade strete: he igon mete. preo cnihtef & heore fweines: cumen hi to-zeines. A-nan fwa heo ine imette: fæire heo hine igrætten. Hail seo bu Vther: þeof æðeles beod? þin æ3en. ded if Aurilie: kingene abeleft. he be haued ifet an hond: 20 al hif kinewurde lond. he bad be been a fele: & penchen on hif faule. [c. 2.]

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pus i-fped here?

Pafcent and Gillomare.

Ou was pas fiht i-don?
and Vther agen com.
and forprihtes wede?
toward Winchestre.
in one brode strede?
he i-gan mete.
he i-gan mete.
preo cnihtes & hire sweines?
come him to-geynes.
A-non so hii hine i-mette?
faire hii hine grette.
Hayl beo pou Vther?

dead his pin broper.
he pe hauep ifet an hond ?
al pif ilke kinelond.

po wep Vther:

with weather and with water there they perished!' Thus 'they' sped here, Pascent and Gillomar. Now was this fight done (finished); and Uther back came, and forth-right marched 'into [toward] Winchester. In a broad way he gan meet three knights and their swains, who came toward him. Anon as they met him, fair they him greeted: "Hail be thou, Uther; 'these territories are thine own.' Dead is 'Aurelie [thy brother], 'noblest of kings'; he hath set to thee in hand all 'his regal land [this same kingdom]; 'he bade thee be in prosperity, and think of his soul.'" Then wept

pa weop Voer:

<sup>1</sup> hine?

wunder ane swide. Voer wende for iht: into Winchæstre. þa weoren him biforen : widuten bere burge. alle ba burh-men : mid reouliche iberen. Sone swa heo hine isezen: heo hi to fæiden. Vther bin are: 10 nu & æuere mare. ure king we habbeod ilore: wa if uf per fore. bu weore? hif broder: nafde he nænne ober. no he nefde<sup>3</sup> nenne fune : þe mihte king bicumē. Ah nim þu þene kine-halm : he if be icunde. & we be wulled helpen: & halden for lauerd. mid wapnen & mid æhten : and al ure mihte. pif iherde Voer:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. wonderliche swipe per. Vther wende for riht: toward Winchestre. po weren him bi-vore: wip houte pan boure1. alle be borhmen: fore wepige. and faide Vther pin ore : [683.c.1.] nou an euere more. houre king we habbeop for-lore: wo his ous par vore. pou were his broper : nafeþ he non oþer. ne he nauel nanne sone? bat mawe king bi-come.

mid wepne and mid mihte.

Ac nim bou bane kinedom ?

for he his be icunde.

and we be wolled helpe:

Uther wondrously much [there]. Uther proceeded forth-right into [toward] Winchester; then were before him, without the burgh, all the burghers with piteous cries [sore weeping]. 'So soon as they saw him,' ithey [and] said 'to him': "Uther, thy favor, now and evermore! Our king we have lost, woe is to us therefore. Thou wert his brother,—he had [hath] no other, nor he had [hath] no son, who 'might [may] become king. But take thou the 'crown, [kingdom, for] it is thy right, and we will help thee, 'and hold for lord,' with weapons and with 'goods, and with all our' might." Uther heard this; he was wise and he was [very] aware, that there

<sup>1</sup> borh? 2 weoren pr. man., but n erased. 3 niefde pr. man.
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he wes wis & he wes war. pat per næs cost nan oder¹: seobben dæd wes hif brober. He nom benne kine-helm: be hi bicom swide wel. and he wurdeliche: iward him to kinge. & heold gode laze: and hif folc lufede. Imong pat he king wæf: & hif wikenares 2 chæs. M<sup>9</sup>lin him æt-wende ≠ nuste he nauere whider. no nauere a worlde-riche: to whan he bicome. wa wes þā kinge: swa wes al hif duze de. [6104.c.1.] fo weren alle his cnihtef. and alle hif hif8 hird-men: ber uore murnende weoren. pe king lette riden: widen & sidē. he bad gold & gerfume: ælche farinde gume.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. he was wis and fwipe war. pat par nas read non oper: wane dead was his brober. He na al bis kinelond : to his owene hond.

and heold gode lawes: and his folk lofuede. 10 Amang bif motinge :

> Merlyn at-wende. nuste man in pisse riche:

to wan he bi-come. wo was ban kinge:

20 pe king lette ride : wide and fide. and bi-hehte gold and garifome: to eche varen gome.

was no other 'course [counsel], since his brother was dead. He took 'the crown, that came to him exceeding well [all this kingdom in his own hand]; 'and he worthily became king,' and held good laws, and loved his folk. 'Whilst that he was king, and chose his ministers [Among this transaction] Merlin disappeared; 'he [men] knew not 'ever whither, nor ever' in 'the worlds realm [this realm] to what he became (what became of him). Woe was the king, so 'was [were] all his 'people [knights], 'and all his courtiers were therefore mourning.' The king caused men to ride wide and far; 'he offered [and promised] gold and treasure to each travelling man, 'whoso-

<sup>1</sup> oer?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> wikemares pr. man.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. wha fwa mihte finde : Merlin an londe. per to he læide muchel lof: ah ne herde he him nawhit of. pa bidohte Vther: whæt Merlin him fæide ær. in ban hire-zeonge: inne Walifc londe.

per heo isegen pene drake: ælches wurmes vnimake. and he pohte of pan tacnen:

þe M<sup>9</sup>lin him tahte.

pe king wes swide færi: and sorhful an heorte.

seodden he wes an liuen.

neouere nëne o'er:

ne Aurelie hif brober. pe king lette wurchen tweië ima- and makede tweie ymages:

ken :

tweien guldene draken.

al for Mærlines liue2:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. pat coupe porh eny ginne: Merlyn ifinde. ac nas par non so witti:

pat hine cupe finde.

par fore was be king? fori on heorte. for ne les he næuere leouere mon : for ne leos he neuere leuere man : feoppe he was on lifue. [c. 2.] he king of ban drake: pat Merlyn to him spac. bane drake iliche.

> al of reade golde. 20 for Merlynes loue:

ever might [who could through any stratagem] find Merlin 'in the land;' 'thereto he laid (added) mickle praise, but he heard no whit of him [but there was none so witty that could him find]. 'Then bethought Uther, what Merlin said to him ere, in the expedition into Welsh land, where they saw the dragon, to each worm incomparable; and he thought of the tokens that Merlin taught him.' The king was 'exceeding [therefore] sorry, 'and sorrowful in' heart, for he lost never a dearer man, since he was alive, 'never any other, not even Aurelie, his brother.' The king 'caused to be worked [thought of the dragon, of which Merlin to him spake, and made] two images, 'two golden dragons [all of red gold], 'all' for Merlins love,—'so greatly he

<sup>1</sup> pohte of?

swa swide he wilnede his cume.

þa þe draken 3aru weoren: be oder wes iuere.

whar fwa he an ærde:

ladde hi1 ferde.

he wes his hire-mærke: in æuer ælche happe.

bene oderne he wurdliche 3af:

into Winchæstre.

into þā biscop-stole:

ber he stude halded.

per mid me sculde pene drake pat me mihte pane drake biere.

penne me scolde halidom: [c.2.] wane me solde halydomes: beren to processiun.

pif isezen Bruttes:

æuer feodden? heo cleopeden and makede bi Vther:

Vther:

þe to hermærke þene drake bar. one to-name þer.

pene nome heo him laiden on: and cleopede hine anon:

pet wes Voer Pendragon. 21 Vther Pendragon. Pendragun an Brutisc:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po pe drakes 3aru were: be ober was his i-vere.

war hat he on erbe:

ladde his ferde.

ban ober he 3af: in to Winchestre.

in to pan bissopes stol:

pare he stude holdeb. per to he 3ef his gode spere ! [bere.par to he 3af his gode spere!

beare at proceffions. pis i-sezen Bruttus :

þaf draken þa weoren imaked þ<sup>9</sup>. þes draken þat were imaked þus.

Pendragon on Bruttisch :

desired his coming.' When the dragons were ready, the one was [his] companion; 'wheresoever [where that] he in the land led his army, 'it was his standard, in every hap'; the other he 'worthily' gave into Winchester, into the bishops see, where he stead holdeth. Thereto he gave his good spear, 'wherewith [that] men 'should [might] bear the dragon, when men should carry relics at processions. The Britons saw this, these dragons that were thus made; 'ever since they called Uther, who for a standard bare the dragon, the name they laid on him, that was [and made for Uther a sur-name there, and called him anon] Uther Pendragon; Pendragon in

Draken-hefd an Englisc. Nu wes Vther god king: ah of Merlin nefde he na þing. pif word iherde Octa: per he nord wunede. & Ebiffa his wend-brover1: and Osa þe o'der. þa Aurilien fende þider: & fette heom per on hif gride. and bi-tahte heom an honde: 10 fixti hide of londe. Octa iherden ful iwif: al hu hit ifaren wes. of Aurilief dæðe: & of Vtheres kinedome. Octa him to-cleopede: hif cun be wes aneoste. nomē heō to ræde : of heore alde dede.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Drake-heued on Englisse. Ou was Vther god king: ac of Merlyn ne horde he pis ihorde Octa: [nobing. par he norp wonede. and his wedbroper Ebyffa: and his i-vere Offa.

of Aurelies deabe: and of Vtheres kinedome.

Hii nemen heom to reade: of hire holde deades. pat heo wolden bi heore liue: 20 pat hii wolden bliue: cristendom bi-leue. Hii heolden hire fpeche : [f.83b.c.1.] and heapene bi-come.

British, Dragons-head in English. Now was Uther good king, but of Merlin he 'had [heard] nothing. This 'word (tiding)' heard Octa, where he dwelt northward, and Ebissa his wed-brother, and Ossa 'the other [his companion], 'that Aurelie sent thither, and set them there in his peace, and gave them in hand sixty hides of land. Octa heard full truly all how it was transacted,' of Aurelies death, and of Uthers kingdom. 'Octa called to him his kin that was nearest'; [they] betook them to counsel, of their old deeds, that they would 'by their life [quickly] desert Christendom. They held 'husting [their conference], and became heathens; then came

cristidom bilaue.

Heo heolden hustig?

& hæðene bicomen.

<sup>1</sup> R. wed-brofer.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. pa comen per to-gadere: of Hengestes cunne. fif & fixti hundred: of hedene monnen. Sone wes pat word cut? an 3eond pan londe icud. † Octa Hengestes sune: wes1 hæðene bicume. & þaf ilke gumen alle! þa Aurilien igriðed hæfuede. [£1046. þat Aurelie i-greþid hadde. c.1.] Octa fende hif fonde: in to Walisce londe. after pan Irisce: bæ Vöer æt-urnen. and after pan Alemainen: be weoren awei idrazene. pa weoren to wude iwende: be while men sloh Passent. and huden heō wel iwhær: be while men floh Gillomar. pat folc ut of wude teh: & touward Scotlonde beh. Auer per comen ma & ma:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. par comen po to-gadere: of Hengest his cune. fifue and fixti hundred: of heapene manne. Sone was pat word coup: and widene ichnowe. pat Octa Hengest his sone: was heapene bi-come. and be men alle: Octa fende his fonde: in to Walfe londe. after paie Yreffebat Vther weren of-vrne. and after be Alemains: pat a-chaped were. pat were to wode a-wend: pe wile me floh Pascent.

pat folk vt of wode teh:

Euere par comen mo and mo:

and to Scotlonde beob.

there together, of 'Hengests [Hengest his] kindred, five and sixty hundred of heathen men. Soon was the word reported and 'over the land [wide] known, that Octa, 'Hengests [Hengest his] son, was become heathen, and all 'these same [the] men to whom Aurelie had granted peace. Octa sent his messengers into Welsh land, after the Irish that from Uther [were] fled, and after the Alemains (Germans), that 'away were drawn [were escaped], that were gone to the wood, the while men slew Pascent, 'and hid them well everywhere, the while men slew Gillomar;' the folk out of the wood drew, and to' ward' Scotland proceeded. There came ever

<sup>1</sup> Nes pr. man.

and ferden touward Octa. pat wende to Octa. pa heo to-sommel weoren iwende : po hii to-gadere were alle hiiþa weoren þer þritti þusend. wið uten þa wifmen: of Hengestes cunnen. Heo nomen heore uerde: Hii nemen hire ferde : & gunnen to farene. & fetten al an heore hod :

bizeonden pere Humbre lond. & bat leoden: þer heo gunnē liðen. ferde per wes fellic: and wenden riht to4 Eouerwic. and an ælche fide: þa burh gunnë biride. & þa burh bilæien: hæðene leoden. and nomen hit al to heore honde? and nemen al to hire hond? forð into Scotlonde.

al þat heo isegen: heo talden heore agen. Ah Vtheres cnihtes:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

come2: þo weren þar þritti þusend. wip oute pan wimmen: of Hengest his cunne.

and forp gonnewende. and fette al in hire hod: bi-3eonde Norphumberlond.

ferde þar was fellich: and wende riht to Euerwich. and in eche fide : pane borh gonne bi-ride. and be borh bi-leien: heapene hundes.

forp into Scotlond. 20 al þat hii i-feh3en : [c. 2.] hii tolden hire owene. Ac Vther hif cnihtef:

more and more, and proceeded to ward 'Octa; when they together were [all] come, then were there thirty thousand, without the women, of 'Hengests [Hengest his] kin. They took their host, and [forth] gan to fare, and set all in their hand beyond 'the Humber [Northumberland], 'and the people, where they gan march;' there was a marvellous host! And they proceeded right to York, and on each side the heathen 'people [hounds] gan ride about the burgh, and the burgh besieged'; and took 'it' all in their hand, forth into Scotland; all that they saw they accounted their own. But 'Uthers [Uther his] knights who were in the

<sup>1</sup> to-somne?

<sup>3</sup> A word seems here wanting.

<sup>2</sup> i-come?

<sup>4</sup> Interlined man. sec.

pa weoren i pan castle. wereden bene tun wid innen : [c.2.] werede bane toun wib ine: ne iherde mon in nane stude: lute men þat swa wel duden. Swa fone fwa Vöer: of hissen hingen iward war. færde he bad stronge: zeod al hif kinelonde. and he fwide hizend-liche: ferde touward Eouerwic. ferde uoro riht anan: per him læi Octa. Octa and his ferde? fusde heom to-zeines. wurueden heom to-gadere1:

hælmes gullen. falewede feldes: of fæie blode. & va hedene faulen: helle isohten.

mid grimere strengde.

heowen hardliche:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat weren in pan castle.

bat ne mihten heo næuere binnen. bat hii ne mihte hine awinne. ne horde no man in no stude: feuwe men bat bet dude. So fone fo Vther: of his hinge was war. ferde he bad stronge: of al his kinelonde. 10 and he swipe hizenliche: wende toward Euerwich. ferde forbriht fo: þar him lay Octa. Octa and his ferde : wende him to-3eines. prongen heom to-gadere: mid grettere strengbe. hewen hardeliche: healmef par 30lle. 20 falewede be feldes: of hire blodes.

castle, defended the town within, so that they might 'never get within [not it win]; in no place heard [any] one, of few men that did 'so well [better]! So soon as Uther of this thing was aware, he assembled a strong army, 'over [from] all his kingdom, and he very speedily marched toward York; proceeded forth-right 'anon [so], where Octa him lay. Octa and his forces marched against 'them [him]; encountered them together with 'grim [great] strength; hewed hardily; helms [there] resounded; [the] fields were dyed with 'the blood of the slain [their blood], 'and the heathen souls hell sought '! When the days end 'arrived [came], then was

<sup>1</sup> To is interlined man. sec.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po pes daizes ende com :

po was hit fo vuele idon.

pat pe heapene folk:

pe ouere hond hadde.
and mid mochele ftrengpe:

sweinde pe Bruttus.

bat was onimete stor.

wende mid his manne.

leofue his cnihtes.

folle foue hundred:

his heap was be worfe.

pe hulle hatte Dinian:

was be hul borh-woxe:

mid one wode faire. [f. 84. c.1.]

þar Vther lay ouenan.

mid swipe fale manne.

and Octa hine bi-lay:

And Vther to pan hulle:

and hadde ilore in fihte:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pa pes dæies ende bicom : pa wes hit swa ufel idon.

p pat hædene uolc:

pa ufere hond hafeden.

& mid muchelere strengde! sturmden þa Bruttes.

and driven heom to ane munte: and driven heom in on mund:

bæ wes unimete stor.

& Voer mid hif monnen:

teh to pan munte.

and hæuede iloren in fihte:

leofe hif cnihtes.

fulle feouen hundred: hif hælp' wes þa wurfe.

pe munt hæhte Dunian :

be Vther wes ufenan.

wes be munt burh-wexen:

mid ane wude feiren.

peking wesper wid innen:[£105.c.1.]pe king was pare wip ine:

mid swide feole monnen.

& Octa hine bi-læi:

mid hædene monnen niht and dæi.mid his folke niht and day.

bilæi hine al abuten:

wa wes þan Brutten.

it so evilly done, that the heathen folk had the upper hand, and with great strength routed the Britons, and drove them 'to [on] a mount that was exceeding strong. And Uther with his men 'drew [went] to the 'mount [hill], and had lost in the fight his dear knights, full seven hundred,—his hap was the worse! The 'mount [hill] hight Dunian, 'that [where] Uther 'was [lay] upon; the 'mount [hill] was overgrown with a fair wood. The king was there within with very many men, and Octa besieged him with 'the heathen men [his folk] night and day,—' besieged

20

<sup>1</sup> hæp?

Wa wes pan kinge Voer:

bat he nef ær wær.

pat he nefde an londe: bet vnder-stonde.

Ofte heo eoden to ræde:

of fwucchere neode.

hu heo mihten ouer-cumen:

Octa Hengestes sune.

¶ per wes an eorl Gorloif?

ocht mon ful iwis.

cniht he wes wel idon:

he wef Voeres mon.

eorl of Cornwaille:

cuố he wes wide.

he wes swide wif mon?

of alle pinge wel ido.

To him fæide Vther:

færi an heorten.

Hail seo bu Gorlois:

gumenene lauerd.

þu ært min aze mon: & fwide wel ich be on.

þu ært cniht wel idon:

muchel is bi wisdom.

alle mine leoden:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Wo was pan kige Vther: þat he nadde beo ear war.

ofte hii zeode to reade:

of folchere neode.

ou hii mihte ouercome:

Octa Hengest his sone.

þar was a man Gorloys:

10 on ftrong eorl foliwis.

eorl of Cornwale:

he was coup wide.

he was swipe wisman :

of alle binge wel idon.

To him faide Vther:

fori on heorte.

Gorloys bou hart mi mon.

and mochel canest of wisdom.

alle mine leode !

him all about, woe was to the Britons!' Woe was the king Uther, that he 'was not [had not been] ere aware, 'that he had not in land better understood.' Oft they went to counsel of such need, how they might overcome Octa, 'Hengests [Hengest his] son. There was 'an earl [a man] Gorlois, 'bold man [a strong earl] full truly,—' knight he was good, he was Uthers man,'-earl of Cornwall, known he was wide,-he was a very wise man, in all things excellent. To him said Uther, sorry in heart: "'Hail be thou, Gorlois, lord of men!' [Gorloys] thou art 'mine own [my] man, and 'very well I thee treat; thou art knight good,' great is thy [much knowest of] wisdom; all my people I put in thy counsel, and 'all'

Gorlois.

ich don in bine ræden. & alle we fculle wurchen: after bine iwille. pa hing his breowen adun! be king Vther Pendragu. and ftod him ful ftille: & bad Gorlois fuggen hif iwille. and bad Gorloys fegge hif wille. pa andfwarede Gorlois: he wes hende ful iwif. Sæie me Vther Pendragun: 10 Sai me Vther Pendragon: whi halft bu bin hafed adun. [c.2.] wi hangest bou bin heued adun. nast bu bat godd ane: if betere pene we al clæne. he mai wham swa he wule: wurdcipe bitachen. Bihate we him on liue: bat we him nulled lize. & leten we uf ræden: of ure mifdeden. ælc mon forð riht: 20 of alle hif funnen nimen fcrift. ælc mon scriuen over: fwulc hit weoren hif brober. & æuer ælc god cniht:

ich do in bine reade. and we follen weorche: after bine wille. po heng he his brouwes a-dun: Vther Pendragon. and stod him ful stille? po answerede Gorloys: þat was hende foliwis. nost bou bat god one: his betere pane we alle cleane. he may wam fo he wole: worsipe bi-take. Bi-hote we him on lifue: pat we hine loueie wollep. and lete we vs reade: of vre misdede. ech man forp riht: [c.2.] of his funne nime fcrift. ech man scriue ober : afe hit were hif brober. and euerech god cniht:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

we shall work after thy will. Then hung [he] his brows down, 'the king' Uther Pendragon, and stood him full still, and bade Gorlois say his will. Then answered Gorlois, who was fair (or courteous) full truly: "Say me, Uther Pendragon, why 'bowest [hangest] thou thy head down? Knowest thou not that God alone is better than we all clean? He may to whomsoever he will give worship. Promise we him in life that we will 'not him deceive [love him]; and let we counsel us of our misdeeds. Each man forth-right take shrift of 'all' his sins; each man shrive other, as if it were his brother, and every good knight 'take on him much [receive good] nime on him muchel scrift. & godde we scullen bihatē: ure funnen to bete. & to pere midnihte: 3arkien uf to fihten. peos hæðene hundes: talled uf al ibunden. Octa Hengestes sunæ: weneð p we beon alle inumen. heo legged i bissen felden : ihæled in heore telden. heo beo'd swide werie: iboren heore wepnen. nu nan heo sculled slumen: & feodden flæpen. of uf nabbeo's heo nane kare : B we agen heom wulled faren. To pere midnihte: we sculled ford rihtes. fwidelicche stille: 20 adun of biffen hulle. na wurde cniht swa wod: bat he scire æi word. ne nauer nan hæleð:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. ondernime god fcrift. and god we follen bi-hote: houre sunne to beate. And to pare midniht: 3arke we ous to fiht. peos heapene hundes: telleb ous alle ibunde. Octa Hengest his sone : wene) pat we beo alle inome. hii liggeb in biffe feldes: iheled in hire teldes. hii beoþ swiþe weri : ibore hire wepne. nou non hii folle heue3i : and fubbe hii folle fleape. of vs nabbeþ hii nanne care: pat we wollep agein heom vare. To pare midnihte: we follen forpriht. swipeliche stille: adun of biffe hulle. ne worke non cniht fo wod! bat speke eni word. ne neuere non man :

shrift, and God we shall promise to amend our sins. And at the midnight prepare [we] us to fight; these heathen hounds account us all here bound. Octa, 'Hengests [Hengest his] son, weeneth that we are all taken; they lie in these fields covered in their tents, they are very weary of carrying their weapons; now anon they shall 'slumber [grow heavy], and afterwards [they shall] sleep; of us they have no care, that we will march against them. At the midnight we shall forth-right go exceeding still, down from this hill; be no knight so mad, that 'he ask [speak] any word, nor ever any man be so mad, that he blow horn. But we shall step to

pat he1 horn blawe. Ac we scullen steppen heom to: Ac we sollen stap heom to: fwa we stelen wolden. [6.105%.c.1.] alse we stele wolde. ær heo wurden iware: we scullen heom amarre. we scullen beom to tco? & tidende tellen. And æuerælc ocht mon : fterkliche heom legge on.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

driuen vnicunde. and mid mihte of ure drihten:

bitellen ure irihten. Al pas ferde idude :

ælc mon forð rihte: dude hine vnder scrifte.

bi-hehten god? to donne: and pat afel to forgonne. To per mid-nihte:

wepnede heom cnihtes. and aueremeste uerde adun:

Vőer Pendragun. and his cnihtes alle: MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat he horn blowe.

her hii beon ware:

we folle heom a-morre. we follen heom to teon: and tydinge telle.

And euerech oht man: starliche heom legge an. and fwa we fcullen of londe: 10 and fo we folle of londe:

> driuen onicunde. and mid mihte of houre drihte: bi-tellen oure rihte. [£846.c.1.]

Al hii dude:

swa Gorlois heom hauede ibede. afe Gorloys hit hadde ibode.

20 To pare midnihte: wepnede heom cnihtef. and fomest ver3 adun : Vther Pendragon.

and his cnihtes alle:

them as if we would steal; ere they are aware, we shall destroy them; we shall approach to them, and tell them tidings. And let every brave man strongly lay on them; and so we shall drive the foreigners from the land, and with the might of our Lord, win our rights." 'All this host [They all] did as Gorlois had bid them; 'each man forth-right put him under shrift; promised to do good, and to forsake the evil.' At the midnight the knights weaponed them; and Uther Pendragon foremost went down, and all his knights, exceeding still; and smote in the 'wealds,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Interlined man. sec.

<sup>\*</sup> formest verde?

<sup>2</sup> godd man. pr., but d erased.

swideliche stille. and fmiten i þa waldes: imong alle pa teldes. and flozen þa hæðene: mid hæhzere strenðe1. flugen geöd þan feldes: falewe lockes. uolken hit wes ærmest: heo drozen heore permes. mid muchele vnifunde: 10 heo feollen to pan grunde. per wes ford riht inume: Octa Hengestes sune. & hif wedbroder: Ebiffa: & hif iuere Offa. pe king heom lette binden : [c. 2.] pe king heom lette binde : mid irene bænde. be gode weoren to fihten. ufennen þan walden: uafte to halden. & he feoff draf him ford: and muchel dune makede.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. swipeliche stille. and fmiten in pan teldes: par hii were in be feldes. and fwo hii gonne be heabene! legge to grunde.

And par was forbriht inome: Octa Hengest his sone. and his wed-brober Ebyffa: and his i-vere Offa. mid yrene bendes. and bi-tahte heom fixti cnihten: and bi-tahte heo fixti cnihtes: pat goden were to fihte. ouenan þan wollde: faste to holde. And him seolf drof heom forp: and moche dune makede.

among all the tents [tents, where they were in the fields], and 'slew the heathens with great strength [so they gan to lay the heathens to ground]; "slew over the fields the yellow locks; of folk it was most wretched, they drew along their bowels; with much destruction they fell to the ground!' [And] there was forth-right captured Octa, 'Hengests [Hengest his] son, and his wed-brother Ebissa, and his comrade Ossa. The king caused them to be bound with iron bonds, and delivered them to sixty knights, who were good in fight, fast to hold (guard) over the weald. And 'he himself [he himself] drove 'him [them] forth, and made much din; and

<sup>1</sup> strengte?

& Gorlois be hende? uoro an ober ende.

& alle heore cnihtes:

æuere forð rihtes.

adū rihtes flogen:

al bat heo neh comen.

Summe heo crupē to pan wude: Somme hii crope to pan wode: an heore bare cneowen.

heo weoren amærze:

volken alre ærmeft.

Octa wes ibunden:

& ilad to Lunde.

and Ebiffa & Offa:

nes heom nauere al swa wa.

þif feh 1 wes idon:

& pe king wende forð.

in to Nord-humbre:

mid hæzere blisse.

& feodoe to Scotlonde:

& fette hit al an hif azere hond.

He sette grið he sette frið: 21 ቅ ælc mon mihte faren wið.

from londe to londe:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and Gorloys pan hende: forp an oper eande.

and alle hire cnihtes:

euere forbrihtes.

adun riht flowen:

al þat hii neh comen.

on hire bare cnowes.

and paie were amorwe:

alle idon to deape.

Octa was ibude:

and ilad to Londene.

and Ebyffa and Offa:

nere heo neuere fo wo.

pis fiht was al idon:

and be king forb com.

into Norphumbre: [c. 2.]

mid hezere blisse.

and fubbe to Scotland:

and fette hit al in his hond.

He sette swipe god grip : bat ech man mihte faren wib.

fram londe to londe:

Gorlois the fair, forth on the other side; and all their knights, ever forthright slew downright all that they came nigh. Some they crept to the wood on their bare knees, [and] they were on the morrow 'most miserable of all folk [all put to death]. Octa was bound, and led to London, and Ebissa, and Ossa,—'was never to them such [were they never so] woe! This fight was [all] done, and the king forth 'marched [came] into Northumberland with great bliss; and afterwards to Scotland, and set it all in his 'own' haud. He established peace [most good], 'he established quiet,' that each man might journey with from land to land, though he bare gold in his hand; of beh he bere gold an hode. of grið he dude swulc þig : pat ne mihte næuer ær na king. pat ne mihte her no king. from pan ilke time: Bruttes comen her liden. Andseo&denymbestunde: [£106.c.1.] And suppe bi one stunde: he ferde to Lunden. he wes pere an æft?: mid ale bele hif uolke. for Vthere Pendragun. He fende hif sonde: zeond al hif kinelonde. he bæd þa eorles: he bæd þa cheorles. he bæd þa biscopes: ba boc-ilærede men. ₱ heo comen to Lunden: to Vöer ban kingen. in to Lundenes tun: to Vőer Pendragun. Riche men fone: to Lundene comen.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. þeh¹ bere gold an honde. of gripe he dude foch bing: fram þan ilke time: pat Brut<sup>9</sup> her com lipe. he verde to Lundene. he was par on easter: and alle his folke. blide wes be Lundenes tun! 10 blibe was Londene his toune! for Vther Pendragon. He fende his fonde : oueral his kinelonde. he bad eorles and cnihtes: and alle oper peines.

> pat hii come to Londene? to Vther pan kinge.

Riche men sone ? to Londene come.

peace he did such things, that no king might 'ever' ere, from that time that the Britons here arrived. And then, after a time, he proceeded to London; he was there at Easter, with [and all] his 'good' folk; blithe was 'the Londons [London his] town, for Uther Pendragon. He sent his messengers over all his kingdom; he bade 'the' earls, 'he bade the churls, he bade the bishops, and the book-learned men [and knights, and all the other thanes], that they should come to London, to Uther the king, 'into Londons town, to Uther Pendragon.' Rich men soon to London came; they brought

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<sup>1</sup> þeh he?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

fwa hehte Vther be king. Mid muchele godnæsse : þe king iherde mæffe. & mid him cnihtes uale. muche blisse wes i þan tun : mid Vöer kinge Pendragun. pa pe mæsse wes isungē: to halle heo prungen. bemē heo bleowen: bordes heo brædden. al pat folc æt & dronc: & bliffe heom wes imong. per sæt Vder þe king: an hif hæh fetle. forn agan him Gorloif: hēde cniht ful iwis. be eorl of Cornwale:

mid avele hif wife.

pa heo weoren alle iseten:

eorles to heore mete.

be king fende his fonde?

heo brohten wif heo brohten child? hii brohten wif hii brohten child? ase hii were ihote. Mid mochele godnisse: be king ihorde hif maffe. & Gorlois be eorl of Cornwale: and Gorloys eorl of Cornwale: and mid him cnihtes fale. moche blisse was in pan toun? mid Vther Pendragon. po be masse was isonge: 10 to halle hii pronge. and bordes hii leidē: and adun feten. hii eotē hii drongen: [£85.c.1.] biliffe1 waf a-mang heom. par fat Vther be king: in his heze setle. afornezen him Gorlois: pat was hende foliwis.

> po hii were alle isete: eorles to pare mete. be king fende his fonde?

wife, they brought child, as 'Uther the king [they were] commanded. With much goodness the king heard [his] mass, and Gorlois, 'the' earl of Cornwall, and many knights with him; much bliss was in the town, with 'king' Uther Pendragon. When the mass was sung, to the hall they crowded; 'trumpets they blew, boards (tables) they spread; all the folk [and boards they laid, and down sate; they] ate 'and [they] drank, 'and' bliss was among them. There sate Uther the king in his high chair; opposite to him Gorlois, 'fair knight [who was fair] full truly, 'the earl of Cornwall, with his noble wife.' When they were all seated, the earls to their meat, the king sent his messengers to Ygærne the fair, 'Gorlois the

[c.2.]

<sup>1</sup> bliffe ?

Igær[ne].

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

to Igærne bere hende.

Gorloif eorles wif: wifmone alre hendeft.

Ofte he hire lokede on:

& leitede mid ezene. ofte he his birles fende:

fron to 1 hire borde.

ofte he hire loh to:

& makede hire letes.

alı inæt² whær heo hine luuede. I not² ware 3eo hine lofuede.

ne fwa 3ære witele.

₱ imong his duzeþe:

his boht cube dernen.

pat Gorloif iwærð him wrað.

& him gromede swide:

wið þene king for hif wife.

be earl & hif cnihtes:

arisen forð rihtes. & forð mid þan wife:

cnihtes swide whrade.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

to Igerne ban hende.

Ofte he hire lokede on: and leitede mid ezene. ofte he his borles fende: to hire borde.

ofte he hire loh to:

and makede hire letef. and [heo] hine leofliche biheold : and 3eo hine lofueliche bi-heold :

Næs þe king noht swa wis: 12 Nas þe king noht so wis: ne fo war witele.

pat coupe his poht hude:

a-mang his dozepe.

Swa long be king bif him droh: So lange be king bis game drof: þat Gorloys iwarþ wrob.

and him gramede fwibe:

to be king for his wifue.

20 pe eorl and his cnihtes:

a-rifen for rihtes.

and for mid pan wifue? cnihtef swipe wrope.

earls wife, woman fairest of all.' Oft he looked on her, and glanced with his eyes; oft he sent his cup-bearers 'forth' to her table; oft he laughed at her,' and made glances to her; and she him lovingly beheld,—' but' I know not whether she loved him. The king was not so wise, nor so far prudent, that among his folk he could his thoughts hide. So long the king this 'practised [game drove], that Gorlois became 'him' wrath, and angered him greatly with the king, for (on account of) his wife. The earl and his knights arose forth-right, and west forth with the woman, knights most wrath. King Uther saw this, and 'herefore' was 'sorry [wrath full truly].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> form to? Cf. l. 19019.

ich næt? ich not?

Vther king bif ifah: & here fore færi wes. & nom him ford rihtes: twælf wife cnihtes. & fende aft9 Gorloif: gumenene ældere. and beden hine an hizinge: cumē to ban kinge. & don þan kinge god riht: & beon icnowen of hif pliht. 10 ₱ he hafde¹ þene king ifcend: & from hif borde wes iwende. he and hif cnihtes: mid muchele vn-rihte. [[£106".c.1.] mid mochele onrihtes.

& for he hailede in hif wif.

& hif gult beon icnawen. be king him wolde aft<sup>9</sup>:

and don al hif mahten.

pif iherde Gorlois ?

gumenene lauer2.

binimen him al hif lond:

and hif feoluer & his gold.

& 3if he nalde agein cumen:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

King Vther isah bis: an was wrop foliwis. and nam a-non rihtes: twalf wife cnihtes. and fende after Gorlovs: eorl of Cornwale. and bad hine an hizenge: come to ban kinge. and don pan kinge god riht : [c.2.] and been icnowe of his pliht. þat he hadde þane king ifend: pat he was fram his borde iwend. he and his cnihtef: for the king him wæs glad wid! for he king him louede ase his lif! and haylede to his wif. And 3ef he nolde bis owe: and of his gult beo cnowe. be king him wolde after: and don al his mihte. bi-nimen al his lond: pat he hadde an hond. þis ihorde Gorloys:

and took 'him forth-right [anon right] twelve wise knights, and sent after Gorlois, 'chieftain of men [earl of Cornwall], and bade him come in haste to the king, and do the king good right, and acknowledge his fault, that he had disgraced the king, 'and [that] from his board [he] had departed; he, and his knights, with mickle wrong, for (because) the king 'was cheerful with him [loved him as his life], and 'for he' hailed (drank health?) to his wife. And if he would not back come [this own], and acknowledge his guilt, the king would follow after him, and do all his might; take from him all his land, 'and his silver, and his gold [that he had in hand]. Gorlois heard this, 'lord

eorl of Cornwale.

1 R. hafde.

2 lauerd?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & he and sware 3 af: eorlene wradest. Næi swa me helpe drihte: þa iscop þas dazes lihte. nulle ich nauere azen cumen : no hif grið zirnen. ne scal he neuere on liue: me scende of mine wife. & fuggeð Voer kinge: at Tintaieol he mai me finden. 3if he buder wule ride: per ich him wulle abiden. and per he fcal habbe hærd gome: & mucle weorldes fcome. Forð wende þe eorl: ire on his mode. he wes wærð wið bene king: wunder ane swide. and pretede Vther pene king: and alle his beines mid him. 20 and alle his cnihtef mid him. ah he nuste whæt com seodde: fone beræfter.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and he answerede: wrobliche swibe. Nay fo me helpe drihte: pat sceop pes daizes lihte. nelle ich neuere agein come! ne his griþ 3erne. ne fal he neuere on lifue : me fcende of mine wifue. Ac feggeb Vther ban king: at Tyntagel he may me finde. 3ef he þider wole ride : par ich him wole abide.

Orp wende pe eorl :'
yr on his mode. he was wrop wip pan king: wonderliche swipe. and wreppede Vther pane kig: ac he nuste wat com suppe: fone par after. pe eorl a-non wende: [£855.c1.]

of men [earl of Cornwall], and he 'answer gave, wrathest of earls [answered exceeding wrathly]: "Nay, so help me the Lord, that formed the day-light, will I never back come, nor yearn his peace; nor shall he ever in life disgrace me of my wife! 'And [But] say ye to Uther [the] king, at 'Tintaied [Tyntagel] he may find me; if he thither will ride, there will I abide him, 'and there he shall have hard game, and mickle worlds shame.'" Forth proceeded the earl, angry in his mood; he was wrath with the king wondrously much, and threatened Uther the king, and all his 'thanes [knights] with him. But he knew not what should come subsequently, soon thereafter. The earl proceeded anon into Cornwall; he had there two castles

be eorl anan wende:

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. in to Cornwaille. he hafde per tweie castles: biclused swide uaste. þæ castles aðele¹ weore: of hif eoldrene iftreon. To Tintaieol he fende: hif leofmon pa wes hende. Ygerne ihate: wifene aðeleft. [c.2.] and heo biclusde uæste: inne pan castle. Ýgerne wef færi : & forhful an heorte. pat fwa moni mon for hire: sculden habbē þer lure. pe eorl fende fonde: zeod al Brutlonde. and bæd alcne ohte gome: pat he him sculde to cume. for gold and for feolure: & for o`oere 3iuen gode. bat heo ful fone: to Tintaieole comen.

& hif hif3 agene cnihtes:

into Cornwale. he hadde pare tweie castles: bi-walled fwipe faste. pe castles gode were: of his hilderne streone. To Tyntagel he fende: his wif pat was fo hende. Igerne i-hote: treouwest alre wifue. and he bi-clufdere fafte: ine pane caftle. Igerne was fori: and forhfolle an heorte. pat so mani man for hure: folde habbe pare lure. pe eorl fende fonde: oueral Brutlond. and bad echene ohte gome : bat he folde to him come. for feoluer and for golde: and for oper 3eftes gode. pat he wel fone: to Tyntagel come. and his owene cnihtes:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

'inclosed [be-walled] most fast; the castles were good, of (and belonged to) the race of his ancestors. To 'Tintaieol [Tyntagel] he sent his 'mistress [wife] who was [so] fair, named Ygærne, 'best [truest of all] women; and [he] inclosed her fast in the castle. Ygærne was sorry, and sorrowful in heart, that so many men for her should there have destruction. The earl sent messengers over all Britain, and bade each brave man, that he should come to him, for gold and for silver, and for other good gifts, that 'they [he] full soon should come to 'Tintaieol [Tyntagel]; and bade his own

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Written at first aldele, but I expuncted. <sup>2</sup> bi-clusse hire? <sup>3</sup> Sic MS.

comen forð rihtes.

pa heo to-gædere weoren:

fele þeines.

pa hafde he fulle:

fiftene þufend.

& heo Tintaieol: faste bitunden.

Uppen pere sæ stronde:

Tintaicol stondes.

he is mid fæ cliuen :

faste biclused.

pat ne bið he biwunne:

burh nanes cunnes monnen.

bute 3if hunger:

cumen þer an vnder.

pe eorl uerde penne:

mid feouē þufend monnen.

& wende to ane offere caftle:

and bichifde hi2 ful uæste.

mid ten þusend monnen.

En ma huma ha smileton

For ne purue pa cnihtes:

dæies na nihtes.

Tintaical.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

po hii to-gadere weren:

comen forprihtes.

alle hi-fomed.

po hadde¹ fulle:

fiftene pufend.
and he Tyntagel:

faste bi-tunde.

Vppe pare stronde:

Tyntagel stondep.

faste bi-tuned.

10 he his mid féé cluues :

pat ne worp he bi-wonne:

borh neuere none manne.

bote of ftrang honger:

come par honder.

pe eorl wende panne:

mid scoue pousend manne.

and wende to an oper castel : [c2]

and bi-tunde him wel faste.

and bilefde hif wif in Tintaieol: bilefde his wif in Tyntagel:

mid hehte bousen 3 manne.

For ne peorte pe cnihtes:

daizes no nihtes.

knights to come forth-right. When they were together, 'the good thanes [all assembled], then had he full fifteen thousand, and 'they [he] fast inclosed 'Tintaieol [Tyntagel]. Upon the 'sea' strand 'Tintaieol [Tyntagel] standeth; it is with the sea cliffs fast inclosed, so that it may not be won, by 'no kind of [ever any] man, but if (except) [strong] hunger come there' in' under. The earl marched thence with seven thousand men, and proceeded to another castle, and inclosed it 'full [well] fast, 'and' left his wife in Tintaieol [Tyntagel], with 'ten [eight] thousand men. For it needed the knights, day or night, only to guard [well] the castle gate,

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<sup>1</sup> hadde he?

<sup>3</sup> biclusde hine?

bousend?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

& careles liggen flæpen. and be eorl wuste bene ober: & mid hi hif as broser. pif iherde Vther: þe king wes swiðe steorc. pat Gorloif hif eorl: hif ferde hafde igadere. [f.107.c.1.] ferde hadde i-gadered. and wolde halde weorre: mid muchelere wraððe. pe king bad hif ferde : zeond al þissen ærde. & seond al pan londe : ba stoden an hif honde. monief kinnes leoden: liðen heom to-gæderes. and comen to Lundene: to pan leod-kinge. Ut of Lundenes tun? ferde Voer Pendrag. he & hif cnihtes: ferde uoro rihtes. fwa longe þat heo comen: into Cornwæille.

buten buten biwiten pat castel; bote witie wel pan castel zeate: and careles ligge fleape. and be eorl wuste ban ober: mid him his owe brober. bis ihorde Vther: . þat king in londe was her. þat Gorloys his eorl: and wolde holde werre: mid mochelere wrappe. be king bad his ferde: oueral his erpe.

> mani cunnes leode : lipede heom to-gaderes. and comen to Londene: to pan leod-kinge.

T of Londenes toun: verde Vther Pendragon. he and his cnihtes: wende forbrihtes. so lange þat hii come : in to Cornwale.

Voer Pendragun.

and lie careless asleep; and the earl kept the other, 'and' with him his own brother. Uther heard this, who was king most stark [in land here], that Gorlois, his earl, had gathered 'his' forces, and would hold war, with much wrath. The king summoned his host over all 'this [his] territory, 'over all the land that stood in his hand'; people of many kind marched them together, and came to London to the sovereign. Out of Londons town fared Uther Pendragon; he and his knights proceeded forthright, so long, that they came into Cornwall, and over the water 'they'

& ouer pat water heo tueozen: þat hatten Tambreif. riht to pan castle: per heo Gorlois wuften. Mid muchelere læðe : bene castel heo bilæien. ofte heo to-ræfden: mid ræzere strengde. to-fomue heo leopen: leoden ber feollen. 10 Fulle seouen nihte: þe king mid his cnihten. bilæi þene castel: his men þer hafeden forgen. ne mifte¹ he of þan eorle: naþing iwinneu. and alle ba feouen nihte: ilaste pat selliche feoht. pa iseh Voer kig: bat him ne fpedde nading. 20 ofte he hine bibohte: whæt he don mahte. for Ygærne him wes fwa leof: æfne alse his azen lif. and Gorloif him wes on leode: and Gorloys in londe:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and ofer pat water wende: pat Tambre his ihote. riht to pan castle: þar hii Gorloys wufte. and al par aboute: pane castel bi-leye. ofte hii to-refde: mid rehzere strengbe.

Folle fouenihtef: be king mid his cnihtef. bi-lay pane caftel: [f.86.c.1.] his men pare hadde teone. ne mihte he of pan eorl: nobing a-winne. ac al pat soueniht: ilast þat selliche fiht. po ifeh Vther be king: bat him ne fpedde nobing. ofte he hine bi-bohte? wat he don mihte. for Igerne him was fo leof: fo his owene lif.

passed, that Tambres 'hight [is named], right to the castle, where they knew Gorlois to be. 'With much enmity [and all thereabout] the castle 'they' besieged; oft they assaulted it with fierce strength; 'together they leapt, people there fell.' Full seven nights the king with his knights besieged the castle; his men there had sorrow; he might not of the earl anything win, 'and [but] all the se'nnight lasted the marvellous fight. When Uther [the] king saw, that nothing sped to him; oft he bethought him what he might do; for Ygærne was so dear to him, 'even' as his own life, and

<sup>1</sup> mihte?

Vlfin.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. monnen alre læðeft. & ælches weief him wes wa: a piffere weorlde-riche. [c. 2.] for he ne mihte beon wurde: na bing of hif wille. þa wes mid þan kinge: an ald mon fwude hende. he wes a swide riche bein! and ræh on ælche dome. he wes ihaten Vlfin: muche wisdo wes mid him. pe king bræid up his chin : and bifah an Vlfin. swide he murnede: hif mod wes iderued. þa quað Vðer Pendragun: to Ulfin ban cnihte. Ulfin ræd me fumne ræd : over ich beo ful rave dæde. swa fwide me longed: 20

† ne mai i noht¹ libben.

after pere faire Ygærne:

bis word halt me derne.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

man alre lopest.

and in eche weyes him was wo:

in pisse worle-riche.

for he ne mihte habbe:

noht of his wille.

po was mid pan kinge:

an hold man swipe hende.

he was ihote Vlfin?
moche wifdom was mid him.
pe king i-breid vp his chin?
and bi-heold Vlfin.

and feide mid his moupe? toward his cnihte.

Vlfin read me fomne read? oper ich worpe fone dead. so fwipe me langep? pat ich ne may noht libbe. after pare faire Igerne? pis word halt me deorne.

Gorlois was to him in the land 'of all men [man of all] most loathsome; and [in] each way was woe to him in this worlds realm; because he might not have 'anything [aught] of his will. Then was with the king an old man exceeding well-informed; 'he was a very rich thane, and skilful in each doom'; he was named Ulfin; much wisdom was with him. The king drew up his chin, and 'looked on [beheld] Ulfin; 'greatly he mourned; his mood was disturbed.' 'Then quoth Uther Pendragun to Ulfin the [and said with his mouth toward his] knight: "Ulfin, say me some counsel, or I shall be 'full' soon dead, so much it longeth me after the fair Ygærne, that I may not live.

ich noht?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

for Ulfin be leoue: abele bine lare. lude & stille: don ich heom wulle. ba andswarede Ulfin : þan kinge þet spac wið him. Nu ihere ich muche feollic: ænne king fuggen. Þu luuest Ýgærne: and halft hit swa deorne. be wifmon if be to leof?

& hire lauerd al to las.

hif lond bu forberneft:

& hine blæð wurchest. and prattest hine to slænne:

& his cun to fordone.

to bizeten Ygærne.

benne heo sculde don : íwa ne deð na wifman. mid æie vnimete ?

halden luue fwete.

Ah 3if þu luuest Ýgærne:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

for ich wole ilifue: al pine lore. loude and stille? don ich wolle. bo answerede Vlfin: pan king pat spac wip him. Nou ihire ich mochel fellich:

one king fegge. pou louest Igerne:

and holdest hit so deorne. [c2]

be wifman his be to leof: and hire louerd to lob. his lond you for-bearnest:

and him seolue pretest.

Wenest bu mid swulche hærme! Wenest bou mid soche hærme! to bi-3ete Igerne.

panne 3eo folde don : 20 afe ne dob no womman.

mid heye onimete: holde loue fwete.

Ac 3ef bou hire louedest: pu sculdest hit halden derne. [f. 107b. pou sost 1 hire soudes sende.

This word hold to me secret; for 'Ulfin the dear, thy good [I will believe all thy] counsels, loud and still I will do 'them'. Then answered Ulfin to the king who spake with him: "Now hear I a king say great marvel! Thou lovest Ygærne, and holdest it so secret; the woman is to thee dear, and her lord 'all' loath; his land thou consumest, 'and makest him destitute,' and threatenest him[self] 'to slay, and his kin to destroy.' Weenest thou with such harm to obtain Ygærne? She should do then as no woman doth, with dread unmeet hold love sweet. But if thou 'lovest Ygærne [lovedest her],

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. and fende hire fone: of feoluere and of golde. & luuien hire mid lifte: & mid leofliche bihæste. pa 3et hit weore a wene : whar bu heo mihtes age. for Ygærne if wel idon: a swide treowe wimmon. swa wes hire moder: & ma of ban kunne. To fooe ich be fugge: leofest alre kinge.

3if bu hire wult awinnen. For surstendæi me com to: an æremite wel idon.

& fwor bi his chinne: pat he wuste Merli. whar he ælche nihte: resteð vnder lufte. and ofte he hi spec wid: & spelles him talde.

& 3if we mihte M<sup>9</sup>lin:

mid liste biwinnen.

penne mihtest pu pine iwille:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and louie hire mid lifte: and mid faire bi-hefte. And 3et hit were a wene? war pou hire habbe mihtes. for Igerne his wel idon? a swipe treouwe womman. so was hire moder ?. 10 and mo of hure cunne.

pat odere weies pu most agunnen : Ac oper weies pou most a-gynne ! 3ef bou hire wolt a-winne. For 3 orftnendai me com to: on heremite wel idon. and fwor bi his chinne: pat he wifte of Merlýn. ware he eche nihte: 20 reste onder lufte. and ofte he spac him wip? and fpelles him tolde. And we mihte borh eni bing ? a-winne þiffne Merlýn. panne mihtes pou sone :

thou shouldest 'hold it secret, and 'send her 'soon of silver and of gold [messengers], and love her with art, and with 'loving [fair] behest. 'The [And] yet it were a doubt, whether thou mightest 'possess [have] her; for Ygærne is chaste, a woman most true; so was her mother, and more of the [her] kin. 'In sooth I thee say, dearest of all kings,' 'that [But] otherwise thou must begin, if thou wilt win her. For yesterday came to me a good hermit, and swore by his chin, that he knew [of] Merlin, where he each night resteth under heaven; and oft he spake with him, and stories him told. 'And' if we might with art [through any thing] get [this] Merlin,

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. allunge biwinne. þæ wes Vðer Pendragun ? þa fofter an his mode. & 3if1 andfware red: Vlfin þu hauest wel isæd. Ich be ziue an honde: pritti folh of londe. ₱ þu M<sup>9</sup>lin biwīne: & don mine iwille. Vlfin 3eond pat folc wende: 10 & fohte al pa uerde. [c. 2.] & he vmbe stunde: bene æremite finde8. and an higinge: brohte hine to pan kinge. feouen fulzene lond. 3if he mihte bringen: M<sup>9</sup>lin to þā kinge. pe æremite gon wede: in bene west ænde. to ane wilderne: to ane wude muchele.

habbe bine wille. po was Vther Pendragun: be fohtere in his mode. and answerede bane read: Vlfin bou hauest wel iseid. Ich zeue an honde be? [686b.c.i.] pritti folh of londe. þat þou Merlýn a-winne: and do mine wille. Vlfin in pan londe wende: and fohte al be ferde. and bi one stunde : pane heremite [funde]. and an hizenge: brohte hine to ban kinge. and be king him fette an hond? and be king him fette an hond? fcoue folwene lond. 3ef he mihte finde: Merlyn and to be kinge bringe. 20 pe heremite gan wende: to ban west eande. to one wilderne: to one wode mochele.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

then mightest thou thy will 'wholly obtain [soon have]." Then was Uther Pendragun the softer in his mood, and 'gave answer [answered]: "Ulfin, thou hast well said [the] counsel; I give thee in hand thirty ploughs of land, so that thou get Merlin, and do my will." Ulfin went 'through the folk [in the land], and sought all the host, and 'he' after [a] time found the hermit, and in haste brought him to the king. And the king set to him in hand seven ploughs of land, if he might [find and] bring Merlin to the king. The hermit gan wend in [to] the West end, to a wilderness, to a mickle wood, where he had dwelt well many winters; and Merlin very

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. per he iwuned hafde: wel feole wintre. and M<sup>9</sup>lin swide ofte: ber inne<sup>2</sup> fohte. Sone be armite com in: ba ifunde he Mærlin. vnder ane treo stonden: and fære him gon longē. pene æremite he ifæh cume: alse while wes his iwune. he orn him to-zænes: beiene heo uæineden þas. heo clupte heo custen: and cubliche speken. þa fæide M<sup>9</sup>lin: muchel wifdom wes mid him. Sæie þu mi leofe freond: wi naldest þu me suggen. burh nanef cunes binge : þat þu wældest to þā kinge. 20 Ah ful 3are ich hit w<sup>9</sup>te: anan swa ich be miste.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. par he iwoned hadde: wel fale wyntres. and Merlyn swipe hofte: bare hine fohte. Sone fo be heremite com in: he iseh Merlyn. vnder one stunde: and fore him gan longýe. pan heremite he iseh come: afe wile was if wone. he orn him to-zeines : and to him faide pus. hii clupten hii custen: an cubliche speke. po faide Merlyn: moche wisdom was mid him. Sai bou me leofue freond: wi noldest bou me coupe. borh none bing : pat pou woldest to pan kinge. Ac fol 3 are ich hit wiste: anon ase ich be miste.

oft sought him there. So soon [as] the hermit came in, 'then found he [he saw] Merlin, 'standing under a tree [after a time], and sore gan for him long; he saw the hermit come, as whilom was his custom; he ran towards him, 'both they rejoiced for this [and said to him thus]; they embraced, they kissed, and familiarly spake. Then said Merlin,—much wisdom was with him,—"Say thou, 'my [to me,] dear friend, why wouldest thou not 'say [make known] to me, through no 'kind of' thing, that thou wouldest go to the king? But full quickly I it knew anon as I thee missed, 'that thou wert come to Uther the king'; and what the king spake with thee,

þat þu icumen weore:

<sup>1</sup> iwuned?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

to Voere kinge. and of hif londe be bæd. bat bu me sculdest bringe: to Vőer kinge. [£108.c.1.] And Vlfin be fohte? & to pan kinge brohte. & Vőer Pendragun: forð rihtes anan. fette him an honde: pritti folh of londe. & he fætte þe an honde: seoue fulhzene löd. Vther if 1 of-longed: æfter Ygærne þere hende. wunder ane swide: after Gorloifes wive. Ah longe if æuere: B ne cummed nauere. † he heo biwinne! bute burh mine ginne. for nif na wimmon treowere: in þiffere worlde-riche. & neobeles he scal age: þa hende Ygærne.

> 10 and Vther fette hi an hond: pritti folwene lond. and be he sette an honde : foue folwene lond. Vther his of-longed: after Igerne. wonderliche swipe: after Gorloys his wifue. Ac lange his euere: bat ne comeb neuere. 20 pat he hire awinne : bote mid mine gynne. for nif no wommā treuwere: in biffe worle-riche. And nobeles he fal habbe: þe hendi Igerne.

and of his land thee offered, that thou shouldest bring me to Uther [the] king. And Ulfin thee sought, and to the king brought, and Uther 'Pendragon forth-right anon,' set him in hand thirty ploughs of land; and he set thee in hand seven ploughs of land. Uther is desirous after Ygærne 'the fair,' wondrously much, after 'Gorloises [Gorloys his] wife. But so long as is eternity, that shall never come, that he obtain her, but (except) through my stratagem; for there is no woman truer in this worlds realm. And ne-

MS, Cott. Calig. A, 1x. on hir1 he scal streonē: pat scal wide sturien. he scal streonien hire on: ænne fwide fellichne mon. Longe beo's æuere: dæd ne bið he næuere. pe wile pe pif world ftænt: ilæsten scal is wordmunt2. and fcal inne Rome: walden þa þæines. Al him fcal abuse: bat wuned inne Bruttene. of him fcullen gleomen: godliche fingen. of his breoften fcullen æten: avele scopes. fcullen of hif blode: beornef beon drunke. of hif ezene scullen fleon:

ælc finger an hif hond: [c.2.]

furene gleden.

fcarp stelene brond.

fcullen ftan walles:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. in hire he sal streni: pat sal wide sturie. he fal streoni hire on: one felliche man. Lange his euere: dead ne worb he neuere. pe wile pat pe worle steond: me wole of him telle. he fal in Rome: 10 welde be cnihtes. Al him fal abouwe: bat wonieb in Bruttene. of hi folle gleomen: coubliche finge. of his broft follen eate: staleworpe kempes. solle of his blode: cnihtes beo dronge. of his ezene folle fleo: furie gledef. ech fenger of his hond: fcarp stelene brond. sollen fton walles:

vertheless he shall 'possess [have] the fair Ygærne; and he shall beget on her what shall widely rule; he shall beget on her a man 'exceeding' marvellous (or famous). So long as is eternity, he shall never die; the while that 'this [the] world standeth, 'his glory shall last [men will of him tell]; 'and' [he] shall in Rome rule the 'thanes [knights]. All shall bow to him that dwelleth in Britain; of him shall gleemen 'goodly [familiarly] sing; of his breast 'noble poets [stalworth warriors] shall eat; of his blood shall 'men [knights] be drunk; from his eyes shall fly fiery embers; each finger 'on [of] his hand shall be a sharp steel brand; stone walls shall before him

<sup>1</sup> Interlined by a second hand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> word munt, pr. m.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. biuoren him to-fallen. to-vore hi to-falle. beornes scullen rusien: beornes folle rufie: reofen heor mærken. rese hire marke. puf he fcal wel longe: puf he sal wel lange: wende ouer al pan londes. liðen 3eod londen. leoden biwinnen : folk to bi-winne: [f.87.c.1.] & his lazen sette. and his lazef fette. pif beod ha tacnen' of han fune? hif beoh he tockne of han fone? be cume's of Ure? Pendragune. pat comep of Vther Pendragon. and of Ygærne: and of Igerne: bes speche if ful derne. pat 3et his wel deorne. for 3et næt hit neo'der : for 3et not hit nober : Ygærne no Uðer. Igerne no Vther. pat of Voere Pendragune: fcal arife fwile a fune. for 3et he beoð unstreoned: for 3et he his on-streone: þa sturieð al þa þeoden. pat storie sal peos peode. Ah laured quað Merlin : Ac louerd cwap Merlyn: nou hit his wille pin. nu hit is iwille bin. pat for 8 Is scal fuse: 20 pat forp ich fal vare : to uerde þaf kingef. to folke peos kinges. bi word ich wulle heren ? þi word ich wolle iheren : and nu ich wulle wende. and nou ich wolle wende. and faren ich wulle for bire lufe? and faren ich wolle for bine loue?

tumble; barons shall give way, and their standards fall! Thus he shall well long fare over [all the] lands, people to conquer, and set his laws. These are the tokens of the son, that shall come of Uther Pendragon and of Ygærne. 'This speech [That yet] is 'full [well] secret; for yet neither it knoweth, Ygærne nor Uther, 'that of Uther Pendragon such a son shall arise'; for yet he is unbegot, that shall govern 'all the [this] people. But, Lord," quoth Merlin, "now it is thy will, that forth I shall go to the 'host [folk] of 'the [this] king; thy words I will obey, and now I will depart, and

<sup>1</sup> beof jacnen, pr. m.

10

20

to Vthere Pendragune. and habben bu scalt bat lond? p he pe fette an hond. þuf heo þa ispecken: bæ æremite gon to weopen. deorliche he hine custe: þer heo gunnen dælen. Merlin ferde riht suð: pat lond him wæs ful cuð. ford riht he fusde: to bes kinges ferde. Sone fwa Vöer hine ifæh : [£108b.c.1.] Sone fo Vther hine ifeh : swa he him to-zeines bæh. & þuf quað Vder3 Pēdragune: Mærlin þu ært wilcume. Her ich sette be an honde ? al bene ræd of mine londe. and \$ bu me ræde : to muchere neode. Vther him talde : al \$ he walde. & hu Ygærne him wes on leodē:

wimmonnen 4 leofest.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. to Vther Pendragon. and habbe 3e folle pat lond: pat a 1 30u fette an hond.

Dorneliche? hii custe: po hii gonne to-deale. Merlyn wende riht forb fub? pat lond him was wel coup. forp riht he wende: to bis kingef ferde. azeines him he beh. and bus cwab Vther Pendragon : Merlyn pou hart wilcome. Here ich be sette an hond? al pane read of mine lond. for nou pou most me reade: at mochele mine neode.

proceed I will for thy love to Uther Pendragon. And 'thou shalt [ye shall] have the land that he set 'thee [you] in hand." 'Thus they then spake: the hermit gan to weep'; dearly 'he him [they] kissed; 'there [then] they gan to separate. Merlin went right 'forth' south, the land was well known to him; forth-right he proceeded to 'the [this] kings host. So soon as Uther him saw, 'so' he approached towards him; and thus quoth Uther Pendragon: "Merlin, thou art welcome! Here I set thee in hand all the counsel of my land, 'and that [for now] thou [must] me advise, at [my] great need." 'Uther told him all that he would, and how Ygærne was to him in the land dearest of women, and Gorlois, her lord, most odious

<sup>1</sup> he? 3 R. Voer. <sup>2</sup> deoreliche? 4 wimmonnen? VOL. II. 2 B

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.
and Gorlois hire lauerd:
momnenen¹ alre laŏeft.
& buten ich habbe þīne ræd:
ful raŏe þu ifihft me dæad.

pa andswerede M<sup>9</sup>lin: Let nu cume in Vlfin. & bitæc him an honde: þritti fulzene lond. & bi-tæc þan æremite: pat pu him bihete. for nulle ich agæn na lond: neouðer<sup>2</sup> for ich am on rade: rihchest alre monnen. & 3if ich wilne æhte ? penne wursede ich on crafte. Ah al þī iwille: wel scal iwurden. 20 for ich cō swulcne leche-craft: þe leof þe scal iwurðen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

for bote ich habbe pine read?

wel fone ich worpe dead.

for ich langy fo fwipe?

after Gorloys his wifue.

po answerede Merlyn?

Let nou come Vlfin. [c.2.]

and bi-tak him an hond?

pritti folwene lond.

and bi-tak pe heremite?

pat pou hine bi-heate.

for nelle ich of pe habbe?

none cunne 3eftes.

for 3ef ich wilnede hahte? panne wersede ich on crafte. Ac al pine wille? wel pou salt habbe. for ich can on soch craft? pat pe sal wel likie.

of all men.'—"'And [For] unless I have thy counsel, 'full [well] soon 'thou wilt see me [I shall be] dead, [for I long so greatly after Gorloys his wife]." Then answered Merlin: "Let Ulfin now come 'in,' and give him in hand thirty ploughs of land, and give to the hermit what thou him promisedest; for I will not 'possess any land, neither silver nor gold [have of thee any kind of gifts]; for 'I am in counsel most skilful of all men, and' if I wished for possessions, then should I become worse in craft. But all thy will well 'shall come to pass [thou shalt have]; for I know such 'leech'-craft, that shall 'be to thee lief [to thee well like], so that all thy

<sup>1</sup> monnen?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Part of a line is here wanting. We should doubtless read neouver seoluer na gold. Cf. l. 18579. et alib.

pat al scullen pine gareres': iwurden swulc has eorles. pi speche pi dede: imong pere duzede. pine horf & pine iwede? & al fwa þu fcalt ride. penne Ygæne' pe scal iseon : a mode hire fcal wel beon. heo liv inne Tintaieol: uaste bituned. Nif nan cniht fwa wel iboren: of nane londe icoren. pe mihte<sup>8</sup> strēg de of Tintaieol: pat mid strengpe of Tyntagel! þe 3eten mihten un-tunen. buten he4 weoren ibirsted : mid hungere & mid burfte. pat if \$ fose: pat ich pe fugge wulle. burh alle binge bu scalt beon? fwulc þu eorl weore. 20 & ich wulle beon iwil del: swulc him if Brutael.

pat if a cniht swide herd:

pat al folle pine cheres : iworpe alse be eorles. þi speche þin dede: pin hors and fo falt ride. Wane Igerne be sal isen: a mode be bet hire sal ben. 3eo lib ine Tyntagel: faste bi-tuned. Nis no king fo wel ibore: [[c.2.] of none londe icore. pe zeates mihte ontune. bo5 hii were bursted: mid honger and mid borfte. Ac pat his pat fope:

pat ich be fegge wolle.

ase hit be earl were.

afe him his Bricahel.

porh alle pig pou falt beo:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat his a cniht swipe hard: appearance shall become as the earls; thy speech, thy deeds 'among thy people'; thy borse and 'thy weeds (garments); and so shalt 'thou' ride. When Ygærne shall see thee, in mood shall it be 'well [the better] to her; she lieth in 'Tintaieol [Tyntagel], fast inclosed. There is no 'knight [king] so well born, of no land chosen, that might with strength unfasten

and ich wolle beon evereideal:

the gates of 'Tintaieol [Tyntagel], unless they were burst with hunger and with thirst. [But] that is the sooth that I will say to thee; through all things thou shalt be as if 'thou wert [it were] the earl; and I will be every bit as Britael he is, who is a knight most hardy, he is this earls

<sup>1</sup> The first letter of this word is sup. ras.

<sup>3</sup> mid?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Ygærne. bote?

he is peos eorles stiward. Jurdan is hif bur-cniht: he if swide wel idiht. ich wulle makien anan : Ulfin swulc if Jurdan. penne bist pu lauer?! & ich Brutael bi stiward. & Ulfin Jurdan þi bur-cniht : & we scullen faren nu to niht. faren þu scalt bi ræde: wuder swa ich þe læde. Scullen nu to nihte: half hundred cnihten. mid sperē and mid scelden: beon abuten bine telden. ₱ nauere nan quið³ mon : ne cumē ber aneosten. & 3if þer auer æi mon cume? for þa cnihtes scullen suggen: selen þie beornen. 21 pat pu ært ilete blod? and restest be on bædde.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. ix.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. he his þis kingef<sup>1</sup> stiward. Jordan pat his bour-cniht:

foch fal Vlfin beo to niht. 10 and fare bou falt to reade: woder pat ich pe leode. Solle nou to niht: alf an hundred enibtef. [£87°.c1.] mid spere and mid scealde: beo a-boute pine teldes. pat neuere non cwicmon: ne come par a-newest. and 3ef par eni pare come : pat his heued him beon bi-nume. pat his heued him beo bi-nome. For he cnihtes folleh fegge: feale bine beines. pat pou har hi-lete blod? and restest on bedde.

steward; Jurdan 'is his [who is] chamber-knight, 'he is exceeding well dight; I will make Ulfin anon such as Jurdan is. Then wilt thou be lord, and I be Britael, thy steward, and Ulfin be Jurdan, thy chamberknight.' 'And we shall go now [such shall Ulfin be] to-night; [and] fare thou shalt by counsel, whither 'soever [that] I lead thee. Now to-night shall half [a] hundred knights, with spear and with shield be about thy tents, so that never any man alive come there near; and if ever any 'man come there, that his head be taken from him. For the knights shall say,—thy good 'men [thanes],—that thou art let blood, and restest 'thee'

<sup>1</sup> eorles? 2 lauerd? 3 quik?

pas pigges for rihte: buf weoren idihte.

Ford ferde be king :

næs hit cuð na þing.

and ferden for mid him ? Vlfin & M<sup>9</sup>lin.

he¹ tuşen riht þen wæi :

þa in to Tintaieol læi.

& cubliche cleopeden.

Vndo þif 3æt effel :

be eorl if icumen here.

Gorlois pe læuerd:

& Britael hif stiward.

and Jurdan be burchiht?

we habbeo's ifaren al niht.

pe zeeteward hit cudde ouer al. ' pe zeateward hit cudde oueral.'

& cnihtes urnen uppen wal. and speken wid Gorlois:

pa cnihtes weoren swides whæte: peos cnihtes weren swipe wate:

and wefden up ba castles zete.

& letten hine binnen fare:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pes pinges weren forpriht:

in þilke manere idiht.

For wende be king :

nas hit coup noping. and for wende mid him:

Vlfin and Merlyn.

hii wende riht pane way: þat in to Týntagel laý.

heo comen to pascastles 3 zete: [f. 109] hii come to pan castel 3 zeate:

10 and coupliche fpeke.

Vndo þis zeate effel:

pe eorl his icomen her.

Gorloys bin louerd:

and Britahel his stiward.

and Jordan his bourcnibt:

we habb hii-riden<sup>2</sup> al niht.

and cnihtes vrnen vppe wal.

and spekē wip Gorloys:

and hine icneowen mid iwis. 20 and hine i-cnewe foliwis.

and wefde vp be castel 3ate.

and lete hine in vare:

in bed. These things were forth-right 'thus [in this manner] dight. Forth went the king; it was nothing known; and forth went with him Ulfin and Merlin; they proceeded right the way that lay into 'Tintaieol [Tyntagel]; they came to the castle-gate, and 'called [spake] familiarly: "Undo this gate-bolt; the earl is come here, Gorlois 'the [thy] lord, and Britael his steward, and Jordan 'the [his] chamber-knight; we have 'journeyed [ridden] all night!" The gateward made it known over all, and knights ran upon the wall, and spake with Gorlois, and knew him full surely. 'The [These] knights were most alert, and weighed up the castle-gate, and let

heo?

2 habbe) i-riden?

3 swide?

pa læsse wes pa heore care. heo weden mid iwisse : to habben muchel bliffe. pa hædden heo mid ginne: M<sup>9</sup>lin þer wið inne. & heo! Voer bene king: wið ine heore walding. and ledde per mid him ? his gode bein Ulfin. pif tidinde com biliue ? in to þā wife. þæt hire læuerd wes icumen: and mid him his preo gumen. Vt com Ygærne: forð to þan eorle. and pas word feide: mid wunfume wurde. Wilcume læuerd: monne me leofest. & wilcume Jurdan : and Britael if afwa2. beo 3e mid isude : to-dæled from pan kinge. pa quæð Vðer ful iwis:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIH. be lasse was hire [kare]. hii wende mid iwisse : to habbe mochel bliffe. po haden hii mid gynne: Merly par wip ine. [c.2.] and Vther pane king : wib hinne hire weldyng. and ladde pare mid him: his leoue freond Merlyn. pes tidinge com bliue : into pan wifue. pat hire louerd was icome: and mid him his preo gomes. Vt com Igerne : forn to pan eorl. and bef word feide: mid wonfome speche. Wolcome louerd: manne me leouest. 20 and wolcome Jordan : and Britaeh al fon3. be 3eo mid ifunde: idealed fra þan kinge. po cwap Vther foliwis:

him come 'with'in,—the less was 'then' their care;—they weened certainly to have much bliss. Then had they with stratagem Merlin there within, and Uther the king within their possession, and led there with him his 'good thane Ulfin [dear friend Merlin]. These tidings came quickly unto the lady, that her lord was come, and with him his three men. Out came Ygærne forth to the earl, and said these words with winsome speech: "Welcome, lord, man to me dearest; and welcome, Jordan, and Britael 'is' also;—be ye in safety parted from the king?" Then quoth Uther full truly as if it were Gorlois: "Mickle [is] the multitude that

<sup>1</sup> Redundant? Perhaps we should read ec? 2 al fwa? 3 Britahel al fo?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. swulc hit weore 1 Gorlois. Muchel þat mökun : [c.2.] þæt is mid Vther Pendegun. and ich æm bi nihte: bi-stole from pan fihte. for æfter þe ic wes of-longed: wifmonne þu ært me leofuest. Buð in to bure! & let mi bed makien. and ich me wulle ræften: to biffere nihte uirste. & alle dai to mærwe: to blissien mire duze de. Ygærne beh to bure: & lætte bed him makien. wes hat kinewurde bed: al mid palle ouer bræd. pe kig hit wel bihedde: & eode to his bedde. and Ygærne læi adun : bi Udere Pendragun. Nu wende Ygone ful iwis: pat hit weoren Gorloif. burh neuere nænes cunnef bing:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. ase hit were Gorloys. Mochel his pat mancun: pat his mid Vther be king. and ich ham al bi nihte: bi-stele fram pan fihte. for after be ich was of-langet: womman bou hart me leouest. Bou into boure: and let min bed makie. and ich me wolle reafte: to hisse niht his forste. and al dai to morewe: to gladie mine dozebe. Igerne wende to boure: and lette bed makie. was bat kineworbe bed: al mid palle ouer fprad. pe king hit wel bi-hedde ? and eod to his bedde. and Igerne lay adun: [f.88.c.1.] bi Vther Pendragon. Euere wende Igerne foliwis: þat hit were Gorloys.

is with Uther 'Pendragon [the king]; and I am [all] by night stolen from the fight, for after thee I was desirous, woman thou art to me dearest. Go into the chamber, and cause my bed to be made, and I will rest me for this 'nights [night his] space, and all day tomorrow, to gladden my people. Ygærne went to chamber, and caused a bed to be made 'for him'; the kingly bed was all overspread with a pall. The king viewed it well, and went to his bed; and Ygærne lay down by Uther Pendragon. 'Now [Ever] weened Ygærne full truly, that it were Gorlois; 'through

<sup>1</sup> weoren pr. m., but n erased.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

no icneou heo Veer bene king.

pe king hire wende to: pe king hire wende to: swa wapmō sculde to wimmon do. so wepman sal to wifue do.

& hæfde him to done:

wid leofuest wimmonne.

& he streonede hire on :

ænne selcuone mo. kingen alre kenest:

bæ æuere com to monnen.

& he wes on ærde:

Ærður ihaten.

Art[ur].

Nuste noht Ygone: wha læie on hire ærme.

for æuere heo wende ful iwis:

pat it weoren pe eorl Gorlois.

Næs þer na mære uirst: [s.109 .cl.] Nas þar na more sohriht:

buten p hit wes dæi-liht.

per ford rihtes:

vndergeten þa cnihtes.

bat be king wes iuaren:

ut of bere uærde.

þa fæiden þa cnihtes:

soð þæh hit neoren.

pat pe king wes iflozen:

and streonede hire on: one felcoupe man. king alre kennest :

bat euere com to londe.

10 and was on erbe : Arbour ihote.

bote þat hit was day-liht. a-non forp rihtes: ondergeten Vther his cnihtes. 20 pat pe king was awend: vt of pan ferde. po saide pe cnihtes:

> fob beh hit nere. pat pe king was afloze:

never any kind of thing knew she Uther the king.' The king approached her as man should do to woman, 'and had him to do with the dearest of women'; and 'he' begat on her a marvellous man, keenest of all kings, that ever came 'among men [to land], and 'he' was on earth named Arthur. 'Ygærne knew not who lay in her arms; for ever she weened full surely, that it were the earl Gorlois.' There was no greater 'interval [right sooth] but until it was day-light, 'there [anon] forth-right 'the [Uther his] knights understood, that the king was departed out of the host. Then said the knights, sooth though it were not, that the king was flown, 'filled with dread [for dread of the earl]; 'but it all was leasing that

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. mid ærhþen afeolled. ah al hit wes lessinge: † heo feiden bi þan kinge. her of heo heolde muchel run? uppen Vder 1 Pendragun. pa seiden pa eorles: & pa hæhste beörnes. Nu penne hit waht Gorlois: hu hit iuaren if. pat ure kig if ifaren : & hif ferde bilæiued. he wule foro rihtes: wepni hif cnihtes. and ut he wule to fihten. & feollen uf to grūden. mid woden hif beines: muchel wæl makien. penne weore uf beteren: bat we iboren neoren. Ah leten we blawen bemen: 20 Ac lete we blowe bumes! & bonnien ure uerde. & Cador þe kene: fcal beren þaf kinges marke. hæbben haze þene drake:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. for drede of pan eorle.

vppe Vther Pendragon. po faide be corles:

and be helfte beornes. Nou wane hit wot Gorloys:

and heolde her of mochel roun:

ou hit ivaren his. 10 pat oure king his afloze: and his ferde bi-lefued. he wole anon rihtes: wepni his cnihtes. and vt he wole to fihte: and falle ous to grunde.

panne were vs betere: bat we ibore nere. and banni oure ferde. and Cador be kene? fal bere pis kinges marke. holden heze pane drake:

[Cado]r.

they said of the king; 'they [and] held hereof much converse upon Uther Pendragon. Then said the earls and the highest barons; "Now when Gorlois shall know it, how it is passed, that our king is 'departed [fled], and has left his host, he will 'forth-right [anon right] weapon his knights, and out he will to fight, and fell us to ground, 'with his furious thanes make mickle slaughter;' then were it better for us, that we were not born. But cause we the trumpets to be blown, and our army to assemble; and Cador the brave shall bear 'the [this] kings standard; 'heave [hold]

bi-foren pissere duzede. and faren to pan castle: mid kene ure folke. and be earl Aldolf: fcal beon ure aldre. & we him scullen here: swulc hit be king weoren. & fwa we fwullen mid rihte: wid Gorloif fihten. [c.2.] and 3if he uf wule speken wid: & zernē þif kinges grið. 11 fetten fæhtn<sup>9</sup>fe: mid æðen foð-fæfte. benne magen we mid wurdscipen: banne mawe mid worfipe! heonene iwenden. nane up-breidingef. pat we for ærhfcipe: heonene at-ærnden. Al pat leodliche folc: bilufde befne ilke ræd. Bemen heo bleowe: bonneden werden. up heo hafden þene drake:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii. bi-vore peof ilke ferde. [c2] and wende to pan castle: mid al oure mihte. and be eorl Aldolf: fal beon oure eldre. and we him folle herie! ase he be king were. and fo we follen mid fihte1: wip Gorloys fihte. and 3if he wole speke vs wib? and zerne his kinges grib. hinne wende. penne nabbeo's ure æfterlinges: pat nabbep oure onderlinges: none vp-breidinges. pat we for eny zearsipe: hinene beop at-hourne. 20 Al þat ilke folk : lofuede pane ilke read. 🕽 vmes hii bleowen 🕇 and bannede hire ferde.

vp hii houe bane drake:

high the Dragon before this 'people [same host], and march to the castle, with 'our keen folk [all our might]. And the earl Aldolf shall be our chief, and we shall obey him, as if he were the king; and so we shall with right with Gorlois fight; and if he will speak with us, and yearn this kings peace, 'set amity with soothfast oath,' then may we with worship go hence; 'then [so that] our underlings will have no upbraidings, that we for any timidity hence [are] fled." All 'the nation-folk [that folk] praised 'this [the] same counsel. Trumpets they blew, [and] assembled [their] host;

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. ælches mærken vnimake. per wef moni bald fcalc: pe sceld weiden on sculdre. moni bein kene: & wenden to ban castle. Gorloif wes wid inne: mid kene his monnen. he lette blawen beomen : & bonnien hif ferden. leopen an steden: 10 cnihtes gunnë riden.

pæs cnihtes weoren swide wate: And hii were swide wate: & wenden ut at pan 3ate. to-fomne heo comen fone: fastliche heo on-flozen. feolle fæie men : uolden isohten8. per wes muche blod gute: balu wes on folke. imong pan fihte ful iwif: mon floh bene eorl Gorloif. pa gunnen hif men fleon:

& pa overe after teon.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii. eche marke onimake. þar was many bold cniht: pat fceal 1 fweynde on foldre.

and wende to pan castle: þar Gorloy<sup>2</sup> was wiþ ine.

Gorloif.

and fweinde vppe caftel 3ate. and come to-gadere fone: and fastliche on-floze.

par was mochel blod i3ote: wowe was mid folke. amang þan fihte foliwis: 20 me floh þa eorl Gorloys. po gonne his men fleo: and be oper after teo.

up they heaved the Dragon, by each standard unmatched; there was many s bold man, that hung shield on shoulder, 'many a keen thane'; and proceeded to the castle, [where] Gorlois was within, 'with his keen men. He caused trumpets to be blown, and his host to assemble; they leapt on steed; knights gan to ride.' 'These knights [And they] were exceeding active, and 'went out at the gate; [swung up the castle-gate, and] together 'they came soon, [and] quickly 'they' attacked; 'fell the fated men; the ground they sought; there was much blood shed, harm was among [with] the folk; amidst the fight full certainly men slew the earl Gorlois. Then gan his

<sup>1</sup> fceald?

<sup>2</sup> R. Gorloys.

heo fohten?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

heo comen to pan castle :[£110.c.1.]hii comen to pan castle : and binnen heo prastē.

Sone hit comen binnen:

ba twa þa uerden.

per ileste pat fiht :

burh bene dæi-liht.

ær þe dai weore al a-sceken : wes be castel bizeten.

næs þer nan fwa wracche fwein:

pat he nes a wel god pein.

Comen ba tidinde:

into Totintageol1 an hizende.

ford into pan castle:

ber Voer wes inne.

pat islagen wes ful iwis:

be eorl heore læuerd Gorloif. & alle his hif2 here-gumen:

and hif castel inumen.

pif iherde be king:

ber he læi an fkentting.

& leop ut of bure:

fwulc hit an liun weore.

þa quað þe king Vðer:

and hii in braste.

par ilaste pat fiht:

porh vt þan day-liyt. [£884.c.1.]

her þe dai were al a-fake:

was be castel bi-zeate.

Come þe týdinge: to Tyntagel an hizenge.

pat islawe was foliwis: þe gode eorl Gorloys. and alle hif hired-gomes :

and be castel inome. pis ihorde be king ?

20 par he lai a fwetig. and leop vt of boure:

> afe hit a lyon were. po faide king Vther:

men to flee, and the others to pursue after; they came to the castle, and 'within [in] they thrust. 'Soon it came within, both the two hosts;' there lasted the fight through[out] the day-light; ere the day were all gone, the castle was won; was there no swain so mean, that he was not a well good thane.' The tidings came 'in'to Tintageol in haste, 'forth into the castle wherein Uther was,' that the [good] earl 'their lord' Gorlois was slain full truly, and all his soldiers, and 'his [the] castle taken. The king heard this, where he lay 'in amorous play [a-sweeting], and leapt out of bower, as if it were a lion. Then 'quoth the [said] king Uther, [who]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. Tintageol.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. of þiffen tiðende he wes wær. Beo'd stille beo'd stille ? cnihtes inne halle. here ich æm ful iwif: eore læuerd Gorloif. and Jurdan mi burward: and Brutael mi stiward. Ich & bas tweie cnihtes: leopen ut of pan fihte. and hider in we beoð idragen: neore we noht ber iflagen. Ah nu ich wulle fuse : & fumnien mine ferde. and ich & mine cnihtef: fcullen al bi nihte. faren in ænne tun: and imeten Vöer Pendragun.

Cnihtes in halle: beop swipe stille. her ich ham foliwis: 30ure louerd Gorlovs. and Jordan my bourward: and Britahel mi stiward. Ich and bef tweie cnihtef: leopen vt of pan fihte. and hider in we beop idrage? nere we noht bare islage. Ac nou ich and mine cnihtes: follen alle bi nihte. varen into on toun: and imete Vther Pendragon. and buten he of fæhnesse¹ speken; bote he of sahnesse¹ speke;

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

þat of þe týdinge was war.

ich wulle me wu'dliche awrake. ich wole me worbliche a-wreke. & 3e beine castel: [[c.2.] And 3e bifne castel: bi-clused swide uaste. 21 bi-tuneh swihe faste. and hate's me Ygerne: and biddeb Igerne: pat heo noht ne murne. pat 3eo noht ne morne. Nu ich fare forð riht: Nou ich wende forbriht:

of 'this [the] tiding 'he' was ware: "Be 'still, be [most] still, knights in hall! Here I am full truly, your lord Gorlois; and Jordan, my chamberlain, and Britael, my steward. I and these two knights leapt out of (withdrew from) the fight, and in hither we are arrived,—we were not there slain. But now I 'will march, and assemble my host; and I' and my knights shall all by night proceed into a town, and meet Uther Pendragon, 'and' unless he speak of reconciliation, I will worthily avenge me! And inclose ye this castle most fast, and bid Ygærne that she mourn not. Now go I

<sup>1</sup> sæhtnesse ? sahtnesse ?

<sup>2</sup> wurbliche?

habbeod alle gode niht. Bi-foren ferde M'lin: & þe þein Vlfin. & feodden Uder Pendragun: ut of Titageolestun. æuere heo uerden alle niht: pat hit wes dæi-liht. pa com he to pan ærde: þer læi his ferde. Merlin hafde a bene king: 10 hif wlite ifet burh alle bing. þa icneowen cnihtes: heore kinelauerd. ber wes moni oht Brut: mid bliffen afeolled. þa weoren inne Bruttene: blissen inoze. hornes per bleowen: gleomen gen gleowen. glad æuer ælch cniht: al mid pælle bi-þæht. preo dæies wes pe king: wuniende bere.

& pan feoroe dæie:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

MS. Cott, Otho, C. xIII. habbel alle gode niht. Bi-vore wende Merlyn: and be cnih! Vlfin. and suppe Vther Pendragon: [c.1] vt of Tyntagelef toun. euere hii wende al niht: pat hit was dai-liht. po com he to pan stude: war lay his ferde. Merlyn hadde al his craft: ondo of ban kinge. po icnewe his cnihtef: hire kinelouerd. þar was many bold Brut: ifulled mid bliffe.

20 glad was ich cniht: al mid palle bi-pehte. preo dagef waf pe king: woniende pare. in pan feorpe daie:

forth-right; have ye all good night!" Merlin went before, and the 'thane [knight] Ulfin, and afterwards Uther Pendragon, out of Tintageols town; ever they proceeded all night, until it was day-light. When he came to the spot where his army lay, Merlin had 'on the king set his own features through all things [undone all his craft from the king]; then [his] knights knew their sovereign; there was many a bold Briton filled with bliss; 'then was in Britain bliss enow; horns there blew, gleemen gan chant' glad [was] 'every [each] knight, all arrayed with pall! Three days was the king dwelling there; 'and [on] the fourth day he went to Tintaieol. He

<sup>1</sup> cniht? 2 Originally written gleowen, but the letters leow erased; read gon.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. to Tintaieol he wende. to Tyntagel he wede. He fende to pan castle: He fende to pan castle: hif feleft beines. his wifeste cnihtes. & grætte Ygærne: and grette Igerne: wifuene abeleft. wifuene hendest. & fende hire taken: and fende hire tockne: whæt heo i bedde speken. wat hii in bedde fpeke. hehte heo bat heo azeuen: hehte pat 3eo a3eoue: pene castel biliue. pane castel bliue. per nes nan ofer ræd : par naf non oper read: 10 for hire lauerd wes dæd. for hire louerd wes dead. 3et wende Ygærne: 3et wende Igerne: pat hit soo weoren. pat hit sop were. pat be dæde eorl: pat be deade eorl: isoht hasede his duzede. [61100.c.1.] isoht hadde his cnihtes. and al heo ilæfde: and al wende: bat hit læf weore. bat hit les were. pat be king Vther: pat be king Vőer: æuere weorē icumen her. euere weren icome ber. Cnihtes eoden to reade: Cnihtes eoden to ræde: 90 cnihtef eoden to rune. cnihtef eoden to roune. radden þat heo nalden : radden þat hii nolde: pene castel lengere halden. pane castel lengere holde. heore brugge heo duden adun: hire brugge hii dude adun ? & bitahte hine Voer Pendragu. and leten him 1 Vther Pendragon. [6.89.c.1.]

sent to the castle his 'best thanes [wisest knights], and greeted Ygærne, 'noblest [fairest] of women, and sent her token what they spake in bed; and ordered 'her' that she should yield the castle quickly,—there was no other counsel, for her lord was dead. Yet Ygærne weened that it were sooth, that the dead earl had sought his 'people [knights], and 'she' all 'believed [weened], that it were false, that the king Uther had ever come there. Knights went to counsel, knights went to communing; they resolved that they would not hold the castle any longer; their bridge they let down,

<sup>1</sup> ine?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pa stod al pis kinelond: æst an Vtheres hond. per Voer pe kīg: nom Ýgærne to quene.

Ygærne wes mid childe:

bi Vőer kige.

al purh M<sup>9</sup>lines wizel: ær heo biwedded weore.

Pe time co pe wes icoren:

Sone swa he com an eoroe: aluen hine iuengen.

heo bigolen þat child: mid galdere fwiðe ftronge.

heo zeuē him mihte:'
to beon bezst alre cnihten.

heo zeuen him an oder bing!

pat he scolde beon riche king. heo siuen hi pat pridde?

pat he scolde longe libben. sheo 3ifen him pat kine-bern :

custen swide gode.

pat he wes mete-custi:

po stod al pis kinelond:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

in Vtheref owe hond.

par Igerne iwarp:

Vther his cwene.

and 3eo was gret mid childe:

bi Vther pan knge<sup>1</sup>.
al porh Merlynes craft:

here 3eo bi-wedded were. Pe týme com þat was icore:

po was Arpur ibore.

Sone so he to worle com? aluene him ondersenge.

and seuen him mihte: to been best alre cnihte. hii seuen him an oper ping:

pat he folde beo riche king. hii seuen him pat pridde:

pat he folde lange libbe. hii zeuen pane beorn:

geftes swipe gode.

and 'delivered it to [let in] Uther Pendragon. Then stood all this kingdom 'eft' in Uthers [own] hand. There 'Uther the king took Ygærne for queen; Ygærne was [Ygærne became Uther his queen, and she was great] with child by Uther [the] king, all through Merlins craft, before she was wedded. The time came that was chosen, then was Arthur born. So soon as he came 'on earth [in the world], elves 'took [received] him; 'they enchanted the child with magic most strong,' 'they [and] gave him might to be the best of all knights; they gave him another thing, that he should be a rich king; they gave him the third, that he should live long; they gave to 'him the prince [the child] virtues [gifts] most good,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. kinge.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. of alle quikemonnen. bis be alue him 3ef? and al fwa þat child ibæh. Æfter Ardur wes iboren: beo ædie burde. heo wes ihaten Æne: † ædien maiden. & feodden heo nom Lod: [c.2.] be Leones ahte. heo wæs inne Loeneif: 10 leodene læfdi. Longe luuede Veer: mid muchelere bliffe her. mid gode gride mid gode fride: freo on kinedome. pa be he wes ald mo: ba com him ufel on. pat vfel hine læide adun : seoc wes Vöer Pendragun. fwa he wes here:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

of alle cwike manne.

pis pe alfe him 3eaf?

and al fo pat child i-peh.

After Arpur was ibore?

pat edie maide.

3eo waf i-hote Anna.

pat Leoneif hahte.

3eo was in Leoneis:

folkene leafdi.

Ang lifuede Vther:

Ang lifuede Vther: mid mochele bliffe her.

po pat he was hold man? po com him vuel an. pat vuel hine laide adun? feac was Vther Pendragon. so he was here? feac feoue 3ere.

par vore weren Bruttus? [c.2.] moche onbalded?

so that he was most generous of all men alive. This the elves gave him, and thus the child thrived. After Arthur, the blessed 'lady [maid] was born, she was named Anna, 'the blessed maiden; and afterwards she took (married) Loth,' who possessed Leoneis (Lothian); she was in Leoneis lady of the people. Long lived Uther with mickle bliss here, 'with good peace, with much quiet, free in his kingdom.' When that he was an old man, then came illness on him; the illness laid him down, sick was Uther Pendragon; so he was here sick seven years. 'Then became [Therefore were] the Britons much emboldened; they did oft wickedly, all for abs-

seoc feoue 3ere.

swide ibalded.

pa iwurden Bruttes:

<sup>1</sup> A line is here apparently wanting.

<sup>2</sup> ibalded?

heo duden ofte unwræfte: al for æie-leste. De zet læi ibunden: in be quarterne of Lunden. Octa Hengestes sune: þa at Eouerwic wes inume. and hif iuere Ebiffa: & hif oder Offa. heom biu9ten twælf cnihtes: dæief and nihtes. 10 þa weoren weri of-læien: inne Lundenne. Octa iherde fuggen: of feocnesse bas kinges. & fpac wið þa wardes-men: þe hine witen fcolden. Hærcneð me nu cnihtes : pat ich eou wulle cuden. We ligge's here i Lundene : uaste ibunden. and 3e monienne longne dæi : ouer uf ilæien habbeoð. bettere uf weoren to libben:

inne Sexlonde.

mid muchele richedome :

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.
hii dude ofte onwreste:
al for heye-leste.
3et lai ibunde:
in þe tour of Londene.
Octa Hengestes sone:
þat at Euerwich was inome.
and his ivere Ebissa:
and þe oþer Offa.
3am bi-wuste twalf enihtes:
daies and nihtes.
þat weri were for-leie:
ine Londene.

Octa to his cnihtes: fpac hus forhrihtes.

Betere 30u were libbe: ine Saxlonde.
mid moche bliffe:

ence of dread. 'The' yet lay Octa, Hengests son, bound in the 'prison [tower] of London, who was taken at York, and his comrade Ebissa, and 'his [the] other Ossa. Twelve knights guarded them day and night, who were wearily oppressed with watching, in London. Octa 'heard say of the sickness of the king, and' spake 'with the guardsmen, who should keep him [thus forth-right to these knights]: "'Hearken to me now, knights, what I will make known to you. We lie here in London fast bound, and ye many a long day have watched over us.' Better were it for 'us [you] to live in Saxland, with much [bliss and] wealth [certainly], than thus

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and richedom iwisfe. pene puf reouliche here : pane pus rouliche here: liggen afwounde. & 3if 3e wolden iwurden : [6.111.c.1.] and 3ef2 piffe wolde : alping i-wourbe. & don mine iwille. ich eou wolden ziuen lond : ich 30u wolde 3eue lond? muchel feoluer & gold. bobe feoluer and gold. pat a 3e mihten riche? pat 3eo mihte richeliche: rixlië in pan londe. rixli on lond. and coure lif libben: 10 swa eou bið alre leofuest. [bing: For no biden 3e nauere 3iuen gode? For ne folle 3eo neuere habbe foch of Vther 30ure king. of Vőer kinge. for nu ful rave he biv dæd: for his3 almest dead : and hif duzeven al bilæuev. panne nabbe seo nanne read. þenne nabben 3e nouðer: ne panne nabbe 3e noper : þat an no þat oðer. bat on ne bat ober. Ah bidenche eou ohte mē? & doo uf eoure mildze on. & penched whæt eou weoren leof: Ac bi-penchep wat 30u were leof: 3if 3e þuf ibūden leien. 21 3ef 3e ibunde were. & mihten in eouwer londe? and mihte in oper londe:

miserably here [lie asleep]. And if ye would [in all things] accomplish [this], 'and do my will,' I would give you land, 'much [both] silver and gold, so that 'ever' ye might richly rule in 'the' land, 'and live your life as to you shall be liefest of all.' For ye shall never have 'good gifts [such things] of Uther, [your] king, for 'now full soon he will be dead, and his people all desert; [he is almost dead; then will ye have no counsel, nor] then will ye have neither, the one nor the other. But bethink 'you, brave men, and give to us your compassion, and think' what were lief to you, if ye 'thus lay [were] bound, and might in 'your [other]

<sup>1</sup> Two lines seem to be missing here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 3ef3c ?

he his?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

libben inne winne. Swide ofte Octa: wid bæs cnihtes spac swa. Cnihtes gunnen runen: cnihtes gunnen ræden. to Octa heo seiden ful stille: We scullen don bine iwille. ades heo fworen: fwiken þat heo nalden. Hit wæs in ane nihte: p be wind wende rihte. forð iwenden cnihtes: to pere mid-nihte. and ledden uord Octa: & Ebiffa & Offa. after pere Temese : tuhten forð into þere sæ. ford heo iwenden:

into Sæxlonden. Heore cun heom co ageines: 20 Hire cun heom com to-geines! mid mucle flockes.

fwa heō wes alre leofueft.

me heom bi-tahte lond:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

libbe mid winne. Swipe ofte Octa: wip his cnihtes spac so. Cnihtes gonne roune: cnihtef gonne reade. and to Octa faide wel stille: [[889.21.] We follen don bine wille. obes hii fworen : fwike pat hii nolden.

Forb wende cnihtes: to pare see forp rihtes.

and ouer wende: in to Saxlonde.

mid mochelere flockes. heo liden zeond han leoden! [c.2.]hii wende oueral han londe! ware heom were leuest. me 3af ham 3eftes and lond:

land live in [with] joy." Very oft Octa spake so with these knights. The knights gan to commune, the knights gan to counsel; [and] to Octa they said 'full [well] still: "We shall do thy will." Oaths they swore, that they would not deceive. 'It was on a night that the wind went right'; forth went the knights 'at the midnight [to the sea forth-right], 'and led forth Octa, and Ebissa, and Ossa; along the Thames they proceeded forth into the sea'; 'forth they [and over] passed into Saxland. Their kindred came towards them with great flocks (forces); they marched over [all] the land, 'as [where] to them was liefest [of all]; men gave them [gifts and] land; 'men gave them silver and gold.' Octa bethought him what he

me 3æf heom feoluer & gold. Octa hine bidohte? whæt he don mahte. he þohten hider wenden: & wræken his fader wunden. Ferden heo bizæten: of folke vnimete. to pere sa heo wenden: mid muchele prætte.

to Scotlonde heo comen. sone heo fusden alond: and mid fure hit igrætten.

Sæxes weoren ræie: Scottes heo flozen.

mid fure heo adun læiden : scotti4 hundred tunef.

Scottes heo flozē: moni and unifozen.

Comē þa tidende :

to Voer kinge. Vőer wes fwide wa:

& wunderliche ihærmed.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

Octa hine bi-bohte?

wat he don mihte. he pohte hider wende: and wreke his fader wonde.

Ferde he bi-3et? of folke onimet.

to pare séé hii wende : mid moche pretinge.

10 forb hii wende fone? pat hii to Scotlond come.

sone hii þrafte lond3:

and mid fure hit grette.

and pritti tounes:

hii leide to pan grunde. Scottef hii floze: manie ād inowe.

♥Omen ∤e tidinge: to Vther pan kinge.

might do; he thought to come hither, and avenge his fathers wounds. 'They [He] procured a host of innumerable folk; to the sea they proceeded with great 'threats; [threatening; forth they went soon, so that] they came to Scotland; soon they pushed on land, and greeted it with fire; 'the Saxons were cruel, the Scots they slew; with fire 'they down laid [and they laid to the ground] thirty 'hundred' towns; the Scots they slew, many and 'innumerable [enow]. The tidings came to Uther [the] king. 'Uther [he] 'was exceeding woe, and wonderfully grieved, and 'sent 'in 'to

20

<sup>1</sup> A line is deficient in both these places.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> bioohte?

<sup>3</sup> an lond?

<sup>4 }</sup>ritti ?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and fenden into Loæines: to leofen hif freonde. and grette Lot hif a um: & hehte hine beon an fund. al his kinewurde lond. cnihtes and freomen: and freoliche heom halden. & leden heō to ferde: fwa lazen beoð an ærde. & he hæhte hif cnihtef leoue :

beon hærfume Loge. mid leofliche læten: swulc he weoren leodene king. For Lot wes fwide god cniht: &hafdeihaldenmonifiht.[£1115.c.1.]

and he wes mete-cufti: æuer alche mone. he bitahten him þa warde:

Octa heold muche vnfrið: & Lot faht him ofte wið.

& ofte he ahte bizæt:

of alle biffen ærde.

& ofte he heom losede.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

he fende to Leoneys: to leofe hif freende. and grette Loth his obom! and bad hine beo hol and fund. & habte hine nimen an his hond: and hebte hine nime his kinelord: to his owene hond. cnihtes and freomen: and freoliche heom holde.

> and he hehte his cnihtes: beo horfom to Loth. mid alle scines bing: afe he were leod-king.

pe kig bi-tahte Loth be ferde! of alle bis erbe. Octa ne sohte no grib: and Loth [faht] him ofte wip. and ofte he bi-3et: and heft hit lofede.

Loeneis, to his dear friends; and greeted Loth, his son-in-law, and bade him be in health [whole and sound], and ordered him to take in his [own] hand all his 'royal land [kingdom]; knights and freemen, and freely hold them, 'and lead them in a host, as the laws are in the land.' And he ordered his 'dear' knights to be obedient to Loth, with 'loving looks [all kind of thing], as if he were sovereign. 'For Loth was very good knight, and had held many fight, and he was liberal to every man, 'he [The king] delivered to him [Loth] the 'government [host] of all this land. Octa held much war [sought no peace], and Loth often fought with him, and oft be gained 'possessions,' and 'oft he them [eft it] lost. The Britons had mickle

Bruttes hafden muchel mode: & vnimete prute. & weoren æielelese!! for baf kinges alde. and lætten fwide hokerliche:

of Lote pan eorle. and dude fwide vnwraste: &2 alle hif hafte.

and weoren alle twiræde: heore teone wes pa mare.

pif wes isæid sone: feockē þan kinge.

pat hif hæze men : Lot al for-hoseden.

Nu ich be wulle tellen! a þissen boc-spællen.

hu Voer be king! uurede hine feolven.

He fæide pat he wolde: wende to hif ferde.

and mid hif ezene iseon: wæ þer wolde wel don.

He lette makien pere:

gode horfe-bere.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Bruttes hadde mochel mod: and onimete prude.

and leten swipe moche hoker : of Loth pane eorle.

and weren of twireade: 10 hire care was be more. bif was fone ibroht: to þan feake kinge.

> bat his owene men: Loth al for-howede.

Nou ich þe wolle telle: of hiffe bok-spelle.

hou Vther be king? fondede him feolue.

He faide bat he wolde: wende to his ferde.

and mid his ezen isen : wo par wolde wel don. He lette makie bere:

gode horfe-bere.

mood, and immoderate pride, 'and were void of dread, for (on account of) the kings age'; and looked very 'contemptuously [much derision] on Loth the earl, 'and did very evilly all his commands,' and were 'all [of] two counsels,—their care was the more! This was soon 'said [brought] to the sick king, that his 'high [own] men Loth all despised. Now will I tell thee, in this history, how Uther the king disposed himself. He said that he would go to his host, and see with his eyes who would there do well. He caused there to be made a good horse-litter, and caused an army to be

2 Redundant ? 1 æielese ?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.
& letten beoden uerde:

3eond al his kine-ærde.

pat ælc mon bi hif liue:

comen to him fwiðe.

bi heore liue & bi heore leme:

to wræken þas kinges fcome.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and lette bede ferde: oueral his kine-erpe. pat ech man bi his liue: come to him blifue.

& 3if hær if æi gume! And 3ef har is eni gome! hæt nulle hizenliche cume. [[c.2.] hat nele an hizenge come. ich wulle hine hizenliche fordon! ich hine wole ahon! over slæn over an-hon.

Alle ful fone:

to hirede heo comen.

no durste pær bilæuen:

na pæ uatte no pe læne.

pe king forð rihtes:

nom alle his cuihtes.

& ferde him anan:

to ba tune of Merelam!

for þis kinges heye. Þe king forþ rihtes: nam alle his cnihtes.

to þa tune of Merelam<sup>1</sup>.

abuten Uerolames tun:

com him Vder<sup>2</sup> Pendragun. 20

and wende him a-non:
to pan toune of Verolam.
a-boute Verolamef toun: [690.cl.]

com Vther Pendragon.

Ne dorste par non bi-lefue:

Octa wes wið innen: mid alle hif imonnen.

Octa was wipine: mid alle his manne.

pa wes Verolam:

Verolam.

Octa.

po was Verolam:

assembled over all his kingdom; that each man by (on pain of) his life should come to him quickly, 'by their lives and by their limbs, to avenge the kings shame.'—"And if there is any man, who will not come 'hastily [in haste], I will 'speedily destroy him, either slay either hang [him hang, and quickly all destroy]." 'All full soon to the court (or to the army) they came'; durst there [none] remain, 'nor the fat nor the lean [for dread of this king]. The king forthright took all his knights, and marched him anon to the town of Verulam; about Verolams town came 'him' Uther Pendragon; Octa was within with all his men. Then was Verolam a most

<sup>1</sup> Verolam?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Vőer? here and below.

Verolamia.

[v. 19455—19478.]

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. a fwide kinewurde ho. a fwipe worplich hom. Seint Alban wes þes i íslægen : Saint Alban was par ifllage! & idon of lif-dæzen. and idon of lif-dage. þe burh wef feoððe for-uaren: be borh was subbe for-vare: & muchel folc per wes islægen. and moche folk par was iflage. Voer lai wid utē: Vther lay wip houte: & Octa wid innen. Octa wib ine. Vőeres ferde: Vther his ferde: fusde to wal2. fusde to pan walle. ræfden to feondliche: 10 beines riche. ne mihte heo of þā walle: ne mihten hii of þan walle: ænne stan falle. one ston falle. no mid nare ftreng e : bene wal amærre. Wælle bliðe wes þæ : Wel blibe was bo: Hangestes sune Octa. Hengestes sone Octa. þa he ifæh Bruttes: po he isah Bruttus: buzen from walle. bouwe fram be walles. & forhful wenden: azæin to heore teldē. Octa. pa sæide Octa: po faide Octa : to hif iueren Ebissa. to his ivere Ebyssa.

'royal [worthy] town; Saint Alban was there slain, and deprived of life-day; the burgh was subsequently destroyed, and much folk there was slain. Uther lay without, 'and' Octa within. 'Uthers [Uther his] army advanced to [the] wall; 'the powerful thanes fiercely assaulted it'; they might not of the wall one stone detach, 'nor with any strength the wall injure.' Well blithe was then Hengests son Octa, when he saw the Britons recede from [the] walls, 'and go sorrowful again (back) to their tents.' Then said Octa to his

Her his icome to Verolam :

Her if icumen to Æuerlam3:

<sup>1</sup> per? 2 An e is added above, so as to make wale, for walle?

Verolam?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Vder be lome mon. & wulle wid uf here: Vther be lame man. and wole wip houre here:

fihten in his bære.

fihte in his bere.

he wænde mid hif crucche: uf adun brucche.

Ah to mærze wæne hit dæi buð! Ac to morewe wane hit his dav! duzeve scal arisen. cnihtes solle a-rife.

& oppenien ure castel-3seten: [f.112. and hopeni beof castel-3eate: pas riche we swullen al bizeten. and pes riche we solle bi-zete.

ne scullen we nauære here liggen :'nolle we here ligge :'

for ane lomme monne. Ut we scullen riden :

11 for one lame manne.

uppen ure steden goden.

and to Udere fusen:

& hif folc fællen.

for alle heo beo'd fæie:

bat hider beo'd iridenen.

and nimen bene lome mon: and leggen in ure benden.

a pat he for-wurde.

& fa me scal lacnien:

hif leomes bat beof fare.

and hif ban rihten:

ac him we folle a-welde: and legge in houre bendes. and halden bene wræcche: 20 and holde bane wrech: forte he for-worbi. and fo me fal lechni :

his leomef bat beob fore.

comrade Ebissa: "Here is come to Verulam Uther, the lame man, and will with 'us here [own forces] fight in his litter; 'he weened with his crutch to thrust us down!' But to-morrow when it is day, the people [knights] shall arise, and open 'our [this] castle-gate, [and] this realm we shall 'all' win; 'shall we never [we will not] lie here for one lame man! 'Out we shall ride upon our good steeds, and advance to Uther, and fell his folk; for all they are fated (shall die) that hither are (have) ridden; 'and take the lame man [But him we shall get possession of], and lay in our bonds, and hold the wretch until 'that' he dies; and so men shall leach his limbs that are sore, 'and heal his bones with bitter steel!'" Thus spake 'him' Octa with

mid bitele1 stelen.

buf him ispac Octa?

wið hif iuere Ebiffa. ah al hit iwrað? oðer:

bene heo iwenden.

Amarze þa hit dazede:

duren heo un-tunden. up araf Octa:

Ebissa & Ossa.

and hehten heore cnihtes:

3arkien heom to fibte.

vndon her brade zætē: burgen un-tunen.

Octa him ut ræd:

& muche folc him aft<sup>9</sup> glæd.

mid balden hif beornen?

þer he bælu funden.

Voer him bis isæh:

pat Octa heom to beeh.

& pohten hif ferde:

feolen to grude.

þa cleopede Uðer:

mid quickere stefene per.

Wær beo 3e Bruttes:

10

MS. Cett. Otho, C. x111.

bus fpac Octa:

wip his ivere Ebyffa.

ac al hit iwende: oper pane hii wende.

A morwe to hit dasede: [c.2.]

doref hii on-tunde.

vp a-rof Oeta :

Ebyssa and Osa.

and hebte hire cnihtef: greibi heom to fibte.

Octa him vt rod? and moche folk him after glod.

Vther bis ifch ?

pat Octa him to beoh.

20 and bohte his ferde ?

fallen to pan grunde.

po cleopede Vther:

mid cwickere stemne ber.

Ware beo 3e Bruttes:

his comrade Ebissa; but all it happened otherwise than they weened. On the morrow when it dawned, they unfastened the doors; up arose Octa, Ebissa and Ossa, and ordered their knights to prepare them for fight, to undo their broad gates, and unfasten the burgh.' Octa rode him out, and much folk followed after him; 'with his bold warriors there he bale found!' Uther saw 'him' this, that Octa approached to 'them [him], and thought to fell his host to [the] ground. Then called Uther with quick voice there: "Where be ye, Britons, [Where be ye,] my 'bold thanes [champions]?

1 bitere?

2 iwart?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. balde mine peines. nu is icumen þe ilke dæi: pe drihtē uf helpen mai. [c. 2.] pat Octa scal isinden ₹ pat he prættede me to binden. Ibenched1 on coure aldren: hu gode heo weoren to fehten. ibenched1 bene wurdscipe: † ich eou habbe wel biwiten. bruken eoure hames. þæs ilke awedde hundes ∶ walden eouwere lodes. And ich wullen bidden drihten: And ich wolle bidde drihte: p scop pæs dæies lihten. & alle þaie halzen: þa an hæfeuene<sup>8</sup> hæhæ fitteð. pat [ich] on piffen felde: mote been ifroured. Nu fused heom to swide: fulfte eou drihten.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. ware beo 3eo mine kempes. nou his icome þe ilke dai: pat drihte vs holde may. pat Octa mihte ifinde: bat he pretede me to binde. Bi-penchep of 3oure eldre: ou gode hii were to fihte. bi-penchep in pan worsipe: pat ich 30u habbe wel iwited. ne læten 3e næuere þas hædene: ne lete 3e neuere þis heaþene: 11 brouke 30ure homes. þef ilke a-wende<sup>2</sup> hundes: habbe 30ure londes. and alle his halwe. pat ich in pisse wolde:

> mote been ifreuered. 20 Nou fouseh heom to swipe? fulste vs drihte.

Now is come that day, that the Lord may 'help [sustain] us;—that Octa shall (may) find, in that he threatened me to bind. Think of your ancestors, how good they were in fight; think of the worship that I have to you well given; nor let ye ever this heathen enjoy your homes, or these same raging hounds 'possess [have] your lands. And I will pray to the Lord 'who formed the day-light,' and to all 'the [his] hallows, 'that sit high in heaven,' that I on this 'field [weald] may be succoured. Now march quickly to them,—may the Lord aid 'you [us], 'may the all-ruling God protect my thanes!'" Knights gan to ride, spears gan to glide,

pe al waldinde god ? bi-witen mine beines.

<sup>1</sup> Ibenchet?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> awedde?

inne murie heore fongen.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. Cnihtes gunnen riden: Cnihtes gonne ride: gæres gunnen gliden. fperef gonne glide. breken bræde sperē! and breken brode speres: brusleden fceldes. braftelede feldef. helmef per scenden: healmes par 30lle: fcalkes feollen. cnihtes par folle. pe Bruttes weoren balde: pe Bruttus weren bolde : & bifie to fihten. and busie to fihte. & þa hæðene hundes: and be heapene hundes : [690 .c.1.] hælden to grunde. 10 fulle to grunde. per wes iflagen Octa: par was islawe Octa: Ebissa & Ossa. Ebiffa and Offa. per seouentene pusend: pare fouentene pufend: fizen into helle. fezen into helle. feole þer at-wenden: and fale pare at-wende: touward þan norð enden. to pan norp ende. Al pene dæi-lihte: And al þan day-liht: Vőeres cnihtes. Vter his cnihtes. flozen and nomen: flozen and nemen: al pat heo neh comen. þat hii neh comen. þa hit wes eauen: þo eode a-dun þe sonne∶ þa wes hit al biwunnen. pan was hit al a-wonne. þa funggen hired-men : po faide hired-men : mid hæzere strengoe. [£112b.c.1.] & þæs word fæidē:

[and] broad spears brake, shivered shields,—helms there 'were severed [resounded], men [there] fell! The Britons were bold, and busy in fight, and the heathen hounds fell to the ground. There was slain Octa, Ebissa, and Ossa; there seventeen thousand sunk into hell; [and] many there escaped 'toward [to] the North end. [And] all the day-light 'Uthers [Uther his] knights slew and captured 'all' that they came nigh; when 'it was even [the sun went down], then was it all won. Then 'sung [said] the soldiers with 'great strength, and said these words in' their merry songs: "Here

mid murie hire fonges.

10

Her is Vder Pendragua icume to Verolamef tuni & he hæfueð idubbed fwa: Octa & Ebissa & Ossa. & itah heom a londe: lazen swide stronge. pat men ma₃en tellen : heore cun to fpelle. and per of wurchen fonges: inne Sæxlonde. þa wes Vöer bliðe: & igladed swude. and spac wio his duzeve: be deore him wes an heorte. & pas word fæide: Vőer þe alde. Sexifce men me habbeode: for hene ihalden. mine unhæle me atwiten:

mid heore hoker worden.

& fæiden † ich wesa ded ?

for ich wes here:

ilad inne horfe-bere.

& mi duzeče aswunden.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xir.

Her his Vther Pendragon:
icome to Verolames toun.
and he haueh idobbed fo:
Octa Ebiffa and Offa.
and itaht heom in hat lond:
lawes swipe strong.
hat men mawe telle:
hire cun spelles.

po was Vther blipe: and glad swipe.

and pef wodrd' faide ? Vther pe holde.

Saxiffe men min heolde atwite?

mid hire hokere wordes.

for ich was here:

ilad in horse-bere.

and sayde pat ich was dead?

and min folk aswöde!

is Uther Pendragon come to Verulams town; and he hath so beaten Octa, 'and' Ebissa, and Ossa, and given them in [the] land laws most strong, so that men may tell their kin 'in story [stories], 'and thereof make songs in Saxland!'" Then was Uther blithe, and exceeding glad, and 'spake with his people, that was dear to him in heart,' and these words said Uther the old: "Saxish men 'have accounted me for base'; my 'sickness [age] they twitted 'me' with their scornful words, because I was led here in a horse-litter; and said that I was dead, and my folk asleep. And now

<sup>1</sup> R. word.

<sup>2</sup> habbeot?

<sup>3</sup> This word is interlined, sec. man.

[c. 2.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

And nu if muchel fellic! ifizen to biffere riche. bat nu haued beos dede king! baf quiken aqualden. & fume he heo flæmde! uord mid ban wedere.

Nu iwurden her after:

drihttenes wille. Flugen Sæxifce men:

feodliche fwide. pe weoren bihalues :

ihalden from pā fihte. forð heo gunnen scriðen: into Scotlonde.

and nomen heom to kinge:

Colgrim bene hende. [c.2.]

He wes Hængestes mæie: '& monnen him leofuest.

and Octa hine lufuede?!

pæ while pe he leouede.

Weoren þa. Saxisce mē: swiðe iswuten.

& iscriden heo to-somne:

into Scotlonde.

MS. Cott. Othe, C. xiii.

And nou his moche wonder: ifeze to piffe londe. pat his deade king:

be cwike haueb alle acwelled.

Nou iworpe here after: drihtene wille.

Lowen Saxisse men :'
feödeliche swipe:'

pat weren bi-halues.
iholden fram pan fihte:

for hii gonne gon? riht into Scotlond.

and nemen him 1 to kinge:

Colgrim pan hende. He was Hengestes may:

and Octa hine louede.

is much wonder come to this 'realm [land], that 'now' this dead king hath killed 'these [all the] quick; 'and some he hath them driven forth with the weather!' Now hereafter be done the Lords will!" The Saxish men fled exceeding fast, that were (had) aside retreated from the fight; forth they gan 'proceed [go right] into Scotland; and took to them for king Colgrim the fair. He was Hengests relation, 'and dearest of men to him'; and Octa loved him, 'the while that he lived. The Saxish men were greatly discouraged, and proceeded them together into Scotland; and

1 ham?

² lufiede pr. m.

& Colgrim bene hende? heo makeden to kinge. & fumneden færde: wide zeond þan ærde. and fæiden þat heo wolden: mid heore wider-craften. inne Winchastre tun: quellen Uber Pedragun. Wa la wa: þat hit fculde iwurðen fwa. Nu fæiden Saxifce men: in heore fom runen. Nime we fix cnihtes: wife men and wihte2. and<sup>8</sup> hæweres witere: & fenden we to hiredede4. læten heom uorð liðen:

an almef monnes wife.

& wunien an hirede ? mid heze pan kinge. and æuer ælche dæie ?

purh-gon al pa duze de.

and gan to bas kinges dale:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

He¹ gaderede ferde :'
wide 3eond þan erþe.
and faide þat hii wolde :'
mid hire wiþere-craftef.
ine Winchestre his toun :'
cwelle Vther Pendragon.
Wo la wo:'
þat hit folde iworþe fo.
Nou faide Saxisse men :'
in hire deorne wordes.
þat hii wol fix cnihtef:'
sende forþrihtes.

to þis kinges ferde :'
in pore men guýse.

pat folde 3am porh gon: and tydinge hercny on. and go to be kingef dole:

they made Colgrim the fair for king, 'and assembled [They gathered] a host, wide over the land, and said that they would with their wicked craft in Winchester [his] town kill Uther Pendragon. Alas, that it should so happen! Now said the Saxish men in their 'communing together: "Take we [secret words, that they would send] six knights, 'wise men and active, and skilful spies,' and send we to the court [forth-right to this kings host], in 'almsmans [poor mens] guise, 'and dwell in the court, with the high king,' 'and every day pass through all the people [that should themselves through pass, and hearken to the tidings]; and go to the kings dole, as if

<sup>1</sup> Hii?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Struck out by the second hand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> widtes pr. man.

<sup>4</sup> hirede?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. swulc heo weoren vn-hale. & imong þan wracchē: harcnien zeorne. 3if mon mihte mid crafte: a dæi oðer a nihte. inne Winchæstres tun: cumen to Vder Pendragun. & mid moro-spelle: bene king aquellen. penne weorē heore iwil: [£113.c.1:] allunge iwurden 1. pēne weoren heo care-læfe: of Costantines cunne. Nu wenden forð þa cnihtes: al bi dæief lihten. on ælmes mones cladef: cnihtes forcubest. to paf kingef hirede: þer heo hærm wrohten. Heo eoden to bære dale: swulc heo weoren un-hale. & hærcneden 3eornen : of þas kingef hærme. hu me þæne kig mihte :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

afe hii weren on-hole.

and a-mang pan wrecchen:
hercny wel zeorne.

zef man mihte mid crafte:
bi daize oper bi nihte.
in Wynchestres toun:
come to Vther Pendrago.
and mid morpre-spelle:
pane king a-cwelle.

panne weren hii careles: of Conftantinef cunne.

¶ Nou wende forp be cnihtes:

and al dude in dede : alse hii raper demde.

they were infirm, and among the poor people 'hearken [well] studiously if man might with craft, by day or by night, in Winchesters town come to Uther Pendragon, and kill the king with murder;—'then were (would be) their will wholly accomplished,' then were they careless of Constantines kin. Now went forth the knights 'all by daylight, in almsmans clothes,—knights most wicked,—to the kings court,'—'there they harm wrought. They went to the dole, as if they were infirm, and hearkened studiously of the kings sickness, how men might put the king to death, [and all did in

iwurden?

<sup>2</sup> A line is here missing.

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to dæðe idihte.

pa imetten heo enne cniht: from pan kinge he com riht. he wes Vőeres mæi: & monnen him leofuest.

þas fwiken þer heo fætē: on longë pere streten. cleopeden to pan cnihte:

mid cudliche<sup>2</sup> worden.

a biffere weorlde-riche.

while we weoren on londe? for gode men iholden.

a þat Sæxifce men :

fetten uf a-dune.

& al bi-ræiueden uf:

& ure æhtē binomen uf.

Nu we beden figed: for Voer kinge.

ælche dæie on a mæl:

ure mete trukeð3.

neoper flæf na no fisc.

no nanes cunnes dræc:

20

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Hii i-mette wip on cniht?

frā þan kinge he com forþ riht. [191.cl. he was Vther his may:

and manne him leouist.

þef fwikes þar ifete¹ : in langes pane strete.

cleopede to pan cnihte: mid coupliche wordes.

Lauerd we beo's wracche men: Louerd we beo'p wrecche men:

10 a þisse worle-riche.

wile we were on londe? for gode men iholde.

forte Saxisse men: fette vs a-doune.

Nou we bedes fingeb: for Vter pan kinge. eche day on halmef: me houre mete bringeb. ne cumed nauere inne ure disc! ne comed neuere in oure disce!

> noper flef noper fifce. ne none cunnes drigke:

deed, as they previously had determined]. 'Then' met they [with] a knight, from the king he came [forth-]right; he was 'Uthers [Uther his] relation, and dearest of men to him. These deceivers, where they sate along the street, called to the knight with familiar words: "Lord, we are wretched men in this worlds realm; whilom we were in land accounted for good (wealthy) men, until Saxish men set us adown, 'and bereaved us of all, and our possessions took from us.' Now we sing beads (prayers) for Uther [the] king; each day in a meal our meat faileth [in alms men bring our meat]; cometh never in our dish neither flesh 'nor any [neither] fish, nor any kind

<sup>1</sup> hii fete?

² cu>liche?

<sup>3</sup> At first written bruked, but altered by the same hand.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. buten water scenc. bote water fenche. buten water clæne: for hi we beod hus læne. [c. 2.] pif iherde pe cniht: pis ihorde pe cniht: azen he eode forð riht. azen he wende forbriht. & com to ba kinge: and com to ban kinge: per he lai on bure. par he lay a fweuekinge1. & feide to pan kinge : Lauerd beo bu on funde. her ute sitted fix men: 10 Here vte fetteb fix men : iliche on heouwen. iliche of ewe. alle heo beoð iferen: alle hii beob ivere: iscrudde mid heren. iscrud mid herde here. While heo weoren: Wile hii weren riche : a pissere worlde-richē. god-fulle beines: mid goden afeolled. and mihti of gode. nu habbeo's Sæxifce men : nou habbeb Saxisse men : isæt hö to grunden. ifet heom to grunde. pat heo beo's on weorlde: pat hii beop in worle:

of drink but a draught of water, 'but water clean,—therefore we are thus lean.'" The knight heard this; back he went forth-right, and came to the king, where he lay 'in chamber [in slumber], 'and said to the king: "Lord, be thou in health!' Here out sit six men, alike in hue (appearance); all they are companions, and clothed with [hard] hair-cloth. Whilom they were 'in this worlds realm goodly thanes, and 'filled with [rich, and mighty of] goods; now have Saxish men set them to ground, so that they are in the world accounted for wretches; they have not at board

for wrecchef iholde.

ne habbeb hii at borde :

for wracchen ihaldē.2

no raccheoò heo to borde:

a fweneninge?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This and the preceding line and half are on an erasure in the MS., but by the original hand.

buden 1 bræd ane. no to heore drencches: bute water fcenches. pus heo leoded heore lif: inne pire leode. & heore beoden bidded: p godd þe lete longe libben. þa quað Vder þe king: Let heom cumen hider in in2. ich heom wulle fcruden : & ich heom wulle ueden. for minef drihtenef lufe: pa wille pa ich liuie. Comen into bure : beornes þa swikele. be king heo lette fede: bæ king heom lette fcruden. & nihtes hom læiden: ælc on hif bedde4. & ælc on hif halue ? 20 heo3ede 3eorne.

hu heo mihte bene king:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. bote bred one. ne to hire dringke: bote water cleane. puf hii leadep hire lif! amang bine leode. and hire bedef biddep : [c.2.] pat pou mote libbe. po faide Vther be king: Let beom come hider in. 10 ich 3am wole scrude : and ich<sup>3</sup> wole feode. for love of mine drihte: wile pat ich libbe. Comen in to boure: men swibe swikele. be king heom lette fede: be king 3am lette fcrude. and a nihtes 3am leyde: ech on his bedde. and ech on his fide : aspide wel zeorne.

hou hii mihte pane king :

but bread alone, nor for their drink but water 'draughts [clean]. Thus they lead their life 'in [among] thy people, and bid their beads, that 'God will let thee long [thou mayest] live." Then 'quoth [said] Uther the king: "Let them come in hither; I will them clothe, and I will them feed, for the love of my Lord, 'the' while that I live." 'The' [most] treacherous men came into the chamber; the king caused them to be fed, the king caused them to be clothed, and at night each laid them on his bed. And each on his 'part [side] aspied [well] earnestly how they might kill the king

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. buten.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Sic MS. A word in the margin has been erased, as also the first two letters of wulle in the next line but one.

<sup>\*</sup> ich.3am?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Interlined.

buten cald welles ftræm:

iherden þas fix cnihtes.

MS. Cott. Otho. C. xIII.

bote cold welles water:

i-horde pes cnihtes.

mid morde aquellen. [[£1139.c.1.] mid morpre acwelle. ah ne mihten heo burh nabing: ac ne mihten hii borh no bing: aquellen Vöer bene king. a-cwelle Vther pane king. ne burh nane crafte: cumen to him ne nahten.1 pa iwærde hit in ane time: po iwarp hit on an tyme: þe ræin him gon rine. þe reyn him gan ryne. pa cleopede per a læche: po faide a leche: per he læi on bure. pat par was in boure. 10 to one bourcniht: to ane bur-cnihte: and hahte hine foro rihtes. and hehte him forbriht. irne to pere welle! heorne to pare wille: pe wes on væst pere halle. pat was bi pare halle. and fetten pene8 ænne ohte swain and fette pare one ohte sweyn: to biwiten heo wid ræin. for to witye hine for be reyn. For he king ne mai on duze e ? For be king ne may on worle: bruken nanes drenches. dringke none fenche.

pat him if iquene<sup>4</sup>. pat him his icweme.

pat if to hif ufele? 20

aŏelest alre drencche.

pas speche uorŏ rihtes? ¶ peos speche forp rihtes?

with murder; but they might not through anything kill Uther the king, 'nor through any craft might come to him,.' Then happened it on a time, the rain it gan to pour; then 'called there [said] a leech, 'where he lay [who was there] in the chamber, to a chamber-knight, and ordered him forth-right to run to the well, that was 'near [by] the hall, and set there a good swain, [for] to keep it from [the] rain.—"For the king may not 'enjoy [drink] no draught in the world but the cold well 'stream [water], that is to him pleasant; 'that is for his sickness best of all draughts.'" This speech forth-right heard these 'six' knights,—to harm they were prompt,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> mahten? <sup>2</sup> iwærð? <sup>3</sup> þere? <sup>4</sup> iqueme?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. to harme heo weoren wipte1: and ut wenden bi-nihte. forð to þere welle: þer ho² hærm wrorhten3. Vt heo drozen fone: amppullen fcone. ifulled mid attere: weten alre bittereft. six amppullen fulle: heo zeoten i þan welle. þa wes þa welle anan : al mid attre bi-gon. þa weoren ful bliðe: bæ fwiken on heore liue. & forð heo iwenden: ne dursten heo ber bilæfen. pa comen per foro rihtes: tweien bur-cnihtes. heo beren on heore honde: [c. 2.] and bere on hire honde: twæie bollen of golde. Heo comen to pare welle:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. to harme hii weren lihte: and hout eode bi nihte. to pan ilke wille: pare hii harmef wrohte. Vt hii drowe fone: fix ampulles. mid hatter ifulled: [f.91b.c.1.]

10 and caste hit in pan wille.

po were wel blibe: be fwikes on hire lifue. and for anon wende : ne dorsten hii pare bi-lefue. po com par forp rihtef: twei bourcnihtes. 20 twei bolles of golde. Hii come to pare welle? and hire bolles fulde.

azein hi gonne wende :

to Vther pan kinge.

-and went out by night 'forth to the [to the same] well,-there they harm wrought. Out they drew soon 'fair [six] phials, filled with poison, 'of all liquids bitterest; six phials full'they poured [and cast it] in the well; 'then was the well anon all with poison infected.' Then were 'full [well] blithe the traitors in their life, and forth they [anon] went; they durst not there remain. Then came there forth-right two chamber-knights; they [and] hare in their hands two bowls of gold. They came to the well, and filled their bowls; back they gan wend to Uther the king, forth into the

and heore bollen feolde.

azæin heo gunnen wēde:

to Voer pan kinge.

<sup>1</sup> The letter y is interlined.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Interlined.

<sup>3</sup> worhten? wrohten?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. forð in to þan bure: per he læi on bedde. Hail seo bu Voer: nu we beo'd icumen her. and we habbeod be ibroht: þat þu ær bedde. clæld¹ welle water: bruc hit on wunne. Vp araf be feocke king: & fat on hif bedde. of pan watere he dronc: & fone he gon fweten. hif heorte gon to wakien: his neb bigon to blakien. hif wombe gon to fwellen: be king gon to fwelten. Næs þer nan oðer ræd : þer wef Vöer king dæd. alle heo iwurden dede : pat drunken of pan watere. 20 pat drongke of pan watere. pa pat hired ifah: pat forhzen of pan kinge. & of pas kinges monnē:

be mid attre weoren for-done.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

and faide to Vther: Nou we beob icome her. and we habbeb ibroht: þat þou her bede. cold welles water: brouket? mid winne. Vp a-ros be feake king: 10 and fat on his bedde. of pan watere he drong : and fone gan fwete. his heorte gan to wokie? his neb bi-gan to blokie.

> Nas þar non oþer read: bote par iwarp pe king dead. and alle hii dead were:

chamber, where he lay in bed.'--" Hail be thou, [and said to] Uther! Now we are come here, and we have brought 'thee,' what thou ere bade, cold well water; receive it with joy." Up arose the sick king, and sate on his bed; of the water he drank, and soon 'he' gan to sweat; his heart gan to weaken, his face began to blacken, 'his belly gan to swell, the king gan to burst. There was no other hap, [but] there was 'Uther [the] king dead; [and] all they were dead, who drank of the water. 'When the attendants saw the calamity of the king, and of the kings men, who with poison were

1 cæld?

2 brouk hit?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

po wende to pan wille: ba wenden to bere welle: cnihtes swipe snelle. cnihtes pe weoren snælle. & ba welle for-duden: and pane wel dutte: mid derfulle fwincche. mid eorde & mid stanen: mid stones and mid erpe. stepne hul makedē. po nemen hii alle: pa nomen pa duze de : bane king deade. bene king dede. vnimete uolc: & forð hine uereden. 10 and for bine ladde. stið imodede men: [f.114.c.1.] in to Stanhenge. into Stonhenge. and hine pare leyde: & hine per bureden: bi his leofue broper. bi leofen his broder. side bi fide: side bi fide: beiene heo þer liggeð. pare hii bope liggep. pa com hit al to-gadere? po comen to-gadere: pat hæhft wes on londe. be heheft of bis londe. eorles & beornes: & boc-ilarede men. heo comen to Lundene: to muchelere huftinge. Nomen heom to rade: and nomen alle to reade: beines riche. pat heo wolden ouer fæ: pat hii fende wolde.

destroyed,' then went to the well knights 'that were [exceeding] active, and 'destroyed [stopt up] the well 'with painful labor,' with earth and with stones 'made a steep hill.' Then 'the people [they all] took the dead king,—'numerous folk,'—and forth him carried 'the stiff-minded men' into Stonehenge, and there 'buried [laid] him, by his dear brother; side by side there they lie both. Then came 'it all' together, 'that was [the] highest 'in the [of this] land, 'earls and barons, and book-learned men; they came to London, to a mickle husting,' [and] 'the rich thanes' betook 'them' [all] to counsel, that they would send 'messengers over sea 'into 'Britanny

fenden fonde.

in to Bruttainne:

after bezst alre 3e03e8e. þa a þiffere weorlden-riche:

a þan dægen weore.

Ærður ihaten :

bezst alre cnihten.

and fuggen bat he cumen fone? and bidden hine fone?

to hif kinedome.

for dæd him wes Voer:

al swa Aurilien wes ær.

and Voer Pendragune:

nefde nenne overne fune.

þat mihte after his dagen:

halden Bruttes to laze. mid wurdscipe halden:

& pifne kinedom walden.

For 3æt weoren in þiffen londe?

Sæxes at-stonden.

Colgrim be kene :

and moni busend of his iuere.

ba ofte ure Bruttes:

makeden hufele burftes.

Bruttes ful foe:

preo bifcopes nomen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

into Britaynes lond:

after Arthur pan strong.

come to his kinedome.

10 for dead was Vther Pendragon:

nadde he non oper fone.

and pat mihte after his daize:

holde Bruttus to lawe.

mid worfipe holden:

and bifne kinedom welden.

NOr zet weren in bisse londe :

Saxif at-stonde.

Colgrim be kene: Colgrim.

and mani bousend of his ivere.

bat ofte oure Bruttus:

makede fcondes.

Bruttus wel fone:

preo bissopes neme.

[Britannys land], after 'the best of all youth that was in the worlds realm in those days, named' Arthur [the strong], 'the best of all knights; and 'say that he should [bid him] come soon to his kingdom; for dead was 'he' Uther [Pendragon], 'as Aurelie was ere', 'and Uther Pendragon [he] had no other son, [and] that might after his days hold by law (govern) the Britons, maintain with worship, and rule this kingdom. For yet were in this land the Saxons settled; Colgrim the keen, and many thousands of his companions, that oft made to our Britons 'evil' injuries. The Britons 'full [well] soon took three bishops, and seven riders, 'strong in [high of] wis-

and ridæres feouene:

ræize on wisdome.
forð heo gunnen buzen!
ī to Bruttaine.
& heo ful sone!
to Ærðure comen. [c. 2.]
Hail seo þu Arður!
aðelest cnihten.
Vðer þe græten!
þa he sculde iwihten.
& bæd þat þu sculdest!

a Brutte pe feoluen. halden lasen rihte: '& hælpen pine folke.

and wihten pifne kinedom: swa god king fculden don.

pine feond flæmen: & driuen heom of londen.

& he bad be to fultume: bene milde godef fune.

pat bu mostes wel don: & pat lond of godde a-fon.

For dæd if Voer Pendragun:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and ridares fouene:
heh of wifdome.
for hii gonne bouwe:
in to Brutayne.
and hii fol fone:
to Arthur come.
Hayl beo bou Arthur:

pe king pe gan grete.

po he wende folde :

vt of pisse lifue.

and bad pat pou foldest :

holde gode lawes.

and witie pine kinedom? fo god king folde don. pine freond fleome?

And beo be nou to foltome? pane milde godes fone. pat bou mote wel don? and of god vnderfon. for dead his Vter be king?

dom; forth they gan proceed into Britanny, and they full soon came to Arthur.—"Hail be thou, Arthur, 'noblest of knights! 'Uther thee greeted [The king gan thee greet], when he should 'depart (die) [go out of this life], and bade that thou shouldest 'thyself in Britain' hold 'right [good] laws, 'and help thy folk,' and defend 'this [thy] kingdom, as good king should do; defeat thy enemies, 'and drive them from land.' And 'he prayed [be] the mild Son of God 'to be' to thee [now] in aid, that thou mightest do well, and 'the land' receive from God. For dead is Uther

<sup>1</sup> feond?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A line is here wanting.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. & þu ært Ærður hif fune. & dæd if þe ofer: Aurilien hif broser. pus heo gunen tellen: & Arour fæt ful stille. ænne stunde he wes blac: and on heuwe fwide wak. ane while he wef reod: and reoufede on heorte. pa hit alles up brac: hit wef god bat he spac. þuf him fæide þer riht: Arour pe aoele cniht. Lauerd crift godes fune : beon uf nu a fultume. pat ich mote on life: goddes lazen halden. Fiftene zere wes Ardur¹ ald : þa þif tiðende him wes itald. for he wes swide idoze. 21

Ærður forð rihtes:

cleopede hif cnihtef.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and pou hart Arthur his [fone]. and dead his be ober : [692.c.1.] Aurelie his brober. pus hii gonne telle: and Arthur fat stille. one while he was blac: an oper wile he stille sat.

10 po hit alles vp brac : hit was god bat he fpac. and bus him faide forbriht: Arthur be gode cniht. Louerd crift godef fone: beo me nou to foltome. pat ich mote on lifue! gode lawes lofuie. Fiftene 3er was Arthur holde? þo þes týdinge him was itold. & alle heo weoren wel bitozen: and alle pe zeres weren wel bi-toze: for he was wel poze. Arthur forbrihtes: cleopede his cnihtes.

Pendragon [the king], and thou art Arthur, his son; and dead is the other, Aurelie his brother." Thus they gan tell, and Arthur sate 'full' still; one while he was wan, 'and in hue exceeding pale'; 'one while he was red, and was moved in heart [an other while he sate still]. When it all brake forth, it was good that he spake; [and] thus said he 'there [forth]right, Arthur the 'noble [good] knight: "Lord Christ, Gods Son, be to 'us [me] now in aid, that I may in life 'hold Gods [love good] laws!" Arthur was fifteen years old, when this tiding was told to him, and all 'they [the years] were well employed, for he was 'much [well] instructed. Arthur

<sup>1</sup> Argur?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

&hæhteæuerælcnemon: [6114.c.1.] and hehte euerech man:

bonnien hif weppnen. & heore hors fadelie: louie1 his wepne. and hire hors fadelie:

hizendliche fwide.

hizenliche swipe.

for he wolde buse: to biffere Brutene.

for he wolde wende:

to biffere londe.

To pere sæ wenden: fele beines.

To pare séé wende : felie cnihtes.

at Mihæles munte:

at Mihzelef munte:

mid muchelere uerede.

10 mid mochelere ferde.

þa fæ heo² fætten a þat strond: be fee 3am fette a ban stronde:

at Suð-hamtune heo comen alond.at Suþhamtone hii come a londe.

Forð hi gon ride:

For hii wende rihtef:

Arour be riche. riht to Selechæstre:

toward Cirecestres.

per him sel puhte.

ber wes<sup>8</sup> Bruttene weored:

þar was Bruttene ferde: boldeliche igadered.

baldeliche isomned.

Moche was be bliffe:

Muchel wes ba bliffe:

20 po Arthur com to borewe.

pa Arour com to burhae.

þa wes bemene blæft: & swide glade beornes.

þar hii houen to kinge ≓

per heo houen to kinge ?

forth-right called his knights, and bade every man get ready his weapons, and saddle their horses very speedily, for he would go to this 'Britain [land]. To the sea proceeded the good 'thanes [knights], at Michaels mount, with a mickle host; the sea set them on the strand, at Southampton they came ashore. Forth 'he gan ride, Arthur the powerful, right to Silchester [they went right toward Cirencester]; 'there it seemed good to him;' there was the host of Britons boldly 'assembled [gathered]. Great was the bliss when Arthur came to the burgh; 'then was blast of trumpets, and men most glad';

<sup>1</sup> banni? 2 heom?

<sup>1</sup> The last letter of this word is sup. ras.

Arour bene züge. þa þe Arður wes king: hærne<sup>1</sup> nu feollic þing. he wes mete-custi: ælche quike monne. cniht mid þan bezste: wunder ane kene. he wes pan jungen for fader: pan alden for frouer. and wið þan vnwise: wunder ane sturnne. woh him wes wuder lad: and pat rihte a leof. Ælc of his birlen: & of hif bur-pæinen. & hif ber-cnihtes: gold beren an honden.

to ruggen and to bedde: ifcrud mid gode webbe.

† he nef keppe fwide god.

pat he næs bald pein.

neuær nanes cnihtes swein : [c.2.]

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Arthur pan 3onge.

Po Arthur was king? [c.2.] [Artu]r.
hercne nou fellech þing.
he was mete-cousti?
to eche cwike manne.
cniht mid þan beste?
wonder one kene.
he was þan 30nge for fader?
bane holde for froure.

he was pan 30nge for fader:

pane holde for froure.

and wip pan onwife:

wonderliche steorne.

woh him was swipe lop:
and riht him was swipe leof.

pat he nas kempe god.

there they raised to be king Arthur the young. When Arthur was king,—hearken now a marvellous thing;—he was liberal to each man alive, knight with the best, wondrously keen! He was to the young for father, to the old for comforter, and with the unwise wonderfully stern; wrong was to him exceeding loathsome, and 'the' right 'ever [was to him exceeding] dear. 'Each of his cupbearers, and of his chamber-thanes, and his chamber-knights, bare gold in hand, to back and to bed, clad with gold web.' 'He

[Arthur] had 'never any [no] cook, that he was not champion 'most' good; 'never any knights swain, that he was not bold thane!' The king held

Nefde he neuere nænne coc: 20 Nade Arthur nanne cok:

1 hærcne?

2 fwide?

pe king heold al hif hired: mid hæzere blife. & mid fwulche pinges: he ouer-com alle kingef. mid ræhjere strengde: & mid riche-dome. fwulche weoren hif cuftes! bat al uolc hit wuste. Nu wes Arour god king: hif hired hine lufede. æc hit wes cuð wide: of hif kinedome. be king huld i Lundene: ane muchele huftinge. per to weoren ila dede : hif leond-cnihtes alle. riche men and hæne : to hæzen þan king. pa be hit wef al icume: uolc vnimete. vp aræf Arður: aðeleft kingen. & lette bringen him biforen: halidomes wel icoren.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. De king heold al his folk! to-gadere mid bliffe. and mid foche pinges! he ouer-com alle kymges! mid resere ftrengpe! and mid richedome.

Nou was Arthur god king!

and al folk hine louede.

pat hit was widene coup!

of his kinedome.

pe king heold in Londene!

one mochele speche.

par to weren ilaped: his riche cnihtef alle.

po pe hii were alle icome:

folk onimete.

vp a-ros Arthur pe gode king:

and lette bringe halidomes to him.

all his folk [together] with 'great' bliss; and with such things he overcame all kings, with fierce strength and with treasure. 'Such were his qualities, that all folk it knew.' Now was Arthur good king; 'his people [and all folk] loved him; 'eke [so that] it was known wide, of his kingdom. The king held in London a mickle husting; thereto were arrived all his [rich] knights, 'rich men and poor, to honor the king.' When that 'it was [they were] all come, a numerous folk; up arose Arthur 'noblest of kings [the good king], and caused to be brought 'before [to] him reliques 'well

per to gon cneoli: be king fume1 brie.

n<sup>9</sup>te noht his duze'de :

what he deme wolde.

Arour heold up his riht hond?

ænne að he þer swor.

pat næuere bi hif liue :

for nanes monnes lære.

ne sculden ine Brutene: Sæxes wurðē bliðe.

londes beon wurden:

no wurdscipe bruke.

ah he heom wolde flemen:

for heo weoren iuæid wið him.

flozen Vöer Pendragune: pe wes Costaces<sup>3</sup> fune.

swa heo duden þene oder4:

Aurilien hif broder. [£115.c.1.]

for þi heo weoren on londe:

laðeft alre uolke.

Arour foro rihtes:

nom hif wife cnihtef.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and gan par to eneoly:

be king fone bries. nuste noht his cnihtes:

wat he feggen wolde.

Arthur held vp his rih2 hond?

an ob he fwor a-non.

pat neuere bi his lifue? for none mannes lore. [f.92h.c.1.]

ne folde in Brutayne:

Saxesse blibe worbe.

ne londes brouke:

ne homes habbe.

ac he 3am wolde fleme :

and falle heo to grunde.

For hii floze Vther pane king: þat was fader min.

so hii dude pan oper ?

Aurelie his brober.

for þi hii me beoþ in londe:

lopest alre folke.

Rthur forp rihtes:

nam his wiseste cnihtes.

weore heom lef weore heom lad: were heom leof were heom lob:

10

choice'; [and] thereto the king gan soon to kneel thrice;—his people [knights] knew not what he would 'pronounce [say]. Arthur held up his right hand, an oath he 'there [anon] swore, that never by his life, for no mans lore, should the Saxons become blithe in Britain, [nor] 'be landholders [possess lands], nor enjoy worship [have homes]; but he would drive them out, for they were at enmity with him; [and fell them to ground. For they] slew Uther 'Pendragon [the king], who was 'son of Constance [my father]; so they did the other, Aurelie, his brother; therefore they were

[are to me] in land loathest of all folk. Arthur forth-right took his 'wise

1 fune?

2 riht?

<sup>3</sup> R. Costances.

4 ofer?

Ardur.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. alle heo fworen pene ao. trouliche pat heo wolde: mid Ardure halden. & wreken bene king Voer: þat Sæxes aqualden her. Arour hif writen fende: wide 3eond hif londe. after alle pan cnihten: þe he biziten mihte. pat heo ful fone: to ban kinge comen. & he heom wolde on londe: leofliche at-halden. fcipien heom mid londe ? mid feoluere & mid golde. Foro be kig ferde: mid vnimete uerde. folc he ledde fællic: & ferde riht to Eouerwic. per he læi ane niht: amærwe he ferde forð riht. per he wuste Colgrim: & hif iuerē mid him.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

alle hii fwore pan ilke oh.
treuliche pat i¹ wolde?
mid Arthur holde.
and wreke pan king Vther?
pat hii acwelde her.
Arthur his wretes fende?
to manicunne londe.
after alle pe cnihtes?
pat he bi-3ete mihte.
pat hii fol fone?
to pan kinge come.
and he 3am wolde on londe?
loueliche at-holde.

For pe king wende? mid onimete ferde. folk he ladde fellich? and wende riht to Euerwich. par he lay one niht? a morwe he wende for priht. par he wifte Colgrim? and his i-veres mid him.

[wisest] knights; were it lief to them were it loath to them, they all swore the [same] oath, that they would truly hold with Arthur, and avenge the king Uther, whom 'the Saxons [they] killed here. Arthur sent his writs 'wide over his [to many kind of] land, after all the knights that he might obtain; that they full soon should come to the king, and he would in land lovingly maintain them; 'reward them with land, with silver and with gold.' Forth went the king with a numerous host; he led a surprising multitude, and marched right to York. There he lay one night; on the morrow he proceeded forth-right where he knew Colgrim to be, and his

20

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

Swedöben¹ Octa wes of-flazen: & idon of lif-dæzen.

pe wes Hengestes sune: vt of Sæxlonde icumen.

Colgrim wes pe hæhst mon: pat ut of Saxlonde com.

aft<sup>9</sup> Hengeste:

& Horse his broder.
& Octa & Offa:'
and heore iuere Ebissa.
Heold a pan ilke dægen:'
Colgrim Sæxes to lagen.
ladde & radde:'

mid ræzere streng de.

muchel wes pat moncun:

pat ferde mid Colgrim. [c.2.]

Colgim iherde tidende:

of Aroude<sup>2</sup> pā kīge.

pat he touward him com:

and wolde him vfel don.

Colgrim hine bipohte? whæt he dō mahte. & bonnede hif uerde?

seond al pan noro ærde.

Colgrī was be baldeste man: pat vt of Saxlonde com. after Hengest and Octa:

Debiffa and Offa.

Heold a pan ilke dage?

Colgrim Saxes to lage.
ladde and radde? [c.2.]

mid rehgere strengpe.

moche was pe mankun?

pat ferde mid Colgrim.

Colgrim ihorde tydinge?

of Arthur pan kinge.

pat he toward him com?

and wolde him vuel don.

Colgrim hine bi-pohte?

wat he don mihte.

and bannede his ferde:

oueral pan Norp ende.

comrades with him. 'Since Octa was slain, and deprived of life-day, who was Hengests son, out of Saxland come,' Colgrim was the 'noblest [boldest] man that came out of Saxland, after Hengest, and 'Hors, his brother, and' Octa, 'and Ossa, and their companion Ebissa [Ebissa and Ossa]. At that day Colgrim ruled the Saxons by authority, led and counselled, with fierce strength; mickle was the multitude that marched with Colgrim! Colgrim heard tiding of Arthur the king, that he came toward him, and would do to him evil. Colgrim bethought him what he might do, and assembled his host over all the North 'land

1 feotiten?

2 R. Arbure.

VOL. II.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. ix.

per liven to-fomne:
alle Scotleode.

Peohtes & Sæxes:
fizen heom to-gæderes.
& moniennef cunnef men:
uuleden Colgrimē.

Ford he gon fufen:
mid vnimete verde.
to-zaines Ardure:
adelet kingen.
he pohte to quellen:
pe king on hif peodē.
& hif folc ualden:

& fallen to pan grude:'
Arour pene 3unge.
Foro wende Colgri:'
& hif ferde mid him.
& wende mid hif ferde:'

& fetten al þif kine-lond:

uolden to gruden.

an hif agere hond.

Dug[las].

pat he com to ane watere. pat water if ihaten Duglaf: duzeŏen hit aquelle.

per com Ardur him agein:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

par comen to-gaderes: al Scotleode.

Peutef and Saxif: wende heom to-gaderes.

and maniane cunues man:

folwede Colgrim. For he gan fouse : mid onimete ferde.

to-zeinef Arthure :

baldest alre kinge.
he pohte to cwelle:
pane king in his londe.

For wende Colgrim: and his Saxisse mid him. and wende mid ferde: pat hii come to one watere. pat his ihote Duglas: manie pare fulle.

par com Arthur him azein:

[end]. There came together all the Scottish people; Peohtes and Sarons joined them together, and men of many kind followed Colgrim. Forth he gan to march with an immense force, against Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings; he thought to kill the king in his land, 'and fell his folk to the ground, and set all this kingdom in his own hand, and fell to the ground Arthur the young.' Forth marched Colgrim, and his 'army [Saxons] with him, and proceeded with 'his' host until 'he [they] came to a water; 'the water [that] is named Duglas; 'people it destroyed [many there fell]! There came Arthur against him, ready 'with his [to]

Primum

thuri.

bellum Ar-

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. 3aru mid hif fehte1. redi to fihte. in ane brade forde: in one brode forde: þa ferden heom imetten. be ferde hire hii-mette?. fastliche on-flozen: fasteliche hii flowen: fnelle heore kenpen<sup>3</sup>. feollen þa uæie: follen þe veie. uolden to grunde. þar was moche blod i3ote: per wes muchel blod gute: balu þer wes riue. and wowe par was riue. brustlede scæftes: 10 beornes per ueollen. [f.115b.c.1.] þat ifæh Arður: pis iseh Arthur: on mode him wes unnede. pat 3am lute lofuede. Arour hine bioohte: and him bi-bohte: whæt he do mahte. wat he don mihte. & thehte hine a bacward: and teh hine a bacward. in enne uald brade. in one brode felde. pa wenden hif feond: po wende his fon: bat he flæn walde. bat he fleon wolde. þa wes glad Colgrim : 20 po was glad Colgrim: [f.93. c. 1.] and his iveref mid him. and al hif ferde mid him. heo wenden þat Arður: mid arhredde weore afallæd þere.

fight; on a broad ford the hosts them met; vigorously 'their brave champions attacked [they slew]; the fated fell 'to the ground!' There was much blood shed, [and] woe there was rife; 'shivered shafts; men there fell!' Arthur saw 'that; in mood he was uneasy; Arthur [this, who loved them little, and] bethought him what he might do, and drew him backward on a broad field (plain). When his foes weened that he would fly, then was Colgrim glad, and 'all his host [his comrades] with him; 'they weened that Arthur had with fear retreated there,' and 'passed over the water [after him

& tuzen ouer pat water:

and after him wende:

<sup>1</sup> At first written ferde.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 3am i-mette?

<sup>3</sup> kempen?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. alfe heo wode weoren. þa Ardur þat isah : þat Colgrim him wes fwa neh. & heo weoren beien: bihalues þan wateren. bus seide Ardur! avelest kingen. Iseo 3e mine Bruttes? here uf bilalfues1. ur iuan uulle : crift heom aualle. Colgrim bene stronge: ut of Sæx-londe. Hif cun i biffe lode! ure ælderne aqualden. ah nu if þe dæi icumen: be drihten haued idemed. bat he scal bat lif leosen: & leofien hif freonden. oder we sculle dæde beon : 20 ne muze we hine quic iseon. scullen Sæxifce men :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. ase he wod were. po Arthur pat iseh: pat Colgrim him was fo neh. þat hii weren beyne: in on half ban watere. bo saide Arthur: and spac to his cnihtes. Ne se mine Bruttus: her vs bi-halues. 10 houre ifon folle : crist 3am a-cwelle. Colgrim pane stroge: vt of Saxlonde. His cun in biffe londe: oure eldre a-fulde. ac nou his be dai i-come: pat drihte hauep idemid. þat hii hit folle a-bugge: of' ich mote libbe. ober ich wolle dead bean : ne may ich hine cwik i-sen. solle Saxisse men :

pursued], as if 'they [he] were mad. When Arthur saw that, that Colgrim was so nigh to him, 'and [that] they were both 'beside [on one side of] the water, 'thus [then] said Arthur, 'noblest of kings [and spake to his knights]: "See ye [not], my Britons, here beside us, our full foes,—Christ destroy them!—Colgrim the strong, out of Saxland? His kin in this land killed our ancestors; but now is the day come, that the Lord hath appointed, that 'he shall lose the life, and lose his friends [they shall pay for it, if I may live], or else 'we shall [I will] be dead; 'we [I] may not see him alive! The Saxish men shall abide sorrow, 'and we avenge worthily our friends

forewe ibide.

sorzen ibiden.

& we wreke wurhliche:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. bihalfues.

ure wine-maies.

Vp bræid Arður hif fceld: foren to hif breoften. & he go to rufien: fwa þe runie wulf. [c. 2.] penne he cumed of holte:

bi-honged mid fnawe. and penche's to biten : swulc deor fwa him likeð.

Arour þa cleopede:

to leofe hif cnihten. Ford? we biliue:

peief ohte. alle fome 8 heom to:

alle we fculled wel don.

& heo uorð hælden:

swa þe hæze wude.

bene wind wode:

weied hine mid mæine.

Fluzen ouer be woldes:

pritti pusend sceldes.

pat pa corde azen quehte.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Vp brayd Arthur his feald: forn to his breofte.

and he gan to refe:

so be wode wolf.

wane he comeb of holte:

bi-honge mid fnowe. and penchep to bite:

woch feap bat him likeb.

Arthur bo cleop 1 : 10 to leoue hif cnihtes.

Wende we blifue:

and do 3am vt of lifue.

Flozen ouer þe feldes: pritti pusend seldes. and fmiten Colgrim his cnihtes: & fmiten a Colgrimes cnihtes: pat pe erpe azein cwehte.

(or relatives)." Up caught Arthur his shield, before his breast, and he gan to rush as the howling wolf, when he cometh from the wood, behung with snow, and thinketh to bite 'such beasts as [which sheep that] he liketh. Arthur then called to his dear knights: "Advance we quickly, brave thanes! all together towards them; we all shall do well, and they forth fly, as the high wood, when the furious wind heaveth it with strengta [and put them out of life]!" Flew over the 'wealds [fields] thirty thousand shields, and smote 'on' Colgrims [Colgrim his] knights, so that the earth shook again. 'Brake the broad spears, shivered shields;' the Saxish men

<sup>1</sup> cleopede?

<sup>2</sup> Fore?

<sup>3</sup> fomed?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

breken braden speren: bruftleden fceldes. feollen Sæxifce men: folden to grunden. pat ifah Colgrim: per uore wa wes him. be alre hendeste mon : be ut of Sexlonde com. Colgrim gon to flænne: feondliche swide. & hif horf hine bar: mid hæhzere strengde. ouer bat water deope: & scelde hine wið dæðe. Saxes gunnen finken: sorze heom wes ziuede. Arour wende hif speres ord: and for-stod heo bene uord. ber adruncke Sexef: fulle seoue pusend. 20 Summe heo gunnen wondrien: Somme hii gonne wondri: fwa doð þe wilde cron. i ban moruenne: penne hif floc if awemed.[f.116.c.1.] wane his fliht his a-wemmid. & him halded 1 after:

folle Saxisse men: folde to grunde. pat iseh Colgrin : par fore wo was him.

and he gan to fleonde: [c.2.] wonderliche fwibe. and hif horf hine bar: mid mochelere strengbe. ouer pat water deope: and readde hine fram deabe. Arthur to pan watere: hizede swipe. and tornde be speres hord: and forftod 3am pane ford. par ha-drongke Saxiffe ? folle soue pusend. fo dop pe wilde crane. in ban mor-fenne: and him holdely after :

fell to the ground! Colgrim saw that, therefore he was woe,—' the fairest man of all that came out of Saxland.' 'Colgrim [and he] gan to flee, exceeding quickly; and his horse bare him with great strength over the deep water, and saved him from death. 'The Saxons gan to sink, -sorrow was given to them!' Arthur [hastened speedily to the water, and] turned 'his [the] spears point, and hindered to them the ford; there the Saxons were drowned, full seven thousand. Some they gan wander, as the wild crane doth in the moorfen, when his flight is impaired, and swift hawks pursue

<sup>1</sup> haldeð?

hauekes swifte. hūdes ī þā reode : mid reoude hine imeted. bene nif him neouver god: no pat lond no pat flod. hauekes hine smited: hundes hine bite&. penne bið þe kinewurðe fozel: fæie on his fide. Colgrim ouer feldes: 10 flæh him biliues. pat he com to Eouerwic: riden swide sellic. he wenden into burge: & faste heo biclusde. hafuede he binnen: ten þusend monnen. burh-men mid þa bezste : þe him bihalues weoren.

Arour halde after:'

mid þritti þusend cnihten.

& ferde riht to Eouerwic: mid folke swide sellic. and bi-læi Colgrim:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

hauekes swifte. houndes in pan reode: mid roupe hine imeteb. panne nis him noper god: no pat lond ne pat flod. hauekes hine smiteb: houndef hine biteb. pan his be kineworbe fozel?

adrad in eche side.

Colgrim ouer feldes: fleb him wel swibe. pat he com to Euerwich: ride swipe fellich. he wende in to borewe: and faste hine bi-tunde. and hadde par ine: ten busend manne.

Colgrim.

Arthur him heol 1 after : mid þritti þousend cnihtes.

and bi-lay at Euerwich Colgrim:

after him, and hounds with mischief meet him in the reeds; then is neither good to him, nor the land nor the flood; the hawks him smite, the hounds him bite, then is the royal fowl 'at his death-time [adread on each side]! Colgrim fled him over the fields 'quickly [well speedily], until he came to York, riding most marvellously; he went into the burgh, and fast it inclosed; 'he [and] had within ten thousand men, 'burghers with the best; that were beside him.' Arthur pursued after [him] with thirty thousand knights, 'and marched right to York with folk very numerous,' and besieged Colgrim [at York], who defended it against him. Seven nights therebefore

<sup>1</sup> heold?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. bat werrede a-zein him. be weorrede azein him. Soueniht par bi-vore: Seouen niht ber biuoren: was subward ivare. wes suðward ifaren. Baldolf þe hende :' Baldolf be hende: Baldulf. Colgrimes brober. broder Colgrimes. Colgrim. and lay bi féé fellich : and lai bi bare fæ brimme : abidende Cheldrich. & abad Childrichen. Cheldrich was a pane daze: [699.cl.] Childric wes i þan dagen : Childric. kaifer of heze laze. cæiser of riche lazen. inne Alemaine: 10 in Alemaine : pat lond was his owe. pat avel wes hif agene. pa iherde Baldolf: po ihorde Baldolf: þar he bi féé laý. per he bi sæ lai. pat Arour hafde inne Eouerwic! pat Arthur hadde in Euerwich! Colgrim biclufed. Colgrim bi-clufed. Baldolf hadde ibanned: Baldolf hæfde ibonned: [c. 2.] feouen bused monnen. foue busend manne. baldere beornnen: þe bi sæ leien. heo nomen heom to ræden: 20 and nemem him 1 to reade: þat agæin heo wolde riden. þat agen hii wolde ride. and bi-læuen Childric: and bi-léue Cheldrich : & faren in to Eouerwic. and wende riht to Euerwich. & fehten wid 2 Aroure : and fihte wip Arthur ?

Baldolf the fair, Colgrims brother, was gone southward, and lay by 'the seaside, and abode [the sea strangely, abiding] Childric. Childric was in those days a kaiser of powerful authority; the land in Alemaine was his own. When Baldolf heard, where he lay by the sea, that Arthur had inclosed Colgrim in York, Baldolf had assembled seven thousand men, 'bold fellows, who by the sea lay'; 'they took them [and took him] to counsel, that back they would ride, and leave Childric, and proceed 'into [right to] York, and fight with Arthur, and destroy 'all' his people. 'Baldolf swore in his

and a-cwelle his dozepe.

& aquellen al hif duzeve.

<sup>1</sup> nemen 3am?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Baldolf fwor ō hif grome:

pathe wolde beon Ardureref' bone.

have a haf riche.

& bruken al þaf riche! mid Colgrime hif broðere.

Nolde Baldolf abide : pan keifere Childriche.

ah þenne he ferde uorð: ac þanene he ferde forþ: and droh him forð rihtes nord², and droh him riht norþ.

from dæie to dæie:'
mid baldre3 du3e8e.

pat he com in ane wude:

in ane wilderne. frō Ardures ferde :

fulle feoue milen.

He hafde ibohte bi nihten? mid seouen busend cnihten.

to riden uppen Arður : ær þe king wore ware<sup>5</sup>.

and hif folc afeollen: & hine feolf aquelle.

Ah al hit o'der iward: o'der he iwede.

for Baldolf hafede on hirede:

Nolde Baldolf abide: pane cayfer Cheldriche. ac panene he ferde forp:

forte he come to one wode? to one wilderne. fram Arthures ferde?

folle foue mile. He hadde ipoht bi nihte:' mid alle his cnihtes.

comen vppen Arthur: are he king were war.

and his folk falle :'
20 and him seolf a-cwelle.

Ac oper weies hit was idiht? here hit were dai-liht.

for par was mid Baldolf:

anger, that he would be Arthurs bane, and possess all this realm, with Colgrim his brother.' Baldolf would not wait for the kaiser Childric, but thence he marched forth, and drew him 'forth' right north, 'from day to day, with his bold folk,' until he came 'in [to] a wood, 'in [to] a wilderness, full seven miles from Arthurs host. He had thought by night with 'seven thousand [all his] knights to 'ride [come] upon Arthur, and fell his folk, and himself kill. But 'all it otherwise happened, other than he weened [otherways it was disposed, ere it were daylight]; for 'Baldolf had in his host [there was with Baldolf] a British knight; he was Arthurs relative,

<sup>1</sup> Aroures?

<sup>4</sup> Aroures?

nort?

³ balde pr. m.

<sup>5</sup> The last two words of this line are interlined.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. ænne cniht Bruttiscne. he wes Ardures mæi: Mau[rin]. Maurin ihaten. Maurin bi-halues: to ban wude halde. purh wude & purh feldes: pat he com to Aroures teldes. and pus feide fone : [f.116b.c.1.] to Arour kinge. Hail seo þu Arður: 10 kingene aðeleft. ich æm hidere icume: ich æm of bine cunne. Her if Baldulf icumen: mid fwide hærde hære-gumen. & penched in pissere nihte: to flæn þe & þine cnihtes. to wracken his broder: pe swide is vnbalded. ah godd him fcal forwrænen<sup>3</sup>? 20 ac god hit fal for-werne?

burh hif muchele mihten. & fend nu uoro Cador: [Cado]r. bene eorl of Cornwaile. and mid him ohte cnihtes:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. on cniht Bruttiffc. he was Arthures may: Morisse ihote. Moris wende bi-halues:

porp wode and porh feldes. forte1 to Arthur come: and him faide fone.

Hayl beo pou Arthur? kingene wisest. ich ham hider icome : ich ham of bine cunne. Her his Baldolf icome: mid swipe kene gomes. [c. 2. and penchep in biffe nihte: flea? be and bine cnihtes.

borh his mochele mihte. Ac fende nou forb Cador: ban eorl of Cornwale. and mid him gode cnihtes:

named 'Maurin [Moris]. Maurin went aside 'to the wood,' through woods and through fields, until he came to 'Arthurs tents [Arthur]; and 'thus' said soon to 'Arthur the king [to him]: "Hail be thou, Arthur, noblest of kings! I am hither come; I am of thy kindred. Here is Baldolf arrived with 'warriors [men] most 'hardy [keen], and thinketh in this night to slay 'thee and thy knights, 'to avenge his brother, who is greatly discouraged;' but God shall prevent 'him [it], through his mickle might. 'Aud [But] send now forth Cador, the earl of Cornwall, and with him 'bold [good] knights, 'good and brave [that are keen to fight], full seven hundred good

<sup>1</sup> fort he?

<sup>2</sup> flean?

<sup>3</sup> forwærnen?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. gode and wihte. fulle feoue hundred: felere beines. & ich heom wulle ræden : & ich ho wulle leden. hu heo muwē Baldulf : flæn al se enne wulf. For of ferde Cador: & alle pas cnihtes. pat heo comen bihalues: per Baldulf<sup>1</sup> lai on comele. heo hi to helden: on ælchere haluē. heo flozen heo nomen ? al pat heo aneh comen. þer weorē aqualde : nizen hundred alle italde. Baldulf wes bi-halues: igan him aburh3es2. & þurh þa wilderne flæh: feondliche swide. and hafde hif men leofe: [c.2.] mid reou'se bilæfued.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

pat kene beo to fihte.
folle foue hundred:
felie kempes.
and ich 3am wolle reade:
and ich 3am wolle leade.
ou hii mawe Baldolf:
flean afe hit were a wolf.
Forp wende Cador:
and alle pes cnihtes.

pat hii come bi-halues:
par Baldolf lay in teldes.

and flozen and nemen?

al pat hii neh comen.

par weren a-cweld?

folle nize hundred.

Baldolf was bi-halues?

i-gon vt of teldes.

and porh the wilderne fleoh?

wonderliche fwipe.

and flep him so for norh:

'thanes [champions]; and I will counsel them, and I will lead them, how they may Baldolf slay as if [it were] a wolf." Forth went Cador and all these knights, so that they came aside where Baldolf lay in tents; 'they advanced to him on each side'; 'they [and] slew, 'they [and] captured all that they came nigh;—there were killed [full] nine hundred 'all out told.' Baldolf was gone aside 'to save himself [out of the tents], and fled through the wilderness, wondrously fast; 'and had his dear men with sorrow deserted'; and fled him so far north, that he came so forth, where

& fleh him fwa feor norð:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Balulf pr. m.

<sup>2</sup> aburh;en?

pat he com swa feor forð. 1
pat he com swa uorð :
per Arður lai in uolde.
mid richen his ferde.
al abuten Eouerwic :
kīg swiðe seollic.
Colgrī wes wið innen :

mid Sæxifce monnen. Baldulf hine biþohte:

what he don mihte.
mid wulches cunnes ginne:

he mihte cumen binnen. in to bere burh;e:

to Colgrime hif brobere.

pe wes him on liue: leofest alre monne.

Baldulf lette stiken:

to pan bare lichen. his bærd and hif chinne:

and makede hine to croffe.

he lette sceren half his hæfd:

and no him ane harpe an hond. and nom him an honde:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat he com fo forp.
par Arthur lay on felde:
mid riche his ferde.
al aboute Euerwich:
ferde swipe fellich.
Colgrim was wip ine:
mid Saxisse manne.
Baldolf hine bi-pohte:
wat he don mihte.
mid woche cunnes gynne:

he mihte come wib ine.

Baldolf lette strike: to pan bare liche.

and lette feren his heued! afe me dob an fole. and nom him an honde! one harpe longe.

Arthur lay on the 'weald [field], with his powerful host, all about York,—'king [host] most surprising! Colgrim was within with the Saxish men, and Baldulf bethought him what he might do; with what kind of stratagem he might come within, 'into the burgh, to Colgrim his brother, who was to him the dearest of all men alive.' Baldulf caused to be shaved to the bare skin 'his beard and his chin, and made him as a fool'; 'he [and] caused 'half' his head to be shorn, [as men do a fool]; and took him in hand a [long] harp. He could harp [exceeding] well in his childhood; and with his

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This line is evidently superfluous.

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

He cuben harpien wel: an hif child-haden. & mid hif harpe he ferde : to paf kingef hirede. & gon þær to gleowien: & muche gome to makien. Ofte me hine fmæt: mid smærte 3erden. ofte me hine culde : swa me deð crosce. ælc mon þe hine imette: mid bifmare hine igratte. fwa nauere na mon nuste: of Baldulfes cufte. [f.117.c.1.] buten hit weore crosse: icumen to ban hirede. Swa he eode longe<sup>3</sup> upward: swa longe he eode adunward. bat heo weoren warre: þe weoren þær wið innen. pat hit wes Baldulf? Colgrimes brober. Heo wurpen ut enne rap: & Baldulf hine faste igrap.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

He coupe harpi fwe¹ wel! in his child-hode. [£94.c.1.] and² his harpe he wende! to pan kingef ferde. and gan pare to pleoye! and moche game makie. Ofte me hine fmot! mid fwipe fmorte 3erdes. ofte me hine culde! fo me fal an fole.

so neuere no mā nuste? of Baldolf his custes. bote þat hit a fol were? i-come to þan folke. So lang he 3eode vpward? fo lange he 3eode a-dunward. þat hii were war wiþ ine? þat hit was Baldolf wiþ houte. Corgrim4 his broþer? nadde he non oþer. Hii worpen vt one rop?

. and Baldolf hine igrop.

Baldulf.

harp he went to the kings host, and gan there to play, and much game to make. Oft men him smote with wands [most] smart; oft men him struck (?) as men 'do [shall a] fool; 'each man that met him, greeted him with derision; so never any man knew of 'Baldulfs [Baldolf his] appearance, but [that] it were [a] fool come to the folk! So long he went upward, so long he went downward, that they were aware, 'who were there' within, that it was Baldulf [without], 'Colgrims [Colgrim his] brother [he had no other]. They cast out a rope, and Baldulf grasped it

<sup>1</sup> fwipe? 2 and mid? 3 Better fwa longe he eode. 4 R. Colgrim.

Patric.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and brudden up Baldolf: bat he binnen com. mid fwulches cunnef ginnes: Baldulf com wið innen. þa wes bliðen Colgrī : and alle hif cnihtes mid hī. and swide heo gunnen prattien: and swipe hii gonne pretie: Arður þene king. Arour bihaluef wes: & þif gomen ifæh. and wradde hine fulfne: wunderliche swide. and hæhte anan wepnien: al hif wunliche uolc. he pohte pe burhze: mid streng de to biwinnen. Alfe Arður wolde: to pan walle ræse. þa com þer riden: Patric be ricche mon. pat wes a Scottisc pein: scone an hif londen.

& buf clupien a-gon:

to þan kinge anan.

Hail seo þu Arður:

and mid þan ilke gynne: hii brohte him þar ine. po was blipe Colgrim: and alle his cnihtef mid him. Arthur pan kinge.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

10 Artur þis game ifeh : and wreppede him swipe.

and hehte a-non wepni: alle his cnihtes. he pohte pane borh? mid strenghe bi-winne. Al fo Arthur wolde: to pan walle rease. par com ride anon ? 20 Patrich be riche man.

> and bus him faide: to Arthur pan kinge. Hayl beo pou Arthur pe king!

'fast,' and 'they drew up Baldulf, so that he came within'; with 'such kind of [that] stratagem 'Baldulf came within [they brought him therein]. Then was Colgrim blithe, and all his knights with him, and greatly they gan to threaten Arthur the king. Arthur 'was beside, and saw' this game, and wrathed himself 'wondrously much'; and ordered anon all his 'brave folk [knights] to weapon them; he thought to win the burgh with strength. As Arthur would (was about to) assault the wall, 'then [anon] came there riding Patrick, the rich man, 'who was a Scottish thane, fair in his land'; and thus 'began to call to the king anon [he said to Arthur the king]:

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. aðelest Brutten. Ich þe wulle tellen : [c. 2.] neouwe tidende. of þa kæifere Childriche: þan wode & þan richen. þan strongen & þan balden : He if inne Scottlode. ihælde to are hafene: & hames forberned. and walded al ure lond : after hif ahzere hond. He haue's uerde wel idone: al pa strengge of Rome. he fæið mid hif 3elpe: penne me him win scencched. pat pu ne dærst in nare hude: hif ræsses abiden. no on uelde no on wude: no nauere nane stude & 3if bu him abideft: he þe wule binden. quellen bine leoden : and bi lond agen. Ofte wes Aroure wa:

nauere wurse bene ba.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Bruttene deorlyng. Ich þe wolle telle: neowe tidynge. of pan kaiser Childrich: [c. 2.] pan wode and pan riche. pan bolde and pan stronge: He his in Scotlonde.

- and haueb i-nome al oure lond: to his owane hond. He haueh ferde wel idone? al þe strengþe of Rome. he saib mid his 3elpe: wane me him win sencheb. pat pou ne darst in none stude: his reafes a-bide.
- and 3ef bou him abidest: he þe wole acwelle.

Fte was Arthur wo: neuere worfe bane bo.

"Hail be thou, Arthur [the king], 'noblest of Britons [Britons darling]! I will tell thee new tiding, of the kaiser Childric, the furious and the powerful, the 'strong [bold] and the bold [strong]. He is in Scotland 'arrived in a haven, and the homes consumeth,' and 'wieldeth [hath captured] all our land in his own hand. He hath a host brave; all the strength of Rome; he saith with his boast, when men pour to him the wine, that thou darest not in any spot his attacks abide, 'neither in field, nor in wood, nor in ever any place.' And if thou him abidest, he will thee 'bind [kill]; 'destroy thy people, and possess thy land." Oft was Arthur woe, but never worse than

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and he droh hine abac: bihalues pere burze. clupede to ræde: cnihtes to neode. beornes and eorlef: & pa hali biscopes. & bad pat heo him radden: hu he mihte on richen. mid his mon-weorede: hif monfcipe halden. & fehten wid Childriche: þan ströge & þan richen. þa hider wolde liðe: to helpen Colgrime. þa ādfwarede Bruttes: pa pere weoren bihalues. [£117\*.c.1.]pat pare were bi-halues. Faren we riht to Lundene: and lete hine live after. & 3if he cumed ride: forze he scal ibiden. he feolf and hif ferde: fæie scal iwurden. Arour al bilufedē: þat radden hif leoden.

ford he gon liden:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and he droh hine abac: bi-halues pare borewe. cleopede to reade: cnihtes to neode.

and bad pat hii him radde: ou he miht on riche. mid his man-ferde: 10 his manfipe holde. and fibte wib Childrich : pane stronge and pan riche.

po faide Bruttes: Wend be 1 riht to Londene ? and let hine come after. and 3ef he comep ride: 20 forwe he fal a-bide. him seolf and his ferde: fæie sal iworbe. Arthur al wrohte: afe radde his cnihtef. forb he gan wende :

then; and he drewhim backward, beside the burgh; called to counsel knights at need, 'barons and earls, and the boly bishops'; and bade that they should him counsel, how he might in the realm with his army his honor maintain, and fight with Childric, the strong and the powerful, 'who hither would come, to help Colgrim.' Then answered the Britons, that were there beside: "Go we right to London, and let him come after; and if he cometh riding, sorrow he shall abide; 'he [him]self and his host shall die!" Arthur 'approved [wrought] all 'that [as] his 'people [knights] counselled; forth 10

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pat he to Lundene com. Colgrim wes in Eouerwic:

& pær abad him Childric.

Childric gon wende: zeon¹ þan norð ende.

& nom on honde:

muchæl dal of londe.

Al Scot-peode :

he 3af hif ane beine.

& al Norð-humberlond:

he fette hif broder an hond.

Galeweoie & Orcaneie: he 3af hif ane eorle.

bat lond into Lundene.

Ne pohte he nauere mare:

of Arour habben are.

buten he wolden hif mo bicume ? bote he wolde his man bi-come ?

Arour Voeres fune.

Arour wes in Lundene:

mid alle Brutleoden.

he bed hif ferde:

zeond alle biffen ærde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

toward Londene.

Colgrim was in Euerwich: and par abod him Childrich.

Cheldrich gan wende:

to pan Norp ende.

and nam on his hond: [f.94b.c.1.

mochel deal of londe.

and dealde alle be londes:

[Gale]waie.

amang his eorles.

him feolf he no from Humbre: and him seolf nam fram Humbre:

pat lond into Londene.

Ne pohte he neuere more :

of Arthur habbe ore.

Arthur Vther his fone.

Arthur was in Londene: mid al Brutleode.

he bad his ferde:

ouer al ban erbe.

he gan march 'until he came to [toward] London. Colgrim was in York, and there he abode Childric. Childric gan proceed 'over [to] the North end, and took in [his] hand a great deal of land 'All Scotland he gave to a thane of his, and all Northumberland he set in the hand of his brother; Galloway and Orkney he gave to an earl of his; [and dealt all the lands among his earls, and] himself he took the land from Humber into London. He thought never more of Arthur to have mercy, unless he would become his man, Arthur, 'Uthers [Uther his] son. Arthur was in London, with all the Britons; he summoned his forces over all 'this [the] land, that

1 3eond?

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2 F

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. pat ech man fone: bat æuer ælc mon : be hi god voen. ræðe & ful fone: to Londene come. to Lundene comen. po was Englene lond: pa wef Ænglene lond: mid harme i-fulled. mid ærmþe of-fulled. her wes wop & her wes rop: and reouden vniuoze. muchel hunger & hæte: [c.2.] her was honger an hate: at euereche manmes 1 zeate. at æuer ælche monnef 3ete. 10 Arthur fende [ouer] féé: Arour fende ouer fæ: tweie wise cnihtes. sele tweie cnihtes. to Howel his may: to Hoele hif mæie: bat he louede fwipe. be wes him leofest monnē. pat hahte Brutayne: be ahte Bruttaine: cniht mid þan beste. cniht mid þan bezste. and bad hine wel fone: and bad hine ful fone: pat hii\* hider come. bat he hider come. liven to londe: leode to helpen.

Cheldric.

muchel of biffen londe. Colgrim. Baldulf. and Colgim & Baldulf:

for Chældrich hafde an honde: for Childrich hadde an honde: mochel of his londe. and Colgrim and Baldolf:

'every [each] man, 'that good would grant to him, quickly and full' soon to London should come. Then was England filled with harm; here was 'weeping and here was lament, and sorrow immoderate; mickle' hunger and strife (?) at every mans gate! Arthur sent over sea two 'good [wise] knights, to Howel his relation, 'who was to him dearest of men [whom he loved greatly], who possessed Britanny, knight with the best; and bade him 'full [well] soon, that he hither should come, 'sail to land, to help the people;' for Childric had in hand much of 'this [his] land, and Colgrim and Baldulf were come to him, and thought to drive Arthur the king 'out

him to ibozen weoren.

and bohten Arour bene king: driuen ut of cubben.

binimen him hif icunde:

and his kineriche.

benne were hif cun iscend:

mid scomeliche witen.

heore wurdscipe iloren:

a pissere worlde-richē.

benne weoren ban kingge betere: banne betere ban kinge were:

bat he iboren neore.

pif iherde Howel?

pa hahste of Brutaine1.

& he cleopien agon:

his fele cnihtes anan.

& bæd heð to horfe:

hizenliche swide.

& faren into France: to ban freo cnihten.

& feide heom bat heo comen: rave & ful fone.

to Mihæles munte:

mid muchere strende.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

i-wend to him were.

and bohte Arthur bane king:

driuen of londe.

bi-nimen his cunde: and hif kine-riche.

pat were his cun ifend:

for ene and for euere.

11 pat he ibore neore.

pis iborde Howel:

and fori was in heorte.

and bad his cnihtes swipe:

bi hire bare lifue. [c.2.

wenden into France:

to pan freo cnihtef.

and faide pat icome?!

rape and fol fone.

to Mihhelef monte:

mid mochelere strengpe.

Miheles munte.

Howel.

of [from] the land; take from him his right, and his kingdom;—'then were [so that should be] his kindred disgraced 'with shameful injury; their worship lost in this worlds realm [once and for ever]; then were it better for the king, that he were not born! Howel heard this, 'the highest of Britanny [and was sorry in heart]; 'and he gan to call his good knights anon,' and bade them to horse exceeding speedily, and [his knights quickly, by their bare life] go into France, to the free knights, and should say 'to them' that they should come, quickly and full soon, to Michaels Mount, with mickle strength, all who would of silver and of gold, win worship in this

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Bruaine pr. m.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> hii come?

alle þa þe wolden: of feoluere & of golde. wurhscipe iwinne: a pissere weorlde-richen. [6.118.c.1.]a pisse worle-riche. To Peito he fende: fele hif beines. & fumme touward Flandres: feondliche swide. and to Turuine: tweie ber wēden. 10 & into Gascuinne: cnihtes æc gode. & hahten heom mid maine: touward Mihhælef munte. & ær heo eoden to ulode: heo sculden habbeon ziuen gode. hii solde habbe zeftes gode. pat heo mihte pa blidere: bujē from heore ærde.

& mid Howele pan hende?

preottene dæies igon weoren:

cumen to biffen lode.

to helpen Ardure:

aðeleft kingen.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

alle be bat wolde: of seoluer and of golde. worfipe bi-winne: To Peyto he fende: and into Turuyne. and in to Gascoyne: cnihtes par wende. and fomne1 cnihtes: to Mihelef monte. and her hii eode to flode? pat hii mihte þe blobelokere: wende vt of londe.

mid Howel ban hende:

to helpe Arthur his mey :

pat narewe was bi-pronge.

in to More Britayne.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

worlds realm. To Poitou he sent 'his good thanes; and some toward Flanders, exceeding quickly'; and 'to [into] Touraine, 'two there proceeded'; and into Gascony, knights 'eke good [there proceeded]; and 'ordered them to come with strength toward [summoned the knights to] Michaels Mount; and ere they went to flood (embarked), they should have gifts good, that they might the blither 'depart from their [go out of] land, and with Howel the fair 'come to this land [into Greater Britain], to help Arthur, 'noblest of kings [his relative, who was narrowly pressed]. 'Thirteen days were passed since the messengers came there'; then ad-

<sup>1</sup> fomnede.

senőden þa beoden commen þære.

pa halden hit1 to fæ:

fwa hahzel deh from wolcne. twa hundred scipene:

per weoren wel biwitene.

me feolde heom mid folke: and heo for wenden.

wind stond & pat weder:

after heore wille. and heo at Hamtone:

halden to londe.

Up leoppen of scipe:

wode fcalkkes.

beren to londe:

halmef & burnen.

mid spæres & mid sceldes: heo wrizen al þa feldes.

per wes moni bald Brut?

bat beot wes aræred.

heo beoteden swide:

bi heore quiken liue.

þat heo wolden igræten:

Cheldric bene richen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

po held hii toward séé: ase be hawel bat falleb.

and two hundred fipes fude:

bi þare féé grunde. and 3am alle fulde :

mid cnihtef fwipe gode.

10 and hii at Hamtone:

come to londe. Vp leopen of fipes:

bufic cnihtes.

and to londe bere:

healmes and brunief. mid fperef and mid fcealdes:

hii wrezen al þe feldes.

par waf mani bold Brut?

but mid worde feide.

pat hii wolde grete: [£95.c.1.]

Cheldric pan riche.

vanced they [toward] the sea, as [the] hail 'doth from the welkin [that fall eth]; [and] two hundred ships 'were there well prepared; men filled then with folk, and forth they voyaged [they found, by the sea-shore, and filled them all with knights most good]; 'the wind and the weather stood afte their will'; and they came to land at Hamtone. Up leapt from the ship the 'furious men; [busy knights, and] bare to the land helms and burnies with spears and with shields they covered all the fields. There was many a bold Briton that 'threat had raised; they threatened greatly, by thei quick life [said with words], that they would greet Childric the powerful

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<sup>1</sup> heo?

pene [bolde] kæifere:

And 3if he nolde awæi fleon:

& touward Alemaine teon.

and he wolde on londe:

mid fehte atstonden. mid balde hif beornen:

beorkes abiden.

here heo sculde bilauen:

pat heom weore alre ladeft. 10

hafden and heore honden:

& heore white halmes.

& fwa heo fcullen on londe:

lofien heore freonden.

hælden into hælle:

hæðene hundes.

Arður wes i Lūdene:

adelest kingen.

& iherde fuggen:

fudere spellen.

pat was icumen to londe:

Ilówel. Howel be stronge.

Aro[ur].

Hamt[une]. to Hamtune ford rihtes:

mid þritti þusen8 cnihten.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pane bolde cayfere:

mid muchele harme pere. [c. 2.] mid mochelere harme pere.

3ef he wolde in londe:

mid fihte at-stonde.

here he folde bi-leafue :

pat him were alre leouest.

hauekes and hundes:

and hire bribte healmes. and so hii solle in bisse lond:

lofie hire freondef.

and fallen into helle :

heapene hundes.

Arthur was in Londene:

and ihorde telle :

of Howel his may: pat hi-come was to londe.

to Hamtone forbriht:

mid pritti pused cnihtes.

the [bold] kaiser, with much harm there. 'And if he would not flee away, and toward Alemaine proceed, and '[if] he would in the land with fight resist; 'with his bold people the barks (vessels?) abide; here 'they [he] should leave what to 'them [him] were dearest of all, 'their heads and hands [hawks and hounds], and their 'white [bright] helms; "and so they shall in [this] land lose their friends, [and] fall into hell,—the heathen hounds!" Arthur was in London, 'noblest of kings,' and heard 'say [tell] 'sooth relation, 'that Howel, the strong [of Howel, his relation, that he] was come to land, forth-right to Hamtone, with thirty thousand knights, and with

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<sup>1</sup> leofest?

<sup>2</sup> icome he?

<sup>&#</sup>x27; jusend?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & mid vnimete uolke: þat wollesede þan kinge. Arour him to-3aines bah: mid hæhzere bliffe. mid muchelere mon-weorede: to-zæines his mæie. To-fomne heo comen: blisse wes on hirede. custen & clupten: & cubliche speken. 10 & anan ford ribtef: fomneden heore cnihtes. pa weoren per to-fomne: fele twa ferden. Howel sculde dihten: britti busend cnihten.

touward þā norð ænde. toward Lincolne: pe Cheldric pe kaisere bilai. Ah he heo þa 3æte: nefde noht biwunen.

& Arour hafde an londe:

feouwerti busend an honde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and mid onimete folk: pat folwede him a fote. and Arthur him to-zeines beoh : mid mochelere bliffe. mid mochele manferde : to-zeines his mæye. To-gadere hii comen:

an custe wel ilome.

and anon forp rilites: bannede hire cnihtes. po weren par to-gadere: two gode ferdes. Howel folde dihte: pritti pufend cnihtes. and Arthur hadde an londe: fourti pousend an hond. Ford rilites he wenden : [61188.61.] Ford hii anon wende :

> 20 to ban Norb ende. toward Lyncolne niht and day: [Linc]ol par Childrich be borh bi-lay. Ac he pe 3et: [c.2.] nadde nobing awonne.

innumerable folk, that followed 'the king [him on foot; and] Arthur towards him marched, with great bliss; with a mickle host, towards his relation. Together they came,—bliss was among the folk,—[and] 'they kissed 'and embraced [well often], 'and spake familiarly'; and anon forth-right assembled their knights. Then were there together two good armies; of whom Howel should command thirty thousand knights, and Arthur had in land fourty thousand in hand. Forth-'right [anon] they marched, 'toward [to] the North end, toward Lincoln [night and day], 'that [where] Childric the 'kaiser [the burgh] besieged. But he the yet had 'nought for per weoren wid inē: feoue þufen 1 monnen. ohte men and wihte: dæies and nihtes. Arour mid hif ferde: fusde touward burze. & Arour for-bæd his cnihtes: dæies & nihtes. pat heo liden stille: fwulc neo stelen wolde. liðen ouer leoden: & luden bilefden. hornes & bemen: alle weoren bilafde. Ardur nom enne cniht: be wes oht mon and wiht. & fende hine to Lincolne? to leuē hif monnen. & he heo to fode: sæide mid muðe. þat cumen wolde Arður: aðelest kingē. to bere middernihte:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

for pare were wip ine:
foue pufend manne.
ohte men an wihte:
daizes and nihte.
Arthur mid his ferde:
wende touward borewe.
Arthur for-bed his cnihtes:
daizes and nihtes.
pat hii zeoden afe ftille:
fo hii ftele wolde.

Arthur nam one cniht!

pat was wis man and wiht.

and fende hine into Lyncolne!

to leoue his manne.

pat he folde to fope!

fegge mid moupe.

pat comen wolde Arthur!

to pare midnihte.

[nothing] won; for there were within seven thousand men, brave men and active, by day and night. Arthur with his forces marched toward the burgh; and Arthur fore-ordered his knights, by day and night, that they should proceed [as] still, as if they would steal; 'pass over the country, and cease any noise; horns and trumpets, all should be relinquished.' Arthur took a knight, that was a 'brave [wise] man and active; and sent him to Lincoln to his dear men, 'and he said to them [that he should say] in sooth, with mouth, that Arthur would come, 'noblest of kings,' at the midnight, 'and with him many a good knight.'—"And ye within,

<sup>1</sup> pusend?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The first two letters of this word are on an erasure.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & mid him moni god cniht. & 3e wið inne: penne beoð eou iwarre. pat penne 3e i-here's pene dune : wane 3eo pe dune iherep. þat 3e 3æten untunen. and fufed1 ut of burge: & eoure feod? felle&. & finited a Cheldrichen: þan ftrongen & þan richen. and we heom fculled tellen: 10 and we heom folle telle: Bruttiffe spelles. Hit was to pere middel-niht? pe mone scæn scan³ suð riht. [a 2.] pe mone son soupriht. Ardur mid his ferde: fusde to burh. bat folc wes fwa ftille: swa heo stelen woldē. ford heo comen liden: pat heo iseizen Lincolne. buf him cleopien agon: Ardur þe kene mon.

Whar beo 3e mine cnihtes: mine hære-kemppen.

Iseo 3e pa teldes:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

And 3e wib ine beob iwar:

pat 3e pe 3eates vntune: and vt wendeb swibe.

and fmiteb on Cheldrich: bane stronge and bane riche. Bruttuffe spelles.

Hit was to ban midniht:

Arthur mid his ferde: wende to borewe. pat folc was fo stille: fo hii stele wolde. forb hii comen wende: to Lyncolnef ende. po him cleopie agan: Arthur be kene man. Ware beo 3eo mine cnihtef: mine deorworbe kempes.

Nou 3eo isep pe teldes :

'then' be 'ye' ware, 'that' when ye hear the din, that ye [the] gates unfasten; and sally out 'of the burgh [quickly], 'and fell your foes'; and smite on Childric, the strong and the powerful; and we shall tell them British tales!"—It was at the midnight, when the moon shone right south, Arthur with his host marched to the burgh; the folk was as still as if they would steal; forth they proceeded until they saw 'Lincoln [to Lincolns end. 'Thus [Then] gan he call, Arthur the keen man: "Where be ye, my knights, my [dear-worthy] warriors? 'See ye [Now ye see] the tents,

<sup>2</sup> feond? 1 fuses? 3 Redundant?

Aurilie.

ber Childrich lið i ueldef. Colgrim & Baldulf ? mid baldere strengde. bat Alemainisce uole: pat uf hæfeð ihærmed. & pat Sæxisce uolc: pat forzen uf bihated. pat alle habbeo's aqualde: ba hæhste of mine cunne. Constanz and Costantin: & Vőer þe wes fader min. and Auriliæn Ambrofie: minef fader brober. & moni Dufend monen: of abele mine cunne. Utē we heom to libe: and to grunde legge. and wreken wrubliche2: ure cun & heore riche. and alle fome 8 for 8 riht: nu ride æuer alc god cniht. Arour gon to riden: þa ferde gon gliden.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

warChildrich lip in feldes.[1955.1.]

Colgrym and Baldolf!

mid boldere strengpe.

paxisse! folk!

pat habbep vs iharmid.

pat alle habbep acweld :

pe beste of oure cunne.

Constance and Constantin:

and Vther pat was fader min.

and Aurelie Ambrosie:

pat was min fader broper.

and many pousend manne:

of gode mine cunne.

Hote to heo wende:

and to grunde legge.

and wreke worpliche oure cun:

and oure kine-riche.

po Arthur gan ride: and pe ferde forp glide.

where Childric lieth on the fields; Colgrim and Baldulf, with bold strength; the 'Alemainish [Saxish] folk, that us hath harmed, 'and the Saxish folk, that sorrow to us promiseth; that all hath killed, the 'highest [best] of 'my [our] kin; Constance and Constantine, and Uther, who was my father, and Aurelie Ambrosie, [who was] my fathers brother, and many thousand men of my 'noble [good] kindred? Go we out to them, and lay to the ground, and worthily avenge our kin and 'their realm [our kingdom]; 'and all together forth-right now ride every good knight!'" [Then] Arthur gan to ride, [and] the army 'gan [forth] to move, 'as if all the earth

<sup>1</sup> þa Saxisle?

² wurdliche?

<sup>3</sup> formed?

fwulc al pa eorde:

wolde for-bærnen.

and fmiten i pa ueldef:

imog Childriches teldes.

pæt wes þæ æreste mon :

Arour be heze gume:

þe wes Vöeres fune.

kenliche & lude:

fwa bicumeð kinge.

Nu fulfte uf Marie:

goddes milde moder.

and ich ibidde hire fune? bat he uf beon a fultume.

Æfne þan wordes:

turnden heo heore ordes.

ftikeden & flogen :

al pat heo neh comen. And cnihtes ut of burh3e:

buzen heō to-zæines.

3if heo flugen to burgen?

þer heo for-wurðen.

3if heo flo3en to þa wunde 1:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and fmiten in be feldes: among Childrich his teldes.

pat was be ereste man:

pe per cleopien agon. [£119.c.1.] pat pare cleopie agan.

Arthur be heze gome: bat his Vth9 his fone.

keneliche and loude:

10 fo bi-comeþ kýnges.

Nou fulfte vs Marie :

bat his godef moder.

and ich bidde hire sone :

bat vs beo a foltome.

Efne pan worde:

hii tornde hire ordes.

ftikede and flowe:

al pat hii neh come.

And cnihtes vt of borewe:

wende heom to-zenef.

3ef hii floze to borewe:

pare hii hadde forewe.

3ef hii flo3e to pare wode:

would be consumed'; and smote in the fields among 'Childrics [Childric his] tents. That was the first man, that there gan to shout,—Arthur the noble man, who 'was Uthers [is Uther his] son,—keenly and loud, as becometh 'a king [kings]: "Now aid us, Mary, 'Gods mild [that is Gods] mother! And I pray her son, that he be to us in succour!" Even with the words they turned their spears; pierced and slew all that they came nigh. And the knights out of the burgh marched against them (the enemies); if they fled to the burgh, there they 'were destroyed [had sorrow]; if they fled to the wood, there they [men] slaughtered them; come wher-

20

<sup>1</sup> R. wude.

Bellum Ar- þer hi heom forduden. thuri. comen ber heo comen:

æuere heo heom flogen. Nif hit a nare boc idiht:

bat æuere weore æi fiht.

ine biffere Bruttene: bat balu weore fwa riue.

for volken him wes ærmest:

pat æuere com to ærde.

per wes muchel blod sute:

balu wes on folke.

dæð þer wes rife:

þe eorðe þer dunede.

Childrich be kæisere: Childric. hæfede ænne castel here.

a Lincolnef felde:

per he læi wið innen.

þe wes neouwen iworht:

& swide wel biwust. & pere weoren mid him:

Baldulf & Colgrim.

and ifezen bat heore uolc:

fæie-sih worhtē.

& heo ford riht anon:

on mid heore burnen, [c. 2.]

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pare me heom for-dude. come ware hii come: euere me hii slowe. [c. 2.]

Nis hit in none boke idiht: bat euere her were foch fiht.

in biffere Brutaine: pare fleaht were so riue.

10 par was mochel blod i3ote:

deap par was riue.

Hildrich þe kayfer: hadde one castel her. a Lyncolnes felde: þar he lay wiþ ine. he was newene iwroht: and fwipe wel he was idiht. and par weren mid him: Baldolf and Colgrim.

and ifehze pat hire folke: folle to grunde. And hii forp riht anon: an mid hire brunies.

ever they might come, ever 'they [men] them slew. It is not in any book indited, that ever 'any [such] fight were [ere] in this Britain, 'that mischief [where slaughter] was so rife, 'for folk it was most miserable, that ever came to the land!' There was mickle blood-shed, 'mischief was among the folk'; death there was rife; 'the earth there became dun!' Childric the kaiser had a castle here, in Lincolns field, where he lay within, 'that [it] was newly wrought, and exceeding well 'guarded [it was made]; and there were with him Baldulf and Colgrim, and saw that their folk 'suffered death [fell to ground]. And they anon forth-right, on with their burnies, and

Calid[on].

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and flugen ut of castle: kenscipe bidaled1. and flugen ford riht anan: to be wude of Calidon. Heo hafden to iferen: feouen þusend rideren. and ho bilafden of-flagen: & idon of lif-dagen. feowerti þufude2: ifeolled to pan grunde. Alemainisce mē: mid ærnðe3 fordemed. and þa Sexisce men: ibroht to þan gruden. þa ifæh Arður : aðeleft kingen. þat Childrich wes iflogen: into Calidonie ito3ē. and Colgrim & Baldulf: mid him ibozen weoren. into þā haze wude: in to pan hæze holme.

and flozen vt of castle?
kensipe bi-dealed.
and flozen forpriht anon?
to pan wode of Calidon.
And hadde to i-vere?
foue hundred rideres.
and hii blesde of-slawe?
and idon of lif-dazes.
fourti pusend?
liggen on pare feldes.

po iseh Arthur?
boldest alre kinge.
pat Cheldrich was a-flowe?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Arthur wende after: mid fixti pusend cnihtes.

and in to Calidoine itowc.

and Colgrym and Baldolf:

20 mid him pare were.

fled out of the castle, of courage bereft; and fled forth-right anon to the wood of Calidon. They [And] had for companions seven thousand riders; and they left forty thousand slain, and deprived of life-day, felled 'to the ground [lying on the fields]; 'Alemainish men, with mischief destroyed, and the Saxish men, brought to the ground!' Then saw Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings, that Childric was flown, [and] into Calidon gone, and Colgrim and Baldulf with him were 'gone [there,] 'into the high wood, into the high holm. And' Arthur pursued after with sixty thousand

& Arður bæh after:

mid fixti busend cnihten.

¹ bidale8 pr. m.

² þufunde? 、

<sup>3</sup> ærmbe?

Bruttene leoden: bene wude al bileien. and an are halfe hine feolden: fulle feoue milen. treo uppen ofer treoliche faste. an o'der halue he hine bilai: mid hif leod-ferde. preo dazes & preo niht: † wes heom muchel pliht.

colg[rim]. þa ifæh Colgrī: alse he læi þer in.

pat per wes buten mete: fcarp hunger & hete.

ne heō no heore horsen: hælp nefde nenne.

And puf cleopede Colgrim: [f.119]. po faide Colgrym:

to pan kaifere.

Sæie me lauerd Childric: sodere worden.

for whulchef cunnes binge:

ligge we buf here. whi nulle we ut faren:

& bonnien ure ferden.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Bruttene leode: pane wode al bi-leie.

in one half hii hine fulde: folle foue myle.

treo vppe treo: kenliche swipe.

an oper half hine bi-leye: mid gode his folke.

preo daizes and preo niht:

pat was to heom god riht.[696.c1.]

bo ifeh Colgrim:

afe¹ laỷ þar in.

pat pare was boute mete:

fcarp honger and hate. ne hii ne hire hors:

help nadde nanne.

to pan cayfere Cheldrich.

Sai me louerd Childrich:

fobere wordef.

for woche cunnes pinge: ligge we bus her ine.

wi nole we vt fare: and banny oure ferde.

knights of British people; the wood he all surrounded; 'and' on one side [they] it felled, full seven miles, 'one tree upon another, truly fast [tree upon tree, very keenly]; on the other side 'he' surrounded it with his 'army [good folk], three days and three nights;—that was to them 'mickle harm [right good]. Then saw Colgrim, as he lay therein, that there was without meat sharp hunger, and strife (?); nor they nor their horses help had any. 'And thus called [Then said] Colgrim to the kaiser [Childric]: "Say me, lord Childric, sooth words; for what kind of thing lie we thus here[in]? Why should we not go out, and assemble our host, and begin

1 afe he?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.
and biginnen' fehtes:
wio Arour & wio his cnihtes.
for betere uf if on londe:
mid moscipe to liggen.
pene we pus here:
for hungere to-wuroen.
iswenched uf sære:
folke to scare.

Ober we fended wid and wid: and geornen Ardures grid. 10 and bidden buf hif milce: & 3ifles him bitechen. & wurche freondscipe: wið þan freo kige. pif iherde Childric: ber he læi wið inne dic. and he andfwarede: wið ærmliche stefene. 3if hit wulle Baldulf: be if bin age broder. and ma of ur iferen: þe mid uf funde here. pat we bidden Ardures<sup>3</sup> grið:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

and bi-ginne fihtef:'
wip Arthur and his cnihtef.
for betere vs his on londe:'
manfipliche ligge.
pane we pus here:'
mid honger forworpi.

Oper we fende him wip: and 3eorne Arthur his grip. and bidde him milce: and 3ifles bi-take.

pis ihorde Cheldrich!

par he lai wip ine dich.

and answerede!

mid cwickere stemne.

3ef hit wole Baldolf!

20 pat his pin owe broper.

and mo of oure feres!

pat mid vs beop here.

21 pat we bidde Arthures grip!

fight with Arthur and 'with' his knights? For better it is for us on land 'with honor [honorably] to lie, than that we thus here perish 'for [with] hunger; 'it grieveth us sore, to the destruction of the folk.' Either send we 'again and again [to him], and yearn 'Arthurs [Arthur his] peace, and pray 'thus his [him] mercy, and hostages deliver him, 'and make friend-ship with the free king." Childric heard this, where he lay within the dyke, and 'he' answered with 'sorrowful [quick] voice: "If Baldulf it will, who is thine own brother, and more of our comrades, who with us are here, that we pray Arthurs peace, and make amity with him, after your

<sup>1</sup> bigunnen pr. m.

<sup>3</sup> ifwenches?

<sup>3</sup> Arbures?

& fahtnesse him wurchen wid. after æuwer wille: do ich hit wulle. For Arour if swide hæh mon: ihalden on leoden. leof alle hif monnen: & of kine-wurde cunne. al of kingen icume: he wes Voeres fune. & of? hit ilimped: 10 a ueole cunne peoden. per gode cnihtes: cumed to sturne fihte. [c. 2.] bat heo ærest biziteð: after heo hit leose's. & al fwa uf to-3ere:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Alle uf biluuied8 bifne ræd: for bu hafest wel isæid. Heo nomen twælf cnihtef:

andswareden pa cnihtes.

if ilimpen here.

& æft uf bet ilipped: 3if we mote liuien. Sone for orihtes:

will I will do it. For Arthur is esteemed 'very [well] noble man in land; dear to all his men, and of royal kindred, all come of kings; he was'Uthers [Uther his] son. And oft it befalleth, in many kind of land, where [the] good knights come to 'stern [strong] fight, that they [who] first gain,

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

after oure 1 wille : don ich hit wolle.

hi-holde in londe.

For Arthur his wel heh man:

and sæhtnesse him werche wib.

leof alle his manne:

and of kineworpe cunne.

al of kingef icome:

he was Vther his fone. And ofte hit bi-fallep:

in manýcunne leode. [c. 2.] par pe gode cnihtes:

comeb to strange fihtes.

þat þaýe þat her bi-zeteþ: eft hii leoseþ.

and al fo ous to-zere:

his ifalle here.

20 Sone forbrihtes: answerede alle pe cnihtes. Alle we louieb pane read: for bou hauest wisliche i-seid.

Hii nemen twalf cnihtes:

'afterwards [eft] they 'it' lose. And thus to us now is befallen here, 'and eft to us better will happen, if we may live.'" Soon forth-right answered [all] the knights: "We all praise 'this [the] counsel, for thou hast 'well

[wisely] said!" They took twelve knights, and sent forth-right, where

<sup>1</sup> goure?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. & fenden ford rihtes. per he wes on telde: bi þaf wudes ende. þe an cleopeden anan: mid quickere stefne. Lauerd Ardur þi grið: we wolden speken be wid. hider be kaifere uf set: Childric ihaten. & Colgrim & Baldulf: 10 beien to-fomē. Nu and æuere mare: heo bidded 1 pine ære. pine men heo wulled bicumen: & pine möscipe hæzen. & heo wulled ziue þe: 3ifles inowe. & halden be for lauer82: fwa þe beoð alre leofeft. 3if heo moten live: heonene mid liue.

into heor leoden :

& lað-fpæl bringen.

and fende forprihtes. par Arthur was in telde : bi þan wodef hende. and on cleopie agan: loudere stemne. Louerd Arthur pin grip : we wollen speke be wib. hider þe kaifer vs fent: pat Cheldrich his ihote. Colgrym and Baldolf: beyne to-gadere. Hii biddeb bin ore : nou and enere more. bine men hii wolleb bi-come : and treoupe to be holde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

3ef hii mo3 libbe : and hire limes habbe. and hinene wende: in to hire londe. For her we habbeod4 ifunden: For her we habbeb i-funde!

'he [Arthur] was in tent, by the woods end; [and] 'the' one 'called anon [began to call] with 'quick [loud] voice: "Lord Arthur, thy peace! We would speak with thee; hither the kaiser sent us, [who is] named Childric, 'and' Colgrim and Baldulf, both together. Now and evermore they pray thy mercy; thy men they will become, and 'thy honor advance, and they will give to thee hostages enow, and hold thee for lord, as to thee shall be liefest of all, if they may depart hence with life, [troth to thee hold, if they may live, and have their limbs, and hence depart,] into their land;

1 bidde8? 2 lauerd? 3 mowe? 4 habbeot? 2 G VOL. II.

Arbur.

feole cunne forzen. at Lincolne bilæued: leofe ure mæies. fixti busend monnen: pa per beo's of-flægene. And 3if hit be weore: wille an heorte. [f. 120. c.1.] bat we mosten ouer sæ: winden mid feile. nulle we nauere mare: æft cumen here. for her we habbeod 1 for-lore : leoue ure mæies. swa longe fwa bid<sup>8</sup> æuere: her ne cume we næuer. ba loh Ardur: ludere stefene. Ibonked wurde drihtene: þe alle domef waldeð.

bat Childric be stronge:

if fad of mine londe. Mi lod he hafe's to-dæled:

al hif duze e-cnihtes.

me seoluë he bohte?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

fale cunnef forewe. at Lyncolnes feldes: bi-leaued oure freondes. sixti bousend manne: par liggep of-flawe. And 3ef hit were pin wille: þat we most away wende. 10 nolde we neuere more: eft comen here. for he2 we habbeb for-lore: oure leafue meyes. so lange so beob euere: her ne come we neuere. po loh Arthur! [£96.c. 1.]

loudere stemne.

Ich þonki mine drihte: pat alle domef weldep.

pat Childric be stronge:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

hif fad of mine londe. Mi lond he haueb idealed: amang his freo cnihtes. mi seolue he bohte : 'and bring evil tidings.' For here we have found sorrows of many kind;

20

at 'Lincoln [Lincolns fields] left our 'dear relatives [friends]; sixty thousand men, 'that' there 'are [lie] slain. And if it were 'to thee will in heart [thy will], that we might 'pass over sea with sail [go away], we would nevermore eft come here; for here we have lost our dear relatives. So long as is ever, here come we back never!" Then laughed Arthur, with loud voice:-" Thanked be the [I thank my] Lord, that all dooms wieldeth, that Childric the strong is tired of my land! My land he hath divided

<sup>1</sup> habbeot?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. her.

driuen ut of mire leoden. halden me for hæne: & habben mine riche. & mi cun al for-uaren: mi uolc al fordemed1. Ah of hī2 bið iwurðen : fwa bid of pan voxe. pene he bið baldest: ufen an þan walde. & hafe'd his fulle ploze: & fuzeles inoze. for wildscipe climbid: and cluden iseched8. i þan wilderne: holzes him wurched. farē wha fwa auere fare: naued he næuere næñe kare. he weneð to beon of duzeðe: baldest alre deoren. pene 5 size him to: fegges vnder beorgen. mid hornen mid hunde:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. driue vt of mine cubbe.

Ac of him hit his iworke: fo hif of ba foxe. wane he his boldest: ouenan þe wolde. and haueh hif folle pleay: and foweles inowe. for wildfipe clembeh: and cludef he fecheb. in ban wilde cleues: holes he fechep4. fare wo fe bar fare: naueb neuere nanne care. he wenep pat he be panne? boldest alre deore. 20 Ac wane fiel him to: hontef onder borewe.

mid hornes mid hundes:

3 ifechet?

'to all [among] his [free] knights; myself he thought to drive out of my country; 'hold me for base, and have my realm, and my kin all put to death, my folk all destroy.' But of him [it] is happened, as it is of the fox, when he is boldest over the weald, and hath his full play, and fowls enow; for wildness he climbeth, and rocks [he] seeketh; in the 'wilderness [wild cliffs] holes 'to him [he] worketh. Fare 'whosoever [whoso there] shall fare, he hath never any care; he weeneth 'to be of power [that he is then] the boldest of all animals. [But] when come to him the 'men [hunters] under the hills, with horns, with hounds, with loud cries; the

fordemen?
wirchep?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> At first written hit.

<sup>6</sup> Ah þēne?

<sup>2</sup> G 2

mid hazere stefenen. hunten par talied: hundes per galieo. pene vox driued: zeond dalef & zeond dunes. he ulih to ba holme: & hif hol' ifeche 8. i ba uirste ænde : i þan holle wendeð. penne if be balde uox: bliffen al bideled. & mon him to-delued: on ælchere heluen. pēne beoð þer forcuðest: deoren alre pruttest. Swa wes Childriche: ban strongen & ban riche. he bohten al mi kinelod: fentten an hif agere hond. to ban bare dæðe. whæger swa ich wulle don: oder flæn oder ahon. Nu ich wulle 3ifen hi grið:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

mid hezere stemne. hontes par taliep: houndes par galiep. pane fox driuep: geond dounef and dales. panne flich he to pan cleoue! and his hol fecheb. in to pan forrest ende? of pan hole he wendep. panne his pe bolde fox : bliffe al bi-dealed. and man him to-dealuep: in euereche halue. panne his forcoupift : deor alre protest. So was Childriche: be strange and be riche. he pohte al min kinelond: [c2] fette on his owe hond. ah nu ich habbe hine idriuen: 20 ac nou ich habbe hine idriue: to pan bare deape. waper so ich wolle don : oper flen oper an-hon.

Nou ich wolle 3efue him grib?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

hunters there hollow, the hounds there give tongue, they drive the fox over 'dales and over downs [downs and dales, then] he fleeth to the 'holm [cliff], and seeketh his hole; 'in [into] the furthest end 'in [of] the hole [he] goeth; then is the bold fox of bliss all deprived, and men dig to him on 'each [every] side; then is 'there' most wretched the proudest of all animals! So was it with Childric, the strong and the rich; he thought all my kingdom to set in his own hand; but now I have driven him to the bare death, whether so (whatsoever) I will do, either slay or hang. Now will

<sup>1</sup> holt pr. m., but t erased.

& leten hine me specken wið. nulle ich hine flæ no ahon: ah hif bode ich wulle fo. 3ifles ich wulle habbē: of hæxten his monnen. horf & heore wepnen: ær heo heone wenden. and fwa heo scullen wræcchen: so hii solle wrecches: to heoren scipen liðen. fæilien ouer fæ: to fele heore londe. & per wirdliche1: wunien on riche. and tellen tidende: of Aroure kinge. hu ich heom habbe ifreoied: for minef fader faule. & for mine freo-dome: [£120b.c.1.] and for mine fredome: ifrouered þa wræcchen. Her wef Arour be king: aðelen bidæled. nes þer nan swa reh3 mon: þe him durfte ræden. bet him of-buhte fære:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and lete hine speke me wib. nolle ich hine flean ne an-hon : al his bede ich wolle don. ich wolle habbe 3ifles : of þe hehtest of his manne. horf and hire wepne: her hii wende ine. to hire fipes wende. 10 sayli ouer séé : to hire owe londe. and par worblice: wonie on hire riche. and tellen tydinde: of Arthur pan kinge. hou ich ha ifroured: for mine fader faule. ifroured be wrecches. Her was Arthur be king: abele bi-dealed. nas par non fo reh mon? pat him dorfte reade.

I give him peace, and let him speak with me; I will not him slay, nor hang, 'but [all] his prayer I will 'receive [do]. Hostages I will have of [the] highest of his men; their horses and weapons, ere they hence depart; 'and' so they shall as wretches go to their ships; sail over sea to their 'good [own] land, and there worthily dwell in [their] realm, and tell tidings of Arthur [the] king, how I them 'have freed [succoured], for my fathers soul, and for my freedom solaced the wretches." Hereby was Arthur the king of honor deprived; was there no man so bold that durst him advise;

pat him of-pohte:

20

<sup>1</sup> wirbliche?

fone per after. [Child]ric. Childric co of comela: to Aroure ban kinge. & he hif mon per bi-com: mid hif cnihten alle. Feouwer and twenti 3ifles: Childric per bitæhte. alle heo weoren icorene: and hæhze men iborenne. heo bi-tahten heore horf: and heore burnen. fcaftes & fceldes: & longe heore fweordes. al heo bi-læfden: þat heo þer hæfden. Ford heo gunnen fizen: bat heo to fæ comen. per heore scipen gode: bi þere sæ stoden. Wind stod on wille: weder swide murie.

he1 scusen from pan stronde?

scipen grete & longe.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

fone bar after. Cheldrich com of comelan: to Arthur þan kinge. and he his man par bi-com ! and his cnihtes alle. Four and tweti hoftagef: Childrich par bi-tabte. alle hii weren i-core : and heze men i-bore. 10 hii bi-tahte hire hors: and al hire wepne. scaftes and feldes: and al hire fweordef. al hii bi-lefden : [£97.c.1.] þat hii þar hadden. For hii gonne wende: bat hii to féé come. par hire fipes gode: bi pare [séé] stode.

and hi hii2 fouen fram ban londe!

hire fipes stronge.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

that repented him 'sore,' soon thereafter! Childric came from covert (?) to Arthur the king; and he there became his man, 'with [and] all his knights. Four and twenty hostages Childric there delivered; all they were chosen, and noble men born; they delivered their horses, and 'their burnies [all their weapons], spears and shields, and 'their long [all their] swords; all they relinquished that they there had. Forth they gan to march until they came to the sea, where their good ships by the sea stood. 'The wind stood at will, the weather most favorable,' [and] they shoved from the 'strand [land their] ships 'great and long [strong]; 'the land they all left,'

pat lond heo al bilæfden: & liden after voen. pat næne fiht of londe? iseo heo ne mahten. pat water wes stille: after heore iwille. heo lette to-somne: fæiles gliden. bord wið borden: beornes per spileden. 10 sæiden þat heo wolden: eft to biffen londe. & wreken wurdliche1: heore wine-mæies. & westen Aroures lond: & leoden aquellen. and castles biwinnen: & wilgomē wurchen. Swa heo liden after fæ: efne al fwa longe. pat heo commen bitwize: Ænglelonde & Normandie. heo wenden heore lofes: & liðen toward löde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and wende forb fo longe? bat no lond hii ne feh3e.

pat weder was stille: after hire wille. and gliden to-gaderes: and wordes speke.

[c. 2.] and faide pat hii wolde?' eft to piffe londe.

and westen Arthur lond? and his folk cwelle.

Hii wende hire loues: and tornde to biffe londe.

and 'floated with the waves [proceeded forth so long], that no 'sight of' land they 'might see [saw]. The 'water [weather] was still, after their will; 'they let together their sails glide, board against board, the men there discoursed [and glided together, and words spake; and] said that they would return eft to this land, 'and avenge worthily their relatives,' and waste Arthurs land, and kill [his] folk, 'and win the castles, and work their pleasure. So they voyaged on the sea even so long, that they came between England and Normandy'; they veered their luffs, and 'came toward [turned]

<sup>1</sup> wurbliche?

pat heo comen ful iwif: to Derte-mube at Totteneis. mid muchelere bliffe: heo buzen to pan londe. Sone fwa heo a lond comen: pat folc heo aflozen. þa cheorles heo ulozen: þa tiledē þa eorðen. heo hengen þa cnihtef: þa biwuften þa londef. alle pa gode wiues: heo stikeden mid cnifes. alle þa maidene: heo mid morŏe aqualden. and paie ilærede men : heo læiden on gledē. Alle þa heorede-cnauen: mid clibben heo a-qualden. heo velledden þa castles: pat lond heo a-wæften. þa chirechen heo for-barnden: baluw wes on folke. ba fukende children: heo adrēten inne wateren.

pat orf pat heo nomen:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat hii come foliwis:' to Dertemup at Totenas.

Sone so hii a lond come? pat folk hii a-slowe.
pe cherles hii hilden? pat telede par erpe.
pe cnihtes hii an-hong? pat were in pan londe.
alle pe gode wises? hii stekede mid cnifues.
alle pe maidene? mid morpre hii acwelde. and alle pe learedemen? hii caste in fure.

pe cheorches hii for-barnde! pe chastles hii asulde.

pat horf pat hii nome :

to this] land, so that they came full surely to Dartmouth at Totnes; 'with much bliss they approached to the land.' So soon as they came on land, the folk they slew; the churls they drove off, that tilled 'the 'earth [there]; the knights they hung, that 'defended [were in] the land; all the good wives they sticked with knives; all the maidens they killed with murder; and [all] the learned men (clergy) they 'laid on embers [cast in the fire]. 'All the domestics (or baser sort) they killed with clubs; they felled the castles, the land they ravaged'; the churches they consumed, [the castles they felled],—'grief was among the folk!—the sucking children they drowned in the water.'

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. al heo flogen. al hii of-flowe. to heore inne ladden: to hire ine hii hit ladde? and fude and bradden. [£121.c.1.] and fude hit and bradde. al heo hit nom: al hii hit neme: pat heo neh comen. bat hii neh come. Alle dæi heo fungen: Al day hii fonge: of Ardure1 pan kinge. of Arthur pan kinge. [c.2.] and fæiden þat heo haueden: and faide þat hii hadde : hamef biwunnen. homes bi-wonne. þæ fcolden heom i-halden: 10 woche hii wolde holde: in heore onwalden. & þer heo wolde wunien: wintres & fumeref. wyntref and fomeres. And 3if Arour weoren swa kene: and 3ef Arthur were so kene: bat he cumen wolde. pat he comen wolde. to fihten wid Childrichen: to fihte wip Childrich: þan strongen & þan richen. pan strong and pe rich. heo wolden of hif rugge: We wolled of his rugge: makien ane brugge. makien one brugge. and nimen þa ban alle: and nime be bones alle: 20 of abele pan kinge. and teien heom to-gadere: and tize heom to-gadere: mid guldene tezen.

and leggen i pare halle-dure:

The cattle that they took, all they slaughtered; to their inns [they] carried [it], and boiled [it] and roasted; all they it took, that they came nigh. All day they sung of Arthur the king, and said that they had won homes, 'that [which] they 'should [would] hold 'in their power; and there they would dwell' winter and summer. And if Arthur were so keen, that he would come to fight with Childric, the strong and the rich, 'they would ["We will] of his back make a bridge, and take all the bones 'of the noble king,' and tie them together 'with golden ties,' and lay [them] in the hall

and legge heom in pare halle-dore:

1 R. Arbure.

Childric.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xm.

per æch mon sculde uord faren. par ech man sal sorp fare. to wurdscipe Chilche1: þan strongen & þan riche. pif wes al heore gome? for Aroures kingel sceome. ah al hit iwrað? on oðer: fone per after. heore 3elp & heore goe : ilomp heom seoluen to scae. & fwa deð wel iwære: 10

pis was al hire game: for Arthur be kingef same. ac al hit iwarp oper: fone par after.

so dob wel iware:

þe mon þe fwa ibereð. Childric þe kaifere biwon: al pat he lokede on. he nom Sumerfete:

& he nom Dorfete. and al4 Deuene-scire :

bat volc al for-ferde.

and he Wiltun-scire: mid widere igrætte.

he nom alle pa londes: in to pære sæ strode. pa æt þan laste:

þa lette heo blawē.

heore seolp and hire game? ful 3am feolue to grame. be man bat vuel wircheb. Hildrich al a-won! / þat he mid eh3ene lokede on. he nam Somerte<sup>3</sup>:

he nam Dorfete. and in Deueniffire: bat folk he for-ferde.

90 he nam alle be londes: to pare séé strondes. po at pan laste:

door, where each man 'should [shall] go forth, ' to the worship of Childric, the strong and the rich!' This was all their game, for Arthur [the] kings shame; but all it happened 'in' other wise, soon thereafter; their boast and their game befell to themselves to 'shame [grief]; 'and' so doth well everywhere the man that 'so acteth [worketh evil]. Childric 'the kaiser' won all that he looked on [with eyes]; he took Somerset, 'and' he took Dorset, and in Devonshire the folk 'all [he] destroyed, 'and Wiltshire with hostility he greeted'; he took all the lands 'un'to the sea strand. Then at the last, 'then caused he horns and trumpets to be blown, and 'his host 'to be as-

[c.2.]

<sup>1</sup> Childriche.

<sup>2</sup> iwar6?

<sup>3</sup> Somerfete?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

hornes & bemen :

& bonnië hif ferden.

& forð he wolde busen:

& Bačen al biliggen. and æc Briftouwe:

abuten birouwen.

pif was heore ibeot:

ær heo to Bače comen.

To Base com pe kæisere:

& bilæi þene caftel þere.

& þa men wið innen:

ohtliche agunnen.

stepen uppen stanene wal:

wel iwepned ouer al.

& wereden þa riche:

wið þan stronge Childriche.

per lai pe kaisere:

& Colgrim hif iuere.

& Baldulf hif broder &

& moni an ofer.

Arður wes bi norðe:

and noht her of nufte. ferde 3eod al Scotlond:

& fette hit an hif azere hond.

C R to me an in agere nond.

Orcaneie & Galeweie:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

he bannede his ferde.

and faide pat he wolde:

Bape bi-ligge.

and eke Brustouwe:

a-boute bi-rowe.

pis was hire broc: are hii to Bape come.

pider wende pe cayfer:

and bi-lay Bape per.

and be men wib ine : [4.97 b.c. 1.]

ahlice a-gonne.

wenden vppe ston wal:

wel iwepnid oueral.

and werede pe riche: wip pan strong Childriche.

Arthur was bi Norpe? and noht her of nufte. he wende oueral Scotlond: and fette hit in his owe hond.

Man and Organeye:

sembled, and forth he would march, and [he assembled, and said that he would] Bath 'all' besiege, and eke Bristol about berow. This was their threat, ere they to Bath came. 'To Bath came [Thither went] the kaiser, and belay 'the castle [Bath] there; and the men within bravely began; they mounted upon the stone walls, well weaponed over all, and defended the place against Childric the strong. 'There lay the kaiser, and Colgrim his companion, and Baldulf his brother, and many another.' Arthur was by the North, and knew nought hereof; [he] proceeded over all Scotland, and set it in his own hand; 'Orkney and Galloway, Man and Moray [Man and

Man & Murene 1. and alle pa londes:

be ber to læien.

Arour hit wende:

to iwisliche binge.

þat Childric iliðen² weoren³∶

to hif azene londe. and bat he nauere mære:

nolde cumen here.

pa comen pa tidende:

to Arthure kinge.

þat Childric þa kæisere :

icumen wes to londen4.

sorzen ber worhten.

þa Arður seide:

[Ar]bur.

aðelest kingen.

Wala wa walawa: pat ich sparede mine iua.

bat ich nauede on holte!

mid hügere hine adefed5.

over mid sweorde:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Morayne and Galeweye.

Arthur hit wende:

bat hit fob were.

pat Childrich were ichord:

to his owe londe.

and pat he neuere more:

nolde comen here.

10 po comen pe tidynge: to Arthur pan kinge.

pat Cheldrich pe cayfer:

icome was to londe.

and i pan sud ende: [£121.c.1.] in pan sup eande:

harmef he wrohte.

po saide Arthur :

boldest alre kinge.

Wolawo:

pat ich sparede mine fo.

20 pat ich nadde on holte:

mid honger hine a-cwelled.

oper mid sweorde:

Orkney, Moray and Galloway], 'and all the lands that lay thereto.' Arthur it weened 'to be certain thing [that it were sooth], that Childric had departed to his own land, and that he never more would come here. When the tidings came to Arthur [the] king, that Childric the kaiser was come to land, 'and' in the South end 'sorrow there [harms he] wrought, then said Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings: "Alas! Alas! that I spared my foe! that I had not with hunger destroyed him in the wood, or with

<sup>1</sup> The last two letters are sup. ras.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The second letter of this word is sup. ras.

The final n has been struck out by a second hand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Lunden, pr. m.

adrefed?

al hine to-fwugen 1. Nu he me 3ilt mede : for mire god dede. ah swa me hælpen drihten: þæ fcop þæf dæies lihten. ber fore he fcal ibiden : bitterest alre baluwen. harde gomenef: hif bone ich wulle iwurden. Colgim & Baldulf: beiene ich wulle aquellen. & al heore duze de : dæð scal iðolien. 3if hit wule ivnnen: waldende hæfnen. ich wulle wurdliche wreken: alle his wider deden. 3if me mot ilasten: bat lif a mire breoften. & hit wulle me iunne:

pat i-scop mone & funne. ne scal nauere Childric:

æft me bi-charren.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

al hine to-fwonge.

Nou he me 3elt mede?
for mine god hede?.
al³ fo me helpe drihte?
pat fop pis dai3ef lihte.
he hit fal a-bugge?
3ef ich mote libbe.

and Colgrim and Baldolf! [c]
beyne ich wolle acwelle.
and alle hire cnihtes!
deap folle polie.
3ef hit wole drihte!
pat alle pinges dihtep.
ich [wolle] worpliche a-wreke!
al his wipere deades.
3ef hit mot i-lafte! [c.2.]
pat lif in mine breofte.

ne fal neuere Cheldrich: eft me bi-chorre.

sword cut him all to pieces! Now he yields to me meed for my good deeds. But so help me the Lord, who formed 'the [this] daylight, he shall 'therefore abide bitterest of all bales,—hard games;—his bane I will be [pay for it, if I may live]! [And] Colgrim and Baldulf both I will kill, and all their 'people [knights] shall suffer death. If the 'Ruler of Heaven [Lord] will 'grant' it, [who ruleth all things] I will worthily avenge all his hostile deeds; if the life in my breast [it] may last 'to me, and the Power that formed moon and sun will grant it to me,' never shall Childric eft deceive me!" Now called Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings:—

20

1 to-fwungen?

2 dede?

3 ac?

Nu cleopede Arður: aðeleft kingen.

Whar beo 3e mine cnihtes:

ohte men & wiðte. to horfe to horfe?

he¹ haleðes gode.

and we fculled? buyen?

touward Bade swide.

Lete's up fusen:

heze forkē.

& bringe's her pa sæfles:

bifore ure cnihtes. [c2]

and heo fcullen hongien:

on hæje treowen.

per he lette fordon:

feouwer & tweti<sup>8</sup> childerren.

Alemainisce mē:

of swide4 heze cunnen.

pa comë tidende: to Aroure pan kinge.

pat feoc wes Howel hif mæi :

pat icoc wes mower mi.

per fore he wes fari.

i Clud ligginde:

& per he hine bilæfde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Nou cleopede Arthur! boldest alre kinge.

Ware be 3e mine cnihtes? ohte men and wihte.

nou we mote wende! toward Babes eande.

leteb hongý þe 3ifles: '
pat hii ous bi-toke.
par he lette for-don:'
four and twenti children.
Alamainisse: of swipe he3e cunne.
po com týdinge:'
to Arthur þan kinge.
pat seak was Howel his may:'
par vore he was sori.
faste liggende:'

and fo he hine bi-lefde.

"Where be ye, my knights, brave men and active! 'To horse, to horse, good warriors'; 'and we shall [now we must] march toward 'Bath speedily [Baths end]! Let 'high gallows be up raised, and bring here the hostages before our knights, and they shall hang on high trees [the hostages be hung, that they delivered to us]!" There he caused to be destroyed four and twenty children, Alemainish 'men' of very noble race. Then came tidings to Arthur the king, that Howel, his relation, was sick,—therefore he was sorry,—lying 'in Clud [fast]; and 'there [so] he left him.

<sup>1</sup> Probably superfluous.

<sup>3</sup> R. twenti.

fculled?

<sup>4</sup> fwide?

Wygar.

Caliburne.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Hizenliche swide:

forð he gon liðe. pat he bihalues Bade 1:

beh to ane uelde.

per he alihte:

& hif cnihtes alle.

and on mid heore burnen:

beornef sturne.

& he a fif dæle: dælde hif ferde2.

pa he hafde al iset:

and al hit isemed.

pa dude he on hif burne:

ibroide of stele.

þe makede on aluisc smið:

mid abelen hif crafte.

he wes ihatë Wygar:

pe witeze wurhte.

His sconken he helede?

mid hofe of stele. Calibeorne hif fweor84:

he sweinde bi his side.

hit wes iworht in Aualun:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and he an hizenge:

toward Babe wende. po he nehlehte:

bi-haluef pan toune.

he hehte alle his cnihtes: an mid hire brunies.

and he a fif deale:

10 to-deale to-dealde hif ferde.

And he warp on him? one brunie of stele.

pat makede an haluis smip:

mid his wife crafte.

he was i-hote Wigar:

þe wittye wrohte.

His legges he helede:

20 mid hofen of stele.

Caliburne his fweord:

he fweinde bi his fide. hit was i-wroht in Auỳlun:

'Forth he gan to push exceeding hastily, until he beside Bath approached to a plain; there he alighted, and all his knights; and [and he in haste toward Bath went. When he approached beside the town, he ordered all his knights] on with their burnies 'the stern men,' and he in five divisions separated his army. 'When he had set (appointed) all, and it all beseemed, then' 'he put on his burny, fashioned of steel [And he threw on him a burny of steel], that an elvish smith made, with his 'excellent [wise]

craft; he was named Wygar, the witty wright. His 'shanks [legs] he covered with hose of steel. Caliburn, his sword, he hung by his side; it

<sup>1</sup> Bate?

<sup>3</sup> Superfluous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> feorde pr. m. but o expuncted.

<sup>4</sup> fweord?

Prid.

Ron

MS, Cott. Otho, C. x111. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. mið i wi3ele-fulle craften. mid witfolle crafte. Halm he fet on hafde: One helm he fette on his heued! here of stele. hæh of stele. par an was mani 3emfton : [[ 98.c.l.] per ō wes moni 3im-ston: al mid golde bi-gon. al mid golde bi-gon. he wes Vderes2: bas abelen kinges. he wes ihaten Gofwhit: he was ihote Goswiht: alle oper onilich. ælchen o'dere vnilic.

Pridwen ihaten.

per wes innen igrauen:

mid rede golde stauen.

an on-licnes deore:

on anlichnisse of golde.

pat was mid isope:

of drihtenes moder.

His fpere he nom an honde: His fpere he nam an honde: ba Ron wes ihaten. bat Ron was ihote.

pa he hafden al his iweden? 20 po he hadde al his wede? 21 pa leop he on his stede. 22 po he on his stede. 23 po hii mihte bi-holde? 24 par bi-halues were.

was wrought in Avalon, with 'magic [witful] craft. [A] helm he set on [his] head, high of steel; thereon was many gemstone, all encompassed with gold; 'it was Uthers, the noble kings'; it was named Goswhit, 'each [all] other unlike. He hung on his neck a precious shield; its name was in British called Pridwen; therein was engraved 'with red gold tracings' a precious image of [an image of gold, that was in sooth] Gods mother. His spear he took in hand, that was named Ron. When he had all his weeds, then leapt he on his steed. Then might 'he [they] behold, who 'stood [were] beside, the fairest knight, that ever host should lead; 'never saw

<sup>1</sup> mid? 2 Voeres? 2 par?

pene uæireste cniht : þe verde fcolde leden.

ne isæh næuere na man:

selere cniht nenne.

lene him wes Arour :

adelest cunnes. þa cleopede Arður :

ludere stæfne.

Lou war her biforen uf:

hedene hundes:

be flozen ure alderē: mid ludere heore craften.

and heo us beoo on londe:

lædest alre bige.

Nu fusen we hom to:

& stærcliche heom leggen on.

& wræken wunderliche:

ure cū & ure riche.

& wreken bene muchele scome: and wreken bane mochele same: pat heo uf iscend habbeod. 20 pat ous hii do habbep.

þat heo ouer voen:

comen to Derte-muden.

& alle heo beo'd for-fworene:

& alle heo beo'd for-lorene.

for alle hii beob for-sworen: and alle hii beop for-loren.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pane fairest cniht:

pat ferde sal leade.

po cleopede Arthur :

pat oure eldre floge:

mid hire luper craftes.

Nou wende to heom:

and hi ous beop on londe:

and starlige 3am legge an.

Lo war her bi-vore ous:

loudere stemne.

heapene hundes.

lobest alre binge.

any man better knight none, than Arthur he was, noblest of race!' Then called Arthur with loud voice: "Lo! where here before us the heathen hounds, who slew our ancestors with their wicked crafts; and they are to us in land loathest of all things. Now march we to them, and starkly lay on them, and avenge 'worthily our kindred, and our realm, and avenge' the mickle shame by which they have disgraced us [that they have done to us], 'that they over the waves should have come to Dartmouth.' 'And [For] all they are forsworn, and all they shall be de-

> 1 wende we? 2 н

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heo beo's for-demed alle:

mid drihttenes fulfte.
Fuse we nu forð ward:

uaste to-somē.

æfne al fwa fofte: [c.2.]

swa we nan ufel ne pohten.

and penne we heo cumeo to? mi feolf ic wullen on-fon.

an alre freomefte1:

pat fiht ich wulle biginnen<sup>2</sup>. 10

Nu we scullen riden:

and ouer lond gliden.

and na man bi his liue!

lude ne wurchen. ah faren fæstliche:

ah faren fæitliche:

drihten us fulften.

pa riden agon! Arour pe riche mon.

beh ou wælde:

 $\Delta r \delta u[r].$ 

& Bače wolde ifechē.

pa tidende com to Childriche:

þan strongen & þan richen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

Nou we folle ride:
nou we folle glide.
and al pe formest:
pat fint ich wolle bi-gynne.
nou me helpe to dai:
drihte pat wel may.
O riden agan:
Arthur pe riche man.
wende ouer wolde:
Bape to feche.

pe tyding com to Childrich: pane stronge and pane rich. [e1]

stroyed; 'they shall be all put to death, with the Lords assistance! March we now forward, fast together, even all as softly as if we thought no evil; and when we come to them, myself I will commence; foremost of all the fight I will begin.' Now we shall ride, 'and over the land [now we shall] glide; and 'no man on pain of his life make noise, but fare quickly; the Lord us aid [all the foremost the fight I will begin; now help me to day the Lord that well may]!" Then Arthur the rich man gan to ride; he proceeded over the weald, 'and' Bath 'would [to] seek. The tiding came to Childric, the strong and the rich, that Arthur came

<sup>1</sup> feormeste?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Written bigunnen, but a plummet line over the first limb of the u indicates the correction.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. ₱ Arður mid ferde com : al 3aru to fihte. Childric & hif ohte men: leopen heom to horfen. igripen heore wepnen: heo wusten heom ifæied. þif ifæh Arður! aðeleft kinge. isæh he ænne hæðene eorl: hældē him to-3eines. mid feouen hundred cnihten: al 3ærewe to fihten. pe orl him feolf ferden 1: bi-foren al hif genge. & Arour him feolf arnde: bi-uoren al hif ferde. Arour be ræie: Ron nom an honde. he stræhte scaft stærcne: stidimoden king. hif horf he lette irnen: bat be eorde dunede2. Sceld he braid on breoftē:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

pat Arthur mid ferde :'

3aru cō to fihte.

Cheldrich mid his ohte men :'
leopen heom to horfe.

and grepen hire wepne :'
hii wifte 3am i-feiped.

po ifeh Arthur an eorl: holde him to-3enef.
mid foue hundred cnihtef: al 3aru to fihte.
pe eorl him seolf ferde: bi-vore al his genge.
and Arthur him feolf: bi-vore al his ferde.
Arthur pe bolde: his fpere nam an honde.

his horf he makede earnee: pat al pe erpe dunede. Sceald he breid to breofte:

with host 'all' ready to fight. Childric 'and [with] his brave men leapt them to horse, [and] grasped their weapons,—they knew themselves to be hateful! 'Arthur saw this, noblest of kings'; 'he [Then Arthur] saw a 'heathen' earl advance against him, with seven hundred knights, all ready to fight. The earl himself approached before all his troop, and Arthur himself 'rode' before all his host. Arthur the bold took 'Ron [his spear] in hand; 'he extended (couched) the stark shaft, the stiff-minded king'; his horse he 'let [made to] run, so that [all] the earth dinned. His shield he drew to his breast,—the king was incensed,—he smote 'Borel' the earl

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The final letter has been struck out by a second hand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> dune pr. m.

[Bor]eL

10

20

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pe king wes abolzen. [£1226.c.1.] pe king was a-bolwe.

he fmat Borel pene eorl? burh ut ba breosten.

þat þæ heorte to-chā∶

and be king cleopede anan.

pe formeste if fæie!

nu fulsten uf drihte. and þa hefenliche quene :

þa drihten akēde.

pa cleopede Arður:

aðeleft kinge. Nu heom to nu heo to:

pat formest if wel idon.

Bruttes hom leiden on :

fwa me fcal a lubere don.

heo bittere swipen 3efuen :

mid axes & mid fweordes. per feolle Cheldriches men :

fulle twa pufend.

fwa neuere Arour ne lef: næuere ænne of hif.

per weoren Sæxisce men : folken alre ærmest.

& þa Alemainisce men:

zeomerest alre leoden.

Arour mid hif sweorde:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

he fmot pan eorl:

porh vt pe breoste.

pat be hearte to-chon:

and be king cleopede anon.

pe formeste his oure:

nou helpe ous dribte.

Nou heom to nou heom to? be formeste his wel idon.

Bruttus heom leide on :

fo me fal þe luþer don.

bitere swipes hii zeuen :

mid axes and mid cniues.

par folle Childreches men :

so neuere Arthur ne leas:

on of his manne.

folle two bousend.

Arthur mid his fweorde:

throughout the breast, so that the heart sundered. And the king called anon, "The foremost is 'dead [ours]! Now help us the Lord, and the heavenly queen, who the Lord bore!" Then called Arthur, noblest of kings': "Now to them! now to them! The commencement is well done!" The Britons laid on them, as men should do on [the] wicked; they gave hitter strokes with axes and with 'swords [knives]. There fell of Childrics men full two thousand, so that never Arthur lost 'ever' one of his [men]; 'there were the Saxish men of all folk most wretched, and the Alemainish men most miserable of all people!' Arthur with his sword 'wrought destruction

fæie-scipe wurhte. al pat he fmat to: hit wes fone for-don. Al wæs þe king abolsen: swa bið þe wilde bar. pēne he i pan mæste: monie [fwyn] imeteb. þif ifæh Childric: & gon him to charren. & beh him ouer Auene: to burgen him feoluen. And Arour him læc to: fwa hit a liun weoren. & fusde heom to flode: monie per weoren fæie. [c.2.] per funken to pan grude: fif & twenti hūdred. þa al wes Auene stram: mid stele ibrugged.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

mid fiftene hundred cnihten. bohte ford siden!

& ouer sæ liðen.

Arður ifæh Colgrim:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bitere swipes swipte. al pat he fmot to: hit was fone for-do. Al waf be king a-bolwe: fo his be wilde bor. wane he in pan maste: many fwyn i-meteb. pis i-seh Cheldric: [f. 98b. c. 2.] and gan him to flende.

and iwende ouer Auene: 10 to borse him fram arme. And Arthur heom leop to: ase hit a lyon were.

and wende him to flode: and manie weren fæie. par funke to pan grunde:

fouene an twenti hundred.

pat al was be strem of Auene:

mid stele i-brugged.

Cheldric ouer pat wate 1 flæh : 20 Childrich ouer pan water fleap : mid fiftene hundred cnihtes. he bohte forb wende:

and ouer fee faily.

Arthur ifah Colgrim:

Colgri

Childs

[bitter strokes struck]; all that he smote at, it was soon destroyed! king was all enraged as is the wild boar, when he in the beech-wood meeteth many swine. Childric saw this, and gan him to 'turn [flee], and 'bent him [went] over the Avon, to save 'himself [him from harm]. And Arthur 'approached [leapt] to 'him [them], as if it were a lion, and 'drove them [advanced him] to the flood; 'there [and] many were slain; there sunk to the bottom 'five [seven] and twenty hundred, so that all 'Avons stream [the stream of Avon] was bridged with steel! Childric over the water fled, with fifteen hundred knights; [he] thought forth to push, and sail over

<sup>1</sup> water?

Rate.

Arbur.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. climben to munten. buzen to pan hulle: ba ouer Baden stonded. & Baldulf beh him after: Baldulf. mid feoue busend cnihtes. heo pohten i pan hulle: hæhliche at-stonden. weorien heom mid wepnen: & Arour awæmmen. þa ifæh Arður:

aðelest kingen. whar Colgrim at-stod : Colgrim. & æc stal wrohte. þa clupede þe king : kenliche lude. Balde mine beines: buhzeð to þā hulles. For 3erstendæi wes Colgrim: monnen alre kenneft.

> per he pene hul wat. hæh uppen hulle: fehteð mid hornen.

nu him if al fwa þere gat: 20

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. clembe to on hulle.

and Baldolf wende after: mid foue poufend cnihtef. hii þohten o þan hulle: hehliche at-stonde.

po cleopede be king : kenliche londe. Bolde mine cnihtes: bouel to pan hulle. For 3 orftendai was Colgrim: man alre kennest. nou hi his ase wo ase be got! par he pane hulle wot. heh vppen hulle: fihtely mid hornes.

the sea. Arthur saw Colgrim climb to 'the mount [a hill], 'retreat to the hill that standeth over Bath'; and Baldulf went after 'him,' with seven thousand knights; they thought on the hill to withstand nobly, 'defend them with weapon, and do injury to Arthur. When Arthur saw, noblest of kings, where Colgrim withstood, and eke battle wrought,' then called the king, keenly loud: "My bold 'thanes [knights], advance to the 'hills [hill]! For yesterday was Colgrim of all men keenest [man keenest of all], but now 'it is to him all as to [he is as woe as] the goat, where he guards the hill; high upon the hill he fighteth with horns, when the wild

<sup>1</sup> The last two letters are interlined.

[c.2.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

penne comed 1 pe wlf wilde :'
touward hire winden.
peh pe wulf beon ane :'

butē ælc imane.

& per weoren in ane loken: fif hundred gaten.

pe wulf heom to iwited:

and alle heom abite.

Colgri al fordemen.

ich am wulf & he if gat ?

pe gume scal beon fæie.

pa 3et cleopede Arour : aoelest kingen.

3urstendæi wes Baldulf:

cnihten alre baldest.

nu he stant on hulle: & Auene bi-halde &.

hu liged i þan stræme:

stelene fisces.

mid fweorde bi-georede:

heore fund if awemmed.

heore scalen wleoted:

fwulc gold-faze fceldes.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

wane comep be wolf: wilde toward him winde.

peh pe wolf be one:

wip houte heni imone.

and par were on flockes! two hundred gotes.

pe wolf to witeh:

and alle a-biteb.

Swaich wulle nu to dæi; [f.123.c.1.] So ich wolle nou to dai:

10 Colgrým for-deme.

ich ham wolf and he got!

pat sal deap polie.

3et him spekely Arthur?

baldest alre kinge.

3orstendai was Baldolf:

cniht alre baldest.

nou he stond on hulle:

and Auene bi-holdep.

hou liggeb in ban streme:

ftelene fifces.

wolf approacheth toward him. Though the wolf be alone, without 'each [any] herd, and there were in 'a fold five [flocks two] hundred goats, the wolf to them goeth, and all 'them' biteth. So will I now to-day Colgrim 'all' destroy; I am the wolf and he 'is' the goat; 'the man shall die [that shall suffer death]!" 'The' yet 'called [speaketh him] Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings: "Yesterday was Baldulf 'of all knights [knight of all] boldest, but now he standeth on the hill, and beholdeth the Avon, how the steel fishes lie in the stream! 'Armed with sword, their life is destroyed; their scales float like gold-dyed shields; there float their fins,

<sup>1</sup> comet?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

per fleoted heore spiten: fwulc hit spæren weoren. pif beod feolcude bing: isizen to bisse londe. fwulche deor an hulle: fwulche fifces in walle. 3urstendæi wes þe kaisere: kennest alre kingen. nu he if bicumen hunte: & hornes him fulie. flih's ouer bradne wæld: beorked hif hundes. he hafed bihaluef Baden: his huntinge bilæfued. freom his deore he flic's: & we hit fcullen fallen. and hif balde ibeot: to nohte ibrigen. and fwa we fculle brukien: rihte bi-zæten.

¶ Efne þan worde: Arbur. þa þe kig seide. he bræid hæ3e hif fceld: forn to hif breoften. [c. 2.] he igrap his spere longe:

pis wonderes beob: ifize to londe. foch fif in wille: foch deor on hulle. 3orstenday was Cheldrich: kennest alre kinge. nou he his bi-come honte? 10 and hornef him folwep. flich ouer brodne feld: borkeb his hundef. he haueh bi-haluef Babe : his hontynge bi-lefued. fram his deor he flich? we hit folle falle.

> Efne pan worde : pat be king faide. he breid hehze his fcelde: vp to his breofte. he grop his spere longe:

as if it were spears'. These are 'marvellous things [wonders] come to 'this' land; such beasts on the hill, such 'fishes [fish] in the stream! Yesterday was 'the kaiser [Childric] keenest of all kings; now is he become a hunter, and horns him follow; he flieth over the broad 'weald [field]; his hounds bark; he hath beside Bath his hunting deserted; from his deer he flieth, 'and' we it shall fell, 'and his bold threats bring to nought; and so we shall enjoy our rights gained." Even with the words that the king said, he drew his shield high 'before [up to] his breast; he grasped his long spear, 'his horse he gan [and gan his horse] spur. Nigh

Childric.

## [v. 21354-21377.] LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS, Cott. Otho, C. xIII. hif horf he gon spurie. and gan his horf fporie. Neh al fwa fwi!! Neh al fo swipe: swa þe fuzel flizeð. so be fowel flieb. fuleden þan kinge: folwede pan kinge: fif and twenti busend. fif and twenti bousend. whitere monnen: wode under wepnen. hælde to hulle: hii wende to ban hulle? mid hæhzere strēgðe. mid baldere strengbe. and uppen Colgrime fmiten: 10 and vppe Colgri fmite: mid swide smærte biten. fwipe fmorte bitef. And Colgrim<sup>2</sup> heom ber hente: And Colgrim 3am hende: and feolde pa Bruttes to grude. and fulde pe Bruttus. i þan uormeste ræse : in be forste rease: fulle fif hundred. folle fif hudred. þat ifæh Arður! pis isah Arthur! aðelest kingen. and wrað hi³ him iwræððed: and wrappede him swipe: wunder ane swide. 20 and cleopie agan : and bus cleopien a-gon? Arður þe hæh3e mā. Arthur þe hehze man. War beo 3e Bruttes: Ware be 3eo Bruttef: balde mine beornes. bolde mine cnihtef.

all so swift as the fowl flieth, five and twenty thousand 'of brave mad under arms,' followed the king; [they] proceeded to the hill 'great [bold] strength, and smote upon Colgrim 'with' exceeding strokes. And Colgrim them 'there' received, and felled the Britor ground'; in the 'foremost [first] attack fell five hundred. Arthur saw [this], 'noblest of kings,' and wrathed him 'wondrously' much; and 'gan to call Arthur, the noble man: "Where be ye, Britons, my bold [knights]! Here stand before us our foes all chosen; 'my good war

here stonde vs bi-vore ? [f. 9:

her stonded us biuoren:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> fwide? <sup>2</sup> grum, pr. m., but corrected in the mar

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sic MS. These two words are probably superfluous.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. vre ifan alle icorē. gumen mine gode: legge we heom to grunde. Arour igrap his sweord riht: & he fmat ænne Sexife cniht. ₱ ₱ fweord¹ ₱ wes fwa god: æt þan toþen at-stod. & he fmat enne over: þat wes þas cnihtes broðer. pat hif halm & hif hæfd: 10 halden to grunde. bene bridde dunt he sone 3af? & enne cniht atwa clæf. pa weoren Bruttes: [f. 1230. c. 1.] po weren Bruttus: fwide ibalded. & leiden o þan Sæxen: læ3en swi2 stronge. mid heore speren longe: and mid sweoreden swide stroge. Sexes per uullen: 20 pat Saxisse par folle:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. oure fon al icore. go we mid ifunde: and legge we heom to grunde. Arthur grop his fweord riht: and fmot ane Saxisse cniht. pat be fweord bat was fo god: at be middel hit aftod. and he fmot on oper: pes cnihtes broper. pat his helm and his heued: wende in pan felde. pane pridde dunt he fone 3eaf? and one cniht he al to-cleof. fwipe ibolded. and leiden on be Saxisse: mid hire stronge mihte.

[go we in safety, and] lay we them to the ground!" Arthur grasped his sword right, and 'he' smote a Saxish knight, so that the sword that was so good at the 'teeth [middle it] stopt; and he smote another, 'who was' this knights brother, so that his helm and his head fell 'to the ground [on the field]; the third blow he soon gave, and a knight 'in two clove [he all clove asunder]. Then were the Britons greatly emboldened, and laid on the Saxons laws (blows) most strong [with their strong might,] with their long spears and with swords most strong'; [so that] the Saxons there fell, and made their death-time, by hundreds and hundreds sank to the [many

manie to grunde.

& fæie-fih makeden.

bi hundred bi hundred: hælden to þan grunde.

<sup>1</sup> Sup. ras.

<sup>2</sup> fwide? Cf. v. 19581.

bi þufund & bi þufend ? per feollen æuere in pene grund.

pa iseh Colgrim?

wær Arður com touward him.

ne mihte Colgrī for þan wæle: fleon a nare fide.

per fæht Baldulf:

bi-fiden his broder.

þa cleopede Arður: ludere stefne.

Her ich cume Colgim: to cubben wit scullen ræchen.

nu wit scullen bis lond dalen:

swa þe bið alre laððeft.

Æfne þan worde :

þa þe king fæide.

his brode fwærd he up ahof?

and hærdliche adun floh.

and fmat Colgimes hælm:

B he amidde to-clæf.

and pere burē hod:

pat hit at pe breoste at stod.

And he sweinde touward Baldulfe: And he a wiper sweyncde:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po iseh Colgri:

war Arthur com toward him.

ne mihte he fliht makie:

in neuere one fide.

po saide Arthur: to Colgrim ban kene.

Nou we folle bis kinelond: deale ous bi-twine.

Fne pan word:

his brode fweord he vt droh:

and vppe Colgrim his helm fmot

and to-cleof pane brunie hod: pat hit at be breofte a-stod.

to] ground, 'by thousands and thousands fell there ever on the ground! When Colgrim saw where Arthur came toward him, 'Colgrim [he] might not for the slaughtered flee on any [make flight on ever one] side; 'there fought Baldulf beside his brother.' Then 'called [said] Arthur 'with loud voice [to Colgrim the keen]: "'Here I come, Colgrim! 'to the realm we two shall reach'; now we shall divide this 'land [kingdom between us], 'as shall be to thee loathest of all!" Even with the words that the king said, his broad sword he 'up heaved [out drew], 'and hardily down struck,' and smote 'Colgrims [upon Colgrim his] helm, 'so that he clove it in the midst, and [clove asunder] the burnys hood, so that it (the sword) stopt at the breast. And he smote to' ward' Baldulf [his brother] 'with his left

Colgrim.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. mid his swiðrē hōde. & fwipte þat hæfued of forð mid þan helme. þa loh Arður þa loh Arður þa löele¹ king. and þus 3eddien agon fmid gomenfulle worden. Lien nu þere Colg¹m fþu were iclumben ha3e.

and Baldulf pi broðer: lið bi þire fide.
nu ich al þif kine-lond:

fette an eorwer<sup>3</sup> ah3ere hond. dales & dunef:

& al mi drihtliche uolc.4

Pu clumbe a piffen hulle:

wunder ane hæze. fwulc þu woldest to hæuene: nu þu scalt to hælle.

þer þu miht kenne:

muche of pine cunne.
And gret pu per Hengest:

þe cnihten wes fazerest.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.
to Baldolf his broper.
and fwipte pat heued of:
forp mid pan helme.

po loh Arthur pe king: [c.2]

and bes word faide.

Li nou þar Colgrým :

[c. 2.] þe² were iclemde to he3e.

and Baldolf pin broper?

lip bi pine fide.

nou ich al pif kinelond? fette in 30ure tweire hond.

3e clemde to heh3e?'
vppen piffe hulle.
afe peh 3e wolde to heuene?'
ac nou 3e mote to helle.
20 and pare 3eo mawe kenne?

moche of 30ure cunne.
And gretep pare Hengest:
pat was cniht fairest:

hand [again], and struck off the head, forth with the helm. Then laughed Arthur, the 'noble' king, and 'thus gan to speak with gameful words [said these words]: "Lie now there, Colgrim; thou wert climbed [too] high; and Baldulf, thy brother, lie by thy side; now set I all this kingdom in your 'own [two] hands; 'dales and downs, and all my good folk!' 'Thou [Ye] climbed 'on [upon] this hill 'wondrously [too] high, as 'if thou wouldst [though ye would] ascend to heaven; [but] now 'thou shalt [ye must] to hell, [and] there 'thou mayest [ye may] know much of 'thy [your] kindred. And greet 'thou [ye] there Hengest, that was fairest of knights, Ebissa, [Octa]

<sup>1</sup> R. abele.

² þou?

<sup>3</sup> eower?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This line is sup. res.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. Ebiffa & Offa ? Octa & of bine cune ma. and bide heom per wunie? wintres & fumeref. & we scullen on londe: libben in bliffe. bidden for eower faulen: þat fel ne wurðen heom nauære. & fcullen her æuwer ban : bifide Babe ligen. Arour be king cleopede: Cador bene kene. of Cornwale he wes eorl: be cniht wes fwide kene. Hercne me Cador: þu ært min aze cun. Nu if Childric iulozen: & awæiward itoh3en. he penched mid isunde? azen cumen liben. Ah nim of mire uerde: fif busend monnen. & fared ford ribtes: bi dæie & bi nihte. bat bu cumme to bare sæ:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Ebiffa Octa and Offa:
and of pine cunne mo.
and bide heom pare wonie:
wyntres and fomeref.
and we follen here in londe:
libbe in bliffe.

Arthur po faide?

to Cador pe kene.

of Cornwale he was eorl?

pat was a cniht kene.

Hercne me Cador?

pou hart min eorl deore.

Nou his Childrich a-floge?

and a-weiward itowe.

and penchep mid ifunde?

agein hider wende.

Ac nim of mine ferde?

fif poufend manne.

and far pe forp riht?

bi daie and bi niht.

pat pou come to pare féé?

and Ossa, 'Octa,' and more of thy kin, and bid them there dwell winter and summer; and we shall [here] in land live in bliss; 'pray for your souls, that happiness never come to them; and here shall your bones lie, beside Bath!'" Arthur, 'the king, called [then said to] Cador, the keen;—of Cornwall he was earl, 'the knight was most [that was a knight] keen:—"Hearken to me, Cador, thou art 'mine own kin [my dear earl]. Now is Childric flown, and awayward gone; 'he [and] thinketh with safety again to come [hither]. But take of my host five thousand men, and go forth-right, by day and by night, until thou come to the sea, before (previous to) Chil-

Cador.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. bi-foren Childriche. and al pat pu miht biwinen: bruc hit on wunnen. & 3if bu miht bene kaisere: [£ 124.c.1.] and 3ef bou miht ban cayser:

ufele aquellen bere. ich þe 3ifue2 to mede: al Doresete.

Al fwa be abele king: pas word hafede ifæid.

Cador fprong to horse: swa fpærc him doh of fure.

fulle seoue pusend: fuleden þan eorle.

Cador be kene: & muchel of hif cunne.

wenden ouer woldes:

& ouer wildernes. ouer dales & ouer dunes:

ouer deope wateres.

Cador cube pene wæi: be toward his cunde læi.

an oueste he wende fuliwis.

Tottenais.

riht toward Toteneis.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bi-vore Childriche. and al pat pou miht bi-winne!

brouket1 hit mid wonne.

eniwise a-cwelle bar.

ihc þe 3efe to mede : [£99.c.1.]

al Dorfete. Onnepe hadde pe kig!

pat word ibroht to be hende.

10 pat Cador ne sparng<sup>8</sup> to horse! afe spare dob of fure. folle foue pufend:

hii wende ouer feldes : and ouer wildernef.

folwede pan eorle.

20 Cador coupe pane way: þat touward his cubbe lay. and an hizenge wende foliwis: riht touward Totenas.

dric; and all that thou mayest win, possess it with joy; and if thou mayest 'with evil [anywise] kill there the kaiser, I will give thee all Dorset to meed." 'All as the noble king these words had said, [Scarcely had the king brought the words to the end, before] Cador sprang to horse, as spark 'it' doth from fire; full seven thousand followed the earl. 'Cador the keen, and much of his kindred,' [They] proceeded over 'wealds [fields], and over wilderness, 'over dales and over downs, and over deep waters.' Cador knew the way that toward his country lay, by the nearest he [and in haste] proceeded full surely right toward Totnes, day and night, [until] he

<sup>1</sup> bronke?

<sup>2 3</sup>ifuen, pr. m., but n erased.

<sup>3</sup> fprang?

Ch

fperen:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

dæies & nihtes: he com pere foro rihtes. swa neuere Childric nuste: of his cume nane cufte. Cador com to cubbe: bi-uoren Childriche. and lette hi fusen1 biforen? al pas londes folc. cheorles ful zepe: mid clubben swide græte. mid spæren and mid græte wazen: to ban ane icoren. and duden heom alle clane: into pan scipen grunde. & hæhte heom þere lutie wel : pat Childric of heom neore war. pat Cheldrich nere noht war. & penne hif folc come: & in wolden climben. heore botten igripen: and ohtliche on smiten. 20

[c. 2.]

murdren Childriches heren.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. daizes and nihtes: forte he com per forp rihtes. Childrich noping nufte: of his come no custe. Cador com to cubbe: bi-fore Cheldriche. he lette wende him bi-vore: al pat londef folk. cheorles fol 3epe: 10 mid clubbes wel grete.

and dude 3am alle cleane: into han fipef grude. and hehte heom lotie wel? ac wane his folk come: and in wolde clembe. Nimep 3oure badtef: and hahtliche 30u Aorieb. mid heore wazen & mid heore

came there forth-right, 'so that' Childric 'never [nothing] knew any manner of his coming. Cador came to the country before Childric, 'and [he] caused to advance before him all 'the folk of the land [the land-folk]; churls full sagacious, with clubs 'exceeding [well] great, 'with spears and with great staves, chosen for the purpose'; and placed them all clean into the ships holds, and ordered them 'there' to stoop well (low), that Childric were not aware 'of them'; 'and [but] when his folk came, and in would climb, 'to grasp their ["Take ye your] bats, and bravely 'on smite [stir you!"]; 'with their staves and with their spears to murder Childrics host.' The churls did all, as Cador them taught. To

<sup>1</sup> This word is on erasure.

Al duden þa cheorles: swa Cador heom tæhte. To ban scipen wenden: wider-fulle cheorles. in æuer ælche scipe: oder1 half hundred. And Cador be kene bæh: in toward ane wude hæh. fif mile from pan stude: þær þæ ftoden þa fcipen<sup>2</sup>. and hudde hine on wille: wūder ane stille. Childric com foe : ouer wald liden. walde to ban scipen fleon3: and fusen of loden.

Sone fwa Cador ifæh:

bat wes be kene eorl.

þa clupede Cador:

Wær beo 3e cnihtes:

ohte men & wihte.

ludere stefne.

þat Childric wes an eorðen:

bitweonen hi and ba cheorlen.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. Al dude be cheorles: ase Cador 3am tahte. 70 pan fipes wend: wiperfolle cheorles. in euereche sipe: oper half hundred. And Cador be kene beh! and toward one wode teh. fif mile fra pan stude: 10 par pe sipes stode. [c. 2.] and hudde him an wile: wonderliche stille. And Cheldrich com fone: ouer dounes wende. wolde to pan fipes fleon: and stelen vt of londe. Sone fo Cador bis ifeh : þat was þe eorl kene. pat Childrich was bi-twixe: him and be cheorles. po faide Cador : loudere stemne. Ware beo 3e cnihtes: ohte men and wihte.

the ships proceeded the valiant churls; in every ship a hundred and half. And Cador the keen withdrew, 'in [and] toward a wood 'high [marched], five miles from the place where the ships stood; and hid him a while, wondrously still. [And] Childric soon approached, over the weald [downs]; and would flee to the ships, and 'push from [steal out of] land. So soon as Cador saw [this], who was the earl keen, that Childric was 'in land,' 'between [betwixt] him and the churls, then 'called [said] Cador, with loud voice: "Where be ye, knights, brave men and active?

21

<sup>1</sup> over?

² þær þa scipen stoden?

B R. fleon.

10

20

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Ipenched 1 what Ardur 2: be if ure abele king.

at Baden us bi-sohte:

ær we wenden from hirede.

Leou war fused Childric:

& fleo wule of londe.

and pencheo to Alemaine:

þer beoð hif ældren.

and wule bi-3iten ferde:

and æft cumen hidere.

and wule faren hider in:

and penche's awræke Colgrim.

and Baldulf hif broder:

þæ bi³ Baðen refteð.

Ah no abide henæuere þære dægen : Ac ne abide we neuere þane day :

ne scal he no sif we masen.

Æfne pere spæche: [£124.c.1.] Efne pan speche:

ba spac be eorl riche.

and on uest he gon ride:

þe reh<sup>4</sup> wes on moden.

halden ut of wude fcaze:

scalkes swide kene.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Ipenche wat Arthur: pat his oure alre louerd.

at Babe vs bi-fohte:

are we fram him wende.

Lo war wendeb Childrich:

and fare wole of londe.

and penchep to Alemaine: ware wonieb his eldre.

and wole a-winne ferde:

and eft bis lond feche.

for to a-wreke Colgrim.

and Baldolf his broper:

ne sal he no zef ich may.

pat spac pe eorl riche.

hii leopen vt of wode: ase hit lyons were.

Bethink ye what Arthur, who is 'our noble king [lord of us all], at Bath besought us, ere we went from 'the host [him]. Lo! where Childric wendeth, and will 'flee [fare] from the land; and thinketh to pass to Alemaine, where his ancestors 'are [dwell]; and will obtain an army, and eft 'come hither, [seek this land, for] 'and will fare in hither; and thinketh' to avenge Colgrim, and Baldulf, his brother, 'who rest at Bath.' But 'he [we] never shall abide the day; he shall not, if 'we [I] may prevent him!" Even with the speech, that the powerful earl spake, 'and promptly he gan ride, that was stern in mood; 'the warriors most keen advanced out of the wood-shaw [they leapt out of the wood, as if it were lions], and

<sup>1</sup> Ipenches?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> This word is interlined by a second hand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Arbur.

<sup>4</sup> On erasure, but by first hand.

and after Cheldriche: þan strongen & þan richen. Cheldriches cnihtes: bi-sehzen heom baften. isehzen ouer wolden: winden heore-mærken. winnien ouer ueldes: fif bused sceldes. pa iwærð Childric: chærful an heorten. and has word fæide: be riche kaisere. pif if Ardur be king? be alle uf wule aquellen. fleo we nu biliue: & in to scipen fusen. and liven for o mid watere: ne recchen we nauere wudere. pa Childric pe kaisere: pas word hæuede ifæid. ya gon he to fleone: feondliche swide. & Cador be kene: com him after fone.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and after Cheldrich: pan kene and pan riche. Childreches cnihtes: ifehze bi-hinde.

hearne ouer feldef!

fif pousend scealdes.

par iwarp Cheldrich!

forpfolle in heorte.

and pes word saide!

pe riche cayser.

pif his Arthur pe king! [£100.cl.]

pat al vs wole a-cwelle.

fleo we nou swipe!

and in to sipe wende.

and wende forp mid wedere!

ne reche we neuere wodere.

po Childrich pe cayfere:
pis word hadde ifaid pare.
po gonne hii to fleonde:
feondeliche fwipe.
and Cador pe kene:
com 3am after fone.

after Childric pursued, the 'strong [keen] and the rich. Childrics knights looked behind 'them; they saw over the weald the standards wind'; 'approach [run] over the fields five thousand shields. Then became Childric 'careful [sorrowful] in heart, and these words said the powerful kaiser: "This is Arthur the king, who will us all kill; flee we now quickly, and into ship go, and voyage forth with the 'water [weather], reck we never whither!" When Childric the kaiser had said [there] these words, then gan 'he [they] to flee exceeding quickly; and Cador the keen came soon after 'him [them]. Childric and his knights came to ship forth-right; they

<sup>1</sup> cserful?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. Childric and his cnihtes: to scipe comen foro ribtes. heo wenden þa scipen stronge: to fculuen 1 from pan londe. pæ cheorles mid heore botten: weoren þer wið innen. þa botten heo up heouen: & adun riht flozen. þer wes sone iflagen: moni cniht mid heor wahzen. 10 mani cniht mid hire wawes. wið heore pic-forcken: [c.2.] heo ualden heom to grundē. Cador & his cnihtes: flogen heō baften. pa isah Childric: † heō ilomp liberlic. pa al hif folc mucle: feol to pan grude. nu i-sæh he þer bilalues? ænne swiðe mare hul. þat water tið þer under: pat Teine if ihatē.

þa hulle ihaten Teinnewic:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. Childrich and his cnihtef: to fipe come for rihtef. hii wende þe fipef stronge: feue fram pan londe. pe cheorles mid hire battef: weren par wip ine. þe battes hii vp houen: and a-dun ribttef flowen. par was fone iflage: mid hire pic-forken: feolde heom to grude. Cador and his cnihtes: flowen heom bi-hinde. po iseh Cheldrich: þat him bi-fulle luþerlich.

he fleop to one hulle? þat Teyne his i-hote. to pan hul of Teyniswich:

Teine.

weened to shove the strong ships from the land. The churls with their bats were there within; the bats they up heaved, and adown right swung; there was soon slain many a knight with their clubs; with their pitchforks 'they' felled them to ground, and Cador and his knights slew them behind. 'Then [When] saw Childric, that it befell to 'them [him] evilly; 'that all his mickle folk fell to the ground; now saw he there beside a hill exceeding great'; 'the water floweth there under, that is named Teine; the hill is named Teinewic; thitherward [he fled to a hill, that is named Teyne; to the hill of Teyneswich fast] fled Childric, as quickly as he might, with

<sup>1</sup> fcuuen?

<sup>2</sup> bihaluef?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. pider ward flæh Childric. swa swide swa he mihte: mid feouwer & twenti cnihten. pa iseh Cador: hu hit þa uerde þer. þat þe kaisere flæh: & touwarde þæ hulle tæh. and Cador him after: swa swide swa he mahte. and him to tuhte: 10 & hine of-toc fone. pa saide Cador: þe eorl swiðe kene. Abid abid Childic: ich wulle be zefen Teinewic. Cador hif fweord an-hof: and he Childric of-floh. Monie be ber fluzen: to pan watere heo tuh3en. inne Teine þan watere: 20

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. swipe fleoh Cheldrich. so swipe so he mihte: mid four and twenti cnihtes. pat ifeh Cador: ou hit po ferde par.

he him went after : fo swipe so he mihte. and him of-tok fone? in lutele tyme. po faide Cador pe eorl: pat cnih 1 was fwipe kene. [c2] Abid abid Cheldrich : ich wole zeue þe Teyneswich. Cador his sweord a-hof: and he Cheldrich of-sloh. Many þo þar flogen : and to pan watere togen. and par hi a-dreinte: for Cador his heize. al Ca[dor] a-fulde: [wude: pat he cwik funde. and fumme heo crupen ito pan

four and twenty knights. 'Then [That] Cador saw, how it then fared there, 'that the kaiser fled, and toward the hill retreated;' 'and Cador pursued [he went] after him, as speedily as he might, and 'came up to him, and 'overtook him soon [in little time]. Then said Cador, the earl [who was knight] most keen: "Abide, abide, Childric! I will give thee Teinewic!" Cador heaved up his sword, and he Childric slew. Many 'that [then] there fled, [and] to the water 'they' drew; [and] 'in Teine the water,' there they 'perished [were drowned, for Cador his dread]; Cador 'killed [felled] all that he found alive; 'and some they crept into the wood, and all he them there

1 cniht?

þer heo for-wurðen.

al Cador awælde<sup>2</sup>:

bat he quic funde.

2 acwælde?

Arbur.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

and alle he heo per for-dude.

pa Cador heom haueden alle ouer po Cador pat fiht hadde ouercome: cumen :

10

and æc al bat lond inumen.

he sette git swide god:

þeh ælc mon beere an honde:

behzef of golde.

ne durste nauere gume nan : overne ufele igeten1.

Arður wes forð iwende:

in to Scotlondē.

for Howel lai inne Clud:

faste biclused.

Hafden Scottef hine bi-læien:

mid ludere heore crafte. sicumen : mid hire luber craftes.

penne weoren Houwel inumen. Howel hadde bi nome4.

and al hif folc per iflagen:

and idon of lif-dazen.

Ah Arður com sone:

mid selere streng de. and Scottes to fleone:

feor of ban ærde.

and pat lond to him inome. he fette grip swipe god :

pat per after longe stod. [f.125.c.1.] pat par after lange stod.

þeh ech man bere an honde :

bezes of golde.

ne dorste no gome :

ob9 vuele igrete.

Rthur was forb iwende: in to Scotlonde.

for Howel lay ine Clud:

faste bi-clused.

Hadde Scottef hine bi-leye:

and 3if Ardure neore be raders and 3ef he nadde be raber bi-come?

and his folk par islage:

and idon of lif-daze.

20 Ac Arthur com fone:

and Scottes to fleonde.

destroyed.' When Cador had overcome 'them all [the fight], and 'eke all' the land [to him] taken, he set peace most good, that thereafter long stood; though each man bare in hand rings of gold, durst 'never' any man greet another evilly. Arthur was forth marched into Scotland; for Howel lay in Clud, fast inclosed. The Scots had besieged him with their wicked crafts; and if 'Arthur were [he had] not the earlier 'come [arrived], 'then' 'were [had been] Howel taken, and 'all' his folk there slain, and deprived of life-day. But Arthur came soon, 'with good strength,' and the Scots

<sup>1</sup> igeneten at first, but a expuncted.

³ raŏer?

<sup>2</sup> Arour? 4 be inome?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. in to Muræine? mid mucle mon-weorede. And Cador com to Scotlonde: per he Arour ifunde. Arour and Cador: into Clud ferden. & funden þer Howel: mid hahzere bliffe an fel. of hif seocnesse: ifund wes iwurden. muchel wes þa bliffe: þæ þa wes in burze. Scottes weoren inne Mureine: and ber beohten wunien. & mid bolde heore worden: heore beot makeden. and fæiden þat heo wolden: þa riche walden. and Arour per abiden:

mid baldere strende.

for his life come per.

ba iherde Ardur :

ærhöen bidæled.

for ne durste nauere Ardur:

whæt Scottes hafden ifæid:

[c. 2.]

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII. in to Morayne: mid mochelere ferde. And Cador com to Scotlod: par he Arthur funde. Arthur and Cador: into Clud wende. and funden par Howel: mid baldere bliffe. of al his seacniffe: 10 hol was i-worbe. [f. 100°.c.1.] moche was be bliffe: pat po was in borwe. Scottef weren in Morayne: and pare pohte wonie. and faide heom bi-twine: mid hire bolde wordef.

pat Arthur nolde neuere? for his lifue come pare. pif ihorde Arthur? baldeft alre kinge. wat Scottef hadde ifeid?

gan to flee 'far from the land,' into Moray, with a mickle host. And Cador came to Scotland, where he Arthur found. Arthur and Cador proceeded into Clud, and found Howel there, with 'great [bold] bliss 'in health,' of [all] his sickness whole he was become; great was the bliss that then was in the burgh! The Scots were in Moray, and there thought to dwell, and with their bold words 'made their boast, and said that they would rule the realm, and Arthur there abide, with bold strength; for [said them between that] Arthur 'durst [would] never for his life come there. 'When [This] Arthur heard, 'void of fear [boldest of all kings], what the

mid heore hux wordē. þa fæide Arður: aðelest kigē. Whær ært þu Howel: hæhft of mine cunne1. and Cador be kene: ut? of Cornwæle. Lete's blæwe bemen : & bonnien ure ferden. & to pere mid-nihte: we sculled faren ford riht. toward Mureine: ure mon-scipe<sup>8</sup> to bi-tellen. 3if hit wule dribte: þe fcop þæs dazes lihten. we heom sculle tellen: forhfulle fpelles. heore zelp fellen: & heom feolue a-quellen. To pere mid-nihte: Arður aras forð riht. hornes me gon blawen:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. mid hire hokere wordes.

He cleopede Howel?'

pe hehzeft of his cunne.

and Cador pe kene?'

vt of Cornwale.

Letep blowe bemen?'

and banni vre ferde.

10 and at pare midniht?'

we folle wende forpriht.

and hire 3ealp falle?'
and 3am seolf a-cwelle.
To pare md-niht4:
Arthur a-ros forp riht.

Scots had said with their scornful words, 'then said Arthur, noblest of kings': "Where art thou, [he called] Howel, [the] highest of 'my [his] kindred, and Cador the keen, out of Cornwall? Let the trumpets blow, and assemble our host, and at the midnight we shall march forth-right 'toward Moray, our honor to win. If the Lord will it, who shaped the day-light, we shall them tell sorrowful tales,' [and] fell their boast, and themselves kill." At the midnight Arthur forth-right arose; 'horns men gan to blow with loud sound; knights gan arise, and stern words to speak.'

mid hahzere stafnen.

<sup>1</sup> This word is interlined by second hand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Originally written out, but o expuncted.

<sup>4</sup> R. mid-niht.

<sup>3</sup> scipe is interlined sec. m.

cnihtes gunnen arisen: and ræhje word speken.

Mid muche mon-weorede:

into Mureine.

forð gunnen wræstē:

preattene pusend.

a feormeste flocke:

feondliche kene men.

Seo of com Cador:

pe eorl of of 1 Cornweille. mid feouentene pufen 2:

felere þeinen.

Seodden com Heowel:

mid hif këppen swiðe wel.

mid an and twenti þufen?:

mid<sup>8</sup> aðelere kempen.

Seodden com Ardur!

adelest kingen. mid seouen & twenti pusend:

figen heom afterward. [£.125b.c.1.]

fceldes per clifede:

lihten hit gon dæ3en.

bat word com to Scotten:

þær þar heo wuneden.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and wende mid his ferde:

toward Morayne.

forp gonne preaste: 'brittene bousend.

Suppe com Cador:

pe eorl of Cornwale.
mid fouentene boufend :

felere cnihtes.

par after com Howel:

mid on and twenti boufend:

po com Arthur him feolf:

mid fouene and twenti boufend.

21 fcealdes par gliffenede :

and liht hit gan dazeie.

pat word com to Scottef:

þar þat hii wonede.

'With a great army he marched into [and marched with his host toward] Moray; forth gan press thirteen thousand 'in the foremost flock, men exceeding keen.' Afterwards came Cador, the earl of Cornwall, with seventeen thousand good 'thanes [knights]. 'Next [Thereafter] came Howel, 'with his champions exceeding well,' with one and twenty thousand 'noble champions.' Then came Arthur [himself], 'noblest of kings'; with seven and twenty thousand 'followed them afterward'; the shields there glistened, [and] light it gan to dawn. The tidings came to the Scots, 'there where [where that] they

<sup>1</sup> Sic MS.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. hu Ardur þe kig: com touward heore londe. feödliche swide: mid vnimete folke. pa weoren ærheft: þat ær weoren baldeft. and gunnen to fleonnen: feondliche swide. into pan watere: per wunderes beo'd inoze. 10 pat is a feolcuo mere: ifet a middelærde. mid fenne & mid ræode : mid watere swide bræde. mid fiscen & mid feo3elen: mid uniuele þīgē. pat water is unimete brade: nikeres per badieð inne. per if æluene ploze: in atteliche pole. 20 Sixti æit-londes: beoð i þā watere longe. in ælc of þan æit-londe: is a clude hæh and ftrong.

per næstieð arnes :'

hou Arthur pe king?'
com to hire londe.

po weren hii 3earphest?'
pat her weren baldest.
and gonne to fleonde?'
feondeliche swipe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat his a wonder mere: ifet in middilerpe.
mid fenne and mid reode: and mid water brode.

par wondres beop inowe.

in to pan watere:

pat water his onimete brod? nikeres par woniep.

Sixti eyllondes.

beop in pan mere longe.

in ech of pan yllond:

his a chlud fwipe strong.

par nestlep hearnes:

dwelt, how Arthur the king came to' ward' their land, 'exceeding quickly, with innumerable folk.' Then were [they] fearfullest, who ere were boldest, and gan to flee exceeding quickly into the water, where wonders are enow! That is a marvellous lake, set in middle-earth, with fen (marsh), and with reed, [and] with water 'exceeding' broad; 'with fish, and with fowl, with evil things!' The water is immeasurably broad; nikers 'therein bathe [there dwell]; 'there is play of elves in the hideous pool.' Sixty islands are in the long 'water [lake]; in each of the islands is a rock 'high and [most] strong; there 'nest [nestle] eagles, and other great fowls. The eagles

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & obere græte uoseles. pe ærnes habbeo's ane laze: bi æuerælches kinges dahzen. whænne fwa æi ferde: funded to ba ærde. peonne fleod pa fuzeles: feor i pan lufte. moni hundred þusen! : & muchel feoht makieð. penne if pat folc buten wene: 10 pat reouve heo if to cumene. of fummef cunnef leoden : [c. 2.] þe þat lond wulleð isechen. Tweien dæzef over preo: pus scal pif taken<sup>9</sup> beo. ær unkuðe men : to ban londe liden. 3et per if fellic: to fuggen of pan watere. ber walled of ban mærë: a moniare fiden. of dalen & of dunen:

& of bæcchen deopen.

fixti wateres:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and oper grete fozeles.

De hearnes habbeb one lawe!

bi euereche kingef dawe.

wane fo eny ferde!

fundeb to ban erbe.

banne fleob be fozeles!

for in to ban lufte.

Twei dazef oper preo: pus fal pe tockne beo.

3et pat his fellich : to feggen of pan watere.
20 par fallep in pan mere :

many cunnef wateref:

have a law by every kings day; whensoever any army cometh to the country, then fly the fowls far in [to] the sky, 'many hundred thousands, and mickle fight make. Then is the folk without doubt, that sorrow is to come to them from people of some kind, that will seek the land.' Two days or three thus shall 'this [the] token be, 'ere foreign men approach to the land.' Yet 'there [that] is a marvellous thing to say of the water; there falleth in the lake, 'on many a side, from dales and from downs, and from deep valleys, sixty streams, all there collected; so (yet) never out of the lake any man

<sup>1</sup> jusend?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> On erasure, but by the original hand.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

alle per isomned.

fwa neuere ut of þan mære:

na man no uindes.

þat þer ut wenden: buten an an ænde.

an imetliche broc :

þe of þan mere ualleð.

& swide isemeliche:

into sæ wendeð.

pa Scottes weeren to-deled: 10 par ine weren Scottes!

mid muclen viselen.

zeond þa monie mūtē:

þa i þan watere weoren.

Ardur biseohte scipen:

& gon heom to wenden.

& floh þer vniuo3e:

moni and inoze.

& mōi þusend¹ þer wes dæd :

for heō trukede ælc bræd. Arour be avele:

was an æst side.

Howel be fele:

wes a suð halme?.

and vt nobing ne gob: in neuere one fide.

oueral pan muntef.

and Arthur him bi-fohte fipes:

and in him gan wende.

and floh par onifoge:

mani and inoge.

20 Arthur be king: was on east ende. Howel be fele: was a fub ende.

findeth that thereout they flow, except a small brook at one end, that from the lake falleth, and wendeth very stilly into the sea [waters of many kind, and nothing goeth out on never one side]. The Scots were 'dispersed [therein] 'with much misery,' over [all] the 'many' mounts 'that were in the water. [And] Arthur sought [him] ships, and 'gan to enter them [in him gan wend]; and slew there without number, many and enow; and many a thousand there was dead, because each (all) bread failed them. Arthur the 'noble [king] was on the east 'side [end]; Howel the good was on the south 'half [end]; and Cador the keen guarded 'them [it]

<sup>1</sup> On erasure, but by first hand.

<sup>2</sup> halue?

& Cador þe kene:

bi norden heom biwusten. and his smale uolc:

he fetten alle bi weste siden.

ba weoren Scottes:

ihalden for fottes.

per heo leieien 3eod pa cliues:

faste bi-clused. [£126.c.1.]

per weoren sixti pusend:

mid forreze for-farene.

pa wes Irlondes king! icum in to hafene.

twalf milen fro Aroure:

ber he lai mid ferde.

Scotten to hælpen:

Howel to for-farene.

per⁴ iherden Arður :

aðeleft kinge.

& nom hif ane ferde:

& piderward fusden.

& funde pene king Gillomar: be icumen wes to londe par.

Arður him faht wið:

& nolde him siuen na griö.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and Cador þe kene:

bi norpe hit wifte.
and his smale folk:

he fette al bi weste. [£101.c.1.]

po weren Scotef:

mid honger iburfted.

p<sup>Ar²</sup> Irlondes king : icome was to haue³. twealf myle fram Arthur:

par he lay mid ferde. Scottef to helpe:

and Arthur to cwelle.

Arthur his one ferde nam:

and piderwardes wende.
and funde pane king Gillomar:

pat icome was to londe par.

and Arthur heom faht wip:

and 3ef 3am no grip.

by the north; and his inferior folk he set all by the west 'side'. Then were the Scots 'accounted for sots, where they lay around the cliffs, fast inclosed; there were sixty thousand' with 'sorrow [hunger] destroyed. 'Then [There] was come 'into [to] haven the king of Ireland; twelve miles from Arthur, where he lay with an army, to help the Scots, [and] 'Howel [Arthur] to 'destroy [kill]. Arthur 'heard this, noblest of kings, and' took one host of his, and thitherward marched; and found the king Gillomar, who was come there to land. [And] Arthur fought with 'him [them], and 'would give him [gave them] no peace (quarter), and felled

<sup>1</sup> bi-clused?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and feolde Irifce men: and fulde Iresse men: feondliche to guden. manye to grunde. And Gillomar mid twalf scipen: And Gellomar mid twelf sipes: teh from pan londe. & ferde to Irlonde: fleoh to Irlonde: mid harme swide stronge. And Arour a pan londe: And Arthur in pan londe: floh 1 al pat he uunde. floh al pat he funde. and feo den he wende to pan mere : and wende fuppe to pan mere : per he hif mæi lette. 10 þar he Howe<sup>2</sup> bi-lefde. Howel bene hende: hahft of Brutlonde. wið uten Arðure: aðelest kingen. Ardur Howel uunde: Arthur Howel funde: per he wes bi hauene. þar he was bi hauene. bi þan mere brade: per he abiden hafde. pa fainede swide: folc an hirede. 20 of Aroures cume:

the Irish men 'exceedingly [many] to the ground. And Gillomar with twelve ships 'departed from the land, and' 'proceeded [fled] to Ireland, 'with harm most strong.' And Arthur in the land slew all that he found; and afterwards 'he' went to the lake, where he left 'his relation' Howel 'the fair, noblest of Britain, except Arthur, noblest of kings.' Arthur found Howel, where he was by the haven, 'by the broad lake, where he had abode. Then rejoiced greatly the folk in the host, of Arthurs arrival, and of his noble deeds; 'there was Arthur [and there abode] forthright, two days and two nights. 'The Scots lay over the rocks, many

& of abele hif dede.

per wes Arour ford<sup>8</sup> riht:

and par a-bide forp riht:

<sup>1</sup> The first letter has been corrected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Howel.

a fort ?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. twei dæies & twa niht. Scottes leie 3eod clude : [c.2.] moni busend dede. mid hungere for-uarene: folkene alre ærmeft. I þan þridde dæise: faire hit gon dazizen. þa tugen touward hirede: alle pat weoren ihadded. & preo biscopes wife: a boke wel ilæred. preoftes & mucnekes1: vnimete monie. canones per comen: monie & wel idone. mid alle þan halidomē: þa hahft an londe weoren. and 3eornden Arouref grid: & his aomeden. pider ba wifes comen: þa i þan londen wuneden. heo wæiden in hære ærmen:

heore childre ærmen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. twei dages and two niht.

In pan pridde daize: fair hit gan dazeie.
po come toward ferde: alle pat hoded were.
biffopes and canounes:

preoftes and clerekes.

mid many halidomes?

and beden of Arthur grip?

pat hii moste speken him wip.

pider pe wisues come?

pat in pan londe weren.

thousands dead, with hunger destroyed, most miserable of all folk! On the third day, it gan to dawn fair; then came toward the host all that were hooded, 'and three wise bishops, in book well learned [bishops and canons]; priests and 'monks [clerks], 'many without number; canons there came, many and good,' with 'all the [many] reliques 'that were noblest in the land,' and 'yearned Arthurs [prayed of Arthur] peace, 'and his compassion [that they might speak with him]. Thither came the women, that 'dwelt [were] in the land; 'they carried in their arms their miserable children'; they wept before Arthur wondrously much, and their fair hair

<sup>1</sup> munekes?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A line is here wanting.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix.

heo weopen on Aroure: wunder ane fwide.

and heore uæx fæire:

wælden to volde. curuen heore lockes:

& þer niðer læiden.

to has kinges foten:

bi-foren al his duzeven. nailes to heore nebbe:

pat æfter hit bledde.

Neh pan alle clæne:

nakede heo weoren.

to Aroure pan kinge.

and fumed buf iseiden:

þer heo on fið weoren.

King we beo'd on ærde : [£1260.c.1.]

ærmest alre uolke.

we zeorned bine milzce:

purh pæne milde godd.

pu hauest a pisse londe:

ure leoden aflæ3en.

mid hungere & mid hete:

mid feole cunne hærmē.

mid wapnen mid wæteren:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

hii wepen vppen Arthur:

wonderliche fwibe. [c.2.] and hire her faire:

al hii to-tere.

corue hire lockes:

and par a-dun laide.

bi-vore þis kingef fote: to-fore alle his cnihtes.

naylef fette to nebbe:

pat after hit bledde.

sorbliche heo gunnen clupien: and bus hii gonne grede:

to Arthur pan kinge.

King we biddep bine milce: 20 for love of al-mihtj. pou hauest of oure londe? oure men islawe.

> mid hunger and mid hate: and mid fale harmes.

threw to the earth [they tore all in pieces]; cut off their locks, and there down laid 'at the [before this] kings feet, before all his people; [set] their nails to their face, so that afterwards it bled. 'They were naked nigh (nearly) all clean; and 'sorrowfully [and thus] they gan to 'call [cry] to Arthur the king, 'and together thus said, where they were in affliction' (?): "King, 'we are on earth most wretched of all folk'; we 'yearn [pray] thy mercy, 'through the mild God [for love of the Almighty]! Thou hast 'in this [of our] land our 'people [men] slain, with hunger and with strife (?), [and] with many kind of harms; 'with weapon, with water, and with many

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

mid feole wan-fiden. vre children imaked faderlese: & frofre bidæled. pu ært cristine mon? & we al fwa funden. Sæxifce men beoð: hæðe¹ hundes. Heo comen to biffe londe: and pif folc here aqualden. 3if we heom hereden: pat was for ure hermē. for we nefden nænne mon : þe us wið heom mihte griðien. Heo uf duden fwide wa: & pu uf dest al swa. þa heðene uf hatieð: & pe criftine uf fari makies. wær fcullen we bicumen: queden ha wif to han kinge. Azef uf zet þa quicke men : 20 þa liggeð 3eöd þas cluden. and 3if bu 3iuest milze?

bisse moncunnen.

pou hart cristeneman! and we beop al fon.

pe heapene vs dude moche wo: and bou vs doft al fo.

ware solle we bi-come? cwap pe wisues to pan kinge. 3ef vs 3et pe cwike men? pat liggeo ine clude.

mischiefs our children made fatherless and deprived of comfort.' Thou art a christian man, and we are also; 'the Saxish men are heathen hounds. They came to this land, and this folk here killed; if we obeyed them, that was because of our harm, for we had no man that might accord us with them.' 'They [the heathens] did us much woe, and thou dost to us also; 'the heathens us hate, and the christians make us sorrowful';—where shall we become (what will become of us)!"—quoth the women to the king. "Give us yet the men alive, who lie 'over these [in the] rocks; 'and if thou givest grace to this multitude, thy honor will be the greater,

<sup>1</sup> hæbene?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pi mon-scipe bið þa mare:

nu and æuere mære.

Lauer<sup>1</sup> Arður ure kig: leoðe vre benden.

bu hafust al bis lond inomen:

& al pif folc ouercumen. [c.2.]

we beod under note:

a þe if al þa bote. Þif iherde Arður:

aðelest kingen.

peine wop & peine rop:

& reouden vniuoze.

ba toc he to ræde:

and reofede on heorte.

he uunde on his ræde?

to don þat heo hie bede. he æf heo lif he æf heom lumen :

ne sær neo m ne ser neom fun

& heore lond to halden.

He lette blæwen bemen :

and þa Scottes bæcnien.

& heo ut of cluden:

to pan scipen comen.

an auerælchen fiden :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Louerd Arthur be king:

flake oure bendes.

bou hauest al bis lond inome:

and his folk his ouercome.

we beop vnder fote? in he his al he bote.

pis i-horde Arthur be king :

Bruttene deorling.

and 3eode to reade? and roufede on heorte. and funde in his reade?

don þat hii hine bede.

en :

He hehte blouwen bumes:
20 and bannien Scottef.

hii cropen vt of cloudes:

in euereche fides.

now and evermore.' Lord Arthur 'our [the] king, loosen our bonds! Thou hast taken (conquered) all this land, and 'all' this folk [is] overcome; we are under thy foot; in thee is all the remedy." Arthur [the king] heard this, 'noblest of kings [Britons darling]; 'this weeping and this lament, and immoderate sorrow'; 'then took he [and went] to counsel, and had pity in heart; 'he [and] found in his counsel to do what they him prayed; 'he gave them life, he gave them limb, and their land to hold.' He caused the trumpets to be blown, and 'the' Scots to be summoned; 'and' they 'came [crept] out of the rocks 'to the ships'; on every side 'approached toward land. They were

1 Lauerd?

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2 K

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

fwike pat hii nolden. [£1019.c1.]

and opes par fworen:

and alle fol fone:

ech man to his ende.

and Arthur grip fette:

god mid þan beste.

to Howel his maye.

po sayde Arthur :

fizen touwar¹ londe.

Heo weoren swide iharmede: mid scærpen þan hungre.

aðes heo fworen: fwiken \$2 nalden.

and heo pa izefuen:

3ifles þan kingen.

and alle ful fone:

þaf kinges men bicomen.

þis kinges men bi-come. & seo och heo gunnen fusen : 10 And po hii gonne wende :

pat folc per to-delden.

ælc mon to þan ende:

þer<sup>8</sup> he wes wuniende.

and Ardur per grid fette: god mid þan bezíte.

Whær ært þu Howel mi mæi:

monne me leofest.

isixst þu þisne muchelne mære: i-sihte þisne mere: per Scottes beo's amærred. pat her his bi-halues.

ifihft bu baf hæhze treon:

and fihft bu basærnefteon.[6.127.c.1.]

inne bisse uenne : if fifc unimete.

greatly harmed by the sharp hunger; [and] oaths 'they [there] swore, that they would not deceive; 'and they then gave hostages to the king,' and all full soon became 'the [this] kings men. And then they gan depart; 'the folk there separated,' each man to 'the [his] end, 'where he was dwelling;' and Arthur 'there' set peace, good with the best. [Then said Arthur:] "Where art thou, [to] Howel, 'my [his] relation, 'dearest of men to me?" 'Seest thou [Behold] this great lake, where the Scots are harmed [that is here beside]; 'seest thou these high trees, and seest thou these eagles fy? In this fen is fish innumerable. Seest thou these islands, that stand over

<sup>1</sup> touward?

<sup>2</sup> y heo?

<sup>3</sup> þær þer, pr. m.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

isibst þu þas æit-londes: þe 3eond þas watere stondeð. Seollic buhte Howel? of fwulchere ifihbe. and wonddrede wide1: bi þan watere flode. and pus per cleopede Howel: hæhef cunnes. Seoboen ich wes mon iboren : of mire moder bofme. no ifah ich a none londe: puf feolcude 2 pinges. swa ich here biuoren me: mid æzenen bihalde. Wundreden Bruttes: wunder ane swide. þa cleope Arður : adelest kingen. Howel min aze mæi: monnen me leofest. 20 lust mire worden: of mucle mære wunder. pat ic pe wulle tellen: of fode mine spellē. Bi þiffe mære<sup>8</sup> enden :

In to pan mere:

this water?" Marvellous it seemed to Howel, of such a sight, and he wondered greatly by the water-flood; and thus there spake Howel, of noble race: "Since I was born man of my mothers bosom, saw I in no land things thus (so) wonderful, as I here before me behold with eyes!" The Britons wondered wondrously much. Then spake Arthur, noblest of kings: "Howel, mine own relative, dearest to me of men, listen to my words, of a much greater wonder that I will tell to thee in my sooth speech.' 'By this

<sup>1</sup> fwite?

² feolcube?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This word is sup. ras.

per pis water wended. if an lutel wiht mære: monnen to wundre. he if end-longe: feouwer & fixti munden. he is imeten a bræde: fif & twenti foten. fif fote he is deop! alfene hine dulfen. Feower noked he is: and ælc fisc an his ende: per he his cun finded. ne mai per nan to o'dere ? [c. 2.] buten al fwa tacheo hif icunde. Nes næuer nan mon iboren: ne of fwa wife crafte icoren. no libbe he swa longe: be mazen hit vnder-stonde. what letted bene fife: to uleoten to pan overe. for nif per noht bitwenen:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

on lutel water wendep. hit his on lengbe: four and tweti mundes. hit his imete in brede: fif and twenti fote. fif fote hit hit his deep? aluene hine dolue. 10 Four nokede hit his: and per ine is feower kunnes fisc. and par in his four cunne fisc. and ech fife in his ende? ware was his cunde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat non poh hii wolde: par nif no man ibore: no fo witty icore.

pat wite wat lette pane fife: for fleote to oper. for noht nif bi-twine:

lakes end, where this [Into the lake a little] water floweth, is a certain little lake, to the wonder of men! It is in length four and 'sixty [twenty] palms; it is in measure in breadth five and twenty feet; five feet it is deep; elves it dug! Four-cornered it is, and therein is fish of four kinds, and each fish in his end where 'he findeth [was] his kind; 'may there none go to other, except all as belongeth to his kind [so that none, though they would, can pass to another]. 'Was never any [There is no] man born, nor 'of so wise craft [so witty] chosen, 'live he ever so long,' that may understand it [know]; what letteth (hindereth) the fish [for] to swim to 'the' others; for 'there' is nought between but water clean!" 'The yet spake

<sup>1</sup> Sic MS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A line is here wanting.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bote water cleane.

buten water clæne. Þa 3et cleopede Arður:

aðelest kingen.

Howel i þiffen lödes ænde! neh þere fæ stronde.

if a mære swide muchel:

pat water if un-fæle.

and whænne þa fæ vledeð: swulc heo wulle aweden.

and falled ine pene mære:

vnimete fwi'de. no bid næuere þæ mere :

on watere ha mare.

Ah þenne þa fæ falleð in :

and fcen ward ha uolden. and heo bid al inne:

in alden hire dene.

penne swelled pe mære:

and swærkeð þa vöen.

võē þer leppeoð ut:

vnimete gete. fleod ut a pat lond:

þat leoden agrifeð an hond.

3if þer cumeð æi mon:

pat noht ne cunne per on.

pat seollic to iseonne:

Arthur, noblest of kings: "Howel, in this lands end, nigh the sea-strand, is a lake exceeding great,—the water is evil,—and when the sea floweth, as if it would rage, and falleth in the lake exceeding quickly, the lake is never the more *increased* in water. But when the sea falleth in (ebbs), and the ground becomes fair (?), and in it is all in its old seat, then swelleth the lake, and the waves darken; out the waves there leap, exceeding great, flow out on the land, and the people soon terrify. If any man cometh there, that knoweth nought thereof, to behold the marvel by the

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

bi pere sæ stronde. 3if he hif neb wended: touwærd þan mære. ne beo he noht fwa loh iboren: ful wel he beoð iborgen. [f.127h.c.l.] þat wat<sup>9</sup> him glit bifiden: and be mon ber wuned fofte. after hif iwille: he wuned per uul stille. pat no bid he for pan watere: 10 naččing idracched. pa sæide Howel! hæh mon of Brutten. Nu ic ihere tellen: feolcude spellen. & feollic if be lauerd: bat al hit isette. þa cleopede Arður: aðelest kingen. Blawe's mine hornes: mid hæhzere stæfne. and fugged mine cnihtef: B ic fare for or rihte. Bemen ber blewen:

hornes ber stureden.

po faide Arthur :'
baldeft alre kinge.
20 Letep blowe bumes :'

warnie cnihtes.

pat ich faren wolle :

vt of pisse londe.

sea-strand; if he turneth his face toward the lake, be he nought (never) so low born, full well he shall be saved; the water glideth him beside, and the man there remaineth easy; after his will he dwelleth there full still, so that he is not for (on account of) the water anything injured!" Then said Howel, noble man of Brittany: "Now I hear tell a wonderful story, and marvellous is the Lord that it all made!" Then said Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings: "'Blow ye my horns [Cause trumpets to be blown] with loud noise, and 'say ye to my [to warn] knights, that I [will] march 'forth-right [out of this land]." 'Trumpets there were blown, horns there

#### [v. 22063—22086.]

# LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

bliffe wes an hiredere 1:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

mid bifie þan kinge. for ælc wef ifreoured: & ferde toward hif ærd. And be king for-bæd heom: bi heore bare liuen. pat na mon on worlde: swa wod no iwurče. no fwa ær witte gume : þat his grið bræke. 10 and 3if hit dude æi mon : he sculden do Solien. Æfne þan worde: fusde þa uærde. þer fuggen beornes: feolcube leobes. of Ardure<sup>2</sup> þā kinge: & of his here-pringē. and fæiden on fonge: to biffe worlde longe. neo<sup>8</sup> neuere mære fwulc king: ase Arour purh alle ping.

Efne pan worde?'
wende pe ferde.
par fongen cnihtes?'
of felcoupe londes.
of Arthur pan kinge?'
and of his here-dringes.
and feiden on fonge?'
to piffe worle longe.
e' ne worp neuere foch king?'
afe Arthur porh alle ping.
king ne cayfer icore?'
in neuere none cuppe.

resounded; bliss was in the host with the busy king; for each was so and proceeded toward his land. And the king forbade them, by their life, that no man in the world should be so mad, nor person so ur that he should break his peace; and if any man did it, he should doom.' Even with the words the army marched; there sung 'warriors vellous songs [knights of strange lands] of Arthur the king, and chieftains, and said in song, to this worlds end never more' would be king as Arthur, through all things, king nor [chosen] caiser, in eve

[c. 2.]

kig no kæifere:

in næuere nare kuððe.

<sup>1</sup> hirede?

Piram.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Ardur ford to Eouuerwic: mid folke swide feollic. and wunede per wiken fixe: mid muchelere wunne. þa burh walles weoren: to-broken & to-fallen. pat Childric al for-barnden: & þa hallen alle clæne. pa cleopede pe king: Piram ænne preost mæren. 10 he wes swide wis mon? and witful on bocken. Piram þu ært min aze preost: be æð be scal iwurden 1. þe king nō ane rode : hali and swide gode. and? Piram an hond? and per mid swide muchel lond. and bene ærchebiscopes staf: þer he Pirā azaf. ær wes Piram preost god: nu he if ærchebiscop. þa hæhte hine Arður :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xui.

Athur forb to Euerwich! mid folke fwibe fellich. [c2] and wonede pare fix wikes! mid mochelere winne. be borh wallef weren! to-broken and to-fallen. be chirchen for-barnd! be hallef to-fallen. bo cleopede be king! one preft Pyram. he was fwibe wif man! and witfol on boke.

pe king an halidom nam:

and bi-toc Pyram.

and pan archebiffop ftaf:
pare he Pyram 3af.
her was Pyram preoft god:
nou he his archebiffop.
po him bad Arthur:

realm! Arthur proceeded to York, with folk very surprising (numerous), and dwelt there six weeks with much joy. The burgh walls were broken and fallen down, 'that Childric all [the churches] consumed, 'and' the halls 'all clean [fallen down]. Then called the king a 'distinguished' priest, Piram;—he was an exceeding wise man, and learned in book:—"'Piram, thou art mine own priest, the easier it shall be for thee."' The king took a 'rood [relique], 'holy and most good,' and gave to Piram in hand, 'and therewith very much land'; and the archbishops staff he there gave to Piram;—ere was Piram a good priest, now is he archbishop! Then bade

<sup>1</sup> iwurten?

<sup>2</sup> and bi-tok?

aðeleft kigen. þat he rærde churechen: & pa fonges rihten. and goddes folc biwuften: & fæire heō dihtten. And he hæhte alle cnihtes: demen rihte domes. and ba eorge-tilien: teon to heore cræften. & æuerælcne gume : overne igræten. & wulc mon swa wurf dude:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

to ane bare walme. & 3if hit weore læð mon: he sculde hongie for bon. pa 3et cleope Ardur! [f. 128.c. 1.] 3et clepede Arthur! aðelest kingen.

hæhte þat alc mon : be hif lond hafde for-gan. mid wulchef cunnes wite: swa he bi-wæiued weore.

bene be king bafde ibodē.

he wolde hine ifusen :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

cherches a-rere:

and godef worc rihte: and be folk dihte. And he bad alle his cnihtef: deme rihte domef. and be erbe-tilief: hire lond teorne. and euerec 1 gome : operne hi-grete. And woch man oper dude: pane pe king hadde ibode. he folde dom polie : at be king his wille.

boldest alre kinge.

hehte pat his lond hadde ilore:

him Arthur, 'noblest of kings,' 'that he should arear [to arear] churches, and restore 'the hymns (?), and take charge of 'Gods Yolk [work], and rule 'them fair [the folk]. And he bade all [his] knights to deem right (just) dooms; and the earth-tillers to 'take to their craft [turn their land]; and every man to greet other. And what man 'soever,' did 'worse [otherwise] than the king had ordered, he'would drive him to a bare burning, and if it were a base man, he should for that hang [should suffer doom, at the king his will]. 'The' yet spake Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings; ordered 'that each man' who had lost his land 'by whatsoever kind of punishment he were bereaved,' that he should come 'again [to him], 'full' quickly and

20

<sup>1</sup> euerech?

Lot.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. pat he again come: ful rave & ful fone. pe riche & pe laze: and hefde æft hif agen. bute he weore swa fule biwite: bote he were fo vuel bi-zete: † he weore lauerd-fwike. over touward hif lauer man- oper to his louerd man-fwore! swore : pene pe king demde for-lore.

per come preo ibroderen: be weore kiniborne. Lot & Angel & Vrien: welle hwulche preo men. peos here-priges preo: comen to pan kige3. & fetten an heore cneowen: biforen þan kæifere. Hal seo þu Arður:

aðeleft kigē. and þi duzeðe mid þe: a mote heo wel beo. We sunded breo broderen: iboren of kigen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. pat he to him come. rape and ful fone. pe riche and pe lowe: to habbe zein his owe. pat he were louerd-fwike.

pane pe king demde ilore. par comen pe preo bropers: pat weren kinebore. Loth Augel and Vrien: wele woche preo men. [£ 102.cl.] peos pre heredringes : come to ban kinge. and fete on hire cnouwes: bi-fore þā caisere. Hayl beo pou Arthur: an alle bine cnihtef.

We beop preo broperei: ibore al of kinges.

full soon,—the rich and the low,—'and should have eft [to have again] his own, unless he were so 'foully [evilly] conditioned, that he were traitor to his lord, or 'toward [to] his lord forsworn, whom the king should deem lost (out of the limits of pardon). There came [the] three 'brethrea [brothers], that were royally born, Loth, 'and' Angel, and Urien;—well are such three men! These three chieftains came to the king, and set on their knees before the caiser:--" Hail be thou, Arthur, 'noblest of kings,' and 'thy people with thee [all thy knights]; 'ever may they well be!' We are three 'brethren [brothers], born [all] of kings. All our 'rightful land

<sup>1</sup> The first two letters of this word are sup. ras. by a second hand.

<sup>2</sup> lauerd? 3 R. kinge.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. if al ure icude lond : i-gan ut of ure hond. for habbeod hædene men: uf hene imakede. and iwæst ' uf al Leonæis: Scotlond & Muræf. pat pu uf beo fultume. and for pire mucle wuröscipe: pat pu us wurde milde. [c. 2.] 10 pat pou vs milde worpe. agif uf ure icunde lond: and we be sculled luuien. hælden þe for lauer? an ælche leod wifen. þif iherde Arður: aðelest king. hu peos preo cnihtes: fæire hine bisohten. reoufede on heorte: & he reordien gan. 90 and pas word fæide: feleft alre kinge.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. his al oure kine-lond: igo vt of vre hond. for þe heaþene men: pore vs habbeb imaked. and iwest vs Leoneys: Scotland and Moraynes. & we bidded he for godes luue! And we biddeh he for godes loue! pot pou vs be a foltome. for pine mochele worsipe: and 3ef vs oure icunde lond: and we be wolleb louie. holde be for louerd: on euereche wise. pis ihorde Arthur : boldest alre kinge. ou bes breo cnihtef: faire hine bi-fohte. he reousede on heorte: and pes word faide.

[kingdom] is gone out of our hand; for [the] heathen men have made us poor, and wasted us all Leoneis, Scotland, and Moray. And we pray thee, for Gods love, that thou be to us [in] aid, 'and' for thy great honor, that thou be mild to us, [and] give us our rightful land; and we 'shall [will] love thee, and hold thee for lord, in 'each land- [every] wise." Arthur heard this, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings, how these three knights fair besought him; [he] had compassion in heart, 'and he gan speak,' and said these words,-- 'best of all kings':-- "Urien, be-

come my man; thou shalt 'to Moray again [have Moray]; thereof thou

Vrian bi-com mi man:

pou falt Morayne habbe.

Vrien bi-cum mi mon?

bu scalt to Muræiue azæn.

<sup>1</sup> iwræst, pr. m.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> lauerd ?

per of pu scalt beon icleoped: king of ban londe.

& hæh an mine hirede:

mid bine1 mon-weorede. And Angele ich fette an hond: And Augel ich take be an hond!

al to-gædere Scotlond. habbe hit an honde:

and been king of ban londe.

from pan fader to pan fune:

per of pu scalt mi mon bi-cumen. par of pou salt mi man bicome.

godd þe wurðe liðe. bu hauest mine suster to wive:

bæ bet þe fcal iwurde<sup>2</sup>.

Ich þe 3ifue Loenæis:

pat if is<sup>3</sup> a lond faier. and ich wulle lengen4 ber to:

londes swide gode.

biside pere Hübre:

wurð an hundred punden.

For mi fader Voer: be while be he wes king here.

lufede wel hif dohter ? [f. 128".c.1.] louede fwipe his dohter :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

par of pou falt beon icleoped: king of pan londe.

al to-gadere Scotlond. habben hit an hond:

and been king of pan londe.

fram pan fader to pan fone:

And bu Lot mi leofe freend: 11 And bou Loth min leoue man!

god þe worþe milde.

bou hauest mine softer:

be bet be fal iworbe. [c. 2.]

Ich þe 3eue Leoneys:

pat his a lond riche.

and ich wolle legge þar to:

londef fwipe gode.

bi-fides Norhhumbre:

worp an hundred pund.

. For mi fader Vther: wile pat he was king her.

shalt be called king of the land, 'and high in my court (or host), with thy forces.' And 'to' Angel I 'set [give thee] in hand Scotland altogether; to have it in hand, and be king of the land, from the father to the son; thereof thou shalt my man become. And thou, Loth, my dear 'friend [man],-God be to thee mild!—thou hast my sister 'to wife'; the better it shall be for thee. I give thee Leoneis, that is a land 'fair [rich]; and I will lay (add) thereto lands most good, beside 'the Humber [North-humber], worth an hundred pounds. For my father Uther, 'the' while that he was king here, loved

20

<sup>1</sup> pinne, pr. m.

<sup>3</sup> Sic MS.

<sup>2</sup> iwurbe?

<sup>4</sup> leggen ⊁

#### LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

be wes hif bæd ibohte.

& heo if mi fuster:

& haue'd funen tweien.

peo me beoð ō londe :

children alre leofest.

pus fpæc Ardur¹ þe king :

þa wes Walwain lute child. swa wel<sup>2</sup> þe oðer:

Modræd hif broðrer3.

muchel hærm com þer fore.

Ardur¹ for to Lundene:

& mid him his leoden.

he heold inne londe:

ane muchele hustinge. and fette alle þa lagen:

alle þa lagen gode:

þe her ær stoden.

he sette grið he sette frið:

and alle freodomes.

benene he for to Corwale:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

porh alle cunnes pinge.

And fonef 3eo haueb tweie:

leof hii beob me beie.

pat was Woweyn and Modred: [Wal]wein.

for 3am bou falt iworbe bet.

wale pat Moddræd wef ibore: 10 Ac walawo pat Modred was ibore: [M]odrid.

moche harm com þar vore. Arthur com to Londene: and mid him his leode.

and he pare makede:

swipe mochele speche. and fette alle be lawes:

bat stoden bi his ælderne dazen. bat stode bi his eldre dazes.

Fram panene he wende:

'well [greatly] his daughter, 'who was his desire (?) esteemed [through all kind of thing]; 'and she is my sister,' and sons [she] hath twain; they are to me 'in land dearest of all children [both dear]." 'Thus spake Arthur the king.' Then was Walwain a little child; so was the other, Modred his brother. [that was Woweyn and Modred; "for them thou shalt be the better." But] alas! that Modred was born; much harm therefore came! Arthur'proceeded [came] to London, and with him his people; he held in the land a mickle husting [and he made there an exceeding great conference], and established all the laws that stood in his elders days; 'all the good laws that ere here stood; he set peace, he set protection, and all freedoms.' [From] thence he

<sup>1</sup> R. Arbur.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This word is interlined sec. m.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> broter.

Guenaji

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. to Cadores riche. he funde per a mæide: vnimete fæier. Wes pas mæidenes moder: of Romanisce mannen. Cadores mage: & þat maide¹ hī bi-tahte. & he heo fæire a-feng? and fofte heo fedde. Heo wes of heze cune: 10 of Romanisce monnen. næs in nane londe: maide nan swa hende. [c.**2**.] of fpecche & of dede: and of tuhtle swide gode. Wenhaver. heo wes ihate Wenhauer:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.
in to Cornwale.
he funde þar a maýde:
Cador his mowe.
Was þeos maýdes moder:
of Romanisse cunne.

nas in none londe! mayde fo hende.
of fpeche ne of deade! ne of alle peues.
seo waf i-hote Gwenayfer! maydene hendeft.
Arthur hire nam to wifue! and louede hire fwipe.
pif maide he gā wedde! and nam hire to bedde.

A Rthur was in Cornwale:

marched 'to [into] Cornwall, 'to Cadors territory'; he found there a maid 'extremely fair [Cador his relation]. This maidens mother was of Romanish 'men [kindred], 'Cadors relative; and the maid Cador on him bestowed, and he received her fair, and softly her fed. She was of noble race, of Romanish men'; was in no land 'any' maid so fair, of speech 'and [nor] of deeds, 'and of manners most good [nor of all virtues]; she was named 'Wenhaver [Gwenayfer], fairest of 'women [maidens]. Arthur took her to wife, and loved her 'wondrously' much; this 'maiden [maid] he gan wed, and took her to 'his' bed. Arthur was in Cornwall all the winter 'there;

20

wifmonne hedeft.

Arour heo nom to wife:

& luuede heo wunder swide.

þif maiden he gon wedde:

and nom heo to hif bedde. Arour wes i Cornwale:

al bene winter bere.

<sup>1</sup> maide he?

<sup>2</sup> Written at first afenge, but the last letter expuncted by the same hand.

Gillomar.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and al for Wenhæuere lufe: wimmonē him leofuest. þa þe winter wes agan : and fumer com per anan. Arour hine bipohte: whæt he don mahte. pat his folc gode: aswunden ne læie þere. He ferde to Æxchæstræn: to pan mid-festen. 10 & heold per hif huftinge: of hehzen his folke. & feide # he wolde: in to Irlonde. wenden<sup>8</sup> al þat kine-lond: to his æh3ere hond. buten be kig Gillomar: to him raper come ær. and mid liften hi speken wid? & zirnde Arðures grið. 20 he wolde weste his lond:

and lubere him gon an hond.

mid fure mid stele :

MS. Cott. Otho, C, x111.

for Gwenayferhis¹loue : [f. 102. c.1.]

womman heom² leofueft.

po pat wynter was agon :

and fomer com par anon.

Arthur him bi-pohte :

wat he don mihte.

pat his folk gode :

a-fwonde ne leye.

To Excetre he wende :

and heold pare fpeche.

and faide pat he wolde :'

in to Irlonde.

and winnen al þat kinelond? to his owene hond.
bote þe king Gillomar: 
þe raþer to him come her.
and faire him fpeke wiþ: 
and 30rnde Arthur his griþ.
Ich wolle wasti his lond: 
and luþer go him an hond.

and' all for Wenhavers love, dearest of women to him. When the winter was gone, and summer came there anon, Arthur bethought him what he might do, that his good folk should not lie 'there' inert. He marched to Exeter, 'at the mid-feast (of St. John Baptist?),' and held there 'his husting [a conference] 'of his noble folk,' and said that he would go into Ireland, [and] win all the kingdom to his own hand; unless the king Gillomar [the] sooner came ere to him, and spake with him 'with good will [fair], and yearned 'Arthurs [Arthur his] peace, 'he would ["I will] waste his land, and go (act) to him evilly in hand, 'with fire and with

1 Sic MS.

3 R. him ?

winnen?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

streit gomen wurchen. & pat lond-folc aflæn: be wolde stonden him azein. Æfne þan worde: [f. 129. c. 1.] Efne þan worde: þa þe kig sæide. ba andfwarede bat folc: fæire þan kinge. Lauuerd king hald bi word: we beo'd alle 3arewe. to game & to ride: oueral to bire neode. per wes moni bald Brut? be hafde beres leches. heouen up heore bruwen: i-burst an heore bonke. Wendē touwarde innen : cnihtes mid heore monnen. heo ruokedē burnen: bonnedē helmef. heo wipeden horf leoue? mid linnene clave. heo fceren 1 heo fcoiden ?

fcalkes balde weorē.

hat he king sayde. bo answerede alle : in boure and in halle. Louerd king hold bin word: for we beop alle 3arue. 10 to gon and to ride : oueral in bine neode. par was mani bold Brut? kene to neode.

> Hii wende to hire hinne : cnibtes mid hire manne. hii rollede wepne :

and foide hire stedes.

steel work hostile game, and the land-folk slay, who would stand against him.' Even with the words that the king said, then answered 'the folk, fair to the king [all, in bower and in hall]: "Lord king, hold thy word, [for] we are all ready, to go and to ride over all 'at [in] thy need." There was many a bold Briton 'that had boars glances [keen at need]; 'heaved up their brows, enraged in their thought.' [They] went toward [their] inns, knights with their men: they 'got ready burnies, prepared helms [rubbed their weapons], 'they wiped their dear horses with linen cloths;' they sheared, they [and their steeds] shod,—'the men were bold!' Some

1 heore steden?

[c. 2.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

fü scæft horn fum fcaft ban : sum 3arked stelene flan. sum makede1 þwonges2: gode & swide strong. summe beouweden3 fperen: & beonneden sceldes.

Arour letten beoden: zeond al his kine-peoden.

pat æuerælc god cniht: to him come forð riht.

and euerælc oht mon :

comen forð riht anan. & wa swa bilæfden :

hif leomen he fculde leofen. & wha swa come gladliche:

he sculden wurde riche.

Seouen niht uppen Æstre: þa men hafden iuast.

pa comen alle pa cnihtes: to scipē ford<sup>5</sup> rihtes.

wind heom ftod an honde:

be fcaf heom to Irlonde.

MS. Cott. Otho. C. x111. somme fafde fceftef:

somme beoude longe speres. somme makede þwanges ?

gode & fwipe stronge.

Arthur lette beode:

oueral his kinepeode. pat euer ech oht cniht:

10 to him come forbriht.

and enereth oht man: to him come annon.

and wofe leafde:

his leome he folde leofe.

and wofe come gladliche:

h4 folde i-worpe riche. Soue niht vppe Easter :

po men hadde ifaste.

[a2.] po comen alle peof cnihtes: 20 to fipe forb rihtes.

wind 3am stod an honde?

pat faf 3am to Irlonde.

4 he?

shaped (or shaved) 'horn; some shaped bone; some prepared steel darts [shafts; some bent (?) long spears]; some made thongs, good and very strong; 'some bent (?) spears, and made ready shields.' Arthur caused to be bidden over all his kingdom, that every 'good [brave] knight should come to him forth-right, and every brave man should come 'forthright [to him] anon; and whoso should remain behind, his limbs he should lose, and whose should come gladly, he should become rich. Seven nights after Easter, when men had fasted, then came all 'the [these] knights to ship forth-right; the wind stood to them in hand (favorably), that drove them to Ireland; [they embarked upon the strand, into

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<sup>1</sup> make pr. m. <sup>3</sup> Altered by the second hand to beoveden.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> wonges, pr. m. fort?

<sup>2</sup> L

Arour a bet lond ferde: and þa leoden a-merden. muchel uolc he aflo3: orf he nom vniuoh. & æuer he hæhte ælcne mon : chireche-grið halden. pet tidende com to pan kinge: pe lauerd wes of pan londe. 10 þat þer wes icunen¹ Arður: and ærmöen iwrohte ber. He fumnede al his leoden : zeond hif kinelonde. and hif Irifce uolc: fusden to fehte. to-zeines Aroure: pan abele kinge. Arour and his cnihtes: heō wepnede forð rihtes. & fore heom to-zeines: folc vnimete.

hii wenden vppe strode! in to pan ilke londe.

A Rthur in pan londe ferde! and pat folk a-morde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

mochel folk he pare floh! and he nam horf inoh. and euere he hehte ech man! cherch-grip holde. pe tyding com to pan kinge: pat louerd was of pan londe. pat Arthur king was pider icome! and moche harm wrohte. He somne? alle his cnihtes!

to-zeinef Arthur fihte. forp hii wende fone: pat hii to Arthur come.

that land.] Arthur marched in the land, and the people destroyed; much folk he [there] slew, [and] he took cattle enow; and ever he ordered each man church-peace to hold. The tiding came to the king, who was lord of the land, that Arthur [the king] was come 'there [thither], and [much] harm 'there' wrought. He assembled all his 'people, over his kingdom; and his Irish folk marched to the fight, against [knights, against Arthur to fight; forth they soon marched, so that they came to] Arthur 'the noble king. Arthur and his knights they weaponed them forth-right, and advanced against them, a numerous folk.' 'Arthurs men were with arms

Arðures men weoren:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. icumen.

### [v. 22338-22359.]

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. mid wepnen al bi-behte. þa Irifce men weoren: nakede neh þan. mid speren & mid axen? & mid swiðe fcærpe fæxen. Ardures men letten fleon: vnimete flā. and merden Irisc folc2: & hit fwide ualden. ne mæhten heo ibolien: purh nanef cunes pingen. ah fluzen awai sides: swide uæle busend. & Gillomar beking flah : [6.129b.c.1.] And Gillomar be king : & awæwardes teh. and Arour him after: and bene king ikahte. he nom bi þan honde: pene king of pan londe. Ardur be hæze: herbeorwe isohte. an his mode him wes pa æðe: in his mode him was hep?

ac hii weren nakede: and be obe hi-heled mid hire

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

And Arthur his men : lette flon to 3am fleon. and morde Ireffe folk: pat hit ful swipe. 10 ne mihten hii þis þolie : borb none cunnef binge. ac floze away swipe: in euereche side. fleh swipe an hizeng. and Arthur him after: and pane king cahte. [f. 103.4 he nam bi þan honde: pan kig of pan londe. 20 Arthur þe bolde:

to his hinne wende.

all covered, the Irish men were nearly naked [but they were naked, the others covered with their weapons], 'with spears and with axes, with sexes exceeding sharp.' 'Arthurs [And Arthur his] men let fly them] 'numerous' darts, and killed the Irish folk; 'and [so that] gre it 'felled [fell]; they might not [this] sustain, through any kind of th but fled away quickly, 'very many thousands [on every side]. And Gille the king fled, 'and awayward drew [greatly in haste], and Arthur sued after him, and caught the king; he took by the hand the king of land. Arthur the 'noble sought lodging [bold went to his inn]; in his n

<sup>1</sup> hire wepne? Perhaps mid hire is superfluous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by a second hand in the margin.

<sup>3</sup> fwite:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. pat Gillomar him wes fwa neh. Nu dude Arour! aðeleft kingen. swide muche freondscipe: at-foren al hif folke. he lette bene king scrude: mid ælchere prude. and æc bi Aroure fat: and æc mid him feolue æt. mid Aroure he win dronc ? pat him wes mucheles unbonc. Naveles pa he isah: þat Arður wes fwiðe glad. ba cleopede Gillomar: an his horte him wes fær. Lauerd Ardur þi grið: 3ef me leomē & 3if me lif. ich wulle þi mö bicumē: & biteche pe mine preo funen. mine sune deore: to don al pine iwille. & 3et ich wulle mare?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat Gillomar him was fo neh.

Ne¹ dude Arthur þe bolde king:

on swipe free ping.

he lette pane king fcrude? mid allere prude. and bi Arthur he fat? and eke mid him seolf hate. mid Arthur me² wyn drong? pat was mid mochel onpong. Nopeles po he ifeh? pat Arthur was fo neh. Gillomar him faide? mid forp-folle heorte. Louerd Arthur pin grip? gef me leome and gef me lif. and ich wolle pin man bi-come? to hoftage take pe mine fone.

And 3et ich wolle more:

it was the easier to him, that Gillomar was so nigh him. Now did Arthur 'noblest of kings, very great friendship before all his folk [the bold king, a thing most liberal]; he caused the king to be clothed with 'each [all] pride (richly); and 'eke' by Arthur [he] sate, and eke with himself ate; with Arthur he drank wine,—that 'to him' was [with] mickle unthank. Nevertheless when he saw that Arthur was 'most glad [so nigh], then said Gillomar [to him],—in his heart he was sore [with sorrowful heart]: "Lord Arthur, thy peace! Give me limb and give me life, [and] I will become thy man, 'and' deliver thee my 'three sons [son for hostage], 'my dear sons, to do all thy will.' And yet I will do more, if thou wilt give me

3if þu me wult 3efen ære. ich wulle þe bi-tache: zisles swide rich. children fume fixti: hæze & swide mæhti. 3et ich1 wulle mære: 3if þu me 3ifuest ære. ælche zere of mine londe: seouen Jusend punde. [c. 2.] & fenden heom to bine londe? 10 & fixti mark of golde. & 3et ich wulle mare : 3if þu wult me 3ifuen are. alle ba steden : mid alle heore iweden. þa hæuekes & þa hundes : & hehze mine mahmes. ich bitache be to hode : of alle mine londe. And bene bu hauest bis idon: 20 And wane bou hauest bus idon: ich wulle nime halidom. of feit Colūkille: be dude godes iwille.

& feint Brændenef hæfed:

3ef þou me wolt 3efue ore. ich wolle þe bi-take: hostages riche. children folle sixti: riche and wel militi. And 3et ich wolle more: 3ef bou me 3euest ore. eche 3er of mine londe: foue pousend pound pe sende.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and alle mine stedes: mid alle hire wedef. min hauekef and mine houndes: and oper riche 3eftes. ich take þe an honde: of al mine londe. ich wolle nime halidomes. of feint Columkille: [c. 2.] pat dude godes wille. and feint Brendan his heued:

grace; I will deliver thee hostages 'exceeding' rich, children 'some [full] sixty, 'noble [rich] and 'most [well] mighty. [And] yet I will more, if thou givest me grace; each year of my land seven thousand pounds [thee send]; 'and send them to thy land, and sixty marks of gold. And yet I will more, if thou wilt give me grace'; [and] all 'the [my] steeds, with all their trappings, 'the [my] hawks, and 'the [my] hounds, and 'my rich treasures [other rich gifts] I give thee in hand, of all my land. And when thou hast this done, I will take the reliques of Saint Columkille, who did

<sup>1</sup> This word is interlined.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. pe godd feolf halejede. & seinte Bride riht fot: be hali if & swide god. & halidomef inoze? be comen ut of Rome. & swerien be to fobe: fwiken þe þat ich nulle. ah ich þe wulle luuien: and halden be for lauerd1. halden þe for hahne king: & mi feolf beon bin vnderling. þif iherde Arður: aðeleft king. & he gan lih3ē ? luddere steftne2. & he gon andfwerie: mid ædmode worden. Beo nu glad Gillomar: ne beo pin heorte noht fær. for by ært a wif mon: þa bet þe scal iwurðen. for æuere me æhte wisne mon: MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat god feolf halwede. and feinte Bride riht fot: pat his holy and god. and halidomes inowe: pat come vt of Rome. and fwerien pe to fope: fwike pat ich pe nelle. ac ich pe wolle louie: and holde pe for louerd.

p Is ihorde Arthur: boldeft alre kinge.

and him and werede?

mid mildeliche wordes.

Beo nou glad Gillomar?

ne beo bou noht in heorte for.

for bou hart a wifman?

be fal be bet for ban.

Gods will, and Saint 'Brandans [Brandan his] head, that God kisself hallowed, and Saint Brides right foot, that is holy and 'most' good, and reliques enow, that came out of Rome, and swear to there in sooth, that I will thee not deceive; but I will love thee, and hold there for lord, 'hold thee for high king, and myself be thy underling.'" Arthur heard this, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings, 'and he gan laugh with loud voice,' and he 'gan answer [answered] with gracious words: "Be now glad, Gillomar; be 'not thy heart sore [thou not sore in heart]; for thou art a wise man,—the better [therefore] shall it 'be' to thee, 'for ever one ought worthily a

wurdliche igreten.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> lauer, pr. m.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

for bine wisdome:

for bine wisdome: no scal pe noht pa wurse. [s. \*129.c. 1.]ne sal pe noh pe worse. muchel þu me beodest: pe scal beon pa betere. Her ford rihtef: bi-foren al mine cnihtes. forgiuen be amare! al þæ haluen dæle. of golde & of gærfue : ah þu scalt mi mon bicumen. 10 ac þou salt min man bi-come. and half pat gauel fende: ælche 3ere to mine londe. Halfe þa steden: & halfe þa iweden. halue þa hauekef: & halue þa hundes. þæ þu me beodest: ich wulle þe bi-lefen. ah ich wulle habben : pire hæhre monne childrē. peo heom beo's alre leofuest: ich heom mai þe bet ileouē.

& fwa þu fcalt wunien:

moche bou me bedest : pe sal beon pe betere. Her forbrihtes: bi-vore alle mine cnihtes. ich for-zeue of pine bode: al pan haluendeale. of golde and of garifome: and half pat gauel fende: in to mine londe. Halue pe stedes: and halue be wedes. halue þe hundes: and halue be hauekes. pat pou me bedest: ich wolle þe bi-lefue. ac ich wolle habbe bine sone :

ich may þe þe bet i-leue. And you falt wonie:

wise man to greet';—for thy wisdom shall it not be the worse for thee; much thou me offerest, the better it shall be to thee. Here forth-right, before all my knights, I forgive thee 'the more, [of thy offer] all the halfpart, of gold and of treasure; but thou shalt become my man, and half the tribute send 'each year' [in] to my land. Half the steeds, and half the weeds (garments), half the 'hawks [hounds], and half the 'hounds [hawks], that thou me offerest, I will relinquish to thee; but I will have 'the children of thy noble men [thy son], 'who are to them dearest of all'; I may the better believe 'thee [them]. And 'so' thou shalt dwell in thy honor (honorably) in thy

<sup>1</sup> þa mare?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. in wurdscipe bire. a þine kine-dome: i bine rihte icunden. & ic be wulle seuen to: pat ne scal be king woh don. butë he hit abugge: mid hif brare1 rugge. peo² hit fæide Arður : aðelest kingen. pa hafden he an hond? al to-fomne Irlond. & be kig hif mon bicumen: and bitæht hi hif preo feonen. þa spac Arður: to fele hif cnihten. Faren<sup>8</sup> to Hif-lond: & nimē we hit to ure honde.

Faren<sup>3</sup> to Hif-lond?
& nimē we hit to ure honde.
Ferde per fuse?
& com to Islande. [c.2.]

Ælcu[s.] Ælcus pe kīg wes ihatē?
hæh mon of pan ærd.
he iherde pa tidende?
of Arðure pan kinge.
he dude al so wis mon?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. in worsipe bine. in bine kinelonde: and bin ribte icunde. [£103.c.1.] and ich be wolle loke to? pat no king ne sal pe mis-do. bote he hit a-bugge: mid his bare rugge. pus him faide Arthur ? holdest alre kinge. 10 po he hadde al Irlond? to his owene hond. and be king his man bi-com: and bi-tok Arthur his fone. po spac Arthur: to fele hif cnihtef. Wende we to Island: and nime hit to oure hond. Ford hii wende: pat hii pider come. Alcus hehte be king: he hadde mani onderlyng.

he ihorde þan týdingge:

of Arthur ban kinge.

he dude afe a wifman :

kingdom, in [and] thy right territory; and I will 'give [look] to thee, that 'the king shall not do wrong [no king shall misdo] to thee, unless he pay for it with his bare back!" Thus 'it said [said him] Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings. Then had he [all] Ireland 'all together' in [his own] hand; and the king became his man, and delivered 'him [Arthur] his 'three sons [son]. Then spake Arthur to his good knights: "Go we to Iceland, and take 'we' it in our hand." 'The host there marched, and to Iceland [Forth they went, until they thither] came. The king 'was named [hight] Ælcus, 'high man of the land [he had many an underling]; he heard the tiding of Arthur the

Effco[L]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

& wende togeines him anan. anan forð rihtes: mid fixtene cnihtes. he bar on hif honde: ænne mucle 3eord of golde. Sone swa he Arour isæh: fwa he on hif cneowen bæh. & pas word him iquad: be king wes afæred. Wulcume fire Arour : wilcume lauerd.

Her ich biteche þe an hond: al to-gadere Iflond. þu fcal beð min hæh3e king :

and ich wul beon ben underling. and ich wolle beo bin onderling. Ich be wullen heren:

swa mon fcal don hif hærren. & ich wulle bi mon bicumen:

Effcol if ihaten: and bu hine fcalt iædelien. to cnihte hine dubben:

alse pi azene mon. Hif moder ich habbe to wife? MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and wende agenest him anon. fwipe forp rihtef: mid fixtene cnihtef. he bar on his honde: ane mochele zeord of golde. Sone fo he Arthur ifeh: on his cnowes he him beh. and peos word faide: be king was a-fered. Wolcome fire Arthur: wolcome louerd. Her ich bi-take þe an hond : al to-gadere Iflond. bou falt beo min hehze king :

Ich wolle here þi man bi-come: & bitæche be minne leofue fune. and take be mine fone. 20 Efcol his ihote: and pou hine most teche.

to cnihte hine dobben:

ase bin owene man.

His moder his wel ibore:

king; he did 'all' as [a] wiseman, and marched against him anon; 'anon [quickly] forth-right, with sixteen knights; he bare in his hand a mickle wand (sceptre) of gold. 'So' soon as he saw Arthur, he bent [him] on his knees, and 'quoth [said] these words 'to him,'—the king was afraid:— "Welcome, sir Arthur! welcome, lord! Here I deliver thee in hand all together Iceland; thou shalt be my high king, and I will be thy underling. 'I will obey thee, as man shall do his master, and' I will become [here] thy man, and deliver thee my 'dear' son, who is named Escol; and thou'shalt him honor (or reward) [must him teach], and dub him to knight, as thine own

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted in the margin by second hand. 1 word?

paf kinges dohter of Rufie. And æc ælche 3ere: 3iuen 1 þe wulle æhte. seoue pusend punde: of feoluere and of golde. & to æuer ælche ræde: beon 3æru to pire neode.[6.\*129b.c. 1.]beo 3aru to pine neode. pif ich wullen be swerien! uppen mine sweorden. pe halidom if a pere hilte: be hexite of biffe londe. likien swa me liken: nulle ich be nauere fwiken. pif iherde Ardur?? aðlest kigē. Ardur wes wunfum: ber he hafde hif iwillen. & he wes wod4 sturne? wið hif wiðer-iwinnen. Arour pa live word iherde: of pan leod-kinge. al pat he zirnde! al he hī 3ette<sup>5</sup>.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. be kingef dohter of Rusie icore. And eke eche 3ere: 3efen ich þe wolle. foue poufend pound: of feoluer and of golde. and to euereche reade: pis ich wolle fwerie: vppen mine fweorde. þar his an halidom wel icore: in ban helte bi-vore. likie ou me likie: nolle ich þe neuere fwike. bif ihorde Arthur: boldest alre kinke3. Arthur was wisman: ware he hadde his wille. he was wonder steorne ? wip his wiper-iwinne.

Arthur grantete pan king: al pat he 30rnde.

man. His mother 'I have to wife [is well born], the kings [choice] daughter of Russia. And eke each year [I] will give thee 'money,' seven thousand pounds of silver and of gold; and in every counsel be ready at thy need. This I will swear 'to thee,' upon my sword; 'the relique is in the hilt, the noblest of this land [there is a relique well choice in the hilt before]; like as me shall like, will I never be false to thee!" Arthur heard this 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings. Arthur was 'winsome [wise man] where he had his will, and he was exceeding stern with his enemies. Arthur 'heard the mild words of the monarch; he' granted him [the king] all that he

<sup>3</sup> kinge? 1 3iuen ich? <sup>2</sup> R. Arbur. 4 wonder? 5 Sup. ras.

[Go]nwais.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. zilles 1 and aves : and alle hif ibodes. ¶ þa iherde suggen : fodere worden. be king of Orcaneie: vnimete kene. Gonwais wes ihate: hæðene kenpe?. pat Arour king wolde: cume to hif londe. mid muchele scip-ferde : fusen to leoden. Gonwaif hi uerde to-3æines: mid wife hif beines. and fette Aroure an hond: al Orcaneies lod. and twa and pritti æit-lond: þe þider in liggeð. and his mon-radene: mid muchelere mensce. 20

oþes he þare nā: and hoftagef al fon. O ihorde fegge: fobere wordes. be king of Organeye: onimete kene. Gongwas was inote: heapene kempe. pat Arthur pe stronge gome? 10 to his londe wolde come.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Gongwas zeode to-zeynes: mid wife his cnihtef. and fette Arthur an hond: al Organeyes lond. and two and pritti yllondes: pat par to liggep. and his manradene: mid mochelere mensce. And he him hafde a uoreward: And he him hadde a foreward: bi-vore alle his cnihtes.

eche 3er to iwite:

yearned; 'hostages and oaths, and all his proffers [oaths he there took, and hostages also]. Then heard say sooth words the king of Orkney, exceeding keen, who was named Gonwais, a heathen warrior, that Arthur 'the king [the strong man] would come to his land; 'with a mickle fleet sail to his country.' Gonwais proceeded towards 'him,' with his wise 'thanes [knights], and set to Arthur in hand all Orkneys land, and two and thirty islands, that 'thither in [thereto] lieth, and his homage, with much reverence. And he had (made) to him in covenant, before all his 'people [knights], each year to wit, full sixty ships at his own cost to bring

biforen al hif duzede.

ælche zere to iwite:

fulle fixti scipen.

mid his agere costninge: [c.2.] mid his owene costninge: [£104.c.1.]

bringe heom to Londenne.

ifulled to iwisse:

mid gode sæ fisce.

pif forward he iuaste: and zifles he funde.

and ages he swor gode:

fwiken þan¹ he nolde.

& seoven he lefe nom:

& forð he gon liðen.

Lauerd haue wel godne dæi:

for nu þu art mi lauerd?:

leouest alre kingen.

Doldamin.

pa Ardur<sup>8</sup> hafde þif idon :

þa 3et he wolde mare afon.

he nom hif writen gode:

and fenden to Gutlonde.

and grætte þe king Doldanim : 20 ad grette þane king Deldaným :

him.

& him feolf hif mon bicume:

And 3if bu \$\psi\$ nulle :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

fulle fixti fipes.

bringen 3am to Londene.

i-fulled mid iwiffe:

of gode féé vifce.

Opes he fwor gode: fwike pat he nolde. 10 and suppe he lefue nam :

and forb he gan wende.

Louerd haue godne day ?

ich wulle cumen wenne ich mai. ich wolle come wan ich may.

po Arthur hadde pif idon: 3et he wolde more vnder-fon. he nam his fonde: and fende to Gutlonde.

and hehte hine sone comen to and hehte hine an hisenge come to him. and him feolf his man bi-come:

and bringen him his tweien funen. and bringe mid him his tweie fones. And 3ef bou bat nolle?

them to London, filled truly with good sea-fish. 'This covenant he confirmed, and hostages he found; and oaths he swore good, that he would not deceive. And afterwards he took leave, and forth he gan wend:-"Lord, have 'well' good day! I will come when I may; 'for now thou art my lord, dearest of all kings." When Arthur had done this, 'the' yet he would more undertake; he took his 'good writs [messengers], and sent to Gutlond; and greeted the king Doldanim, and bade him 'soon [in haste] come to him, and himself become his man, and bring [with] him his two sons.—"And if thou

<sup>1</sup> jat?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> lauer pr. m.

do þat þu wulle. ich þe wulle fende: fixtene busend. heze here-kempen : to mucle pine harmen. sculle pi lond wasten : and pire leoden aflan. and \$ lod fetten: swa heom bezst binches. and be feoluen binden: & to me bringen. pif iherde þe king: þræt þaf kaiseres. & he on uaste iueg: fæiere his iweden. hundes & hafekes: & hif gode horses. muchel feoluer muchel gold: hif tweien sunen an hif hond. And for 8 he gon wenden: 20 to Ardure pan kingen. and pas word fæide: Doldanim be fele.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. do wat pou wolle. and ich pe wolle fende? fixtene poufend kempes.

pat pe solle pe binde: and to me bringe.

and pin lond wasti:

and falle pine cuihtes.

pis ihorde pe king:

of pisse herde preting.

and caste on his rugge:

swipe riche webbes.

and him nam bi-fides:

[£ 130.c.1.] hundes and hauekes.

gold:

moche seoluer and gold:

hond.

and his sones beine.

en:

And forp he he² gan wende:

to Arthur pan kinge.

and pes word saide:

Doldaným pe sele.

wilt not that, do what thou wilt, [and] I will send thee sixteen thousand 'noble' warriors, 'to thy mickle harm,' [who] shall 'waste thy land, and slay thy people [bind thee, and bring to me], 'and set the land as to them best seemeth,' and 'thyself bind, and to me bring [waste thy land, and fell thy knights]." The king heard this, 'the threat of the kaiser, and he speedily took his fair weeds [of this hard threatening, and cast on his back exceeding rich clothes, and took to him besides] hounds and hawks, 'and his good horses'; much silver, 'much [and] gold; 'his two [and both his] sons 'in his hand.' And forth he gan wend to Arthur the king; and said these words Doldanim the good: "Hail be thou, Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest

Hail feo þu Ardur! : aðeleft kingen.

Her ich bringe tweiene :

mine funen beiene.

heore moder if kinges iftreon:

quene heo if min azene.

mi feolf ich wulle pi mö bicumen. and mi feolf ich wolle pin man bi-

ich heo bizat mid ræflac:

ut of Rusie.

And ic wulle fende:

gauel of mine londe.

æuer ælche 3ere: to ziueles² þingen.

ich wulle feden þe in to Lundene :

feouen busend punden.

pat ic wulle swerien:

þat nulle ich næuere fwiken.

bi monscipe if ba mare.

fwiken nulle ich nauere :

swa long fwa beo' auere.

Arour nom his sonde:

& fende to Winent-londe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Hayl beo bou Arthur:

boldest alre kinge.

Her ich bringe tweie:

mine fones hii beoþ beýe. [c.2.] hire moder his kingef streon:

cwene 3eo his min owe.

ich tache be mine leofen funen! here ich take hire fones! [come.

And ich be wolle sende: gauel of mine londe.

euereche 3ere:

foue poufend poundes.

Come ! ah here ich wulle bi mon bicomen : And her ich wolle bin man bi-

20 and opes be fwerie.

pat so lang so beop euere:

ne swike ich þe neuere.

Rthur nam his fonde: and fende to Winet-londe.

of all] kings! Here I bring twain, my sons [they are] both; their mother is of kings race, she is mine own queen; 'I won her with spoil, out of Russia.' [Here] I deliver 'thee' 'my dear [her] sons, [and] myself I will become thy man. And I will send [thee] tribute of my land; every year 'as thing bestowed (?), I will send thee into London' seven thousand pounds. 'That I will swear, that I will never be false,' but [And] here I will become thy man,—'thy honor is the greater—[and oaths to thee swear, that] so long as is ever, I will deceive [thee] never!" Arthur took his

<sup>1</sup> R. Arbur.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A plummet-mark in the margin would seem to indicate some mistake here.

to Rumared pan kinge: and hehte him cuben a hizenge. to cupi him an hizenge. pat he hæfde in his hond: Brutlond & Scotlond. Gutlond & Irlond: Orcanie & Iflond. [c. 2.] He hæhte Rumareð cumen : and bringen him hif ældeste sune. and bringe his huldest sone. & 3if he \$ nolde? he wolde hine driue of londe. 10 he wolde him driue of londe. and aif he mihte afon: he wolde hine slæn ober an-hon. he wolde him hehze an-hon. and hif lond al for-don : hif leoden for-demen. pif iherde Rumared: be rich king of Winete. fwide he wes afered: al swa þa oðere weoren arer. lade him weoren þa tidende: from Ardure ban kige. 20 Noveles be king Rumared: hercnede rædes. he nom hif ældefte fune: and fele twælf eorles.

to Rumerat pan kinge: pat he hadde in his hond: Brutlod and Scotlond. Gutlond and Irlond: Orcaneye and Islod. He hehte Rumerat come: and 3ef he pat nolde: and 3ef he him mihte onder-fon pis ihorde Rumerat: be riche king of Winet.

fwipe he was afered: al fo be ober were.

lop him were be tydinges:

Nobeles be king Rumerat:

he nam his eldeste sone :

and oper twealf cnihtes.

fram Arthur ban kinge.

hercnede tidinges.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

messengers, and sent to Winetland, to Rumareth the king, 'and bar him know [to make known to him] in haste, that he had in his har Britain and Scotland, Gutland and Ireland, Orcany and Iceland. He o dered Rumareth to come, and bring 'him' his eldest son; and if he wou not do that, he would drive him from land; and if he might [him] cal ture, he would 'slay him or hang [hang him high], 'and destroy all h land; his people exterminate.' Rumareth heard this, the rich king Winet; greatly he was afraid, all as the others were 'ere'; loath to hi were the tidings from Arthur the king. Nevertheless the king Rumare hearkened 'counsels [tidings]; he took his eldest son, and twelve 'good ear

& ferde to Aroure: þan kige aðele. and fet æt his fotē: and feire hine gon greten. Hail feo þu Arður: adelest Brutten. Ich hatten Rumareŏ∶ be kig of Winet-londe. inoh ich habbe iherd kenne: of ke-scipe bine. 10 pat pu ært wide icuð: kingen alre kennest. pu hauest moni kine-lod: bigiten al to bire hond. nis na king an londe: þe þe magen stonde<sup>1</sup>. kīg ne na kaifere : [£ 130°.c.1.] in nauere nane cope. of al pat pu bizinnest:

bu dest bine iwille.

Her ich æm to þe icume

her ich fette þe an hond?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and wende to Arthur: pane bolde kinge. and fat hat his fote: ' [£ 104.c.1.] and faire hine gan grete. Hayl beo bou Arthur be king! Bruttene deorling. Ich hatte Rumeret: of be londe of Winet. inoh ich hure kenne: of kenfipe binne. pat pou hart wide icud: kennest alre kinge. pou hauest many kine-lond: a-wonne to bin owe hond. nis non king in londe: bat maze be wib-stonde.

of al pat pou bi-ginnest: 20 pou dost pine wille. Her ich ham to be icome! and broht be mine aldeste sune. and hi-broht min eldeste sone. ich fette be her an hond!

[other knights], and proceeded to Arthur the 'noble [bold] king, and sate at his feet, and gan him fair greet: "Hail be thou, Arthur [the king], 'noblest of Britons [Britons darling]! I hight Rumareth, 'the king of Winetland [of the land of Winet]; enow I have heard [hear] declared of thy valor; that thou art wide known, keenest of all kings. Thou hast won many kingdom 'all' to thine [own] hand; there is no king in land that may thee withstand, 'king nor kaiser, in ever any combat'; of all that thou beginnest, thou dost thy will. Here am I to thee come, and brought 'thee' my eldest son; here I set thee in hand myself and my kingdom, 10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. me feoluen and mi kine-lond. and mine fune-leofe: and mine leoden alle. wif & mine weden: and alle mine wunnen. wið þat þu me griðie: wið þine grim ræsen. And beo bu min hæhze kig: and fenden be to honde: fif hundred pund of golde. þaf 3euen ich finde þe wulle: æue lalche 3ere. Al Arour him zette: pat pe king 3irde<sup>2</sup>. and feodden he heolde runen: wið sele his beinen. & feide pat he wolde: azein to bisse londe. and ifeon Wenhaiuer: be wuneliche quene. Bemen he lette blawe: & bonnien hif ferden.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. my feolfen and mi kinelond. and mine fone leue: and mine men alle.

wip pan pat pou me gripie: wip pine grym reases. And beo bou min hehze king? and ich wulle beon bin underling, and ich wolle beo bin onderling. and fende be to honde: fif hundred pound of golde. fram 3ere to 3ere: to Londene pe fende. Arthur him grantede: al pat he 30rnde. and suppe helde rouning: wip leoue his cnihtef. þat he wolde agen wende: into bisse londe. and ifen Gwenaifer: be leodisse cwene. Bumef he lette bloue: and banni his ferde.

and to fipe wende:

and my dear son, and all my 'people [men], 'my wife and my weeds, and all my possessions,' on condition that thou give me protection against thy fierce attacks. And be thou my high king, and I will be thy underling, and send thee to hand five hundred pounds of gold; 'these gifts I will thee find, every year [from year to year to London thee send]." Arthur granted him all that 'the king [he] yearned, and afterwards 'he' held communing with his 'good thanes [dear knights], 'and said' that he would [return] again [in]to this land, and see Wenhaver, the 'comely' queen [of the country]. Trumpets he caused to be blown, and his army to assemble;

1 æuere?

and to scipen wenden:

2 3irnde?

wunder blide beines. Wind heom stod on willen: weder alse heo wolden. blide heo weoren alle for bi? [Gri]mefbi. up heo comen at Grimefbi. ₱ iherden fone: pa hæhste of pissen londe. [c.2.] pe heheste of pisse londe. and to bære quene com tidende : and to bar cwene com tyding : of Ardure pan kinge. pat he wes ifund icumen: & hif folc o felen. pa weoren inne Bruttene: bliffin inoze. her wes fivelinge and fong: her wef harpinge imong. pipen & bemen: murie ber sungen. Scopes per fungen: of Ardure pan kingen. & of pan muchele wurd-scipe: 20 of his mochele worsipe: þe he iwunnen hafeden. folc co to hirede: of feole cunne beode.

widen and fiden:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

many blipe chnihtef. [c.2] Winde 3am stod at wille: weder ase hii wolde. glad hii were for bi: vp hii come at Grimefbi. pat i-horde fone: of Arthur pan king. pat he was isonde icome? and his folk on fele. po weren in Bruttayne: bliffef inowe. was her fibeling and fong: her was harping a-mang. of alle cunnef dremes: murie her fonge. of Arthur þa kinge: and of his winninge. pat he a-wonne hadde. folk par was i-gadered: of mani cunne londe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and to ship marched 'the thanes wondrous [many knights] blithe. The wind stood them at will; weather as they would; 'blithe [glad] they were 'all' therefore; up they came at Grimesby. That heard soon the highest of this land, and to the queen came tiding of Arthur the king, that he was come in safety, and his folk in prosperity. Then were in Britain joys enow! Here was fiddleing and song, here was harping among; 'pipes and trumps [of all kind of music.] sang 'there [here] merrily. 'Poets there sung' of Arthur the king, [and of his winning,] 'and' of 'the [his] great honor, that he had won. Folk 'came in concourse [was there gathered] of many kind of land; 'wide and far the folk was in prosperity.' All that Arthur saw, all 10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

folc wes on felen. Al þat Arður ifæh :

al hit him to bæh.

riche men and pouere: fwa þe hazel ualleð.

nef þer nan swa wræcche Brut: nas þar non fo wrecche Brut:

† he nes awælzed.

Her mon mai arede:

of Aroure pan king.

hu he twelf zere: feoden wuneden here.

inne gride & inne fride:

in alle uæzernesse.

Na man him ne faht wið:

no he ne makede nan un-frið. ne mihte nauere nan man:

bi-penchen of bliffen.

pat weoren in ai peode: mare pan i bisse.

ne mihte nauere mon cune : 20

nan fwa muchel wunne. [f. 131. c. 1.]

swa wes mid Aroure:

& mid his folke here.

Ich mai fugge hu hit iward:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Al þat Arthur i-seh :

al hit him to beh.

riche and pore :

afe be hawel bat falleb.

pat he nas wel iwellid.

**T**Er man maÿ reade :

of Arthur þā kene. hou he twalf zere:

suppe wonede here.

in gribe and bliffe:

and in alle fairnisse.

No man him ne fast 1 wib:

ne he non oper wip.

ne mihte no mam<sup>2</sup> bi-penche: of bliffe pat were more.

in eni cunnef londe:

bane was wib alle. [f.105.c.1.]

Ich may fegge ou hit iworp:

it submitted to him, rich 'men' and poor, as the hail [that] falleth; was there no Briton so wretched, that he was not enriched! Here man may tell of Arthur the 'king [keen], how he afterwards dwelt here twelve years, in peace and 'in amity, [bliss, and] in all fairness. No man fought with him, nor 'made he any strife [he with any other]; might 'never any [no] man bethink of bliss that were greater in any 'country [kind of land] than 'in this [was with all]; 'might never man know any so mickle joy, as was with Arthur, and with his folk here!' I may say how it happened, won-

1 faht?

<sup>2</sup> R. man.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. wunder þæh hit þunche. Hit wes in ane 3eol-dæie: þat Arður in Lundene lai. ba weoren him to i-cumen: of alle hif kinerichē. of Brutlonde: of Scotlonde: of Irlonde: of Iflonde. and of al pan londe: þe Arður hæfede an honde. alle þa hæxte þeines: 10 mid horsen & mid sweies. midfeoue hundred cnihten icumen.mid foue hundred cnihtes. wið uten þan hired: þe herede Arðure. Ælc hafede an heorte: leches heze. and lette pat he weore: betere pan his iuere. pat folc wes of feole londe? 20 pat folk was .. many londe? per wes muchel onde. for be an hine talde hæh? þe oðer muche herre. pa bleou mon pa bemen!

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. beh hit wonder binche. Hit was in on holy day? þat Arthur ine Londene laý. par weren to him icome: of al his kineriche. of Brutlond of Scotlonde: of Irland of Ifland. and of alle pan londes: þat Arthur hadde an honde. and alle be hexste cnihtes: pat were mid hire fweines. per weoren seouen kingene sunes: par were soue kingene sones: wip oute pan folke? pat Arthur hadde on hepe.

> par was mochel onde. for euerech wende ? be betere pan oper. Bumes .ar blewe :

drous though it seem. It was on a 'yule-day [holy day], that Arthur lay in London; 'then [there] were come to him men of all his kingdoms, of Britain, of Scotland, of Ireland, of Iceland, and of all the lands that Arthur had in hand; [and] all the highest 'thanes [knights], 'with horses and with [that were with their] swains. There were 'come' seven kings sons, with seven hundred knights; without the folk that 'obeyed Arthur [Arthur had in heap]. 'Each had in heart proud thoughts, and esteemed that he were better than his companion.' The folk was of many a land; there was mickle envy; for 'the one accounted himself high, the other much higher [every one weened him to be better than other]. Then [There]

& þa bordes bradden. water me brohte an uloren: mid guldene læflen. seoððen claðef soften : al of white feolke. þa sat Arður adun : & bi him Wehauer ba quene. sendden sete þa eorles: and per after pa beornes. seoboen þa cnihtes: al fwa mon heom dihte. [c.2.] pa heze iborne: bene mete beoren. æfne forð rihten: þa to þan cnihten. þa touward þan þæinen: þa touward þan fweinen. þa touward þan bermonnen: forð at þan borden. pa duzede wærd iwradded: 20 pat somme weren wel wrop: duntes per weoren riue. ærest þa laues heo weorpen:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. bordes me wyde. water me brohte an flore: mid goldene bole. suppe clopef fohte1: al of wite folke. po fat Arthur a-dun: and Gwennayfer his cwene. subbe feten corles: beornes and cnihtef.

And be hehze ibore men: bane mete beare. euere forbrihtes: toward be cnihtef. ech man þare: fareuede hif freonde. So lang hit wende buf: and fone par after wors. and duntes hii 3efue. herest hii louef worpen:

blew 'men the' trumpets, 'and' spread [men] 'the' tables; water men brought on floor, with golden bowls; next soft clothes, all of white silk. Then sate Arthur down, and 'by him' Wenhaver 'the [his] queen; next sate 'the' earls, 'and thereafter the barons; next the knights, all as men them disposed. [barons and knights. And] the high-born [men] bare the meat 'even [ever] forth-right 'then to [toward] the knights; 'then toward the thanes, then toward the swains, then toward the porters, forth at the board. The people became angered, and blows there were rife [each man there served his friend. So long it went thus, and soon thereafter worse, that some were well wrath, and blows they gave]; at first they þa while þa heo ilæsten. and ba bollen feoluerne: mid wine iuulled. & feodden 1 pa uustes: uusden to sweoren. þa leop þer forð a 3ung mon : be ut of Winet-londe com. he wes izefen Arður: to halden to 3ifle. he wes Rumarettes fune: 10 bas kiges of Winette. puf feide pe cniht pere: to Aroure kinge. Lauerd Arour buh rave: into bine bure. and þi quene mid þe: & pene mæies? cube. wið þas uncuðe kempen. Æfne ban worde: he leop to pan borde.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii. wile þat hii lasten. po nemen hii pe bollef: i-fulled mid wine. and suppe mid ba fustes: starcliche fohte. po leop par forp a 30ng man! pat vt of Wynet-londe com. he was Rumaret his fone: be riche king of Wynet. he was bi-take Arthur: in stede of hostage. pus saide pe cniht pare: to Arthur pan kinge. Louerd Arthur wende a-non: into bine boure. and bi cwene mid be: and bine cnihtes leue. & we his comp scullen to-delen : and we his fift solle to-deale ! wip his on-coupe leode. Efne ban worde: he leop to pan borde.

threw 'the' loaves, 'the' while that they lasted, 'and the silver [then took they the] bowls, filled with wine, and afterwards [with] the fists approached to necks [fought strongly]. Then leapt there forth a young man, who came out of Winetland; he was given to Arthur 'to hold as [instead of] hostage; he was 'Rumareths [Rumaret his] son, the [rich] king of Winet. Thus said the knight there to Arthur [the] king: "Lord Arthur, go 'quickly [anon] into thy chamber, and thy queen with thee, and thy known relatives [dear knights], and we shall decide this 'combat [fight] against 'these [this] foreign 'warriors [people]." Even with the words he leapt to the board, where lay the knives before the sovereign; three

per leien pa cniues:

pare leven be cniues:

<sup>1</sup> seobben?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> At first written mæidenes, but den expuncted.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. bi-foren þan leod-kinge. preo cnifes he igrap : and mid pan anæ he fmat. i þere fwere þe cniht: be ærest bigon bat ilke fiht. pat his hefued i pene flor: [6.131b.c.1.] pat his hefued in pan flor: hælde to grunde. Sone he floh ænne over: þes ilke þeines broðer. ær þa sweordes comen: seouene he afelde. per wes fæht swide græt! ælc mon oðer smat. per wes muchel blod gute: balu wes an hirede. pa com pe king buzen: ut of his buren. mid him ā hūdred beornen: mid helmen & mid burnen. ælc bar ā his riht hond : 20 whit stelene brod 1. pa cleopede Arour : aðeleft kingen.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. bi-vore pan leod-kinge. preo cnifes he igrop: and mid þan one hefmat þan cnih þat ereft bi-gan þat fiht. fol to pan grunde. Sone he floh an oper: pis ilke cniht his brober. 10 here be fweordef come: fouene he afulde. par was fiht swipe gret: ech operne fmot. parwafmochel blodizote: [f.105b.c.1 wowe par was riue. po com pe king bouwe? vt of his boure. mid him an hundred cnihtes: mid helmes and mid brunief. ech bar on his riht hond:

one stlene 2 brond.

po cleope Arthur ?

boldest alre king.

knives he grasped, and with the one he smote the knight 'in the necl that first began the 'same' fight, so that his head on the floor fell to [the ground. Soon he slew another, this same 'thanes [knight his] brother ere the swords came, seven he felled. There was fight exceeding grea each 'man' smote other; there was much blood shed, mischief was amor the folk [there rife]! Then approached the king out of his chamber; wi him an hundred 'nobles [knights], with helms and with burnies; each ba in his right hand [a] 'white' steel brand. Then called Arthur, 'noblest [boldest of all] kings: "Sit ye, 'sit ye [down] quickly, each man on h

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. Sitted fitted swide: elc mon bi hif liue. and wa swa þat nulle don : he fcal for-demed beon. Nime's me bene ilke mon? þa þif feht ærst bigon. & doo widde an hif sweore: & draze's hine to ane more. & doo hine in an ley 1 uen: ber he scal liggen. And nime's al his nexte cun: þa 3e ma3en iuiden. and sweger of ba hafden: mid breoden eouwer sweorden. þa wifmen þa 3e ma3en ifinden: þe wimmen þat 3e findeb: of his nexten cunden. kerued of hire neose: & heore wlite ga to lose. and fwa ich wulle al fordon : [c.2.] and bus ich wolle fordon : pat cū pat he of com. And 3if ich auere mare : seoððen ihere.

bat æi of mine hirede:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. Sittely a-dun swipe: ech man bi his liue. and wo fe nele bat don: he fal beo for-demed. Nimeh me han ilke man: þat þis fiht erest bi-gan. and dop a-boute his fwere: one raketeze. and drazep hine to on laze fen! þar he fal luggen. And nime al his nexte cun: pat 3e ma3e finde. and swengeb of be hefdes: mid brode 30ure fweordes. of hif nexfte cunne. kerueb of hure nofe: and fo hi folle go to lofe. 20 pat he of com. An 3ef ich subbe i-here: eni man fire. more of biffe fihte:

life! And whose will not that do, he shall be put to death. Take ye me the same man, that this fight first began, and put 'withy on [a chain about] his neck, and draw him to 'a moor, and put him in 'a low fen; there he shall lie. And take ye all his nearest kin, that ye may find, and strike off the heads of them with your broad swords; the women that ye 'may' find of his nearest kindred, carve ye off their noses, and 'let their beauty [so they shall] go to destruction; and 'so [thus] I will 'all' destroy 'the race' that he of came. And if I 'evermore' subsequently hear, 'that any of my folk, of high or of low, eft arear strife on account of

<sup>1</sup> At first written wase, but corrected by a second hand.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. of heze na of loze. of biffen ilke flehte: æft fake are2. ne sculde him neover gon fore: ne sal him noper go vore: gold ne na gærfume. hæh horf no hære fcrud ? pat he ne sculde beon ded. order<sup>3</sup> mid horsen to-dragen: þat if elches swiken lazen. Brige's pene halidom : and ich wulle swerien ber on. swa 3e fcullen cnihtes: pe weore at pissen fihte. eorles & beornes: þat 3e hit breken nulleð. Ærst sweor Ardur! aðelest kingen. seoððen fworen eorles: seoððen sweoren beornes. seodden sweoren beines: seobben sweoren sweines. pat heo nauere mare:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. eorl oper cnihtef1.

gold nober garisome.

pat he ne sal be to-draze:

þat his swiken laze. Bringep pane halidom: and wolle ich swerie par on. and fo 3e folle cnihtes: bat weren at ban fihte. eorles an cnihtef: þat 3e hit ibreke nolleþ. [c. 2.]

Rest swor Arthur: boldest alre kinge. suppe fworen eorles: suppe sworen cnihtes.

pat hii neuere more: be fake nolde arere.

this same slaughter [any man meddle more of this fight, be he earl or knight], shall go for (ransom) him neither, gold 'nor any [neither] treasure, 'fine horse nor war-garment,' that he 'should [shall] not be 'dead, or with horses' drawn in pieces,—that is of 'each' traitor the law! Bring ye the reliques, and I will swear thereon; [and] so, knights, shall ye, that were at 'this [the] fight, earls and 'barons [knights], that ye will not it break." First swore Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings; then swore earls, then swore 'barons [knights]; 'then swore thanes, then swore swains,' that they nevermore the strife would arear. Men took all the dead, and 'carried

be sake nulde arere.

<sup>1</sup> cnihte?

<sup>2</sup> arere?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R. over.

[v. 22873—22895.]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Tx.

Me nom alle þa dede : & to leirstowe heom ladden. Seodden me bleou bemen: mid swiðe murie dremē. elc per feng water & clæd2. & seoððen adun fetē: sæhte to borden. al for Aroure æize: [f. 132. c. 1.] for Arthures heye: aðelest kingen. Birles þer þurgen8: gleomē þer fungen. harpen günē dremen : duzede wes on selē. pus fulle feoueniht: wes bā hirede idiht. Seodden hit seid in bere tale! be king ferde to Cornwale. per him com to ana? pat wæs a crafti weorc-man. 20 pat was a crafti man. and pene king imette: and feiere hine grætte. Hail seo þu Arður :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. Me nam alle pe deade: and leide 3am on erpe. Suppe me bleu pe bumef: mid swipe murie dremes. weoren him leof weoren him læd1: were 3am leof were 3am lop: alle hii fenge water and clop. and fubbe adun fete: alle to pan borde. 10 boldest alre kinge. Borlef par pronge: glemen þar fonge.

> pus folle foue nih.: was al pat folk idiht. . S.. pe hit saip in pare ta..: be king wende to Corn..le. par him com to an ...? and pane king mette: and faire hine grette. Hayl beo bou Arthur ?

[laid] them 'to burial-place [in earth]. Afterwards men blew [the] trumpets, with noise exceeding merry; were 'he [they] lief, were 'he [they] loath, 'each there [all they] took water and cloth, and then sate down 'recouciled [all] to [the] board, 'all' for Arthurs dread, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings. Cupbearers there thronged, gleemen there sung; 'harpe gan resound, the people was in joy.' Thus full seven nights was [all] the folk treated. Afterwards it saith in the tale, that the king went to Comwall; there came to him anon one that was a crafty 'work'-man, and met the king, and fair him greeted:--"Hail be thou, Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest

<sup>1</sup> læf?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. aðelest kinge. Ich æm þin age mon : moni lond ich habbe burh-gan. ich co of treo-wrekes1: wunder feole craftes. Ich iherde fuggen: bi-3eonde sæ neowe tidende. p pine cnihtef: at pine borde gunnen fihte. a midewinteres dæi: moni ber feollen. for heore muchele mode: morð-gomen wrohten. and for heore hehze cunne: ælc wolde beon wið inne. Ah ich be wulle wurche: a bord swide hende. þat þer magen fetten to: fixtene hundred & ma. al turn abute: þat nan ne beon wið utē. wið uten and wið inne:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. boldest alre kinge. Ich ham bin owene man? many lond ich habbe borb gon. ich con of treo-workes: mani wonder craftes. Ich ihorde tidynges : of bine bolde cnihtes. þat hii þat? þine borde: folde fake arere. in on midewynteres day: manye þar follen.

for hire heze cunne: ech wolde beo wip ine. Ac ich þe wolle wirche : [f. 106.c.1.] a bord swipe hende. pat par mage fitte to: fixtene hondred and mo. al teurne aboute: pat non ne beo wip oute.

of all] kings! I am thine own man; through many land I have gone; I know of tree-works (carpentry) 'wondrous many [many wondrous] crafts. I heard say 'beyond the sea new' tidings, that thy knights gan to fight [of thy bold knights, that they should strife arear] at thy board; on [a] midwinters day many there fell; 'for their mickle mood (pride) wrought murderous play, and' for their high lineage each would be within. But I will thee work (make) a board exceeding fair, that thereat may sit sixteen hundred and more, all turn about, so that none be without; 'without and within, man against man.' [And] when thou wilt ride, with thee thou mightest it carry,

mo to-zæines monne.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. Whenne bu wult riden : wið þe þu miht hit leden. after bine iwille. and ne dert þu nauere adrede: to bere worlde longen. ₱ æuere æine modi cniht: at bine borde makie fiht. for per scal pe hehze: beon æfne þan loze. Timber me lete biwinnen: and pat beord bi-ginnen. to feouwer wikene uirste: bat wrec2 wes iuoroed. To ane heze dæie: pat hired wes isomned. and Arour him feolf beh: fone to pan borde. and hehte alle his cnihtes: to pan borde for or rihtes. po alle weoren iseten: cnihtes to heore mete. ba spæc ælc wið oðer:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. And wane pou wolt ride: mid þe þou miht hit leade. and fette hit whar bu wulle ? [c.2.] and fetten it ware bou wolle? after pine wille. panne ne pert pou neuere adrede! to pare worle longe. pat euere eni modi cniht: at bine borde makie fibt. for par sal pe heze: be efne to pan lowe. Tymme<sup>1</sup> me lette bringe: and pat bord bi-gynne. in four wekene firste: bat worc was ihended. He lette in one daize : al þat folk gaderi. and Arthur him wende: a-non to pan borde. and hehte alle his cnihtef: to borde forp rihtes. po alle weren isete : cnihtef to pare mete. po spac ech wip oper : afe hit were brobers.

. and set it where thou wilt, after thy will; 'and [then] thou needest never fear, to the worlds end, that ever any moody knight at thy board may make fight, for there shall the high be even with the low." Timber was caused to be brought, and the board to be begun; in four weeks time the work was completed. 'At a high day the folk was assembled [He caused on a day all the folk to be gathered], and Arthur him' self' approached 'soon [anon] to the board, and ordered all his knights to 'the' board forth-right. When all were seated, knights to their meat, then spake each with other, as if it

alfe hit weore hif brober.

<sup>1</sup> tymber?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. alle heo feten abutē: nefe þer nan wið uten. Æuereælches cunnes cniht: þere wes swiðe wel idiht. alle heo weoren bi ane: pe hehze & pa laze. ne mihten þer nan 3elpē: for overe kunnef scenchen. oder his iueren: þe at þan beorde weoren. pis wes pat ilke bord: pat Bruttes of 3elpe&. and fuge's feole cunne lefinge: bi Ardure þan kinge. Swa de's auer alc mon : þe oðer luuien ne<sup>3</sup> con. 3if he if him to leof? [f. 132b.c. 1.] 3ef he his him to leof? penne wule he lizen. and fuggen on him wurd-scipe: and segge on him worsipe: mare benne he beon wurde. 20

ne beo he no swa luder mon: pat hif freond him wel ne on.

alle hii fete wibboute 1 ? nas þar non wiþ vte. Euereche cunnes cniht: par was wel i-diht. alle bi one: pe hehe an pe lowe. pis was pat ilke bord? pat Bruttef of cleopiep. and feggeb mani lefinge: bi Arthur pan kinge.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

So wole ech man: pat oper louie can. [c. 2.] panne wole he leze. more pan he his worpe.

were 'his brother [brothers]; all they sate about; was there none with out. Every sort of knight was there exceeding well disposed; all 'they were' by one (seated separately), the high and the low; 'might none there boast of other kind of drink other than his comrades, that were at the board.' This was the same board that Britons 'boast [speak] of, and say many 'sorts of' leasing, respecting Arthur the king. So 'doth every [wil each] man, that another can love; if he is to him too dear, then will he lie, and say of him more honor than he is worth; 'no man is he so wicked that his friend will not act well to him. Eft if among folk enmity areareth

1 aboute?

Æft 3if o uolke:

<sup>2</sup> ne, *pr. m*.

3 Redundant?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

feond-scipe arered. an æuer æi time : bitweone two monnen. me con bi þan læðe: lafinge fuggen. þeh he weore þe bezste mon∶ be æuere æt at borde. þe mon þe him weore lað: him cuốc last finde. Ne al soh ne al les: pat leod-scopes singed. ah þif if þat foððe: bi Ardure pan kinge. Nes næuer ar swulc king : swa duhti burh alle bing. for pat sode stod a pan writen: for pat sope his iwrete: hu hit is iwurden. ord fro þan ænden: of Ardure<sup>2</sup> pan kinge. no mare no lasse : buten alse his lazen weoren.

Ac euere bi pan lope: harm me can finde. poh he were pe beste man : bat euere heat at borde. to wam pat he his lop? he can him last finde. Nis noht al sop ne al les: þat many men feggeþ. ac bis his bat sobe: bi Arthur þan kinge. Nas neuere non foch king! fo mihti porh alle ping. ou hit his i-worbe. orde fram þan ende : of Arthur pan kinge.

Ah Bruttes hine luuede swide: Ac Bruttes hine louede: and lome of him lezede.

in ever any time between two men,' [But ever] men can 'say leasing [find harm] of the hateful one, though he were the best man that ever ate at board; 'the man that to him were [to whom that he is] loath, [he] can him last find! [It is] not all sooth nor all falsehood that 'minstrels sing [many men say]; but this is the sooth respecting Arthur the king. Was never 'ere' such king, so 'doughty [mighty] through all things! For the sooth stands in the writings [is written] how it is befallen, from beginning to the end, of Arthur the king, 'no more nor less but as his laws (or acts) were.' But Britons loved him 'greatly,' and oft of him 'lie [lied], and say many things re-

& ofte him on lizeo.

<sup>1</sup> ftond?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Arbure.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and fugged feole binges: bi Ardure pan kinge. þat næuere nes iwurðen: a pissere weorlde-richen. inoh he mai fuggen: þe soð wule uremmen. feolcude binges: bi Ardure kinge. pa wes Ardur swide heh: hif hired fwide hende. [c.2.] 10 B nas na cniht wel itald: no of hif tuhlen 1 fwide bald. inne Wales no in Ænglelond: inne Scot<sup>2</sup> no in Irlond. in Normandie no îne France: inne Flandres no inne Denemarc. in Flandref ne in Denemarche. no in nauere none londe: pe a peos halfe Mungiu stonded. pat a pis half Muntioye stondep. pet weoren ihalde god cniht: no his deden itald oht. bute of 4 he cube of Ardure 5 ? & of abelen hif hirede.

hif wepnē and hif weden:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and feggeb fale bingef: . bi Arthur þan kinge. þat neuer nas i-worþe: in hisse worle-riche. inoh he may finde: bat sob wole segge. of many cunnef bing: bi Arthur pan kinge. O was Arthur fwiþe heh: his folk swipe hende. par nas non cniht wel itold: in Wales ne in Engelond: ine Normandie nen<sup>3</sup> Franche:

ne in neuere none londe: pat were iholde god cniht: ne his dedes itold oht. bote he coupe of Arthur?

specting Arthur the king, that never was transacted in this worlds realm! Enow may he 'say [find], who the sooth will 'frame [say], 'marvellous things [of many kind of thing] respecting Arthur [the] king. Then was Arthur most high, his folk most fair; 'so that' [there] was no knight well esteemed, 'nor of his manners (or deeds) much assured,' in Wales nor in England, 'in Scotland nor in Ireland,' in Normandy nor in France, in Flanders nor in Denmark, nor in ever any land, that on this side of Muntgiu standeth, that were esteemed good knight, nor his deeds accounted (brave or aught), unless he could 'discourse [say any speech] of Arthur, 'and of his noble court, his

<sup>1</sup> tuhtlen?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Scotland?

<sup>3</sup> ne in ?

<sup>4</sup> Redundant?

<sup>5</sup> R. Arbure.

& hif horf-ledē. suggen and fingen:

of Aroure pan ginge.

and of hif hired-cnihten: and of heze heore mihten.

and of heore riche-dome:

and hu wel hit heom bicomen.

pene weore he wilcume?

a biffere weorlde-richen.

come per he come:

and beh he weore i Rome.

al bat iherde:

of Ardure1 telle.

heom buhte muchel feollic:

of selen pan kinge.

And fwa hit wes iuuren iboded! Ac al pis was iboded!

ær he iboren weoren. swa him fæide Merlin:

þe witeze wes mære.

Merlin.

bat a king sculde cume:

of Voere Pendragune.

pat gleomen sculden wurche burd : pat gleomen solde wirche bord !

of paf kiges<sup>2</sup> breoften.

and per to fitten:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

eni spelle segge.

[£ 106. c. 1.]

and of his stronge cnihtes:

and of here mihtef.

and of hire richedome:

and ou wel hit 3am bi-come.

panne were he welcome: in euereche riche.

10 come ware he come :

beh he were at Rome.

alle bat ihorde:

of Arthur telle.

heom bohte mochel wonder:

of fele pan kinge.

here he i-bore were.

so him fayde Merlyn :

pat witti was an erpe.

20 pat par folde come foch a fone:

of Vther Pendragone.

of his kingel breofte.

weapons, and his garments, and his horsemen; say and sing of Arthur the young,' and of his [strong] knights, and of their 'great' might, and of their wealth, and how well it them became. Then were he welcome in this worlds [in every] realm, come whereso he came, 'and' though he were at Rome; all that heard of Arthur tell, it seemed to them great 'marvel [wonder] of the good king! 'And so it [But all this] was 'fore'boded, ere he were born; so said him Merlin, that was 'a prophet great [witty on earth], that 'a king [such a son there] should come of Uther Pendragon; that gleemen should make a board of this kings breast, 'and thereto should sit poets most good,'

<sup>1</sup> R. Arbure.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

fcopef swide fele. [f. 133.c. 1.]
and eten heore wullen:
ær heo þenne fufden.
and winfcenches ut teon:
of þeos kinges tungen.
and drinken & dreomen:
daies & nihtes.

and eaten hire': hi panne wende.

to pere weorlde longe.

And 3et him feide Marlin: 10
mare pat wes to comene<sup>2</sup>.

pat al pat he lokede on? to foten him sculde busen. pa set him sæide Mærlin?

a fellic pe wes mare.

pat sculde beon unimete care?

of pas kinges foro-fare.

And of has kinges ende? nulle hit na Brut ileue.

buten hit beon þe lefte dæð: 20 bote hit beo þan lafte day: at þā muchele dome. at þare mochele dome.

penne ure drihte: deme alle uolke.

pif gomen heom sculde i-lasten: pif solde i-laste:

to pare worle lange. And 3et he faide more: Merlyn be wife.

pat al pat he lokede on :

to him folde aboue.
And zet saide Merlyn:

pat waf more.

pat folde beo onimete care: after pes kingef forp-fare.

after pes kingef forp-fare. And of his eande? nele no Brut ileue.

at pare mochele dome.
wane oure drihte:

and eat their will, ere they thence departed, 'and wine-draughts out draw from this kings tongue, and drink and revel day and night'; this 'game' should last 'them' to the worlds end. And yet 'said him Merlin more that was to come [he said more, Merlin the wise], that all that he looked on 'to his feet' to him should bow. 'The [And] yet said 'him' Merlin, 'a marvel' 'that [what] was greater, that there should be immoderate care (sorrow) 'at [after] this kings departure. And of 'this kings [his] end (death) will no Briton believe 'it,' except it be the last 'death [day], at the great doom, when our Lord 'judgeth [will judge] all 'folk'. 'Else [Otherwise] we

<sup>1</sup> Two words belonging to this and the succeeding line are wanting.

² numene, pr. m.

Ælles ne cunne we demē: of Aroures deven. for he feolf fæide: to fele hif Brutten. suð inne Cornwale: ber Walwain wes for-faren. and him feolf wes for-wuded: wunder ane swide. bat he uaren wolde: into Aualune. in to pan æit-londe: to Argante pere hende. for heo sculde mid haleweie: helen hif wunden. and bene he weore al hal? he wolde fone com heom1. bif ilefde Bruttes: pet he wule cumen puf. [c. 2.] & lokied a whenne: he cume to his londe. 20 swa he heom bihahte: ar he heonne wende. Arður wes an weorlde :

wif kig and riche.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Ober weief ne con we telle: of þef kinges deaþe. for he him feolf faide: [c.2.] to gode his Bruttus. par he stod in Cornwale: par Wawein was for-fare. and him seolf was for-wonded: wonderliche swipe. pat he vare wolde: in to Auelun. in to pan yllonde: to Argane bare hende. for 3eo folde mid halewei: heale his wondes. and wane he hol were: and<sup>2</sup> he wolde agen come here. pis ileueh Bruttus: bat he wole come bus. and lokeh and waiteh: wane he come to londe. ase he 3am bi-hehte : are he fram 3am wende.

A Rthur was on worle: wis king and riche.

cannot 'deem [tell'] of 'Arthurs [this kings] death; for he [him]self said to his good Britons, 'south [where he stood] in Cornwall, where Walwain was slain, and himself was wounded wondrously much, that he would fare into Avalon, into the island, to 'Argante [Argane] the fair; for she should with balm heal his wounds; and when he were 'all' whole, he would 'soon [again] come 'to them [here]. This 'believed [believe] the Britons, that he will thus come, and look 'ever [and expect] when he shall come to 'his' land, as he promised them, ere he 'hence [from them] went. Arthur was in

<sup>1</sup> ham? hom? i.e. home. Cf. v. 23124.

god mon and grið-ful? hif gumen hine luueden. Cnihtes he hafede prute: and græte on heore mode. & speken to han kinge: of feollichen binge. and puf pat hired cleopede: to heze pan kige. Lauerd Arour faren we: to Francene riche. and iwinnen al pat lond: to pire azere hond. flemen alle þa Freiscen: heore king feollen. alle þa castles bonien: and fetten heom to mid Brutten. fette mid Bruttus. & rixlien a pere riche: mid rehgere strengge. þa andswarede Arður: aðelest kingē. Eouwer wille ich wulle do: ah ær ich wulle to Norweie. and ich wulle mid me lede: Lot mine ofem.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. god man and grip-fol: his men hine louede. Cnihtef he hadde proute: and of grete mode. and fpeken to pan kinge: of felliche pinge.

· Louerd Arthur wende we: 10 to Francene riche. and iwinne al pat lond: to bin owene hond. fleome be Frence: and hire king falle. alle hire castles: and rixli in ban lond? mid boldere strengbe. po answerede Arthur ? wifest alre kinge. Euere we folle wel don : [f.107.c.1.] ac her ich wolle to Norewei teon. and ich wolle mid me leade: min obom Loth be kene.

the world wise king and powerful; good man and peaceful; his men him loved. Knights he had proud, and 'great in their [of great] mood; and they spake to the king of marvellous thing; 'and thus the assemblage said to the high king': "Lord Arthur, go we to the realm of France, and win all the land to thine own hand; drive away 'all' the French, [and] their king slay; all 'the [their] castles 'occupy, and ' set (garrison) 'them' Britons; and rule in the 'realm [land] with 'fierce [bold] strength. Then answered Arthur, 'noblest of [wisest of all] kings: "'Your will I will [Ever we shall well] do, but ere (previously) I will [go] to Norway; and I will lead with me Loth [the keen] my brother-in-law; 'he [who] is Walwains

he if Wælwaynef<sup>1</sup> fader:

þa ich wel luuie. For beo'd icumen of Norweize?

niwe tidende.

pat Sichelin king per if ded: Sich[elin.]

> his duzeden bileued. & hæ3 hafeð al his kineriche:

bi-quede her Lodde. [f. 1335. c. 1.]

For pe kig if al bidæled: sune & eke dohteren. 10

and Lot if his fuster sune? be bet him scal iwurde.

for ich hine wulle in Norwæje! and ich wolle in .orweye!

neowe king makien. and hine wæl lere:

to witezen wel þa leoden.

and 3arkien mine ferde:

& faren into France.

and 3if be king me stont wid:

and nulle zeornen mi grið.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

þat his Waweynes fader: wan ich moche louie.

For me beoþ týdinge icome: vt of pan londe.

pat pe king of Cifille his dead:

and eyr naueb he nanne.

Ac Loth his is foster fone: pat lond wole4 to him . . . e.

newe king makie.

And benne ich bus habbe idon! And wane ich bus habbe idon! ich wullen seodden cumen ham. ich wole come agein hom. an 3arki mine ferde : 20 and wenden in to France. and 3ef be king me stod wib?

and nele zeorne nan grib. father, whom I'well [much] love. For 'new' tidings are come 'from Nor-

way [to me out of the land], that Sichelin [the] king is 'there' dead, 'his people has left; and he hath ere bequeathed all his kingdom to Loth'. 'For the king is of all bereaved, son and eke daughter [and heir hath he none]; and [But] Loth is his sisters son,—'the better to him shall it befall,—for [the land I will to him give, and] I will make 'him' new king in Norway, 'and well instruct him to govern well the people.' And when I have done thus, I will 'afterwards [again] come home, and get ready my army, and pass into France; and if the king withstandeth me, and will not yearn'my

<sup>1</sup> Wælnef, pr. m.

<sup>3</sup> he?

Evidently a blunder.

<sup>4</sup> ich wole? giue?

ich hine wulle mid fehte: fallen to ban grunde. Arður lette blawen: hornes and bemen. and lette beoden to sæ: Bruttes swide balde. Scipen he hæfde gode: bi bere sæ flode. fiftene hundred: fusden from londe. and flugen after bere fæ! swulc heo fluht hafden. & buh;en in to Norwæ;ē: mid baldere strēgden. Sone swa heo comē: hafne heo nomen. mid muchelere strengee: stepen a þa riche. Arour senden his sonde : wide zeond ban londe. & hæhte heom cumen fone: and Lot habben to kinge. & sif heo bat nolden: alle heō he wolde a-flan.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

ich wolle hine mid fihte?
falle to pā grunde.

Arthur lette blowe?
hornes and bumes.
and lette beden to féé?
cnihtef fwipe bolde.
Sipes he hadde gode?
bi pan féé flode.
fiftene hundred?
wende fram londe.
and wende in milde féé?
in to Noreweie.

Sone fo hii comen?

Sone fo hii comen:
hauene hii nemen.
mid mochelere strengpe:
wenden in pan londe.
Arthur sende his sonde:
o oueral pan londe. [c.2.
hehte 3am come sone:
to Loth hire kinge.
and 3ef hii pat nolde:
[c.2.] he 3am wolde a-cwelle.

[any] peace, I will fell him with fight to the ground." Arthur caused to be blown horns and trumpets, and caused to be summoned to the sea the 'Britons [knights] most bold. Ships he had good by the sea-flood; fifteen hundred pushed from the land, and 'flew along the [proceeded on the calm] sea, 'as if they had flight (wings), and bent their course' into Norway, 'with bold strength'. So soon as they came, they took haven; with mickle strength they stept (disembarked) on the 'realm [land]. Arthur sent his messengers 'wide over [over all] the land, 'and' ordered them to come soon, 'and have Loth for [to Loth, their] king; and if they would not that, he would 'slay [kill] them 'all'. Then [they] took their messengers, 'the Norwegian earls

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. pa nomen heore fonden: eorles Norenissee. and fenden to ban kingen: and hahten hine again wenden. & 3if bu nult azæin faren: forhzen þu fcalt habben & kare. for loge bið auere: pat ne iwurð næuere. pat we uncuone mon: to kinge fcullen hæbben. 10 For 3if Sikelin if for 8-faren: her beo'd o'dere icoren. þe we magen bi vre iwille: hæbben to kinge. & pif if pat fode: nif þer na oðer. oder far þe awæiward: and wed be riht hamward. over to dæi a seoueniht: þu fcalt habben græt fiht.

pa eorlef Norenifice<sup>3</sup>: nomen heom to ræde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po nem' hii hire fonde!

pe eorles of pan londe.

and fende to pan kinge!

and hehten him agen wende.

And bote pou agen fare!

her pou falt habbe care.

for lang beop euere!

pat ne worp neuere.

pat we vncoupe man!

to kinge wollep habbe.

pis his pat fope:

of vs nauest pou non oper.

oper far pe a-weiward:

oper² wend pe riht hamward.

oper to dai a soueniht:

pou salt habbe swipe strang siht.

E eorles Noreinisse:

nemen heom to-reade.

[the earls of the land], and sent to the king, and bade him back go,—
"And 'if thou wilt not [unless thou] depart, thou shalt have [here] 'sorrow
and' care; for so long as is ever, that shall never come to pass, that we
'shall raise [will have] a foreign man for king. 'For if Sichelin is departed
(dead), here are others choice, whom we may by our will raise to be king.
And' this is the sooth; 'there is [of us thou hast (wilt have)] no other;
either move thee awayward, and turn thee right homeward, either to-day
a se'nnight, thou shalt have 'great [most strong] fight.'' The Norwegian

nemen? and

<sup>3</sup> The last two words of this line are on an erasure, by second hand.

Riculf.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. þat king heo wolden habben: of feoluen heore cunden.

for al Sikelines quiden:

sotscipe heo heolden. And fwa longe swa beo's æuere:

ne scal hit stonde næuere.

ah we scullen nimen Riculf:

be if fwide riche eorl.

and hebben hine to kinge:

bif if uf iqueme.

and fumen ure ferde?

3eond al þissen ærde. and faren to Aroure:

& flemmen hine mid fehte.

& Lot we scullen fusen:

and fleme of londen.

oder we mid fehte:

fculled hine fallen.

Heo nom Riculfe: bene eorl of Norene.

and hefuen hine to kinge:

beh hit neore him noht icude.

and fumneden uerde:

3eod Nornisce ærde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

wat king hii wolde habbe:

of feoluere cunde.

ac al hire speche:

to fot-fipe zeode.

We folle nime Riculf : and hebben hine to kinge.

pat his an eorl kene:

to euereche neode.

and fomni vre ferde:

oueral pes erpe.

and wende to Arthur:

and fleme hine mid fihte. and Loth we follen fuse:

and fleme of londe.

oper we mid fihte:

his cnihtef folle a-cwelle.

Al þis was i-don :

afe hii pare demde. [f. 107b. c. 1.]

and fomnede hire ferde:

oueral pan erpe.

earls betook them to counsel, 'that a [what] king they would have of 'their' own race; 'for all Sichelins words they held to be [but all their speech went to] folly.—"'And so long as is ever, it shall not ever stand! But' we shall take Riculf, who is [an] earl 'exceeding powerful [keen, at every need], and raise him to be king,—'this is to us pleasing,'—and assemble our forces over all this country, and march towards Arthur, and defeat him with fight; and Loth we shall chase, and drive from land, or else we shall 'fell him [kill his knights] with fight." 'They took Riculf, the earl of Norway, and raised him to be king, though it were not to him by right [All this was done, as they there deemed]; and they assembled [their] host over

[f. 134. c. 1.]

20

And Arour an his ende: 3uod pat lond go wende. bat lond he burh arnde: burh3es he uor-barnde. æhte he nom inoh: muche moncun he per of-sloh. And Riculf him gon ride: to-zeines Ardure anan. to-gædere heo fuſden: and veht heo bigunnen. Bruttes buyen heom to: balu þer wes riue. luken vt of scape: sweordes longe. hefden fluzen a þene uelde : faluwede nebbes. beorn azein beorne: fcaft fette an breofte. burnen þer breken: Bruttes bifie weoren. bruftleden fceldes: fcalkes per ueolen. & fwa al bene dæi-liht:

ilaste pif muchele fiht.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII.

And Arthur be wile: in pan lond wende. and hit borh earnde: and tounef for-barnde. orf he nam inoh: and moche folk he bare floh. And Riculf co ride: to-zeines Arthure a-non. to-gadere hii wende: 10 and fiht par bi-gonne. Bruttus 3am wende to: par was wo riue. drowen vt of feape: sweordes swipe longe. heuedes par floge in felde: falewede nebbes.

brunies per breke:

Bruttus bufie were.

pus alle dai-liht:'
ilaste pat stronge fiht.

'Norways [all the] land. And Arthur'on his part, over [the while in] the land 'gan march [marched]; 'the land he [and it] through passed, [and] the 'burghs [towns] 'he' consumed; 'goods [cattle] he took enow, [and] much folk he there slew. And Riculf gan 'him' ride against Arthur anon; together they came, and fight 'they [there] began. The Britons advanced to them,—woe there was rife! Swords [exceeding] long they 'plucked [drew] out of sheath; heads flew 'on the [there in] field; faces paled; 'man against man set shaft to breast'; burnies there brake; the Britons were busy; 'shivered shields, warriors there fell!' 'And so [Thus] all 'the' daylight lasted 'this great [the strong] fight; 'moved they east, moved they

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. ferden heo æst ferden heo west: ferde ou hit verde! per Noreine wes pa wurse. ferden heo suð ferden heo norð: pe Norrene per feollen. be Norreif euere folle. Bruttes weoren balde: Bruttuf weren bolde: ba Noreine heo aqualden. pe Norreine hii a-cwelde. Noreinisce men per seollen : [c.2.] fif and twenti pousend : hii leide to pan grunde. fif and twenti busend. and Riculf king per wes of-flagen; and Riculf king par was of flage; 10 and idon of lif-daze. and idon of lif-dæ3en. lutel per eode to læue: lute he pare lefde: of pan leod-folke. of pan ilke folke. wulc swa hafuede pat wracche lif: and woche wrecchef hadde pat lif: hii 30rnde Arthur his grip. zirde1 Arðures grið. Ardur<sup>2</sup> bifæh a Lot: Do cleopede Arthur : þe leof him wes swiðe. Loth pat he louede. and buf him cleopien agon: and bus him bare faide? Ardur þe riche mo. to his opom deore. Lot wend hider to me:

west, there was it the worse to the Norwegians; moved they south, moved they north [fare howso it fared] the Norwegians 'there [ever] fell. The Britons were bold, the Norwegians they killed; 'the Norwegian men there fell, [they laid to the ground] five and twenty thousand; and Riculf the king was there slain, and deprived of life-day; little there 'remained [he left] of 'the [that] folk; 'whoso had the wretched [and those wretches which had the] life, [they] yearned 'Arthurs [Arthur his] peace. Arthur 'looked on [then called] Loth, 'who was to him well dear [whom he loved], and thus 'gan to him to call, Arthur the rich man [said him there to his dear son-in-law]: "'Loth, wend hither to me, thou art my dear relative.' Here

20

Here ich be biteche:

bu art mi wine deore.

Her ich be biteche:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. al pas kineriche. of me þu fcalt halden 1: and habbe me to munde. pa wes Walwai bider icumen: Lottef ældeste sune. of Rome from pan Pape: be Supplice wes ihate. ba longe him wes dihte: and makede hine to cnihte. Wælle wel wes hit bitozen: 10 Wel wel was hit bi-toze: for Walwein wes ful abelmod: for Woweyn was edmod: an ælche peouwe he wes god. he wes mete-custi: and cniht mid pan bezste. Al Aroures hired: wes swide ifurded?. for Walwaine pan kene: be icumen wes to hirede. and for hif fader Lote:

be iloten wes to kinge.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. al þis kineriche. of me bou hit falt holde: and habbe me in munde. po was Wowein pider icome: Loth his eldeste sone. fram Rome van Pope: [c. 2.] pat Supplis was ihote. he hadde pat child itaht: and idobbid to cniht. þat Walwai wes to monne iboren. þat Waweyn was to manne ibore. of eche peue he was god. he was mete-cousti: and cniht mid pan beste. Alle be cnihtes borh him: were swipe ibalded.

> 20 and for his fader binge: þat hi-houe was to kinge.

I give to thee all this kingdom; of me thou shalt [it] hold, and have me for protector." Then was Walwain thither come, 'Loths [Loth his] eldest son; from the pope of Rome, who was named Supplice, 'who long had him brought up [he had the child instructed], and 'made him [dubbed] knight. Full well was it bestowed, that Walwain was born to be man, for Walwain was 'full noble-minded, in [gracious, of] each virtue (or quality) he was good; he was liberal, and knight with the best. All 'Arthurs folk was [the knights through him were] greatly emboldened, 'for Walwain the keen, that was come to the host'; and for his 'father Loth [fathers sake], who was 'chosen [raised] to be king. Then spake Arthur

<sup>1</sup> Apparently written habben at first.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Originally written iforden, but corrected by the same hand.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

pa spac Ardur him wid: [[s. 1.346. po spac Arthur Loth w.. and hehte hine halden god grið, and bad hine holde god .... and hehte hine luuien:

hif griðfulle leoden.

& þa grið nolden halden : fallen heom to grunde.

pa 3et cleopede Arour: aðelest kingen.

Whær beo 3e mine Bruttes: fared nu ford rihtes.

Al duden pa cnihtes:

þa þa scipen weoren 3aru:

Arour gon to sæ faren. mid him he mon 1 his cnihtes:

his Norenissce beines.

and balden his Bruttes:

and bah forð mid vðes.

and be duhtie kig:

com to Denenarke<sup>2</sup>.

3arkied bi þan flode: mine scipen gode. swa Arður heom hæhte. legge heom to grunde. po saide Arthur: to his cnihtes bolde.

and paie pat grið nolde holde:

3arkeb bi ban flode: mine fipes gode. All. dude be cnibtes: afe Arthur 3am hebte. po pe sipes were 3are: Arthur gan forb fare. mid him he nam forbrihtef: his Noreine cnihtef.

20 and wende forb in wilde féé.

in to Denemarche.

with 'him [Loth], and bade him hold good peace, 'and bade him love his peaceful people,' and [those] that would not hold peace, to 'fell [lay] them to ground. 'The yet called [Then said] Arthur, 'noblest of kings [to his knights bold]: "'Where be ye, my Britons? March ye now forthright'; prepare ye by the flood my good ships." All did the knights as Arthur them ordered. When the ships were ready, Arthur gan 'to the sea [forth] fare; with him he took his 'knights [forth-right] his Norwegian 'thanes [knights], 'and his bold Britons'; and proceeded forth 'with the waves [in the wild sea]; 'and the doughty king came' [in]to

<sup>1</sup> nom ?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Denemarke.

[Æf]cil.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.
he lette flæn teldes!
wide 3eond þa feldes.
bemen he lette blawen!
and his cume bodien.
þa wes inne Denemarke!
a king of mucle mæhte.
Æfcil wes ihate!
hext ouer Denene.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. he lette flean his teldes: oueral þan feldes.

po was in Denemarche:' a king of mochele mihte.

Afcil was ihote?

pe hexfte of pan londe.

he ifah pat Arthur bi-wan?

al pat he lokede an.

Afcil king bi-pohte?

wat he don mhte?.

lop him was leofe?

leoue his cnihtef.

He ifah pat mid ftrengpe?

stonde he ne mihte. [£108.c.1.]

He fende gretinge:

to Arthur pan kinge.
hundes and hauekef:
and fwipe heze horfes.
seoluer and red gold:

Denmark; he caused [his] tents to be pitched, 'wide over [over all] the fields; 'trumpets he caused to be blown, and his coming to be announced.' Then was in Denmark a king of much might; he was named Æscil, [the] highest 'over the Danes [of the land]; he saw that Arthur won all that 'was to him in will [he looked on]. Æscil the king bethought him what he might do; loath it was to him to lose his dear 'people [knights]. He saw that with strength he might not stand 'against Arthur, with ever any combat.' He sent greeting to Arthur [the] king; hounds and hawks, and horses exceeding 'good [fine]; silver and red gold, with prudent words. And yet

[c. 2.]

<sup>1</sup> R. Arbur.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. mihte.

<sup>3</sup> jat mid?

mid ræh-fulle 1 worden. & 3et dude mare: Æscil þe mære. he fende to pan hæxten ?: of Ardures hireden. and bad heom ardien him : to hæhzen þan kingen. þat he moste his mö bicumen: & to 3ifle bitæchen his fune. and ælche zere him feden: 10 gauel of hif londe. ænne bæt mid ifunde: from breorde to grunde. of golde & of gæfume3: & of godliche pallen. and feoððen he wolde swerië: swiken þat he nalden. þif iherden Arður: aðelest kingen. pat Æscil Denene king: wolde beon hif vnderling. buten ælche nihte4: he and alle his cnihtes.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. mid red-folle wordes. And 3et he dude more? be king of Denemarche. he fende to pan hexste: þat weren mid þā kinge. and bad 3am him helpe: to pan bolde kinge. pat he moste his man bi-come: and take to hostage his sone. and eche 3er him fende? gauel of his londe. ane bot mid isunde: fram toppe to ban grunde. of gold and of garifome? and of riche palles. and suppe swerie ich wolle: fwike pat ich nolle. pis ihorde Arthur ? boldest alre kinge. pat Afcil Denene king: wolde been his onderling. wip oute eni cnihte: for-lede to pan fihte.

[he] did more, 'Æscil the great [the king of Denmark]; he sent to the highest 'of Arthurs folk [that were with the king], and prayed them to 'intercede for [help] him with the 'noble [bold] king; that he might his man become, and deliver his son for hostage, and each year send him tribute of his land, a boat of gold and of treasure, and of rich garments, filled from the top to the bottom, in safety. And afterwards 'he would [I will] swear, that 'he would [I will] not prove false. Arthur heard this, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings, that Æscil, king of the Danes, would be his underling, without 'each (any) fight, he and all his knights [any knight leading forth to the

<sup>1</sup> ræd-fulle?

<sup>3</sup> gærfume?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> hæxtent pr. m., but t expuncted.

fibte?

pa iwraði iaseled: Arour pe riche. and bus andfwærede: mid aðmode worden. Wel wurde han monne: þe mid wifdome. biwined him gid & frid: & freond-fcipe to halden. pene he isiht pet he bis: mid streng be ibunden. izarked al to leosen: leofue his richen. mid lifte he mot leodien? lube his bendes. [f.135.c.1.] Arour hehte bene king cume: and bringen hif aldeste sune. and he swa dude sone? be king of Denemarke. Aroures iwille: fone he gon fulle. to-fomne heo comen: and fæhten iwurden.

pa 3et cleopede Arður:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po was igladed:
Arthur pe riche.
pus po answerede:
mid milde his wordes.
Wel worpe pane man:
pat folwep wisdome.
and bi-winnep loue and grip:
and freosipe holdep.
wane he sich pat he his:
mid strengpe ibunde.
and wendep al to lose:
leoue his freondes.
mid sleppe he mot slakie:
lope his bendes.

Rithur hehte pane king come?

and bringe his eldefte fone.

and he fo dude fone?

pe king of Denemarche.

Arthuref wille?

al he gan fulle.

to-gadere hii comen?

and fahnede fone.

po faide Arthur ?

fight]. Then was gladdened Arthur the rich, 'and' thus [then] answered with [his] mild words: "Well worth the man, that 'with wisdom [followeth wisdom, and] obtaineth to him 'peace and amity [love and peace], and friendship 'to hold [holdeth]! When he seeth that he is bound with strength, [and] his dear 'realm ready [friends go] all to destruction, with art he must slacken his odious bonds." Arthur ordered the king to come, and bring his eldest son; and he so did soon, the king of Denmark. Arthurs will 'soon [all] he gan to fulfill; together they came, and were reconciled [soon]. 'The yet [Then] said Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings: "Fare I

<sup>1</sup> iwart?

Frāce ich wulle isechen.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. aðeleft kingen. boldeft alre kinge. Faren ich wulle to France: Faren ich wolle to France: mid muchele mire ferde. mid bolde mine ferde. ich wulle habben of Noreweie! ich wolle habbe of Noreweie: nize busend cnihtes. nize pousend cnihtes. & of Denemarke ich wulle leden and of Denemarche ich wolle leade: nize pusend of pan leode. nize boufend of ban leode. and of Orkaneie: and of Orcaneve: eolleue hundred. enleuen hüdred. and of Moraine: and of Mureinen: preo puseond monnen. preo pousend manne. and of Galeweien: and of Galeweye: fif þusend of þa leoden. fif poufend of pan leode. and of Irlonde: and of Irlonde: elleuen þusend. eolloue pousend. and of Brutaine: and of Brutayne: mine cnihtes balde. mine cnihtes bolde. fcullen þræften bi-foren me: solle preaste me bi-vore: pritti pusunde. prittie poufend. and of Gutlonde ich wulle leden : and of Gutlond ich wolle leade : ten puseond of pan leoden. ten pousend of pan leode. 21 and of Friflonde: and of Islande: fif busend monnen. fif bousend manne. and of Lute Brutaine: and of Brutaine: Howel bene balde. Howel pan heande. and mid fwulche uolke: and mid foche folke:

will to France, with my 'mickle [bold] host. I will have of Norway nine thousand knights; and of Denmark I will lead nine thousand of the people; and of Orkney eleven hundred; and of Moray three thousand men; and of Galloway five thousand of the folk; and of Ireland eleven thousand; and of Britain my knights bold shall march before me, thirty thousand; and of Gutland I will lead ten thousand of the people; and of 'Frisland [Iceland] five thousand men; and of [Little] Britain Howel the 'bold [fair]; and with

France ich wolle feche.

And fwa ich ibiden godes ære: And so ich abide godes ore: 3et ich wulle haten mare. pat of alle pan londe: pat stondep a mire honden. [a.2.] pat stondep in mine honde. ich haten ælcne ohtne¹ mon:' þe his wepnen beren con. alse he wule liuien : and his lumen habben. þat he faren wið me: to fehten wið Frolle. bat is Francene king: fæie he scal iwurðe. he wes iboren i Rome? of Romanifce cunne. Forð ferde Arður: pat he com to Flandref. pat lond he gon biwinnen: and fette hit mid his monnen. and feodoe? he beh panene: in to<sup>8</sup> Buluinef lond: no hit to hif azere hond.

3et ich wolle hote more. pat of al pan londe: ich wolle hote echne man? bat his wepne bere can. ase he wole libbe: and his leomes habbe. pat he wende wip me : 10 to fihte wip Frolle. bat his Francene king: fæy he fal iworbe. he was ibore in Rome : [£ 108.c.1.] of Romanisse cunne. Forp wende Arthur: pat he to Flandres co. pat lond he gan bi-winne: and fette hit mid his manne. and suppe he wende panene:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

such folk France I will seek. And as I expect Gods mercy, yet I will promise more; that of all the lands, that stand in my hand, I [will] order each 'brave' man, that can bear his weapons, as he would wish to live, and have his limbs, that he go with me, to fight with Frolle, who is king of the French,-slain he shall be !-he was born in Rome, of Romanish kin." Forth proceeded Arthur, until he came to Flanders; the land he gan conquer, and set it with his men. And next he marched thence, into Boulogne,

and all Boulognes land took 'it' in his own hand. And afterwards he took

and seodden he nom bene wæi : and subbe he forb bane way :

in to Boloyne.

and al Boloynes lond:

nam to hif owene hond.

<sup>1</sup> Written at first ohtene, but e expuncted.

<sup>2</sup> feotife?

<sup>3</sup> A portion of two lines is here deficient, supplied by the other text.

þe in touward France læi.

pa bed he his bod:

allen hif beornen.

for þær heo uoren:

pat na wiht heo ne ne¹ nomē.

pao na wino neo ne ne

buten he<sup>2</sup> mid rihte:

hit bizitē mihte.

mid rihte chepinge:

i þas kinges hirede.

pat iher<sup>3</sup> Frolle: ber he wes inne France.

of Aroures ispede:

and of alle hif deden.

and hu4 al bi-wonne:

pat he lokede on.

and al hit him to beh:

pat he mid ezene isah. pa wes pe king Frolle:

labliche of-fered.

A pere ilke worlde:

þa þif wes iwurðen.

pa pii wes iwuroen.

Gualle ihatē.

Guaile inate.

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þat toward France lay.

po bad Arthur:

alle his cnihtef.

wende woder hii wende:

pat noht hii ne neme.

bote hii mid rihte:

hit bi-3ete mihte.

10 Al pis ihorde Frolle:

par he was in France.

of Arthur his fpede:

and of alle his deade.

and ou he al bi-won:

þat he lokede an.

and al hit him to beh:

pat he mid hezene iseh.

po was pe king Frolle:

lopliche afered.

Mare ilke worle:

po pis was iworpe.

wes Francene lond: [f. 1350.c. 1.] was Francene lond:

Galle ihote.

[Fra]nce.

[proceeded] the way that 'in' toward France lay. Then bade he [Arthur] 'his command' to all his men [knights], that fare wheresoever they should fare, they should take 'no whit [nought], unless they might it obtain with right; 'with just purchase, in the kings host.' Frolle heard 'that [all this], where he was in France, of 'Arthurs [Arthur his] speed (success), and of all his deeds; and how [he] all won that he looked on, and how it all to him submitted that he saw with eyes; then was the king Frolle horribly afraid! At the same time 'that [when] this was transacted, the land of the French was named Gaul; and Frolle was from Rome come into France,

<sup>1</sup> Redundant?

<sup>3</sup> heo?

<sup>3</sup> iherde?

<sup>4</sup> hu be?

10

20

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and Frolle wes from Rome: ifaren into France. and ælche 3ere fende: gauel of pan lode. ten hundred punde: of seoluer and of golde. Nu iherd Frolle: be ælder wes of France. of pere lond1-forge: be Ardur dude an londe. Soude he fende fone: an uest touward Rome. and hehte Romanifce folc: redē heom bi-tweonen. hu feole bufend cnihten: heo þider wolden fendē2. pat he pa æð mihte: wið Arðure uihte. and ulemen of londe: Arour bene stronge. Cnihtes gunnen riden: vt of Rom-leoden. fif and twenti bused: ferden touward France.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and Frolle was fram Rome: ifaren into Frāce. and eche 3er fende: gauel of pan londe. ten hundred pund: of seoluer and of golde. Nou ihorde Frolle: pat king was in France. of pare mochele forewe: bat Arthur dude in londe. Sonde he fende fone: towardef Rome. and bad Romaniffe folk: readen heom bi-twine. ou fale pousend cnihtes: hii þider wolde fende. [c.2.] pat he pe bet mihte: wip Arthure fihte. and fleomen of londe: Arthur ban stronge. Cnihtes gonne ride : vt of Rom-leade. fif and twenti bousend:

wende toward France.

and each year sent tribute of the land, ten hundred pounds of silver and of gold. Now heard Frolle, who was 'chief of [king in] France, of the [great] sorrow that Arthur did in the land. He sent messengers soon 'the nearest way' toward Rome, and bade the Romanish folk advise them between, how many thousand knights they thither would send, that he might the 'easier [better] fight with Arthur, and drive from the land Arthur the strong. Knights gan to ride out of Rome-land; five and twenty thousand proceeded toward France. Frolle heard this, with his mickle host, that the Romanish

<sup>1</sup> Written originally londe, but e erased.

[Fr]oll

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. pis iherde Frolle: mid muchele his ferde. pat pe Romanisce uolc: riden touward londe. Frolle & hif ferde : heom to-zeines ferde. þa heo comē to-fomne: kene men and wihte. of alle pan ærde: vnimete uerde. 10 onimete moche ferde. þæt iherde Arður : aðeleft kingen. & sumnede hif ferde: and heō to-3aines wende. Ah næs næuere king nan : [c.2.] Ac naf neuere king nō: þa quic wes an eorðen. þe eouere ær an uolde¹: swulc folc a-walde. for of alle pan kine-londe: þe Arður hafuede an höde. 90 foro he ladde mid him: alle þa kenneste men.

pis ihorde Frolle? mid mochele his ferde. pat pe Romanisse: come toward londe. Frolle and his ferde: 3am to-3enef wende. pat hii come to-gadere: kene men and wipte. of alle pan erpe:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

At i-horde Arthur: boldest alre king. and fomnede his ferde: and 3am to-3eines wende.

pat cwik was on erpe. ba euere her on folde: foch folk a-welde. for of alle pan kine-londe: bat Arthur hadde an honde. for he ladde mid him ? pe alre kenneste men. pat nuste he neuere? on weorlde: pat nuste no man pere:

'folk' 'rode [came] toward the land. Frolle and his host marched against them, so that they came together, keen men and brave, of all the earth an 'immense [immensely great] force. Arthur heard that, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings, and assembled his army, and advanced against them. But never was there any king, that was alive on earth, that ever ere on land such folk (multitude) commanded; for from all the kingdoms that Arthur had in hand, forth he led with him 'all the keenest men [the keenest men of all], so that 'he' knew 'never in the world [no man there] how many thousands

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<sup>1</sup> The last two words of this line are sup. ras., as are also the last three words of the next line but two, but in both cases by the original hand.

At first written neouere, but o expuncted.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

hu feole þused þer weoren. ou fale boufend bar were. Sone swa heo comen to-somne: Sone so hii to-gadere come: Arthur and Frolle. Arður & Frolle. harliche1 heo igrættē: heardliche hii gretten: al þat hii metten. al bat heo imette. Cnihtes swide stronge: Cnihtef swipe stronge: igrepe speres lange. igripen speren longe. and ræfden heō to-gædere: and reafeden 3am to-gadere: mid resere strengbe. mid ræhzere stregðe. 10 Alle dai þar weren : Alle dæi þer weore: duntes swipe riue. duntes swide riue. folc feol to uolden: folk ful to folde: and fæie-fið worhtē. græmende fegges: gras-bæd ifohten. and pane grunde fohte. [f. 109.c.1.] 30lle be helmef : gullen þa helmes: zeoumereden eorles. 3eomerede eorles. sceldef þær fænden: scalkef gune reosen. 20 bo cleopede Arthur: pa cleopede Ardur<sup>2</sup> : boldest of kinges. aðelest kingen. Ware beo 3e mine Bruttus: Whar beo 3e mine Bruttes:

there were. So soon as they came together, Arthur and Frolle; hardily (hostilely) they greeted all that they met. Knights most strong grasped long spears, and rushed them together, with fierce strength. All day there were blows most rife; the folk fell to ground, and 'wrought destruction; the angry warriors' sought 'the grass-bed [the ground]; the helms resounded, murmured earls; 'shields there shivered, warriors gan fall.' Then called Arthur, 'noblest [boldest] of kings: "Where be ye, my Britons, my bold 'thanes [knights]? The day it forth goeth; this folk against us standeth.

bolde mine cnihtef.

pe dai him forp gop:

balde mine paines.

pe dæi him forð 3eogeð:

<sup>1</sup> hardliche?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Arbur.

pif folc uf agein stonded. lette we heom to gliden : fcærpe gares inoze. & techen heō to riden: þene wæi touward Romen. Æfne þan worde: pe Ardur1 iseide. fwa fparc ded<sup>2</sup> of fure. Him weore fuliende: fifti þusende. hærde here-kempē: hælden to fihte. smiten uppen Frolle: þær he wes on ulocke. and brohten hine of fleme: mid muclen hif folke. þer Ardur¹ of-floh : muchel uolc and vniuoh. pa fleh in to Parise? Frolle pe riche. and þa 3eten tunden: mid teonen inoze. and þa8 word feide:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. þif folk vs a-3en stondeb. lete we to ham glide? farpe gares inowe. and teche 3am to ride: bane wei toward Rome. Efne pan worde: pat Arthur po saide. he sprong for an stede: [f. 136.c. 1.] hii spronge for pypen stedes: ase spare dop of fure. 10 Him were folgende: fiftie bousend.

> and fmiten vppe Frolle: par he was on flocke. and brohte hine on fleome: mid alle his folke. par Arthur of-sloh: mochel folk and onifoh. po fleh in to Paris: Frolle pe riche. and be seatef tunde: mid teone inowe.

and pes word faide:

Cause we to glide to them sharp darts enow, and teach them to ride the way toward Rome!" Even with the words that Arthur [then] said, 'he [they] sprang forth 'on steed [upon steeds], as spark doth of fire. Fifty thousand were following him; 'the hardy warriors rushed to the fight, [and] smote upon Frolle, where he was in the flock, and brought him to flight, with 'his mickle [all his] folk; there slew Arthur much folk and innumerable. Then fled into Paris Frolle the powerful, and fastened the gates, with grief enow; and these words said, sorrowful in heart: "Liefer

20

Leouere me weore?

† ich iboren neore.

Paris.

pa weoren inne Paris?

plihtliche spelles ful iwif.

sorhfulle iberen?

burhmen gunnen beouien.

walles heo gunnen rihten?

forhful an heorte.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pa zeten heo gunnen dihten. mete heo nomen!

al pat heo neh comen. an ælchere halue:

heo heolden to burge.

heo uerden pider alle :' be heolden mid Frolle.

pat iherde Arður: aðelest kingen.

pat inne Paris wunede Frolle! mid unimete uerde.

and feiden bat he wolde:

wið Arðure stonden.

To Paris ferde Arður:

ærhőe bi-deled. and bi-læi þa walles:

and arede1 his teldes.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

forhfolle on heorte.

Leuere me were: 'bat ich ibore nere.

O weren in Paris:
fori tidynge foliwis.

sorhfolle speches:

pe borhmen gonne buuie.

walles hii rihten : 3eatef hii dihten.

meate hii nemen :

al þat hii neh comē.

in euereche halue: 'hii ladde to borewe.

hii wenden þider alle :

pat helde mid Frolle.

pat ihorde Arthur: wifest alre kinge.

pat in Parif was Frolle: [c.2.]

mid onimete ferde.

20 and faide pat he wolde:

wip Arthur at-stonde.

To Parif wende Arthur!

arhpe be-dealed.

and bi-lai pe walles: and arerde his teldef.

were it to me, that I were not born!" Then were in Paris 'grievous speeches [sorry tidings], full surely, sorrowful 'cries; [speeches; the] burgh-men gan to tremble; the walls they 'gan repair [repaired], 'the' gates they 'gan to form [formed]; meat (provisions) they took, all that they came nigh; on 'each [every] side they carried it to the burgh; thither came they all, that held with Frolle. Arthur heard that, 'noblest of [wisest of all] kings, that Frolle 'dwelt [was] in Paris, with an immense force, and said that he would Arthur withstand. To Paris marched Arthur, of

1 arerde?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. a feower halue he heo bi-lai: a four halue he hine bi-lai. fouwer wiken and enne dæi.[c.2.] four weke and one dai. Auared weoren þa leden: þa þere weoren wið innen. þa burh wes wið innen: afulled mid mönien. and æten sone bene mete? be ber wes isomned. pa feouwer wiken weoren a3oged: po four wike were agon: þa Arður wes þær atstöden. 10 bæ wes inne burge: vnimete forze. mid wræcche þā falke1: pe leie per an hungre. þer wes wop þe² wes rop: and reouden 8 vniuoh3e. Heo cleopeden to Frolle: and beden hine frið wurchen. Aroures mon bi-cumen: and hif monfcipe bruken. 20 - and þēe kīedō⁴ halden :' of Ardure ban kenen.

A-fered weren fore: pat wip ine were. be borh was wib ine: i-fulled of manne. and eote fone bane meate: bat bar was igadered. þat Arthur hadde þare ibeon. bo was ine borwe: onimete forewe. mid þan wrecche folke: pat lai par for-hongered. par was weping strong: par was gredinge a-mong. Hii cleopede to Frolle: and bede him grip wirche. Arthur his man bi-come? and his manfipe brouke. and pane kinedom holde: of Arthur ban stronge.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

fear void, and belay the walls, and areared his tents; on four sides he belay it (the city), four weeks and a day. 'The people' that were 'there' within were [sore] afraid; the burgh was within filled with men; and they ate soon the meat that was there gathered. When four weeks were gone, that Arthur 'was [had] there 'stationed [been], then was in the burgh sorrow extreme, with the wretched folk that lay there 'in hunger [famished]; there was weeping, 'there was lament, and distress great [strong, there was crying among]. They called to Frolle, and bade him make peace; become 'Arthurs [Arthurs his] man, and his own honor enjoy, and hold the kingdom of Arthur the 'keen [strong]; and let not the 'wretched' folk [that

<sup>1</sup> folke?

reouten?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. þer.

<sup>4</sup> This word is sup. ras.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bat folk bat was wib ine.

po answerede Frolle:

Nai fe<sup>1</sup> me helpe god:

bat alle domef weldeb.

no he min kine-louerd.

[wakere: wip Arthur pan stronge. [f. 1099. c. 1.]

Mi feolf ich wolle fihte:

freo man on heorte.

and no lete noht pat wræcche wolk and lete noht for-fare mid hongre! uor-faren al mid hungre. ba andfwarede Frolle: freo he wes an heorte. Nai swa me helpe god: þæ alle domes awalt. ne scal ich nauere his mon bicume 'ne sal ich neuere his man bicome ! no he mi kine-lauerd. mi feolf ich wulle fihte: a gode if al pat rihte. in god his alle pe rihte. pa 3et cleopede Frolle: freo mon an heorte.

wið Arðure kige.

sone he bið þe laðere.

whater unkere fwa beot bere

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Næi swa me helpe drihten: pe scop pas dæies lihten. nulle ic nauere mare: zirnen Ardures ære. ah fehten ich wulle: butē ælche cnihte. [£136°.c.1.] licame wið licame: licame wib licame : biforen mine leoden. 20 bi-vore mine cnihtes. hond again honde: hond agein [honde:]

was within] perish 'all' with hunger. Then answered Frolle,-free 'he was [man] in heart:- "Nay, so help me God, that all dooms wieldeth, shall I never his man become, nor he my sovereign! Myself I will fight; in God is all the right!" 'The yet spake Frolle, free man in heart: "Nay, so help me the Lord that shaped the day-light, will I nevermore yearn Arthurs grace; but fight I will, without each knight (singly),' body against body, before my 'people [knights]; hand against hand, with Arthur 'the king [the strong]! 'Whetherso (which soever) of us is the weaker, soon he will be the loather; whetherso of us there may live, to his friends he

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. wahdervinkere 1 fwa berma luuien ? hif freonde he bid be leouere. and whader\* unkere be mæi of o- waber so may of ober : pat betere biwinne. habben al bif overes lond? and fette hit an hif azere hond. pif ic wulle zirne: 3if Ardur hit wule 3etten. and pif ich wulle swerien: uppen mine fweorden. ιo and 3ifles ich wulle finden : preo kingene funen. b ich bif forward wulle: fastliche halden. þat nulle ich hit ligen : bi mine quike liuen. For leouere me if to liggen: bi-fore mine leoden. þan ich iseo an uolde: for-faren heō mid hungre. For we habbeo's mid fehte: ure cnihtes uor-farene<sup>8</sup>. fcalkes auælled:

fifti þufende.

[dere : pat betere bi-winne. habbe al peos operef lond: to his owene hond. bis ich wolle onderfon: 3ef Arthur hit wole don. and pis ich wolle swerie: vppe mine fweorde. and 3ifles ich wolle finde ? preo kingene fones. bat ich bis foreward: wolle fastliche holde. pat ich hit nelle leze : bi mine cwike liue. For leuere me hif ligge: bi-vore mine cnihtes. pane ich 3am here ise: for-fare mid hunger. For we habbel ine fihte: for-lore oure cnihtes. in þan wiþer-happes:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

will be the liefer; and' whether of us 'that' may of the other obtain the better (superiority), have he all this others land, 'and set it' in his own hand. This I will 'yearn [undertake], if Arthur will it 'grant [do]; and this I will swear upon my sword. And hostages I will find, three kings sons, that I will hold firmly this covenant; that I will it not violate, by my quick life! For liefer it is to me to lie dead, before my 'people [knights], than that I should see them 'on the ground [here] perish with hunger. For we have 'with [in] fight'destroyed [lost] our knights-'men felled [in the conflicts] fifty thou-

fiftie bousend.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. unkere. 3 whater? <sup>2</sup> forene, pr. m., but corrected, and uor interlined.

and mōi ænne gode wifmon : iwhorht to bledere1 widewe. moni child faderlæs: and frouer bidaled. and nu bif folc mid hungre: wunderliche ihærmede. [c. 2.] For bi hit if betere: bi-twixen unke feoluen. to-dælen and to-dihten: bif kine-lond mid fihte. and habbe hit ba betere: and bruken hit on wunne. Frolle nom twalf cnihtef: mid biffen worden forð rihtes. and fende heom an fonde: to Aroure kinge. &2 iwuste 3if he wolde: bif forewarde halde. and mid hif agere hond? bi-telen pat kinelond. oder uore-ligge: hif leoden to harmen. and aif he hit bi-talden: hafde hit on an onwalde.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii.

and mani child faderlef: frouere bi-deled.

bi-twixte ous feolue.

to-dealen and to-dihte:

bis kinelond mid fihte.

and habbe hit be betere:

and brouc hit mid winne.

Frolle nam twealf cnihtes:

mid bes worde forbrihtes.

and fende 3am on fonde:

to Arthur ban kinge.

hi-wite 3ef he wolde:

bif forewarde holde.

and mid his owene hond:

bi-telle bat kinelonde.

sand; and 'many a good woman have made miserable widow,' many a child fatherless, 'and' bereaved of comfort; 'and now this folk with hunger have wondrously harmed.' It is better therefore betwixt ourselves to deal and to dispose of this kingdom with fight; and have it the better man, and possess it in [with] joy!" Frolle took twelve knights, with these words forth-right, and sent them in message to Arthur [the] king, to know if he would hold this covenant, and with his own hand win the kingdom, 'or lie dead before, to the harm of his people; and if he it won, should have it in his power.'

<sup>1</sup> bletere, pr. m.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Superfluous?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Redundant?

& pif feoht wulle for-fake.

beo he in ælche londe:

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat iherde Ardur ? pis ihorde Arthur! aðelest kingen. baldest alre kinge. næs he neuere swa bliðe: nas he neuere fo blibe: er on his liue. ær an hif liue. [c. 2.] for him likede tidende: for him likede þe týdinge: from Frolle pan kinge. fram Frolle pe kinge. and paf word feide: and peos wordes faide : Ardur þe sele. Arthur pe fele. Wel fai'd Frolle: Wel faib Frolle: be kig if of France. 10 pat king his of France. betere if pat wit tweie: betere bat we tweie: bitelen pas riche. bi-telle pes riche. pene per beon of-flagene: pane beon of-slage? ure peines fnelle. oure cnihtef fnelle. bif foreward ich bi-luuie: pis foreward ich wolle holde: bi-fore mine leoden. bi mine cwike liue. to ane isette dæie: to on i-feat daie: to don pat he beode's. to don bat he me biddeb. pat scal beon tomarzen: pat fal beon to-morwe: biforen unker monnen. 20 to-vore oure mannen. † fehte wet scullen unc seoluen! pat fihte we solle ous seolue! & falle pe forcubere. [[£137.c.1.] and falle pe forcoupere. And whater unker be get abake: And waper bat gob a-back:

Arthur heard 'that, noblest of [this, boldest of all] kings; was he never so blithe ere in his life, for [the] tiding liked to him from Frolle the king; and these words said Arthur the good: "Well saith Frolle, who is king of France; better 'it is' that we two contest this realm, than 'there' should be slain our brave 'thanes [knights]. This covenant I 'approve, before my people [will hold, by my quick life], at an appointed day to do what he [me] biddeth; that shall be to-morrow, before our men, that fight we shall by our selves, and fall the worst of us! And whether (which) 'of us' that goeth aback, and this 'fight [covenant] will forsake, be he in each land

and pes foreward wolle for-fake.

beo he in eche londe :

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. iquede for ane sconde. penne mæie me finge: of ane fwulche kige. þe his beot haueð imaked: and hif cniht-scipe for-sake. bæt iherde Frolle: be king wes of France. bat Arður fehten wolden: him feolf buten cnihte. Strong mon wes Frolle: and sterc mon on mode. and his beot imaked hafde: bi-foren al hif duzede. [chelen : bi-vore al his cnihtes. and ne' ne milite for scome mu- he ne milit for scame: fcenden hine feoluē. bi-læuen hif balde ibeot: B he i burh hafde iseid. Sæide p he sæide ? to fobe he hit wende.

for 3if hit wuste Frolle: be king wes ane4 France.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. icwebe for on fconde. panne mai me finge: of one fwindene kinge. pat his beot hauep imaked: and hif cniht-fipe for-fake. bat i-horde Frolle: pat king was of France. bat Arthur wolde fihte: boute eni cniht. 10 Strang man was Frolle: and starc cuiht of mode. and his beot hadde imaked: fynde him feolue. Ac faide wat he faide:

to sope he hit wen?. bat Ardur hit wolde for-saken: bat Arthur hit woldes: and nawiht to pan fehte taken. 21 for 3ef he hit hadde hi-wift : [f. 110. to sobere binge.

proclaimed for a recreant! Then may men sing of one 'such [worthless] king, that his brag (or threat) hath made, and his knighthood forsaken!" Frolle heard that, who was king of France, that Arthur would fight 'himself', without [any] knight. Strong man was Frolle, and stark 'man in [knight of | mood; and his boast he had made, before all his 'people [knights], and he might not for 'much' shame disgrace himself; 'quit his bold bragging that he had said in the burgh.' [But] said he whatever he said, in sooth he it weened, that Arthur would it forsake, and no whit take to (accept) the fight. For if 'Frolle [he], 'who was king in France,' had it

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Part of this and the whole of the next line are wanting.

<sup>\*</sup> wende ? 4 an? of?

MS, Cott. Calig. A. IX.

þat Arður him 3ettē wolde: pat he izirnd hafde.

don he hit nolde :

for a scip ful of golde.

Neobeles wes Frolle:

to fibte fwide 1 kene.

muche cniht & strog mon :

and modi on heortē.

and fæide þat he wolde:

pene dæi halde.

in pan æit-londe: [c. 2.]

pe mid watere if bi-3eoge.

pat æit-lond stonde's ful iwis!

inne pere burh of Paris.

per ich wulle mid fehte? bi-tele mine irihte.

mid fcelden 2 ?

and mid cnihtes iwede.

nu to-marzen bið þe dæi: habben þe hit hit3 biziten mæi. 20 habbe þat hit bi-zete mai.

Comen þa tiðende:

to Aroure pan kinge.

pat Frolle wolde mid fæhte:'

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

þat Arthur him grantý wolde:

bat be he 30rnde.

don he hit nolde:

for on fipfol of golde.

Nobeles was Frolle:

to fihte swipe kene.

mochel cniht and ftrong man:

and modi on heorte.

and faide pat he wolde:

pane dai holde.

in þan ýllonde:

pat mid wateref his bi-30nge.

pat yllond steond foliwis:

a-midde ban borh of Paris.

par ich wolle mid fihte: bi-telle mine rihte.

nou to morwe his be dai?

Come be tydinge:

to Arthur pan kinge.

pat Frolle wol.. mid fihte:

known [in sooth thing], that Arthur would grant him that [that] he 'had' yearned, he would not do (have done) it for a ship-ful of gold! Nevertheless was Frolle to the fight exceeding keen; tall knight and strong man, and moody in heart; and said that he would hold the day, in the island that with water is surrounded,-the island standeth full truly in [amid] the burgh of Paris.—"There I will with fight obtain my rights, 'with shield, and with steed, and with knights weed;' now to-morrow is the day; have it he that may it win!" The tiding came to Arthur the king, that Frolle

<sup>1 (</sup>wide)

<sup>\*</sup> mid scelden mid stede?

<sup>3</sup> Sic MS.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

France bitelle.

næs he næuere fwa bliðe:

ær an hif liue.

and he lehzen agon: ludere stæfnenen.

and has word feide:

Arður þe kene.

Nu ich wat bat Frolle:

wið me wulle fihte.

to-marze in pan dæie?

alse he seolf demde.

i þan ait-londe:

pat mid watere if bistonde.

for hit bicumed kinge:

pat his word stonde.

Lete's blawen bemen:

and bodien mine monnen.

pat æuer ælc god mon:

to-niht wakien for bon.

and bidden ure drihtē:

pe alle domes awalt.

pat he me iscilde:

wið Frolle þene wilde. and mid hif riht höde:

witeze me wið sconde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bi-telle hif .....

Arthur gan to lahge: loudere stemme.

and peos word faide:

Arthur þe kene.

Nou ich wot þat Frolle: wole mid me fihte.

10 to-morewe in pan daie:

ase he him seolf demep.

Letep blowe bumef: and bodie mine mannef. pat euerech god man: to-niht wakie for pan.

and bidde oure drihte :'
pat alle domes weldep.
pat he me fcilde :'
fram Frolle pan wilde.
and mid his riht honde :'
witie me fram fconde.

would with fight win 'France [his rights]; 'was he never so blithe ere in his life!' 'And he [Arthur] gan to laugh, with loud voice; and said these words Arthur the keen: "Now I know that Frolle will with me fight, to-morrow in the day, as he [him]self 'determined [determineth], 'in the island that with water is surrounded; for it becometh a king, that his word should stand.' Let the trumpets blow, and bid my men, that every good man watch to-night for that, and pray our Lord, that all dooms wieldeth, that he preserve me from Frolle the fierce, and with his right hand protect me from disgrace. And if I may obtain this kingdom to mine own

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

And 3if ich mæi þif kinelöd:

bigiten to mire agere hon1.

auereælche ærmen mon: [f.137 م.م. 1.]euerech neod-fol man: be æð scal iwurðen.

and wurchen ic wulle:

muchel godes wille.

Nu me uulsten ber to:

þe alle þing mai wel don.

pe heze heueneliche king : stode me an helping.

for ich hine luuien wulle:

þa while þe ich liuie.

per wes al longe niht:

songes and caldel-liht3.

hæhliche fungen clarckes:

hali godes falmef.

pa hit dæi we⁵ amarzen :

duzeče gunne sturien.

Ardur be stronge.

warp he an hif rugge:

a ræf fwiðe deore.

ænne cheifil scurte:

ane cheiselne seorte:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

And 3ef ich mai þis kinelond : [c.2.]

bi-3ete to min owene hond.

be bet sal iworbe.

Nou me fulfte par to: þe king þat al may do. be hehze heuenliche [king]:

10 ftonde me an helping.

par was alle lange niht:

fonges and candel-liht. hehliche fonge clearkes: hehze godef phalmes4. po hit dai was a morewe: pat folk gā to storie. hif wæpnen he nom an honden! his wepne he nam an honde! 20 Arthur þan ströge. warp he on his rugge: a reaf swipe deore.

hand, every 'poor [needy] man the 'easier [better] shall be, 'and work I will the great Gods will!' Now aid me thereto [the king] that all 'things' may 'well' do; the high heavenly king stand me in help; 'for him I will love (or praise), the while that I live!'" There was all the long night songs and candle-light; loudly sung clerks holy psalms of God. When it was day on the morrow, 'people [the folk] gan to stir. His weapons (armour) he took in hand, Arthur the strong; he threw on his back a garment most precious, a cheisil shirt, and a cloth kirtle; a burny exceeding

<sup>1</sup> hond?

<sup>2</sup> At first written an, but d interlined by the same hand.

a candel-liht?

<sup>4</sup> pfalmes?

wes?

Griffin.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. & ænne pallene curtel. ænne burne swide deore: ibroiden of stele. Sette he an hefde: ænne helm godne. to his fide he fwende: hif fweorde Caliburne. hif fconken he helede: mid hofen of stele. and duden on hif uoten: fpuren swide gode. pe kig mid hif weden: leop on his stede. me him to rehte: ane fcelde gode. he wes al clane: of olifantef bane. Me falde him an honde: enne scaft stronge. [c. 2.] þer wes a þan ænde: 20 a spærere¹ swiðe hende. hit wes imaked i Kairmeðin: a smið þe hehte Griffin. hit ahte Voer: be wes ær king her.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and one pallene curtel. ane brunie swipe deore: hii-brode al of stele. He fette on his heued ? one helm godne. to his fyde he fweinde: his sweord Caliburne. his leggef he helede: mid hosen of stele. and dude on his fote: fporef fwibe gode. pe king mid his wede: leop on his stede. me him to realite: one fceald riche. he was al cleane: of holifantef bone. Me tok him an honde? ane fast stronge. þar was in þan eande: an hefd swipe hende. hit was i-maked in Ker-merbin? a smip pat hehte Griffin.

precious, embroidered [all] of steel. He set on [his] head a good helm; to his side he suspended his sword Caliburn; his legs he covered with hose of steel, and placed on his feet spurs most good. The king with his weeds leapt on his steed; men reached to him a 'good [rich] shield; it was all clean of elephants bone (ivory). Men gave him in hand a strong shaft; there was at the end a 'spear [head] most fair; it was made in Caermarthen by a smith that hight Griffin; 'Uther it possessed, who was ere king here.'

<sup>1 (</sup>pære?

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MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

pa pe iwepned wes pe rahze: pa gon he to uarene.

he mihte þa bi-halde?

pe per bihalfuef weore.

bene king richne:

rehliche riden.

nes hit no whar itald.

pat æuere ai mon fwa hende:

wunden uppen horse. swa him wes Arour:

fune Vőeres.

Riden after þan kige :

balde here-bringes.

a pen feoremeste flocke:

feouwerti hundred.

heze here-kempē:

bihonged mid stelen.

baldere Brutten:

bisie mid wepnē. Aft<sup>9</sup> þan fuíden:

fifti hundred.

beo Wælwain ladde:

þe wæs a wæl-kempe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po pe iwepnid was pe king!

po gan he to wende. [£1100.c.1.]

he mihte þo bi-holde:

pat par bi-halues were.

bane richne king:

boldeliche ride.

feod den i his weorlde wes a-stald : subbe hes worle was a-stald :

nas hit nopware itald.

þat euere ený man fo hende:

wonde vppe horfe.

Riden after þan kinge: bolde heredringef. in pan forste flocke: fourti hondred. baldere Bruttus:

bi-honge mid stele.

After pan wende: fifti honder.

þa Waweyn ladde:

þat was a bald kempe.

When that the 'stern man [king] was weaponed, then gan he to advance; then might he behold, who were there beside, the mighty king ride boldly; since this world was made, was it nowhere told, that ever any man so fair rode upon horse, 'as Arthur he was, son of Uther!' Bold chieftains rode after the king; in the 'foremost [first] flock forty hundred, 'noble warriors [bold Britons], clad in steel, 'bold Britons, busy with weapon.' After that marched fifty hundred, that Walwain led, who was a [bold] champion. Afterwards there 'gan out follow [out thronged] sixty thousand

1 feobben?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

Seo&den per gunnen ut sizen:

fixti busede. Bruttes swide balde:

pat wes pa bac-warde.

per wes be king Angel:

per wes Lot and Urien.

per wes Vrienes fune:

Ýwæin ihaten.

per wes Kæi and Beduer:

and biwusten pa uerde per.

per wes pe king Howel?

Cador per wes æc:

be kene wef on flocke.

per wes of Irlonde:

Gillomar be stron1.

per wes Gonwaif be king:

Orka ef? deorling.

per wes Doldamin pe kene!

ut of Gutlonde.

per wes Escil be king:

Denemarkes deorling.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Suppe par vt pronge: sixti bufend.

Bruttus fwibe bolde:

pat was pe bac-ward.

par was be king Angel:

bar was Loth and Vrien.

par was Vrienes sone:

Eþaýn ihote. þar waf Kay and Bedewer:

and bi-wifte be ferde bar.

par was be king Howel?

hah mon of Brutlond. [f. 138. c. 1.] heh man of Brutlond.

Cador þar was eke:

bat kene was on flocke.

par was of Yrlonde:

Gillomar pe strangge.

þar was Gonways þe king:

Orcaneief deorling.

þar was Doldanim þe kene:

vt of Gutlonde.

and Rumaret be stronge:

vt of Winet-londe.

þar was Afcil þe king:

Denemarches deorling.

Britons most bold; that was the rearward. There was the king Angel; there was Loth and Urien; there was Uriens son, named Ywain; there was Kay and Beduer, and commanded the host there; there was the king Howel, noble man of Britanny; Cador there was eke, who was keen in flock; there was from Ireland Gillomar the strong; there was Gonwais the king, Orkneys darling; there was Doldanim the keen, out of Gothland, 'and Rumaret the strong, out of Winet-land'; there was Æscil the king, Denmarks darling. Folk there was on foot, so many thousand

<sup>1</sup> ftrong?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sic MS.: read Orkaneies.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. Folc per wes a fotē: swa feole busend monnen. a þiffere weorlde-richen. a nauere nane spelle: pat mihte pa pusend telle. bute he hauede mid rihte: wifdom of drihtene. over he hafde mid him: pat him hafde Mærlī. Arður forð gon liðe: mid vnimete folke. pat he com fuliwis? into pere burh of Paris. a west halue þā watere: mid mucle hif genge. An æst hælf wes Frolle: mid mucchelere ferde. 3aru to ban fehte: biforen hif cnihtes alle. Arour nom ænne bat godne: & bæh þer an inne. mid scelde mid stede: and mid alle his iwede.

and he pat scip stronge:

Folc per wes a fote:

swa feole pusend monnen.

pat nas nauere na swa wit-ful mon: pat nas neuere so wit-fol man: [c. 2.]

a pisser weorlde-richen.

a nauere nane spelle:

pat mihte pa pusend telle.

bute he hauede mid rihte:

wisdom of drihtene.

oder he hasse mid him:

bat him hasse Mærli.

Ardur ford gon lide:

folk par was a fote:

so fale pousend manne.

pat nas neuere so wit-fol man: [c. 2.]

in pisse worle-riche.

in neuere none spelle:

pat mihte pe pousendes telle.

bute he hauede mid rihte:

wisdom of drihtene.

oder he hasse mid him:

bote he hadde mid him pe wit:

pat hadde Merlyn.

Arthur ford gan wende:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

mid onimete folke.

pat he com foliwis:'
into pare borh of Parif.

a west half pan watere:'
mid alle his folke.

An est half was Frolle:'
mid mochele his ferde.

garu to pan sihte:'
bi-vore alle his cnihtes.

Arthur nam ane bot:'
and dude him par ine.

[mid] shelde and mid stede:'
and mid al his wede.
and pane bot stronge:'

men, that was never a man in this worlds-realm so wise, that might tell the thousands, in ever any speech, unless 'he had with right wisdom of the Lord, or unless' he had with him 'what [the wit that] Merlin 'he' had. Arthur forth gan march, with innumerable folk; until he came full surely unto the burgh of Paris; on the west side of the water, with 'his mickle [all his] folk. On the east side was Frolle, with [his] great force, ready to the fight, before all his knights. Arthur took a 'good' boat, and 'went [placed himself] therein, with shield [and] with steed, and with all his weeds (armor); and 'he' shoved the strong 'ship [boat] from the land, and stept upon the

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. fcaf from pan londe1. and stop uppen pat æit-lond: and ladde hif stede an hif hond. and la... his stede an his h... his men pe hine per brohte : [c.2.] ... men pe hine par brohte : alse be king hehte. leten þene bat bugen: forð mid þan vðen. Frolle into scipe ferde: þe kig wes unuele. pat he auere pohte: wið Arðure to to<sup>8</sup> fehte. Ferde to pan æite: mid aðele hif wepnen4. uppen pan æit he stop: & hif stede him after droh. þeo men þe hine þer brohten: alfe be king hehte. lette bene bat fusen: forð mid þan vðen. and þa kinges tweien: ane per wuneden. pa me mihte bihalden : þe þer bihalues weoren.

fcaf fram þan londe. and f...... þat ýllond: ase be king hehte. lette wende bane bot: forp mid pan watere. Frolle to bote wende: þe king was onfeale<sup>2</sup>. 10 pat he euere poht: wip Arthur to fihte. He wende to pan yllond: mid gode his wepne. he stop vppe bat yllod? and nam his stede on his hond. þe men þat hine þar brohte: ase þe king 3am hehte. lette pane bot wende: forp mid pan watere. and þe kinges tweie: [£ 111.c.l.] pare ine weren beiene.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

island, and led his steed in his hand; his men that brought him there, as the king commanded, let the boat drive forth with the 'waves [water]. Frolle went 'into ship [to boat]; the king was uneasy that he ever thought with Arthur to fight. [He] proceeded to the island, with his good weapons; he stept upon the island, and 'drew [took] his steed 'after him [in his hand]; the men that brought him there, as the king commanded [them], let the boat drive forth with the 'waves [water]; and the two kings 'alone there remained [therein were both]. Then 'men might behold, that were there beside,' the folk on 'the land, exceedingly [both sides were] afraid;

<sup>1</sup> lon, pr. m.

<sup>2</sup> onfeale?

<sup>3</sup> Sic MS.

<sup>4</sup> R. wepnen.

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

folc a pan uolde: feondliche adredde. heo clumben uppen hallen : heo clumben uppen wallen. heo clūben uppen bures: heo clumben uppe tures. pat comp to bihalden: of ban tweom kingen. Ardures men beden: mid muchele æðmoden. godd bene gode: and þa hali hif moder. pat heore lauerd pere. fize moste habben. and þa oðere eke: bede for heore kinge. Arour stop1 a stel bose: and leop an his blancke. and Frolle mid hif iwede: leop on his steden. þe an an hif ænde: a þan æit-londe. and bæ oðer an hif ænde: i þan æit-londe. [f. 138b. c. 1.] MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

po weren a-drad: folk in bobe fyde. hii clemde vppe halles: hii clemde vppe walles. hii clemde vppe toures: hii clemden vppe boures. pat fiht to bi-holde: of peos tweie kinges. Arthur his men: bede mid mochele edmode. god bane gode: and his holy moder. pat hire louerd pare: be ouere hadde. and be ob eke: bede for hire kinge.

Rthur leop pare: vppe on his stede. and Frolle mid his wede: leop on his ftede.

they climbed upon halls, they climbed upon walls; they climbed upon bowers [towers], they climbed upon 'towers [bowers], to behold the 'combat [fight] of 'the [these] two kings. 'Arthurs [Arthur his] men prayed with much humility to God the good, and 'the holy his [his holy] mother, that their lord might have there 'victory [the over hand]; and the others eke prayed for their king. Arthur 'stept in steel saddle-bow, and 'leapt [there up-] on his steed; and Frolle with his weeds leapt also on his steed; 'the one at his end, in the island, and the other at his end, in the island';

<sup>1</sup> Originally written stod.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. heo quehten heore scaftes: kinewurde cnihtes. heo græneden heore ftede : gode cnihtes heo weoren. Næs he næuere ifunde : a næuere nane londe. nan fwa wihtful 1 mon: pat hit wuste ær pan. whæder of þan kingen: ouer-cumen fculde liggen. for beië heo weoren cnihtes kene: for hit were kene cnihtes: ohte men and wihte. muchele men on mihte: and a maine swide stronge. Heo munezeden heore steden: and tofomne gunnen riden. fusden feondliche: þat fur him² fprög after. Arður fmat Frolle: mid feond stronge maine. uppen þene fceld hehje: and be stede be wes god:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. hii cwehten hire faftes : kineworpe knihtes. hii greinede hire stedes: godeli cnihtef hii weren. Nes he neuere ifunde: in neuere none londe. nan fo witfol man: þat hit wuste er þan. waper of pan kinges: 10 ouer-come folde ligge. ohte men and wipte.

Hii munepede hire stedes: to-gadere hii gonne ride. fusden feondeliche: þat fur him³ íparng⁴ after. Arthur fmot Frolle: mid swipe stronge mayne. vp pan feald heze: bat he to grunde fulle. and be stede bat was god! [c.2]

they couched their shafts, the royal knights; they urged their steeds,-'good [goodly] knights they were. Never was he found in ever any land, any man so wise, that should know it ere that time, whether (which) of the kings should lie overcome; for 'both they [it] were keen knights, brave men and active, 'mickle men in might, and in force exceeding strong.' They made ready their steeds; 'and' together [they] gan ride; rushed fiercely, so that fire sprang after them! Arthur smote Frolle with might excessive strong, upon the high shield, [so that it fell to the ground]; and the steed that was good leapt out in the flood.

<sup>1</sup> wit-ful? 2 heom? <sup>5</sup> A line is here deficient.

<sup>3</sup> ham?

<sup>4</sup> fprang?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. leop ut i be ulod. Arour ut mid his sweorde: balu wes a pan orde. and puinden uppen Frolle: per he wes an ulode. ær heore cop weore: icumen to pan ænde. Ah Frolle mid honde: igræp hif spere longe. and kept Arour anan: alfe he aneoust com. and bene stede balde: fmat i pere breoste. bat bat spere burh raf: and Arour adun draf. pa araf pe mon-drem: þat þe uolde dunede a-3en. aqueden þa weolcne: for reme of pan uolke. þær Bruttes wolden : ouer water buzen. 3if Ardur up ne sturte: stercliche sone.

and igræp hif fceld godne:

ileired mid golde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII. leop vt in pane flod. Arthur vp mid his fpere: balu was on pan orde. and pungde vppen Frolle: par he was on grunde.

Ac Frolle mid his honde?

igrop his spere longe.

and kepte Arthur anon?

afe he a-neoufte com.

and pare ftede balde?

fmot in pare breofte.

pat pe fpere porh rof?

and Arthur a-dun drof.

[c.2.] Po a-rof pe mannef drem?

pat pe wolkne dunede agen.

ouer water bouwe.

3ef Arthur vp ne storte:

starcliche swipe.

and igrop his feald godne:
ileyred mid golde.

Arthur 'out [up] with his 'sword [spear],—mischief was on the point,—and struck upon Frolle, where he was 'in the flood [on the ground], 'ere their combat were come to the end.' But Frolle with [his] hand grasped his long spear, and observed Arthur anon, as he came nigh, and smote the bold steed in the breast, so that the spear pierced through, and Arthur down drove. Then arose the multitudes clamor, that the 'earth [welkin] dinned again, 'the welkin resounded for shout of the folk.' There would the Britons over the water pass, if Arthur had not started up very quickly, and grasped his good shield, adorned with gold, and against Frolle, with 'hostile glances

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. and to-zenes Frolle: and to-saines Frolle: mid starcliche maine. mid feondliche lechen. breid bi-vore breofte: breid biforen breoften: godne fceld brade. his gode feald brode. And Frolle to him reafde: And Frolle him to fusden: mid hif feond ræfe. mid his feond reafes. and vt droh his gode fweord: and hif fweord up ahof: and a-dun riht floh. and a-dun fwipte. and fmot vp Arthur hif fealde? and fmat an Aroures fceld: pat he fleh in pane felde. bat he wond a bene feld. 10 be helm an hif hæuede: be healm on his hefd? and hif hereburne. and his hereburne. go to falsie: pat he gan to fausie: a-forn neacin his hefd. foren an hif hafde. & he wunde afeng: and he wonde onderfeng: feouwer unchene long. four vnchene lang. heo ne buhte him noht fær: hit ne bohte him noht for: for heo næs na mare. for be wonde naf na mor. þat blod orn a-dū: þat blod orn a-dun : ouer al his breofte. 20 oueral his breofte. Arthur was a-bolwe: Arður wes abolze: fwide an hif heorte. fwipe on his heorte. and his fweord Caliburne: [6111]. and hif sweord Caliburne: swipte mid maine. [hælm: swipte mid mayne. and finat Frolle uppen beene and fmot Frolle vppe ban helm! bat he atwa helden. pat he atwo to-zeode.

[strong force] cast before his breast [his] good broad shield. And Frolle to him rushed with his fierce assault, and 'up heaved [out drew] his [good] sword, and struck down 'right,' and smote [vp]on 'Arthurs [Arthur his] shield, so that it 'fell [flew] on the field; the helm on his head, and his mail [that it] gan to give way, in front of his head; and he received a wound four inches long;—it seemed not to him sore, for 'it [the wound] was no more;—the blood ran down over all his breast. Arthur was enraged greatly in his heart, and his sword Caliburne swung with main, and smote

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. burh ut bere burne-hod: pat hit at his breoste at-stod. pa feol Frolle: folde to grunde. uppen þan graf-bedde: hif gost he bi-læfde. þa Bruttes lohgen: ludere stefuene. and leoden to fleonen: feodliche swide. Ardur 1 be riche : wende to londe. and bus cleopien agon: aðelest kingen. Whær ært þu Walwain: monne me leofest. Heot þas Rom-wæren alle: mid griden liden heonne. ælc mö bruke hif ham : fwulc godd hit him on. 20 hat ælcne mon halde grið: uppen leome & uppen lif. and ich hit wulle dihten :

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

In def. both vt pane brunie-hod?

In pat at pe breofte hit a-ftod.

In po ful Frolle?

In dun to pan grunde.

In po pan grafe?

In po Bruttes lowen?

In possible to fleonde?

In possible to fleonde.

In possible to fleon

Hot his me alle? mid grihe wende hinne. ech man brouke his hom? hat god him aleneh.

and ich 3am wole dihte:

Frolle upon the helm, so that it parted in two; throughout the burnyshood, so that at 'his [the] breast it (the sword) stopt. Then fell Frolle [down] to [the] ground; upon the grass-'bed' his ghost he left. Then laughed the Britons, with loud voice; and 'people [the other folk] gan to fly exceeding quickly. Arthur the powerful went to land, and 'thus' gan to call, 'noblest of kings: "Where art thou, [to his relative] Walwain, 'dearest of men to me?' Command these 'Rome'-men all with peace to depart hence; each man enjoy his home, 'as [that] God granteth 'it' him; 'order each man to hold peace, upon pain of limb and upon life'; and I will 'it [them] order to day a se'nnight; command 'this folk then

<sup>1</sup> R. Arbur.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. to-dai a foueniht. to-dæi a seouennihte. hat hif folc benne: hot 3am wede hinne: liden al to-somne: alle to-gaderef. and comen to mi feolue? and cumen to me feoluen: bæ bet heom fcal iwurden 1. be bet 3am fal iworbe. Heo fcullen me mō-radene: Hii folle hire manradene: mid moscipe<sup>2</sup> frēmē. mid mansipe bi-take. and ich heom wulle holden: and ich 3am wolle holde: a mine onwolden. in mine onwolde. and fetten i leode: 10 and fetten ban folke: lawes swipe gode. lazen swiče gode. For nu scullen Romanisce lazē: For nou solle Romanisse lawes: to pan grude<sup>3</sup> reofen. to pan grunde falle. ba iuurn here: bat ivorn here: stoden mid Frolle. stode mid Frolle. þe lið on æite of-flazen : pat lip in pan yllond of-slawe: and idon of lif-dagen. and idon of lifdage. Her after ful soe: Her after ful sone: fcal hif cun of Rome. fal his cun of Rome. heren tidinge: 20 ihere tydinge: of Aroure pan kige. of Arthur pan kinge. for ich heom wulle wid speken! for ich benche wib 3am speke! and Rome walles to-breken. and Rome walles to-breke. & munegie heom hu king Belin! and munézi of king Belyn! [c.2]

Bruttes ladde pider in.

to march [them to go hence] all together, and come to myself,—the better it shall be for them. They shall 'perform [give their] homage 'to me' with honor, and I will hold them in my sovereignty, and set laws most good 'among the people [to the folk]. For now shall the Romanish laws fall to the ground, that before stood here with Frolle, who lieth alain in [the] island, and deprived of life-day. Hereafter full soon shall his kindred of Rome hear tidings of Arthur the king, for I will [think to] speak with them, and break down Rome walls, and remind them how [of] king Belin,

[c.2.] pat Bruttus ladde pider in.

i wurden? monscipe? grunde?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and iwon him pa londes alle : pat stonded into Rome. Arour beh to ban zæte: forn at bere burge. comen wit-fulle men: þe þa burh biwusten. and Arour letten binnen: mid alle his monnen. bitahten him halles: bitahten him castles. bitahten him ful iwif: al þa burh of Paris. per wes muchel bliffce: mid Brutisce uolke. pe dæi fæh to burhze: þe Arður ifet hafde. com al þa mō-weorede: and his men bicomen. Arour nom his duzeve: and atwa heom to-dalde. and þa haluendæle: Howele bitætte. and hehte hine uaren fone:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and alle þe londes awan: bat liggeb to Rome. Arthur wende to borewe: par pe 3ates were. and alle be wit-fulle men: pat pane borh wiste. and lette Arthur binne. mid alle his manne.

hii toke him foliwis: al be borh of Paris. par was mochel bliffe: mid Bruttisse folke. pe dai nehlehte: pat Arthur iset hadde. comen alle be men: and his men bi-come. Arthur nam his cnihtes: 20 and atwo to-dealde. and pat haluendeale: Howel he bi-tahte. and bad him wende fone:

[who] led the Britons in thither, and won 'to him' all the lands that 'stand unto [lie to] Rome. Arthur proceeded to 'the gate, before the burgh [the burgh, where the gates were; and all the] wise men (magistrates) that took charge of the burgh, came, and let Arthur within, with all his men; 'delivered to him the halls, delivered to him the castles'; [they] delivered to him, full surely, all the burgh of Paris,—there was mickle bliss with the British folk! The day 'came to burgh [nighed], that Arthur had set; came all the 'populace [men], and his men became. Arthur took his 'folk [knights], and divided them in two; and the half part [he] gave to Howel, and bade him march soon, with the mickle host, with the British men

<sup>1</sup> camen?

Guitar.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. mid muchele pere uerde. mid Brutisce monen: londes iwinen. Howel dude al fwa: alfe Arour hine hehte. he biwon Barri: and alle pa londes per bi. Angou and Turuine: Aluerne and Gascunne. and pa hafuenes alle: be herden to ban londes. Guitard þe duc hæhte: be Peytouwe ahte. he nolde buzen Howele: ah heold to-zeines him æuere. nolde he zirnen na grið: [£ 1399.c. 1.] he ne zornde no griþ: ah Howel him faht wið. ofte he uolc ualde: and ofte he ulem makede. Howel al pat lond weste: & of-floh pa leode. pa isæh Guitard: be i Peitou wes lauerd.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. mid mochele pare ferde. mid Bruttusse manne: londes a-winne. Al dude Howel: afe Arthur hine heahte. he b wan Berri : and alle pe londes par bi. Angoise and Turuine: Aluerne and Gafcoyne. 10 and be homes alle : bat leieb to ban ilke londes. Ŋ Witard þe duk hehte: J þat Peyto hahte. he nolde to Howel bouwe: ac heold hine mid fihte. ac euere he faht Howel wib. ofte he folk fulde : and ofte he fleom makede. 20 Howel bat lon? weafte: and of-floh be leade. [£ 112.c.1.] po isah Gwitard: pat in Peyto was louerd.

to conquer lands. Howel did all 'thus' as Arthur him bade; he conquered Berry, and all the lands thereby; Anjou and Touraine, Alverne and Gascony, and all the 'havens [habitations], that 'belonged [lay] to the [same] lands. Guitard hight the duke, who possessed Poitou; he would not submit to Howel, but held 'ever against him [him with fight]; he would ask no peace, but 'Howel fought with him [ever he fought with Howel]; oft he felled the folk, and oft he made flight. Howel wasted 'all' the land, and slew the people. When Guitard saw, who was lord in Poitou, that all 'his

1 R. bi-wan.

2 lond?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

þat alle his leoden: him to lose eode. wið Howele he grið makede: mid al his monweorede. and bicom Aroures mon? þas aðele kingen. Arour him ward lide: and luuede hine swide. & hehte hine his lond bruken: for he him bæh to foten. þa hafde Howel: hæhliche agunen. Arour hafde France: and freoliche heo fette. he no þa hif ferde: and wende zeod pan ærde. to Burguine he wede: and fette hit an his honde. and seodően he gon liðen : in to Loherne. 20 and alle ba londes: fette him feolue an honde. al bat Arour isæh:

al hit him to bæh.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat alle pe leode?'
him to lofe eode.
wip Howel he grip makede?'
mid al his manferde.
and bi-com Arthur his man?'
baldeft alre kinge.
Arthur him warp lipe?'
and louede hine fwipe.
and hehte him hif lond brouki?'
for he him beh to fote.
po hadde Howel?'
hehliche a-gonne.

Athur hadde France! and freoliche hit fette. he nam be hif ferde! and wende oueral ban erbe. to Borgoyne he wende! and fette hit mid hif manne. and fubbe he gan wende! into Loherenne. and alle be londes! he nam to his hondes.

al þat Arthur iseh:

al hit him to beh.

[F]rance.

[B]urguine.

[the] people went him to loss, with Howel he made peace, with all his host, and became 'Arthurs [Arthur his] man, 'the noble king [boldest of all kings]. Arthur became gracious to him, and loved him greatly, and bade him enjoy his land, for (because) he bowed to his feet;—then had Howel nobly succeeded! Arthur had France, and freely it settled; he took then his host, and marched over [all] the territory; to Burgundy he proceeded, and set it 'in his hand [with his men]; and afterwards he gan fare into Loraine, and all the lands'set to himself in hand [he took in his hands]; all that Arthur saw, all it submitted to him; and afterwards he went, full truly,

1 seotten?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and feodden he wende ful iwis: and suppe he wende foliwis: azain hā to Paris. agen in to Parif. pa hafde Arður Frāce: bo Arthur hadde France: mid gode griðe aftalde. after his wille. ifet and ifemed: þat fel was an þeoden. þa hehte he þa cnihtes alden: po hehte he pe cnihtes? þa he hafde 3are at-halden. pat par mid him were. pat heo to pan kinge comen : [a.2.] pat lang hadde ileued : and heore læn a-fængē. 10 and in fihte moche ilosed. for heo feole zeren: pat hii to him come : hafden ibon¹ hif iueren. and 3eftes a-fenge. Summen he sæf lond: Somme he 3af lond : fummen feoluer and gold. fomme feoluer and gold. fummen he 3æf castles: somme he 3af castles: fumen he 3af claves. fomme he 3af clopes. hehte heom uaren an wune: and beten heore funnen. for-bed heom to berne wapmen?: for ælde heom eode ouenan. and hehte heom luuien swide! and bad 3am loueie swipe: godd in þiffen liue. godd in biffe lifue. [c. 2.]

again 'home [in] to Paris. When Arthur had France 'established with good peace [after his will], 'settled and composed, so that prosperity was among the folk,' then ordered he the 'old' knights, that 'he had long retained [were there with him, that long had remained, and in fight much had lost], that they should come to 'the king [him], and receive 'their reward [gifts]; 'for they many years had been his companions.' To some he gave land, some silver and gold; to some he gave castles, some he gave clothes; 'bade them go in joy, and amend their sins; forbade them to bear weapon, because age upon them went,' and bade them love God greatly in this life, 'that he at the end, full surely, might give them his paradise,' that they

pat he an ende ful iwis:

<sup>1</sup> ibeon?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. 3efen heom his paradis. þæt heo mosten bruken: blisse mid ænglen. Alle pa cnihtes alde: foren to heore londe. and þa 3unge bilæfden: mid leouen heore kigen. Alle þa nizē zere : Ardur wuneden bere. nizen zere he heold France! 10 nize zer he heold France! freoliche on höde. and feodden na lengere: pat lond he ne walde. Ah þa while þe þat kinelond: ftod an Aroures hond. pinges feolcude: fizen to bere beode. monienne modfulne mon : Arður makede 1 milde. and mōiēne hehne mon : 20

he helde to hif foten.

Hit wes an ane æstere:

bat men hafden iuaste.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

þat hii mihten brouke: bliffe mid englene. Alle pe cnihtes holde? wende to hire londe. and be 30nge bi-lefde: mid leue hire kinge. Alle be nize zere: Arthur wonede bere. freoliche an honde. and suppe no lengere: pat lond he ne wolde. Ac be wile bat be kinelond: stod in Arthures hond. pinges felcoupe: come to ban folke. many one godne man: he makede milde. and many ane hehne man: he heold to his fote. Hit was in on eafter: bat men hadde ifaste. pat Arour an æstere dæi hasde: pat al Arthur his folk:

might enjoy bliss with the angels. All the old knights proceeded to their land, and the young remained with their dear king. All the nine years Arthur dwelt there; nine years he held France freely in hand, and afterwards no longer the land he governed. But the while that the kingdom stood in Arthurs hand, marvellous things came to the folk; many 'proud [a good] man 'Arthur [he] made mild, and many a high man he held at his feet! It was on an Easter, that men had fasted, that 'Arthur on Easterday had his noble men together [all Arthur his folk was gathered to him];

<sup>1</sup> At first written make, but de interlined by the original hand.

Kæÿ.

Beduer.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

his abele men at-fomne. [f. 140.c. 1.] to him was igadered. al þat hæhfte mon-cun: bat herden i to Francen. & of alle pan londen ? be bider in læien. per he zette his cnihten: alle heore irihten.

elc<sup>2</sup> ane he 3if æhte: alse he iærned hasde. þuf hi iquað Arður :

aðelest kingē. Kæi bisih þe hiderward: þu ært min haxte stiward.

her ich Angou ziue be: for pire wel-dede. and alle pa irihte:

be biden8 in beo's idihte.

Cneole me to Beduer: þu art min hexte birle her. pa while pa ich beo an liue: 20 pe wile ich ham a-liue:

luuien ich þe wulle.

her ich ziue be Neustrie: aneuste mire riche.

and he pare eche cnihtes:

he<sup>1</sup> 3ef alle hire rihtes. ech one he 3af heahte: ase hii i-sareued hadde.

po him faide Arthur : 10

baldest alre kinge. Bi-fih þe Keay hiderward: bou hart min owestiward.

her ich Angoye be zefue! for bine wel deade.

Cneole to me Beduer :

bou hart min hexste borle her.

louie ich þe wolle.

her ich be zeue Neustrie : nexste mine riche.

'all the highest persons that belonged to France, and of all the lands that lay thither in'; [and] there he gave his knights [each knight] all their rights; to each one he gave possessions, as 'he had earned [they had deserved]. Thus 'quoth [said] him Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings: "Kay, look thee hitherward; thou art mine 'highest [own] steward; here I give thee Anjou, for thy good deeds, 'and all the rights that thither in are set.' Kneel to me, Beduer; thou art my highest cup-bearer here; the while 'that' I am alive, love thee I will. Here I give thee Neustrie, nearest to my realm." Then hight Neustrie the land that now hight Normandy.

<sup>1</sup> Superfluous?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> aelc, pr. m., but a erased.

<sup>3</sup> R. þider.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. pa hehte Neustle: pat nu hatte Normandie. pe ilke tweien eorles weoren: Ardures 1 deore men. at rede and at rune: an æuer ælche tune. pa zet him seide Ardur! aðelest kingen. Wend be hider Howeldin: þu ært mi mon and mi cun. ю haue þu Bulune: and bruc his on wunne. Cumme ner Borel: bu art cniht wif and war. her ich bene Mans be? mid monscipe bitæche. and bruc bu hif on wunne : for bire wel-dede. þuf Arður þe king delde: hif drihtliche londes. after heore iwurhte: for he heom buhte wurde.

ba weoren blide spelles:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. bo hehte Neustrie! Neustrie. pat nou hatte Normandie. pe ilke tweie eorles weren: Arthur his deore men. at reade and at roune: in euereche toune. pe zet him seide Arthur? wifest alre kinge. [f. 112b. c. 1.] Wend þe hider Holdeýn: Howeldin. bou hart min man and min cun. haue þou Boloyne: and brouk hit on winne. Com me neor Borel: Borel. bou hart cniht wis and war. here ich þe þane Mans: mid manfipe bi-take. and brouc hit on winne: for pine wel-deade. [c.2.] pus Arthur pe king: 20 dealde his londes. after hire deades: for he ham wifte worbe.

po weren blipe spelles:

The same two earls were 'Arthurs [Arthur his] dear men, at counsel and at communing, in every place. The yet said him Arthur, 'noblest of [wisest of all] kings: "Wend thee hither, 'Howeldin [Holdeyn]; thou art my man and my kin; have thou Boulogne, and possess it in prosperity. Come near, Borel; thou art knight wise and wary; here I deliver thee the Mans, with honor, and possess 'thou' it in prosperity, for thy good deeds." Thus Arthur the king dealt his 'lordly' lands, after their 'actions [deeds]; for he 'thought [knew] them to be worthy. Then were blithe speeches in 'Arthurs

<sup>1</sup> R. Arbures.

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2 Q

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix. in Arouref hallen. per wes harepinge and fong: be 1 weoren bliffen imong. pa æstre wes a3onge: and Aueril eode of tune. and \$ graf was riue: and þat water wes liðe. and men gunnen fpilien: þat wes Mæi at tune. Arour nom hif folc feire: and to bere fæ uerde. and lette bonien hif scipen: wel mid þan bezsten. & ferde to biffen londe: and up co at Londen. up he com at Lūdene: leoden to bliffen. Al hit wef blide: þat hine isæh mid ezen. fone heo gunnen sige : of Aroure pan kinge. and of pere wurdscipe muchele: and of pe worsipe: be he iwunne hafde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. in Arthur his halles. par was harping an fong: pare weren bliffef among. po easter was a-gon: and Auerel eode of toune. and pat gras was riue: and pat water lipe. and men faide? : þat May was in toune. 10 Arthur nam his ferde: and to féé wende. and lette banni his fipes: wel mid pan beste. and wende to biffe londe? and vp com at Londene.

Al hit was blibe: pat hine ifeh mid ehzene. 20 sone hii gonne finge : of Arthur pan kinge. bat he awonne hadde.

[Arthur his] halls; there was harping and song, there were blisses among! When Easter was gone, and April went from town, and the grass was rife, and the water 'was' calm, and men 'gan to say [said in speech] that May was in town, Arthur took his 'fair folk [host], and proceeded to 'the' sea, and caused his ships to be assembled, well with the best; and sailed to this land, and came up at London; 'up he came at London, to the bliss of the people.' All it was blithe that saw him with eyes; soon they gan to sing of Arthur the king, and of the 'great' worship that he had won.

<sup>1</sup> R. þer.

<sup>2</sup> faide in roune?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

per custe uader pene sune : and feide to him welcume.

broder bene oder.

sufter custe sufter:

þa foftere heom wes an heorten.

A monie hundred ftuden 1:

folc frainige ?:

of feole cune pigë.

of heore onwalden. and heore seolp makeden:

of muchele bizeten.

Ne mihte na mon fuggē:

nære he na fwa hende mon.

of halue þan bliffen:

Ælc ferde an hif neode:

zeond pas kine-peode.

from burhae to burhae:

mid blissen uniuoze.

and buf hit ane studes:

and bus one stund:

par custe fader pane sone : and faide to him wolcome. dohter þa moder: brober ban ober: softer bane brober. In many hundred stude: stoden bi þan weie. stode bi þan weye. hat folk axinge: 10 of many cunnes ping. and cnihtes heom talden! [£140°.c.1.] and cnihtes 3 am tolde! [c.2.] of hire anwolde. and hire 3elp makede: of mochele bi-zeate. Ne mihte no man fegge: in biffe worle-riche. of haluendel be bliffe: þa weoren mid þan Brutten. bat were bo mid Bruttus.

There kissed father the son, and said to him welcome; 'daughter the mother,' brother the other; sister 'kissed sister [the brother]; 'the softer it was to them in heart.' In many hundred places [the] folk stood by the way, asking of things of many kind; and the knights told them of their conquests, and made their boast of mickle booty. Might no man say, 'were he man ever so skilled [in this worlds-realm], of half the blisses that were [then] with 'the' Britons! 'Each fared at his need over this kingdom, from burgh to burgh, with great bliss'; and thus 'it' a time stood in the same wise,—bliss was in 'Britain [this land] with the bold king.

1 ftuden?

<sup>2</sup> fraininge? 2 Q 2

? ftunde?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. stod a pan ilke. bliffe wes on Brutene: mid balde þan kinge. pa æstre wes ageonge: and fumer com to londe. þa nom Arður his red: wið reche hif monē. þat he wolde inne Karliū : bere his crune him on. and a White-funedæi: 10 hif folc per isomnie. A þen ilke dagen: mē gunnē demen. bat nes i nane londe: burh nan fwa hende. na swa wide cuố: swa Karliun bi Ufke. buten hit weoren þa burh riche: bote hit were þe borh riche! be Rome if ihaten. pa 3et wes mid pan kinge: 20 moni mon an londe. pat quidde pa burh of Karlion: ricchere bene Rome. and pat Uske weore: felest alre wateren. Medewes per weoren brade:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. hit stod a pan ilke. blisse was in bisse londe: mid balde þan kynge. po easter was agon : and fomer com to toune. po nam Arthur his read: wib riche his manne. pat he wolde in Cairlion: beare his croune him on. to þan Witesonneday: his folk folde be hi-gadered. In þan ilke týme: men gonne deame. bat nas in none londe: borh al fo hende. ne so coup wide: fo Cayrlion bi Vske. pat Rome his ihote. And 3et was mid þan kýnge: many man in londe. pat held be borh of Cayrlion: richere bane Rome. and pat Vike were: felest alre watere. Medewes þar were brode:

When Easter was gone, and summer come to 'land[town], then took Arthur his counsel, with his noble men, that he would in Kaerleon bear on him his crown, 'and on [at the] Whitsunday his folk 'there assemble [should be gathered]. In 'those days [that time] men gan deem, that 'no' burgh [all] so fair was [not] in any land, nor so widely known as Kaerleon by Usk, unless it were the rich burgh that is named Rome. 'The [And] yet many a man was with the king in land, that 'pronounced [held] the burgh of Kaerleon richer than Rome, and that Usk were the best of all waters.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. bihalues pere burhze. [c. 2.] bi-halues pare borewe. per wes fife: per wes fuzel: par was fife par was fowel: and biffef1 inowe. and fæiernesse inoze. per wes wude and wilde deor: bar was wode and wilde deor: wunder ane monie. wonderliche manie. þer wes al þa murhðe: par was al pe murthe: be æi mon mihte of benche. þat ený man mihte an þinche. Ah nauer seodden Ardur bider Ac neuere subbe bat Arthur bider þa burh feodde no iþæh. [bæh: þeborh suþþene þeh.[f.113.c.1.][beh: no nauere ne² mæi : 10 ne neuere more ne may : bi-twene bif and domef-dæi. bi-twix pif and domes-day. Sume bokes sugged to iwisse! Somme bokes feggely to iwiffe: pat pa burh wes biwucched. pat be borh was i-wicched. and bæt if wel isene : pat his wel of fene: foo pat hit funde. fob bat hit binche. I bære burh weoren: In pare borh were: tweie riche munestres. twa munftres swide mære. pat an mustre wes of seint Aaron: pe on was of seint Aaron: Aaron. ber inne wes muchel halido. þar in was many halidom. patoder of pan martir seint Julian: pe oper of seint Julian: Julian. þe heh if mid drihten. 21 pat heh his mid drihte. per weoren nunnen wel idon : par in were nonnes wel idon:

Meadows there were broad, beside the burgh; there was fish, there was fowl, and 'fairness [blisses] enow; there was wood and wild deer, wondrous many; there was all the mirth that any man might think of. But never since [that] Arthur thither came, the burgh afterwards thrived, nor ever-[more] may, 'between [betwixt] this and dooms-day. Some books say certainly that the burgh was bewitched, and that is well seen (probable), sooth that it 'be [seem]. In the burgh were two minsters 'exceeding noble [rich]; one 'minster' was of Saint Aaron; therein was 'mickle [many] relique; the other of 'the martyr' Saint Julian, who is high with the Lord; there[in] were nuns good, many a high born woman. The bishops stool was at Saint

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  R. blisses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Interlined by a second hand.

MS, Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

moni heh iboren wifmon.

many heh bore womman.

Pe biscop stole wes at sein 1 Aaro ? Pe bissopes stol was at seint Aaron?

þar in was many canoun.

ber wes moni fel mon.

canunes ber weoren: þe cuð weoren widen.

be wel cube a leore.

per wes moni god clarc:

þar was mani god cleark: pat moche coupe of lore.

be craft his ihote astronomie:

wel ofte hii pan kinge tolde:

in oper kunnes speche.

of mani binges.

muchel heo ferden mid ban crafte: moche hii vsede bat craft: to lokie in pan lufte.

to lokien in pan leofte.

to lokien i þan steorren: 10

neh3e and feorren.

be craft if ihate:

Astronomie. wel ofte heo þan kige:

seide of feole binge.

heo cudde him on leoden?

what him sculde ilimpē. [f. 141.c. 1.]

Swulc wes be burh of Karliun: Soch was be borh of Cayrlion:

ber wef muchel ricchedom. þar was moche richedom.

ber wes muchel bliffe:

mid bifie þan kinge.

pe king nom hif fonde!

pe king nam his fonde: and fende 3eod hif londe. and fende to many londes.

Aaron; there[in] was many a 'good man [canon]; 'canons there were, who known were wide'; there was many a good clerk, who 'well [much] could (were well skilled) in learning. Much they used the craft to look in the sky; 'to look in the stars, nigh and far';—the craft is named Astronomy [in speech of other kind]. Well often they 'said [told] of many things to the king; 'they made known to him what should happen to him in the land.' Such was the burgh of Kaerleon; there was much wealth; 'there was much bliss with the busy king.' The king took his messengers, and sent 'over his land; [to many lands, and] bade come 'earls; [kings, and]

Kairliun.

Angel.

Vrien.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX.

hæhte cumen eorlef: hehte cumen beornes.

hehte cumen kinges:

and æc here-bringes.

hehte cumen biscoppes:

hehte cumen cnihtes.

hæhte alle þa freo-men:

pauere 1 weoren an londe.

bi heore life hehte heom beon! bi hire lifue he hehte 3am beon!

a White-funedæi at Kærleon. 10 a Witfonday at Cayrlyon.

Cnihtes gunen riden :

vnimete whiden.

riden touward Kairliun :

of feole cunne londen.

To pan White-funedæie:

per com pe king Angel.

king of Scotlonde:

mid sceone his folke.

moni wes be faire mon : þe folsede þan kingen.

Of Murieue kig Vrien:

and hif fæire fune Ywæin.

Stater king of Subwales:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and hehte come kinges:

and hehte come eorles.

biffopes and clearkes:

cnihtes and fweines.

Cnihtes gonne ride:

onimete wide.

and come to Cairlyon:

of many cunne londes. [c. 2.]

To pan Witfoneday:

com be king Angel. king of Scotlonde:

mid kene hif folke.

Of Morayne pe kin² Vrien: and his faire fone 3euan.

Stater king of Supwales:

bade come 'barons [earls]; 'bade come kings, and eke chieftains; bade come bishops, bade come knights [bishops and clerks, knights and swains]; 'bade all the free men that ever were in the land'; by their life [he] bade them be at Kaerleon on Whitsunday. Knights gan to ride exceeding wide, [and] 'rode toward [came to] Kaerleon from lands of many kind. At the Whitsunday 'there' came the king Angel, king of Scotland, with his 'fair [keen] folk; 'many was the fair man that followed the king'. Of Moray [the] king Urien, and his fair son Ywain; Stater, king of South-Wales,

<sup>1</sup> þa euere?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and Cadwa'olan 1 king of Noro- and Cadwal pan king of Norpwales.

Cador. Cador eorl of Corwale: [wales. Cador eorle of Cornwale: þa þe king luuede.

> Moruio of Glouchæstre: Maurin of Winchastre.

Gurguint eorl of Herford ? Gurguint. and Beof eorl of Oxeuord.

> Gurfal be balde: from Babe per com ride.

Vrgent. Vrgent of Chastre: [c. 2.] 10 Jonataf of Dorchestre.

Ærnald of Salefburi: Ar[nald.]

Kinm[arc.] and Kinmarc of Cantuare-buri.

Balien of Silechæstre: Wigein of Leirchæstre. Argal eorl of Warwic: mid folk fwide fellic.

Dunw[ale.] Dunwale Apries fune : and Kegein Elaudes fune.

Kineuf þer3 wes Coittes fune: & Cradoc Catelles fune.

Ædla[n.] Ædlein Cledaukes fune:

Grimarc Kinmarkes fune.

pat Arthur moche louede. Morewip of Gloucestre: Maurin of Wichestre<sup>2</sup>.

Gorgwint eorl of Hereforde: and Beofs eorl of Oxeneford. Curfal be bolde:

fram Babe bar com ride.

Vrgent of Castre: Jonathas of Dorchestre.

Arnold of Salufburi :

and Kinemark of Canterburi. Balien of Cirecestre: Wigen of Leycestre. Argal eorl of Warewike: mid folke swipe fellich.

Dunwale Apries fone: and Kekeyn Elaupes fone. Kýneuf þat was Coytef sone:

and Cradoc Catellus fone. Aleyn Cledaukes fone: Trimarc Kinemarkef fone.

and Cadwal, the king of North-Wales; Cador, earl of Cornwall, whom 'the king [Arthur much] loved; Morvith of Gloucester; Maurin of Winchester; Gurguint, earl of Hereford, and Beof, earl of Oxford; Cursal the bold, from Bath there came riding; Urgent of Chester; Jonathas of Dorchester; Arnald of Salisbury, and Kinmare of Canterbury; Balien of 'Silchester [Cirencester]; Wigen of Leicester; Argal, earl of Warwick, with folk exceeding strange (or numerous); Dunwale, son of Apries, and Kegein, son of Elauth; Kineus, that was Coits son, and Cradoc, Catels son; 'Ædlein [Aleyn], Cledauks son; 'Grimarc [Trimarc], Kinmarks son;

<sup>1</sup> Cadwal pan?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Winchestre.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. Run Margoitt & Netan: Run Margoyt Nethan: Run. Clofard Kīcar and Aikan. Gloffarc Kyngar and Aycan. Kerin Neton and Peredur : Kervn Neton and Peridur: Kerin. Madoc Traher and Elidur. Madoc Traharn and Elidur. Madoc. bif weoren Ardures: bis weren bolde: aðele eorles. Arthul his eorlef. and pa haxte peines ohte: and be hexite men: of alle piffere peode. of al biffe londe. wið uten þan beoren: wip vte pe bolde: of Arouref borden. at Arthuref borde. 10 þa na man ne mihte ikennē: bat no man ne miht kenne: ne al þat folc inemnen. ne al þat folk nemni. po weren archebissopes preo: [f.113b. þa weorē ærchebiscopes þreo∶ inne bissere beode. in bisse kinelonde. inne Lunde and in Eouuerwic: ine Londene and in Euerwich: and inne Karliun fein<sup>2</sup> Dubric. and ine Cayrlion feint Dubrch<sup>8</sup>. he wes swide hali mon : he was swipe holy man: purh alle pinge wel idon. [stol: porh alle pinge wel idon. [stol: To Lundene læi þe ærchebiscop To Londene lay þe archebissopes be to Cantware-buri wes feodde bat to Cantelburi was subbe idon. [idon. po pat Englesse men: feo 88e Engliscemen : bif lond heom iwunnen. 22 þis lond hadde awonne. To tellen pat folc of Kairliun: To telle pat folk of Cayrlion:

Run, Margoit, 'and' Netan; Clofard, Kincar, and Aican; Kerin, Neton, and Peredur; Madoc, Trahern, and Elidur. These were 'Arthurs noble [Arthur his bold] earls, and the highest 'thanes brave [men] of all this land, without (besides) the 'nobles of [bold men at] Arthurs board, that no man might ken, nor all the folk name. Then were archbishops three in this 'country [kingdom]; in London, and in York; and in Kaerleon, Saint Dubrich,—he was a man exceeding holy, through all things excellent! At London lay the archbishops stool, that to Canterbury was subsequently removed, 'after [when] that Englishmen had won 'to them' this land. To

<sup>1</sup> R. Arthur.

<sup>2</sup> feint?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R. Dubrich.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. ne mihte hit na mon idon. ne mihte no man hit don. perwesGillomarbeking:[£1412.1.]par was Gillomar king: Gillomar. Irisce monen deorling. Irisse menne deorlyng. Malueruf king of Iflonde: Maluerus king of Islond: Doldanet king of Gutlonde. Doldanet of Gutlond. Doldanet. Kinkailin of Friflonde: king Calin of Friffelond: Æscil king of Denelode. Afcil king of Denenelond. per wes Loo be kene: par was Loth be kene: þe kig wes bi Norðe. pat king was bi Norpe. and Gonwais Orcaneie king: 10 and Gonwas Orcaneyes king: Gonwais. utlazen deorling. and many cnihtef mid him. pider com pe wilde: pider com pe wilde: be eorl of Builuine. be earl of Boloyne. Læzer wes ihatë : and hif leoden mid him. of Flandres be earl Howeldin: of Flandres pe eorl Holdein: of Chæstres1 pe eorl Cherin. of Chartres pe eorl Geryn. peof ferede mid him: al pat Frence moncun. 20 twealf eorles heje: twalf eorlef swide ræihe: pe rixleden ouer France. pat rixlede in France. Guitart eorl of Peiters: Gwitard eorl of Peyters: Kæi þe orl of Angerf. Keay be earl of Angers.

tell (number) the folk of Kaerleon, no man might it do! There was Gillomar 'the' king, of Irish men the darling; Malverus, king of Iceland; Doldanet 'king' of Gutlond; 'Kinkalin [king Calin] of Frisland; and Æscil, king of Denmark. There was Loth the keen, who was king by the North; and Gonwais, king of Orkney, 'of outlaws the darling [and many knights with him]. Thither came the fierce man, the earl of Boulogne, 'who was named Læjer, and his people with him'; of Flanders the earl Howeldin; [of Chartres the earl Geryn]. 'This man brought with him all the French men'; twelve earls 'most' noble, who ruled 'over [in]

1 Chærtres?

Howel.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix.

Beduwer<sup>1</sup> eorl of Normandie: pat lond hehte pa Neustrie. of be Maf com be earl Borel: of Brutaine be eorl Howel. Howel eorl wes freo mon : and faire weoren his iwede. and al pat folc Frence: bihongen weoren feire. iwepned wel alle: and horf hoe hafden uatte. 10 per weoren bisides: fiftene biscopes.

Nef na cniht ne na fwein: ne oht mon bat weore bein. from ha porz of Spaine: [c. 2] to pan tune of Alemaine. pat pider icomen nere: 3if he iboden weore.

al for Aroures æie: avelef cunnef.

pa al pif hired wes icumnen⁵:

ælc king mid hif folke.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Beduer eorl of Normandie:

po hehte Neustrie. of be Mans com be eorl Borel: of Britaine be eorl Howel. Howel be eorl was freoman: and of gode bewes. and al pat folk Frence: faire weren icloped. and iwepned were alle: and mid horfen heze. par weren bi-fides: [c. 2.] fiftene bissopes. Nas no chniht ne no feweynes: ne oht man þat were þeyn. fram þe Poche<sup>4</sup> of Spayne: to pan toune of Alemayne. bat bider icome neore:

3ef he ibode were. al for Arthur his heye: baldest alre kinge. po al pis folk was icome: ase hii ihote were.

France. Guitard, earl of Poitiers; Kay, earl of Angers; Bedver, earl of Normandy,—'the land' then hight Neustrie;—of the Mans came the earl Borel; of Britanny the earl Howel. Howel [the] earl was free man, and 'fair were his weeds [of good qualities]. And all the French folk were clothed fair, [and were] all well weaponed, and 'horses they had fat [with fine horses]. There were besides fifteen bishops. Was there no knight nor any swain, nor good man that were thane, from the ports of Spain to the towns of Alemaine, that thither would not have come, if he were (had been) invited; all for 'Arthurs [Arthur his] dread, 'of noble race [boldest of all kings]. When all this folk was come; 'each king with his people

<sup>1</sup> Bedware, pr. m.

<sup>4</sup> Sic MS.

a heo? 5 icumen?

<sup>3</sup> fweyne?

10

ber me mihte bihalde: þe þer bi-halues weore. moni feolcudne<sup>1</sup> mon : be ifizen wes to burhzen. and feole cunne tidende: mid Ardure pan kinge. per wes moni fellic cla⊗: þer wes moni cniht wrað. ber weoren herberge: hæhliche awurðe. þer þa innes weoren: mid strengde biwunnen. ber weorē on uelden : moni þufend telden. per com spic and water° : and aten vnimete. of pan win and of pan ale. per com hey per com g's: per com al pat god was. pa al pif folc isomned was: at fele þan kigge.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. par me mihte iseon : many felcub man. and many tidynge: mid Arthur ban kinge. þar was maný wonder cloþ: þar was many chniht wrob. par weren innes: mid strengpe bi-wonne. þare werē in feldes ∴ many pousend teldes. par com fleaf and wete: [tale: and ote onimete. ne mai hit na mon fuggen on hif ne may noman telle in tale: of þan wyn and of þan ale. par com heie par co gras ? 20 par com al pat neod was.

po al pis was idon:

[as they were bidden], there men might 'behold [see], 'who were there beside,' many a strange man, 'who was come to the burgh,' and many 'kind of' tidings (novelties) with Arthur the king. There was many a marvellous cloth (garment); there was many a wrath knight; 'there were lodgings nobly prepared;' there were 'the' inns, built with strength; there were on the fields many thousand tents; there came lard [flesh] and wheat, and oats without measure; may no man 'say it [tell] in 'his' tale, of the wine and of the ale; there came hay, there came grass; there came all that was 'good [needful]! When all this 'folk was assembled [was done] 'by the good king,' when the Whitsunday came, 'as the Lord it sent', 'then [there]

1 felcuone?

2 wete? wheete?

10

þa com þe White-funedæi: alfe drihten hine fende. þa comen þa bifcopes alle: biuoren heore kinge. and ba ærchebiscopes breo: biuoren Ardure. and bene kine-helme nome: ba him wef icunde. and fetten uppen his hafde : [f. 142. mid hezere bliffe. swa heo hine gunen lede : al mid godes rede. Seint Dubrif eoden biuorē: he wes crifte icoren. be ærchebiscop of Lundene: eode an hif riht honden. and bi hif luft fide: be1 of Eouerwike. fiftene biscopes biuoren: of feole londen icoren. heo weoren bi-hangen alle: mid palle fwide balde. be weoren alle ibrusted: mid barninge golde.

po pe Witfonedai com. par come pe bissopes alle: to-vore pan bolde kinge. and pane croune neme: pat him was icunde. and fete vppe his hefd: mid mochelere bliffe. and fo hii gonne him leade: al mid godes reade. Seint Dubrib 3eode bi-vore: to crift he was icore. be archebissop of Londene: wende him bi-fide. and in pan oper halue? pe ilke of Euerwike. [f. 114.c. 1.] fiftene bi-vore: of fale londe icore. hii hadde aboute 3am alle: fwibe riche palles.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

came all the bishops before 'their [the bold] king, 'and the archbishops three, before Arthur'; and took the crown, that was to him by right, and set upon his head with great bliss; [and] so they gan him lead, all with Gods counsel. Saint Dubrich went before,—he was to Christ chosen;—the archbishop of London walked 'on his right hand [beside him], and 'by his left [on the other] side the same of York. Fifteen 'bishops' went before, of many lands chosen; they 'were all clothed with [had about them all] garments most rich, 'that were all embroidered with burning gold.' There Cador.

per feouwer kinges eoden! biuoren þan kaiferen.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. rx.

heo weze on heore honde? feouwer fweord of golde.

puf hehte pa an: be wes a fwide duhti mon.

pat wes Cador pe king:

Ardures 1 deorling.

be over of Scotlande: sweord he weide an honde.

& pe king of Noro Walles:

& pe king of Sud Wales.

& p9 heo gunnen leden : be king to chirechen.

peo biscopes gunnen singe:

biuoren þa leod-kinge.

bemen ber bleowen: bellen per ringede.

cnihtes gunnen riden: wifm forð gliden.

To iwiffen hit if ifaid:

and foo hit if ifuden.

pat no isæh no mon nauer ær:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

par four kinges 3eode : bi-vore þan kaýfere.

hii beore on hire honde?

four fweordes longe. pus hehte pe on :

bat was a wel dohti man.

pat was Cador pe king:

Arthur his deorling.

be ob of Scotlond:

fweord bar an hond.

and be king of Norbwales:

and be king of Subwales.

peos gonne leade:

bane king toward chirche.

and be biffopes mid fonge: bi-vore hire kinge.

bumes par blewen:

belles par rongen. cnihtes gonne ride :

wifmen for glide.

To iwisse hit his isaid :

and fob hit his ifunde.

þat ne feh noman ear :

walked four kings before the kaiser; they bare in their hands four swords 'of gold [long]. Thus hight the one, who was a most [well] doughty man, that was Cador the king, 'Arthurs [Arthur his] darling; the second of Scotland, 'he' bare sword in hand; and the king of North-Wales and the king of South-Wales. 'And thus they [These] gan lead the king 'to [toward] church; [and] the bishops 'gan sing [with song] before 'the monarch [their king]; trumpets there blew; bells there rung; knights gan ride, women forth glide. In certainty it is said, and sooth it is found, that no man 'ever' ere saw here with earthly men half 'so great [the] pomp, in

1 R. Arburés.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. mid eoroliche monne her. [c. 2.] mid erpliche manne her. half fwa hahne ricchedom: a nauer nane hepen. swa mid Aroure was: avelef cunnef. Into chirchen bicom: Ardur þe riche mon. Dubriz þe arche-biscop: drihten him wes ful god. of Rome he wef legat: and of pan hirede prelat. he fong þa hali maffe: biuoren þan leod-kinge. Comen mid bere quene: wifmē wel idone.

pere richchere mone wif alle: be wunede on lode. and pere hehere monnen dohtere: þa quene hafden ifohte.

al fwa be quene hafde ihate: 20 bi hire fulle wite.

I pere chireche i pere foo halue! In pe chirches sup half! fat Ardur be king him feolf. fat Arthur be king him feolf.

ever any assembly, as was with 'Arthur, of noble race [the king, of things of all kind]. Into church came Arthur the 'rich [high] man; Dubrich the archbishop,—'the Lord was to him full good'; of Rome 'he [that] was legate, 'and prelate of the people,'-he sang the holy mass before the 'monarch [rich king]. Came with the queen women [most] fair; all 'wives of the rich men that dwelt [the richest women that were] in the land, 'and daughters of the noble men the queen had sought (or selected), all as the

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

half bane richedom: in neuere none heape. so was mid þan kinge: in alle fcines1 binge. Into chirche bi-com: Arthur be heze man. Dubrich be archebiffop:

10 pat was of Rome legat.

hee fang be holy masse: bi-vore pan riche kinge. Comen mid bare cwene: wifmen swipe scene. be richeste wifmen alle: bat were in londe.

1 allef cines?

queen had ordered, on pain of their paying full penalty.' In the 'church, in the [churches] south half sate Arthur the king himself; by the north side

bi pere nord fide: Wenhæiuer þa quene. per comen hire bi-foren: feouwer quenen icoren. ælc bar on luft honde: enne beh of rede gold. & preo fnau-whte1 culueren: fentē<sup>2</sup> an heore fculderen. þæt weoren þa feouwer quenē: pere cnihte<sup>3</sup> wifen. ba beren an heore heonden: be feouwer sweordes of golde. biuore Aroure: adelest kingen. Moni mæide child wes pere: [f. 142b. mid mære þere quene. þær wes moni pal hende : on faire þā uolke. of monies cunnef lode: ber wes muchel onde. for ælc wende to beon: betere bene over.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. Ix.

bi pare norp fide: [c.2]
Gwenayfer pe cwene.
pare comen hire bi-vore:
four cweanen icore.
ech bar an honde:
ane 3eord of reade golde.
and preo wite coluere:
feate on hire foldre.
pat were pe kingene wifues:

pat beare pe four sweordes:
de.
bi-vore Arthur pe king:
Bruttene deorling.
c.1.]
par was mani mayde:
mid pare faire cweane.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

par was mochel honde?

of manicunues londe.

for ech wende to beon?

betere pan oper.

Many cnihtes come?

preaste to chirche.

Wenhaver the queen. There came before her four chosen queens; each bare in 'the left' hand a 'jewel [wand, i.e. sceptre] of red gold, and three 'snow'-white doves sate on their shoulders; who were the 'four queens, wives of the kings [kings wives] who bare 'in their hands' the four swords 'of gold' before Arthur, 'noblest of kings [the king, Britons darling]. There was many a maid-'child' with the 'noble [fair] queen; there was many a rich garment on the fair folk; there was mickle envy from land of many kind; for each weened to be better than other. Many knights 'anon'

Feole cnihtes anan :

comen to pere chirechen.

<sup>1</sup> R. fnau-white.

² fetten ?

<sup>3</sup> kingen?

sume for gudinge: fumme for ban kinge. summe to bihalden: þa wifmen þat weoren balde. Songes per weoren murie: ba ilaste swide longe. ich weone 3if hit weore: ilast seoue zere. þa 3et heo weolden mare : be ber at weoren. pa be masse wes isugē: of chircchen heo drunge. pe king mid hif folke? to his mete uerde. mid mucle hif duze de : drem wes on hirede. pa quene on over halue: hire hereberwe ifohte. heo hafde of wifmonne: wunder ane monien. pa pe king wes isete1: mid hif monnen to hif mete. to pan kinge com pæ biscop: feīda Dubriz þe wes swa god. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

somme to bi-holde? wifmen pat weren bolde.

Par was fo moche murthe? of alle cunnes pinge.

pat peh hit hadde i-lafte? folle foue zere.

pat zet hii wolde more? pat par ine were.

Po pe maffe waf ifonge? of chirche hii pronge.

pe king mid his folk? to his mete wende.

hire hom ....te.

3eo hadde of wifm..
...derliche manye.

po p..... was ifete:
mid his man.... pe mete.
to pan kinge .......
feint Dubrich pe holy man.

be cweane on oper halue:

came [crowding] 'to the' church; some 'for gain (?); some for the king; some' to behold 'the' women that were noble. 'Songs there were merry, that lasted very long; I ween if [There was so much mirth of all kind of thing, that though] it had lasted [full] seven years, the yet they would more, that were 'thereat [therein]. When the mass was sung, from church they thronged; the king with his folk went to his meat, 'with his mickle folk,—joy was among the people.' The queen on the other side sought her lodging; she had of women wondrous many. When the king was set, with his men to his meat, to the king came the 'bishop [holy man] Saint

Written at first iseten, but n expuncted.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. and nom of hif hafde: and nam of his hefd: hif kine-hælm hæhne. his kinehelm heze. for ban mucle golde: for bane mochele golde: be king hine beren nalde. be king hine beare nolde. & dude enne lasse crune: [c. 2.] and dude one laffe croune: on þaf kingef hafde. on pan kinges hefd. and feoððen he gō do: and suppe he gan do: a pere quene al fwo. on ban cweane al fo. [f.114.c.l.] Inne Troie pif wes laze': In Troye pis was lawe: bi heore ælderne daze1. 10 bi hire hilderne daie. ba Bruttef of come: bat Bruttus of come: pat were wel idone. þe weoren wel idone. alle þa wepmen: at heore mete fete. sundi bi heom feoluen: pat heom puhte wel idon. and al swa þa wifmen : heore iwune hafden. pa be kig wes ifete: po be king was ifete : mid alle his duze to his mete. mid his cnihtes to be mete. eorles and beornes: 21 at borde<sup>2</sup> þaf kinges.

Dubrich, 'who was so good,' and took from his head his rich crown; on account of the mickle gold the king would not it bear; and placed a less crown on the kings head; and afterwards he gan do to the queen also (likewise). In Troy this was the custom in their elders days, of whom Brutus came, who were excellent men; 'all the men at their meat sate asunder by themselves; that to them seemed well done; and also the women their station had.' When the king was set with all his 'people [knights] to 'his [the] meat, 'earls and barons, at the kings board,' [then] came stepping the steward, who was named Kay, highest knight in land under the king,

po com pe stiward stappe:

be stiward com steppen:

<sup>1</sup> Originally written lasen and dasen, but the final letters erased by the same hand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The last four letters of this word are by second hand, sup. ras.

Kaÿ

Beduer

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

þe Kæy wes ihaten. hæxt cniht on londe:

vnder þan kinge.

onder ban kinge.

of alle pan hæpe: of Aroures hirede.

Kay hehte 1 him biuoren : moni hæh mö icoren.

per weoren a pufen scnihtes bald: par weren cnihtes bolde:

wunder wel italde. þat þeineden þan kigë: a pousend itolde.

& hif here-bringers.

10

ælc cniht hafde pal on :

and mid golde bigon.

and alle heore uingeres: iriuen mid gold ringes.

þaf beorn þa funde :

from kuchene to ban kinge.

An oder half wes Beduer:

and pere hehze cnihtene funen: þa þider weoren icunen<sup>5</sup>.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

þat Kay was ihote. hehest cniht on londe:

Kay hadde him bi-vore: mamy<sup>2</sup> heb man ibore.

ech cniht hadde pal on! and mid golde bi-gon. and alle hire fingref: fol of gold ringef. pes beare pe sondes!

fram kuchene to ban kinge.

An oper half was Beduer:

paf kingef hæje birle. 19 pe kinges eje borle. .
mid him weoren eorlene funen : mid him were eorlene fones :

of abele cunne iboren. [[£148.c.1.] of fwipe heze cun icome.

'of all the assemblage of Arthurs folk.' Kay had before him many a noble man 'chosen [born]; there were a thousand bold knights 'wondrous well' told, 'that served the king and his chiefs'; each knight had a cloth on, and adorned with gold, and all their fingers 'covered with [full of] gold rings. These bare the things sent from the kitchen to the king. On the other side was Beduer, the kings high cup-bearer; with him were earls sons of 'noble [most high] race born, 'and the noble knights sons, who were thither come'; [and] seven kings sons, that 'with him moved [bare in the

<sup>1</sup> hafde ?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. many.

<sup>\*</sup> bufend?

<sup>4</sup> cnihte, pr. m.

R. icumen.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. IX. feouen kingene funen: bat mid him quehtē. Bedeuer a uormest code: mid guldene bolle. after him a busend: prasten to hirede. mid alle paf cunnef drenche: be me cube on bibenche. And pa quene an hire ende: wifmen fwide1 hende. 10 a busend hire eode biuore: riche men<sup>2</sup> and wel icoren. to bæinen bere quene: and pan pat mid hire weoren. Nes he næuere iboren: of nane cnihte icoren. ilæred no læwed: a nauere nare leode. pe cube him<sup>8</sup> itelle : an æief cunnef spelle. of halue pan richedome: be wef inne Kairliune. of feoluere and of golde:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII. and foue kingene fones: þat wýn in beare. Beduer forst zeode: mid gildene coupe. and after him a bousend: come to borde. mid alle cunnes drenche: bat man coube an bi-benche. ....e cweane on hire ean.. ...men fwibe hende. ..usend hire zeode bi-vore: .. hehze cunne hi-bore. to faruy be cweane: and baie bat mid hire were. Nas he neuere icore: ne of none wifue ibore. leared ne lewed: in neuere none londe. pat hit coupe telle : 20 in ený cunnes spelle. of half pan richedom : þat waf in Caýrlýon. of seoluer and of golde:

wine]. Beduer went 'foremost [first], with golden 'bowl; [cup, and] after him a thousand 'pressed towards the folk [came to the board], with drink of all 'the' kinds that men could think of. And the queen at her end, women most fair attended; a thousand walked before her, 'rich and well choice [of high kin born], to serve the queen, and them that were with her. Was he never 'born [chosen, nor] of any 'man chosen [woman born], clerk nor layman, in ever any land, that could tell it in speech of any kind, of half the wealth that was in Kaerleon, of silver and of gold, and 'good [of rich]

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and gode iwedē. of hehze iborene monnen: þa inne hirede wuneden. of horsen and of hasueken: of hunden to deoren. and of riche iweden: þa a þan hirede weoren. & of alle pan folke1: be wuneden ber on folde. wef þiffes londef folk: leodene hendest itald. & al fwa þa wimmen: wunliche on heowen. and hahlukest iscrudde: & alre bezst itozene. For heo hafden on iqueden alle: For hii were hi-hote alle: bi heore quike liue. pat heo wolden of ane heowe: heore claves habben. Sum hafde whit fum hafde ræd: fum hafde god grene æc.

and alchef cunnef fah clas: heom wes wunder ane las.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII. and of riche wede. of heze ibore men: pat were pare to-gadere.

10 Of alle pef londes folk? weren Bruttus best itold. and al fo be wifmen: fayrest hii were. and hehlokest iscrud: [[c.2.] in euereche wise. bi hire cwike lifue. pat hii folde of one hewe? hire clopes habbe.

weeds; of high born men that 'dwelt among the folk [were there together]; 'of horses, and of hawks, of hounds for deer, and of rich weeds, that were among the people. And of all the folk that dwelt there in land,' 'the folk of this land was accounted the fairest of people [Of all this lands folk were the Britons best accounted], and also the women, 'comely in hue [fairest they were], and most nobly clothed, and best of all educated [in every wise]. For they all had 'in declaration [ordered or promised], by their quick lives, that they'would [should] have their clothes of one hue. 'Some had white, some had red; some had eke good green; and variegated cloth of each kind

<sup>1</sup> At first written folken, but n erased.

& elche untuhtle: heo taldē vnwurðe. pa hafde Ænglene ard: pat alre bezste hereword. and þif leodifce uolc æc: leofuest pan kinge. pa wifmen hehze iborene: þa wuneden a þiffen londe. hafden iqueden alle: o heore quidef fooe. þat nan lauerd taken nolde: inne bissere leode. næuer nænne cniht : neore he noht fwa wel idiht. bute he icostned weoren: brie inne compe. & hif oht-scipen icudde: & ifonded hine feolue. baldeliche he mitte benne: zirnen him brude. For pere ilke tuhtle: cnihtes weoren ohte.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po hadde pis lond: pat heheft hereword.
of alle cune londef:
war men woniep.
pe wifmen were ihote: mid grettere hefte.

pat non take ne folde: louerd in londe.

bote he were pries: ifonded in fihte.
and his manede icud: and him seelf icnowe.
panne! mihte brude:
boldeliche habbe.
For pan ilke pinge: cnihtes weren ftronge.

was to them wondrous odious; and each ill-usage they accounted unworthy.' Then had 'English [this] land the 'best [highest] fame of all [kind of lands where men dwell]; 'and this country-folk eke was dearest to the king.' The 'high born' women 'that dwelt in this land' had 'all' 'declared in their sooth words [ordered with strict command], that none 'would [should] take lord (husband) in 'this' land, 'never any knight, were he nought (never) so well formed,' unless he were (had been) thrice tried in 'combat [fight], and his 'courage [manhood] made known, and himself approved; then might he boldly 'ask him [have] a bride. For that 'usage [thing] the knights were 'brave [strong], 'the women excellent, and the better

<sup>1</sup> janne he?

þa wifmen wel idone:

and ha betere biwitene.

þa weoren i Brutene: blissen inoze.

pa pe king izetë hafde:

and al hif mon-weorede.

pa busen ut of burhse: beines swide balde.

alle þa kinges:

alle þa biscopes :

and alle pa clærckes.

alle þa eorles: and alle ba beornef.

alle pa peines:

alle pa sweines. feire iscrudde:

helde zeond felde.

Summe heo gunnen ærnen:

summe heo gunnen urnen.

summe heo gunnen lepen:

summe heo gunnen sceotē.

summe heo wræstledē:

and wider-gome makeden.

fumme heo on uelde:

pleouweden vnder scelde.

behaved; then were in Britain blisses enow.' When the king had eaten, and

all his 'people [knights], then proceeded out of the burgh the 'thanes [knights] most bold; all the kings, and their chieftains; 'all the bishops, and all the clerks; all the earls, and all the barons; all the thanes, and all the swains, fairly clad, 'spread over the fields [to disperse in the fields, and play by the tents]. Some 'they' gan to ride [horses]; some 'they gan'

to race [on foot]; some they gan to leap, [and] some they gan to shoot; some 'they [there] wrestled, and contest made; some 'they' in [the] field

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

po pe kig izeate hadde: and alle his cnihtef.

bo wenden vt of borwe: cnihtef swipe bolde.

alle þe kinges: and heore herepringes. [£ 1435.c. 1.] and hire heredringes.

> wandri in ban feldef: and pleoyen bi pan teldes. Somme gon hors earne:

somme afote eorne.

somme hii gonne leape: and fomme hii gonnen fceate.

somme þar wraxlede: and wiper-game makede.

somme in þan felde: pleoyde onder fealde. sūme heo driuē balles: wide 3eond þa feldes. Monianes kunnef gomen: per heo gunnen driuen. & wha fwa mihte iwinne: wurdscipe of his gomene. hine me ladde mid fonge: at-fore pan leod-kinge. and be kig for hif gomene: 3æf him 3euen gode. Alle þa quene: þe icumen weoren þere. and alle pa lafdief: leoneden zeond walles. to bihalden þa duzeðen: and pat folc plæie. pif ilæste preo dæzes: swulc gomes & fwulc plæ3es. pa a pā ueorče dæie: be king gon to spekene. and asæf hif gode cnihten: al heorere1 rihten. he 3ef feoluer he 3æf gold:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

somme driuen balles: [fills.ci.]
oueral pan feldes.

Manione cunnef game:
par hii gonne pleoye.
and wo fe worfipe mihte a-winne:
porh eni cunnes ginne.

pe king him folde 3eue?

3eftes swipe riche.

Alle pe cweanes?

pat .comen were.

and alle pe leafdies?

leonede ouer walles.

to bi-holde pe cnihtes?

and pat folk pleoye.

pis ilaste preo da3es?

soch game and soch playes.

po in pan feorpe daiwe?

pe king 3af his cnihtes.

seoluer and read gold:

played under shield; some 'they' drove balls 'wide over [over all] the fields. Games of many a kind there they gan to play; and whoso might win honor 'of his game [through art of any kind], 'men lead him with song before the sovereign, and' the king 'for his game' 'gave [should give] him gifts 'good [most rich]. All the queens, that 'there' were come, and all the ladies, leaned over the walls, to behold the 'people [knights], and the folk play. This lasted three days, such games and such plays. Then on the fourth day, the king 'gan to speak, and' gave his 'good' knights 'all their rights; he gave 'silver, 'he gave [and red] gold; 'he gave [to some]

<sup>1</sup> heore?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

he 3ef horf he 3ef lond. caftlef & clavef eke:

[c.2.] fomme horf fomme lond.

hif monnen he iquende1.

þar was many bold Brut?

per wes moni bald Brut? biuoren Ardure.

bi-vore Arthure. Ac nou par come to pan kinge:

Nu comen to pan kinge: neouwe tidinde. Arour be bade king:

neowe tidyinge. Rthur be bolde king ? fat at one borde.

fat at ane borde. biuoren him feten kinges:

bi-vore him feate kinges: and fale heredringef.

and feole here-bringes. biscopes and clærekes:

biffopes and clearekes: and fwipe here cnihtef.

and fwide ohte cnihtes.

par comen into halles:

per comen in to halle: fpelles feolcude.

felcoupe fpelles. bar comen twealf cnihtef: ohte men and wihte.

per comen twalf peinef ohte: mid palle bi-behte.

hæ3e³ here-kempen : hehze men on wepne.

ælc hafde on heonde:

grætne rig of golde. and mid æne bende of golde:

ælc hafde hif hæfd biuonge. Æuer tweie and tweie:

Euere tweine and tweyne:

horses, 'he gave [to some] land; 'castles eke and clothes; his men he pleased, there was many a bold Briton before Arthur. [But] now came to the king new tidings! Arthur the bold king sate at a board; before him sate kings, and many chieftains; bishops and clerks, and knights most 'brave [noble]. There came into the hall marvellous tales!—there came twelve 'thanes [knights] bold [men and active], 'clad with pall; noble warriors, noble men with weapon; each had on hand a great ring of gold, and with a band of gold each had his head incircled.' Ever two and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. balde. <sup>2</sup> The first two letters of this word are sup. ras. <sup>1</sup> R. iquemde.

tuhte to-somne.

ælc mid hif honde: heold hif iuere.

and gliden over ulore:

biuoren Ardure.

fwa longe bat heo comen:

Heo grætten Arður anan:

mid aðelen heore worden.

Hal seo þu Arður king:

Bruttene deorling.

and hal fee pi duzeŏe:

and al pi dribtliche uolc. We funden twelf cnihtes:

icumen her forð ribtes.

riche and wel idone:

we fuded of Rome.

Hider we funden icumene :[f. 144. c. 1.]

fro ure kaisere.

Luces if ihaten:

þe waldoð Rome-leoden.

he hahte uf hider wende:

to Aroure pan kinge.

and be hat græten f

mid hif grim worden.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

wenden i-vere.

and gliden over flore:

bi-foren Arthure.

so lang þat hii come : bi-uoren Aroure pan leod-kinge. bi-voren pan kinge.

> Hii grette Arthur anon: mid bolde hire wordes.

10 Hayl beo bou Arthur be king!

Bruttene dearling.

We beop twealf cnihtes! [c.1] icome her forprihtes.

riche and wel idon : we beop ut of Rome.

Houre kayfer ous sende:

20 pat Luces his ihote.

he hehte ous hider wende:

to Arthur pan kinge.

and be he greteb:

mid his grame wordes.

two walked 'together [in company]; 'each with his hand held his companion'; and glided over the floor, before Arthur, so long that they came before 'Arthur,' the 'sovereign [king]. They greeted Arthur anon with their 'noble [bold] words: "Hail be thou, Arthur [the] king, darling of Britons; 'and hail be thy people, and all thy lordly folk!' We are twelve knights come here forthright, rich and noble; we are 'from [out of] Rome. Hither we are come from [Sent us] our emperor, [who] is named Luces, who ruleth Rome-people.' He commanded us to proceed hither, to Arthur the king, and 'bade thee to be greeted [thee he greeteth] with his

& fæið' þat he awundred if: wuder ane fwise. whar bu bat mod nime: a pisse middenerde. pat bu derst of Rome? wið-fuggen æi dome. oder hebbe up hin ezen! azein ure ældrē. and wha hit be durre ræden: þat þu fwa reh ært iwurðen. 10 þat þu þrattien darst: domes walden<sup>2</sup>. Luces pene kaisere! hexft of quicke monnen. pu haldest al pi kinelond: a pire azere hond. and nult noht bene kaifere / of londe ihere. of pan ilke londe: be Julius hafde an honde. þa inne iuuf dasæn r biwon hit mid fehte. and bu hit hauest at-holde ?

MS. Cett. Othe, C. x111.

and feib bat he awondred his? wonderliche fwipe.

war bou bat mod nime? in biffe worle-riche.

bat bou darft of Rome? wib-fegge eni domes.

ober bin ezene vp hebbe: to-zenes vre heldre.

pou holdest al pine kinelond; in pin owene hond, and nelt noht pine herre; of londe i-here, of pan ilke londe; pat Julius hadde an honde, pat in vorne dage; bi-wan hit mid fihte, and pou hit hauest at-hadde;

grim words, and saith that he is astonished, wondrously much, where thou tookest the mood in this 'middle-earth [worlds-realm], that thou darest of Rome oppose any doom (will), or heave up thine eyes against our ancestors; 'and who dared it thee to counsel, that thou art so doughty become, that thou darest threaten the lord of dooms, Luces, the emperor, highest of men alive!' Thou holdest all thy kingdom in thine own hand, and wilt not serve 'the emperor [thy lord] of the land; of the same land that Julius had in hand, who in former days won it with fight; and

<sup>1</sup> fæiðe, pr. m.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. a bire anwolde. mid balden bine cnihten: binimest uf ure irihten. Ah sæi uf Arður sone: and word fend to Roe. we sculled bere bin ærde1: to Luces ure kaisere. 3if þu wult icnawen: pat he if king ouer pe. and bu hif mon bicumen wulle: and hine for lauerd icnawen. [c.2.] and don riht ban kaisere: of Frolle pan kinge. pat pu mid woze: at Parif afloze. & nu haldest al his lond: mid unrihte a bire hond. 3if þu i þiffen twælf wiken: temest to pan rihten. and bu wult of Rome: polien æi dome. þenne miht þu libben: imong bine leoden.

in pin anwolde.

mid bolde pine cnihtes:
bi-nimest vre ribtes.
Ac say ous Arthur sone:
and word send to Rome.
we solle pin herende bere:
to Luces pan kaysere.
3ef pou wolt icnowe:
pat he his pin louerd.

and don riht pan kaisere:
of Frolle pan kinge.
pat thou mid woge:
at Paris of-sloge.
and nou holdest al pin lond:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

mid onriht in pine hond.

3ef pou in pisse twealf wyke?

temest to pan rihte.

20 and pou wolle of Rome?

polie eni domes. [£ 115°.c.1.]

panne miht pou libbe?

and pine leomes habbe.

thou it hast retained in thy power; and with thy bold knights deprivest 'us' of our rights. But say us, Arthur, soon, and send word to Rome; we shall thine errand bear to Luces 'our [the] emperor, if thou wilt acknowledge that he is 'king over thee [thy lord], 'and if thou wilt his man become, and acknowledge him for lord,' and do right to the emperor on account of Frolle the king, whom thou slewest with wrong at Paris, and now holdest all 'his [thy] land with un-right in thy hand. If thou within these twelve weeks turn to the right, and if thou wilt of Rome any doom suffer, then mightest thou live, 'among thy people [and have thy limbs].

1 ærnde?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and 3if bu swa nult don: þu scalt wursen vnder-fon. be kaisere wule her cumë: fwa king fcal to hif agen. king swide kene: and nimen be mid strengge. ibunden þe lede: biuoren Rō-leoden. benne most bu bolië: pat pu ærst for-hozedest. Æfne þisse worde: Bruttef buzen from borden. per wes Arduref 1 hird: hehliche awradded. and muchene at fwore: uppen mære ure drihten. þat alle heo dede weoren: þa þeos arunde beden<sup>3</sup>. mid horsen al to-drazene: dæð heo sculden þolie. per heo' busen to: Bruttes swide wrade. luken heom bi uaxe:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. XIII. and 3ef bou fo nolt don: bou falt worse onder-fon. be caifere wole here come:' afe king sal to his howene. king swipe kene: and nime be mid strengbe. and ibunde be leade: mid him to Romleode. panne most pou polie: pat pou her for-hosedest. Eafne bisse worde: Bruttes leop fram borde. þar were Arthur his men : ftranliche2 iwrapped. and mochelne of fwore: vppen oure drihte. þat alle hii dead weren: pat peos earende bearen.

par hii leope 3am to: Bruttus swipe wrope. and tiere 3am bi pan héére:

And if thou wilt not so do, thou shalt receive worse, for the emperor will come here, as king shall to his own, king most keen; and take thee with strength, [and] lead thee bound 'before [with him to] Rome-folk;—then must thou suffer what thou erst despisedest!" At these words the Britons leapt from the board; there 'was Arthurs court exceedingly [were Arthur his men strongly] enraged; and swore mickle oath, upon our 'mighty' Lord, that they all were (should be) dead, who this errand bare; 'with horses drawn in pieces, death they should suffer.' There [they] leapt towards them the Britons exceeding wrath; [and] tore them by [the] hair,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. Arburef.

<sup>2</sup> ftrangliche?

<sup>3</sup> beren?

<sup>4</sup> heom?

M8. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xiii. and laiden heom to grude. and droze zam to grunde. per weoren men Romanisce: par weren Rom-cnihtes: vuele idihte. reouliche atozene. 3if Arour ne leope to ! [f.144.c.1.] 3ef Arthur nadde ileope to! soch hit a lyon were. fwulc hit a liun weore. and peos word faide: and paf word feide: wifest alre Brutten. wisest alre Bruttes. Bilæued bilaued (wide: Bi-leueb bi-leueb : paf cnihtes on liue. pes cnihtes on lifue. ne sceollen heo on mine hirede? ne solle hii in londe? n foffri none fconde. nēne harm bolien. heo beo's hider iriden? hii beob icome of Rome: ut of Rom-leoden. fwa heore lauerd heom hehte! afe hire louerd zam hehte. Luces if ihaten. Ælc mon mot liven! Ech man mot wende: per hif lauerd hine hate's gan. woder his louerd hoteb. nah<sup>1</sup> na man demen: ne fold no man deame: erendef-mon to dæðen. herendrake to deabe. bute he weoren swa usele biwiten! bote he were so for-zete!

and 'kiid [drew] them to the ground. There were (would have been) the 'Romanish men pitifully [Rome-knights evilly] treated, if Arthur had not leapt to them, as if it were a lion; and said these words,—wisest of all Britons!—"Leave ye, leave 'quickly' these knights slive! They shall not in 'my court [land] suffer any 'harm [disgrace]; they are 'hither ridden out of [come from] Rome, as their lord commanded them, 'who is named Luces.' Each man must go 'where [whither] his lord biddeth 'him go'; no man 'ought to [should] sentence a messenger to death, unless he were so 'evilly behaved [so forgetful], that he were traitor of his lord. But

pet he weore lauerd-swike. so pat he were louerd-swike.

Ac fitteh aden stille: [c.2.]

cnihtes in halle.

Ah fitted adun stille!

cnihtes inne halle.

1 ne ah i nahti

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and ich me biræde wulle: of fwulchere neode. to Luces pan kaiseren. þa feten adun alle: pa duzeče on heore benche. and ha luding alæid: biuoren þan leod-kige. þa stod Arður him up adelest kingen. and he cleopede him to: feouen fune kinges. eorlef and beornef: & pa pe weoren baldeft. and alle þa wifefte men: þa wuneden a þen folke. wenden in to ane huse: be wef biclused faste. an ald stanene weorc: stide men hit wurhten. þer men² gunnen rune :

and ich me wolle bi-reade: of fochere neode. wulc word heo scullen azen beren! wat word hii solle a-zein bere! to Luces pan caifere. po feten hii alle: a-dun on hire benches. ād þe loudinge alay: for drede of pan kinge. po stod vp Arthur: 10 baldeft alre kinge. and cleopede to neode: al pat coupe of reade. kingef and eorles: biffopes and clearkes. and alle be wifeste men: pat wonede in londe. and wende into one boure: pat was bi-tunde faste. of hold stonene worc: witti men hit makede. [c.2.] par ine hii gonne rouný: his readzeues wise.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

sit ye down still, knights in hall; and I will me counsel of such need, what word they shall bear back to Luces the emperor. Then sate [they] all down, 'the folk' on their benches, and the clamor ceased 'before [for dread of] the 'monarch [king]. Then stood 'him' up Arthur, 'noblest of [boldest of all] kings, and he called to 'him seven sons of kings, earls and barons, and those that were boldest [need all that knew of counsel, kings and earls, bishops and clerks], and all the wisest men that dwelt in 'the folk [land; and] went into a 'house [chamber] that was fast inclosed, of old stone work,—'strong [witty] men it 'wrought [made],—there[in] they gan to

his red-zeuen wise.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

wulc andfwere he jiuen wolde? Lucef þan kaifere.

þa ibogen weoren alle? beornef to benche.

þa wes hit al stille? 
þat wuneden inne halle.

þer wes vnimete æie? 
mid mære þan kinge.

ne durste þer na må speken? 
leste þe king hit wolde awreken.

leste pe king hit wolde awre pa stod per up Cador! pe eorl swide riche ær. and pas word sæide! bisore pan riche kinge. Ich ponkie mie drihte! pat scop pes dæies lihte. pisses dæies ibiden! pa to hirede is ibozen. and pissere tidinge! pe icumen is to ure kige. pat we ne puruen na mare! aswunden liggen here. For idelnesse is luder!

on ælchere þeode.

for idelnesse maked mon :

wulc and were he siuen wolde: wat answere hii wolde seue: Luces pan kaisere. Luces pan caisere.

- po ftod par vp Cador?

  pat eorl was fwipe riche her.

  and peos word faide?

  bi-vore pan kinge.

  Ich ponki mine drihte?

  pat fop pes daizes lihte.

  pis daies a-bide?
- pat icome his to londe. pat we ne porhfe na mare: afwonde ligge here. For ydilniffe dop harm: in euereche londe. ydilniffe makep man:

commune, his wise councillors, what answer 'he [they] would give to Luces the emperor. 'When all the nobles were come to bench (seated), then was it all still that dwelt in the hall; there was great awe with the mighty king; durst there no man speak, least the king would it punish.' Then stood there up Cador, 'the [who was] earl most rich here, and said these words before the 'rich' king: "I thank my Lord, who formed the daylight, to abide (have abode) this day, that is 'arrived to the folk, and this tiding that is 'come to 'our king [land]; so that we need no more lie here inert! For idleness is 'evil [doth harm] in 'each [every] land; 'for'

## LA3AMONS BRUT.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. hif monfcipe leofe. his mansipe lease. ýdelnesse makeð cnihte: ydelnisse makeb cniht: for-leosen his irihte. for-lease al his riht. idelnesse græided: ydilnisse greibeb: [f.116.c.1.] feole uuele craften. fale luper craftes. idelnesse make's leosen : feole busend monnen. þurh eðeliche¹ dede :' þorh ydele deade :⁴ lute men wel spedes. lute man mai fpede. For zare we habbeo's stille ileien : For zare we habbed stille ileye : ure wurdscipe if ha lasse. u vre mansipe his pe lasse. ah nu ic þokie2 drihtne: ac nou ich bonkie drihte! þæ scop þas dazes lihte. pat fop pas daizef-lihte. pat Romanisce leode : [6.145.c.1.] pat Romanisse folk : funden swa ræie. fo bolde beob i-worbe. & heore beot makies: and hire pret makiep: to cumen to ure burhzef. to come to vre borewes. ure king binden: oure king binde: and to Rome hine bringen. and to Rome hine bringe. Ah 3if hit is soo þat men said: 20 Ac 3ef hit his sop þat me seiþ: alse segges hit telled. ase his wife telleh.

idleness maketh man lose his manhood; idleness maketh knight lose [all] his rights; idleness causeth many wicked crafts; 'idleness destroyeth many thousand men'; through idle deeds little 'men well-speed [man may speed]. For long we have lain still; our honor is the less! But now I thank the Lord, who formed the day-light, that the Romanish folk are [become] so 'fierce [bold], and make their threat to come to our burghs, our king to bind, and to Rome him bring. But if it is sooth that men say, as 'people it [the wise] tell, that the Romanish people [men]

pat Romanisse men:

fo bald beob iworbe.

1 ideliche?

pat Romanisce leoden:

funden swa ræ3e.

2 jonkie?

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

and funden swa balde: and fwa balufulle. þat heo wulled nu liden:

into ure londen. we heom fcullen 3arekien: zeomere spelles.

heore ræhscipe scal heom seoluen: hire baldsipe sal 3am seolue: to reoube iwurden.

grið inne mine londe.

and wel neh al a-fwūden.

pat iherde Walwain:

and wraddede hine wid Cador and wreppede hine wip Cador:

ba baf word kende.

and buf andfwærede: Walwain be sele.

Cador bu ært a riche mon! 19 Cador bou hart riche mā! bine ræddes ne beod<sup>3</sup> noht idon. beine reades ne bub noht agon.

þe freoliche þer haldeð wið.

bat hii come wolle: in to oure londe. we sam folle teche: Bruttisse speche.

to moche roupe teorne.

For nauere ne lufede ich longe: For neuere ne louede ich lange! 10 grib in mine londe.

for purh gride we beod ibunde! for porh gripe we beod i-bunde! and wel neh afwonde.

pis i-horde Waweyn : be wes Ardures 1 mæi. [fwide? : pat was Arthures may.

pat pes wordes faide. and bus him answerede:

Waweyn be seale.

for god4 if grið and god4 if frið: for godd5 his griþ and godd5 his pat freoliche hit holdeb wib. [frib?

are [become] so 'fierce [bold], 'and are so bold, and so mischievous,' that they will 'now' come into our land, we shall 'prepare for [teach] them 'rueful [British] tales; their 'fierceness [boldness] shall turn to themselves to [much] sorrow. For never loved I long peace in my land; for through peace we are bound, and well nigh 'all' in swoon." 'That [This] heard Walwain, who was Arthurs relative, and angered him 'much' with Cador, who said these words; and thus answered [him] Walwain the good: "Cador, thou art a powerful man; thy counsels are not good; for good is peace and good is amity, whose freely therewith [with it] holdeth, and God him-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R. Arbures. 2 (wide? 3 beoð í 4 godd, pr. m., but d erased.

There appears a mark of expunction under one of the dd in each instance.

and godd fulf hit makede: purh hif godd-cunde. for grið makeð godne mon: gode workes wurchen. for alle monnen bið þa bet: þat lond bið þa murgre. þa iherde Arður: pat flit of bissen eorlen. and buf spac be riche: wið razē hif folke. [c. 2.] Sitte1 adun fwide : mine cnihte? alle. and ælc bi hif lifen : luste mine worden.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

bat wunede inne halle. pa fpak be king balde: to riche hif folke. Mine eorles mine beornes: balde mine peines. mine duhti men:

Al hit wes stille:

mine freond deoren. burh eou ich habbe biwunnen: borh 30u ich habbe a wonne: vnder bere funnen.

self it made, through his divinity; 'for peace maketh a good man work good works, for all men are the better, and the land is the merrier." Then [This] heard Arthur, the dispute [strife] of these knights; and thus spake the mighty man 'with [to] his 'fierce [bold] folk: "Sit ye down quickly,

my knights all, and each by his life listen my words!" All it was still that dwelt in [the] hall. Then spake the bold king to his 'noble [dear] folk: "My earls, my barons, my bold 'thanes [knights], my doughty men, my dear friends'; through you I have conquered under the sun, so that I

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. and godd seolf hit makede: borh his god cunde.

pis ihorde Arthur: [c. 2.] pat strif of pis cnihtes. and bus spac be riche: to bolde his folk. Sitteb adun alle : mine cnihtes swipe. and ech bi his lifue luste mine wordes. Alle hit was stille ! bat wonede in be halle. po spac be king bolde: to leoue his folke. Mine eorles mine beornes: bolde mine cnihtes.

onder pare sonne.

2 cnihtes?

pat ich æm fwide riche mon!

reh wið mine feonden.

gold ich habbe and gærfume ? gumenen ich æm ælder.

no biwan ich hit noht ane:

ah dude we alle clæne.

To moni feohte ich habbe eou ilad: To many fiht ich habbe 30u ladde!

swa pat feole kinelondef:

stoded a mine honde.

3e beo's gode cnihtes:

ohte men and wihte.

bat ich habbe iuonded :

i wel feole londen.

þa 3et hi spac Arður:

aðelest kingen.

Nu 3e habbeo's iherd:

hæze mine þeines.

what Romaifce men:

rede's heom bi-twene.

into ure londe.

mid write & mid worde:

wið grætere wræððe.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

pat ich ham richest king! bat wonieb in londes.

ne wan ich hit noht one: ac dude 3e alle cleane.

and æuere 3et weoren wel irad. and euere 3e were wel i-rad.

so pat fale cune lond:

ftond in mine owe hond.

Ac nou seo habbeb ihord: heze mine kempes. wat Romanisse men: 20 readeþ 3am bi-twine. and wulc word heo fended uf here: and wat word hii hider fendep: into vre londe.

> mid writ and mid worde: and mid grettere wrebbe.

am 'man most powerful, and fierce against my enemies [the most powerful king that dwelleth in land]; 'gold I have and treasure; of men I am ruler.' I won it not alone, but 'we [ye] did, all clean. To many a fight I have led you, and ever ye were well skilled, so that 'many kingdoms [lands of many kind] stand in my [own] hand. 'Ye are good knights, brave men and active; that I have proved in well many lands." The yet spake him Arthur, noblest of kings ': "[But] now ye have heard, my noble 'thanes [champions], what the Romanish men counsel them between, and what words they send 'us' here [hither], into our land, with writ and with words, [and] with great wrath. Now we must bethink how we may with right defend

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. Nu we mote bi-Senchen: nu we ure peoden.

ou we oure peode.

and ure muchele wurðfcipe: [f. 145b] and oure mochele worfipe:

mid rihte masen himitene. mid rihte mazen biwitezen. wið þif riche moncun: wið þas Rom-leoden. and and fware heom fenden: mid abelen ure worden. mid mucle wifdome: vre writ fenden to Rome. 10 & iwiten at þan kæisere: for whan he uf ofcunnens. for whan he uf mid þrætte: & mid hokere igræteð. Swide fære me gromed: & vninete<sup>8</sup> me fcome<sup>3</sup>. bat he atwit uf ure luren? þat we ifeor habbeoð forloren. Heo fugged p Juliuf Cefar hit bi- Hii feggep pat Julius Cefar:

Nou we mote bi-benche: mid rihte mawe bizete1. wip bis riche moncun: wib bis riche leode. and answere beom fende: mid our wife wordes. mid mochele wifdome: oure writ fende to Rome. and iwite of pan caifere ?[c. 116b.c. 1.] and of pan Romanisse heare. wi hii ous mid prete: and mid hokere greteb. Swipe fore me fameb: and onimete me grameb. pat hii atwiteb ous oure lure: pat we ilore habbep. [won: hit awan mid fihte. Mid strenge and mid fihte:

me deap fale onrihtef.

so Cefar fohte Bruttus:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

our country and our great honor, against this powerful folk, against this 'Rome-people [powerful people], and send them answer with our 'good [wise] words; with much wisdom send our writ to Rome, and learn 'at [of] the emperor, 'for what thing he us hateth; for what thing he greets [and of the Romanish army, why they greet] us with threat and with scorn. Exceeding sorely it 'incenseth [shameth] me, and immoderately it 'shameth [incenseth], that 'he reproaches [they reproach] us our loss that we 'before' have lost (sustained). They say that Julius Cæsar won it (Britain) with 'combat in' fight. With strength and with fight men do

22

1 bi-wite?

mid compe i fehten.

me ded feole vnrihte.

Mid streng oe and mid fehte:

for Cefar isohte Bruttene:

<sup>2</sup> ofcunnen?

<sup>3</sup> R. vnimete.

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. mid baldere strēg ve. no mihte Bruttef wið him ? heore lond werien. and bitahten him al heore loud. and bi-nam 3am hire loud. and ber after fone: alle hif men bicome. and fum mid horsen to-dragen. summe heo ladde ibunden: 10 ut of biffen londen. and bus? lond biwunne? mid unrihte and mid funnen. & nu axeo mid icunde: gauel of hissen londe. Al fwa we magen don: zef we hit don wulled. burh rihte icunde: of Beline kige. and of Brennen hif broder: 20 pan duc of Burgunne. peos weoren ure ældre:

mid bolde his strengpe. ne mihte Bruttus wip him: hire lond werie. ah mid strebe 1 heo eoden an hond fac mid strengbe he zeode an hond f and hii par after fone: al his men bi-come. Sum ure cun heo hadden iflagen! Somme oure cun he hadde iflage! and mani mid him awei idraze. and bus bis lond he awon:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

mid onriht and mid funne. [c.2.] and nou axep porh cunde: truage8 of bis londe. Al fo we mawe don: 3ef we hit wolleb. porh rihte cude: of Belyn ban kinge. and of Brenne his brober: duk of Borgoyne. peos weren oure eoldre:

many wrongs; 'for [so] Cæsar sought 'Britain [the Britons] with [his] bold strength. The Britons might not against him defend their land, but with strength 'they [he] went in hand, and 'delivered him all [took from them] their land; and [they] thereafter soon all became his men. Some of our kin 'they [he] had slain, and 'some with horses drawn in pieces [many with him away had drawn]; 'some they led bound out of this land'; and thus this land [he] won with wrong and with sin, and now asketh'by [through] right tribute of this land! All so we may do, if we it do 'will'; through right of Belin [the] king, and of Brenne, his brother, 'the' duke of Burgundy. These were our ancestors, of whom we are come; these belay

<sup>1</sup> strengee? 2 hus his? 3 A later hand has written gauel in the margin.

pa we beo'd of icumene. peof bilæie Rome? and þa riche al biwunnen. & biuoren Rome pere stronge: heore 3ifles an-henge. [lond: and buf we mid rihte ahten: Rome uf biriden. Nu ich wulle leten Belin: and Brenne bilæuen. and fpeke of ban kaifere: Costantin pan stronge. he wes Helene fune : al of Brutten icume. he biwon Rome: and ba riche awelde. Lete we nu of Costantin: be Rome iwo al to him. and fpeken of Maximiæn: þat waf a fwiðe ftrog 1 mon. he wes king of Brutene: he biwon France.

bat we beob of icome. þes bi-leye Rome: and be riche a-wonne. and seo den heo nomen al pat and suppe hii neme al pat lond! and fetten hit an heore azere hond. and fette hit in hire owe hond. and bus hahte Rome? beon oure cunde. 10 Nou ich wolle bi-leue: [c. 2.] Belyn and Brenne. and speke of ban caysere: Constantyn ban stronge. he was Eleynes sone : al of Bruttes icome. he bi-wan Rome: and eke al be riche. Leate we nou of Constantin: pat Rome wan al to him. 20 and speke we of Maximien: pat was a swipe strong man.

he was king here:

and he a-wan France.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

Rome, and the realm 'all' conquered, 'and before Rome the strong their hostages up-hung'; and afterwards they took all the land, and set it in their own hand; and thus ought we with right to besiege Rome [Rome to be our right]. Now will I 'let remain [leave] Belin and Brenne, and speak of the caiser, Constantine the strong; he was Helens son, all of Britons come (descended); he won Rome, and 'possessed [eke all] the realm. Let (leave) we now of Constantine, who won Rome all to him, and speak [we] of Maximian, who was a man most strong; he was king 'of Britain [here, and] he conquered France. Maximian the strong he

<sup>1</sup> ftrong?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. Maximien be stronge: Rome he nom an honde. and Alemaine he biwon eke: mid wuder muchele strengde. and al from Romayne: into Normandie. mine addele uore-genglen. and ahten alle ba leoden? þa into Rome leien. and burh fwuche dome: ich ahte to bizeten Rome. Heo 3irne me an honde : gauel of mine londe. al fwa ic wille of Rome: 3if ich ræd habbe. Ich wilnie a mine þoke: to walden al Rome. and he wilned me in Brutene: to binde swide uaste. 20 and flæn mine Bruttef: mid hif balu refes. Ah 3if hit on mi drihtē:'

Maximien be stronge: Rome nam an honde. and Alemaine he bi-won: mid mochelere strengpe. and al fram Romayne: [f. 146. c. 1.] into Normandie. And peos weoren mine ælderen: And alle peos weren min eldre! of wan we beob i-fpronge. and adde alle be londes: 10 pat into Rome leie. and borh foche domes: ich hahte ohni Rome. He 30rnt of mine lond: truage to habbe. and fo ich wolle of Rome: 3ef 3e me readeþ. lich1 georne in mine bonke: to habbe al Rome. and he wilneb in his lond? binde me faste. slean mine Bruttes: mid his wiper reafes. Ac 3ef hit wole drihte:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

took Rome in hand, and Alemaine (Germany) he won 'eke,' with 'wondrous' great strength, and all from Rome into Normandy. And [all] these were my ancestors, 'my noble progenitors [of whom we are descended]; and 'possessed [had] all the lands that unto Rome lay; and through such authority I ought to 'obtain [possess] Rome. They yearn of me in hand tribute of my land; all [He yearneth of my land tribute to have; and] so will I of Rome, if 'I have [ye me] counsel. I desire in my thoughts to 'possess [have] all Rome; and he desireth in 'Britain [this land] to bind me 'most' fast, 'and' slay my Britons, with his 'evil [hostile] attacks. But if 'my' Lord 'grant [will] it, who formed 'day and night [the day-

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. þe scop dæiges and nihtten. he scal his balde ibeot? fære abuggen. & hif Rō-leoden: ber fore scullen reosen. and ic wulle ræh beon : per he nu rixled on. Wunico nu stille alle: Sittep alle nou stille : [a.117.a.1. ic wulle fuggen mine iwille. ne scal hit na man o'er idon : 10 ne sal no man ober don : ah hit scal stonden ber on. He wilned al : and ich wilni al : He wilneh al and ich wilny al : þæt wit beiene azæð.

for nu we scullen cune: wham hit godd unne. puf spac be balde? be Brutene hafde an onwalde.

habben hit nu and age:

þe hit æð mæzen iwine.

Setten hif kepen: and hif quides luften. sume heo fæten stille: mucle ane stunde.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. pat fop pis daies lihte. he fal for his balnesse: mochel harm habbe. and his Romleode: bar vore folle reofe.

ich wolle fegge mine wille. alle hii folle stonde par on. hat we beie oweh. habbe hit nou and euere: wo se hit may a-winne.

pus spac pe bolde! pat Bruttes hadde in anwolde. bat was Arour bat was Arour! be bat was Arthur be king! Bruttene deorling. [c.2.] [king: Bruttene deorling. 22 Sete his kempes: and hif speche luste. somme hii feten stille:

..... one stūde.

light], he shall 'sorely pay for his bold threat [have mickle harm for his boldness], and his Rome-people shall therefore perish; 'and I will be bold, wherein he now ruleth!' 'Dwell [Sit] ye now all still, I will say my will; no man shall do 'it' otherwise, 'but it [all they] shall stand thereon. He desireth all, and I desire all that we both possess; have it now and ever who[so] may it 'easier' win, 'for now we shall prove to whom God will grant it!'" Thus spake the bold king, that had 'Britain [the Britons] under his rule, that was Arthur the king, Britains darling! His warriors

sate, and to his 'words [speech] listened; some they sate still, a great

fumme heo muche runen: ræhten heom bitweonē. summe hit buhte heom god? fumme hit mengden heore mod. somm. ... meinde hire mod. pa heo hafden longe: i-lustned pan kinge. þa fpac Howel þe hende: hah mon of Brutene. and hif quidef ræhte: bi-uoren raiē þan kinge. Lauerd king hercne me : alse ich ær dude þe. þu hafest isæid word soðe: selehőe þe beoð 3ifőe. Hit wes 3are iqueden: pat we nu sculled cuden. i þan iuurn 3ere : pat nu if ifunden here. Sibeli hit sæide: hire quidef weoren fobe. and fette hit on bocke: uolke to bifne. þat þreo kes¹ fculden bugen : ut of Brutlonde. þa biwinnen fculden Rome:

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. 80....uning: . . . . . . ne. somme h..... 3am god: po hii hadde lage: i-lustned pan kinge. bo spac Howel: heh man of Britaine. and peos wordes faide : 10 bi-vore pan kinge. .ouard king herene me: ... ... ear dude þe. pou ha..ft isaid wordes: pat beop swipe sope. for hit was 3are ifaid : pat nou we folle finde.

Sibily hit saide: hire wordes weren fobe. and fette hit in boke? folke to byfne. pat preo kingef folde wende: vt of Brutlonde. pat biwinne folde Rome:

while; some they made much communing between them; some it seemed to them good; some it disturbed their mood. When they had long listened to the king, then spake Howel 'the fair,' noble man of Britanny, and said these words before the 'fierce' king: "Lord king, hearken to me, as I ere did to thee. Thou hast said 'sooth words [words that are most sooth],—'may fortune be given to thee!'—[For] it was of old said, what we now shall 'learn [find], 'in the years before what is now here found.' Sibeli it said; her words were sooth; and set it in book, for example to folk, that three kings should go out of Britain, who should conquer

<sup>1</sup> kinges?

and al pa riche. and alle ba londes: pe rer1 to ligge&. pe uorme wes Belin: bat wef a Bruttifc king. þe oðer wes Coftantin: be king wef on Brutene. þu scalt beon þe þridde: þe Rome scal habben. And 3if bu hit wult bi-ginnen? bu hit scalt biwinnen. ıi and ich wulle per to helpe : [f.1465] and ich wole par to helpe : mid hazere strende. ich wulle ouer fæ fende : to selen mine peine. to balden mine Brutten: þa bet we scullen fusen. Ich wulle haten alle : ba abele of Bruttainne. bi leomen and bi heore liue? 20 bi hire cwike lifue. zeond alle mine londe. pat heo beon 3 arewe fone: mid be uaren to Rome.

Mi lond ich wulle fette:

and alle pe riche. and alle be londes : hat har to liggeh. pe vorme was Belyn: pat was Bruttene king. [c.2.] þe oþer was Constantin: pat Rome wan al to him. pou falt beon pe pridde: pat Rome falt habbe. 3ef bou bif wold bi-ginne : pou hit salt awinne. mid hehzere strengbe. and ich wole ouer séé sende : to fele mine cnihtes. and hote 3am alle:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

pat hii beo redi sone?

mid be fare to Rome. Min lond ich wolle sette!

Rome, and all the realm, and all the lands that thereto lie. The first was Belin, who was 'a British [Britains] king; the other was Constantine, who 'was king in Britain [won Rome all to him]; thou shalt be the third, that Rome shalt have. 'And' if thou 'wilt it [wouldst this] begin, thou shalt it win, and I will thereto help, with great strength; [and] I will send over sea, to my good 'thanes [knights], 'to my bold Britons,—the better we shall proceed; '-'I will [and] command [them] all, 'the noble of Britain,' 'by their limbs and' by their [quick] lives, 'over all my lands,' that they be ready soon with thee to march to Rome. My land I will set 'in pledge

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111.

for seoluer and for golde.

and for to bi-zeten bin rihtes:

ich leane þe ten þousend cnihtes.

and flean bane kaifere.

buf spac Howel:

heh man in londe. po Howel hadde i-faid :

wat him god bohte.

Scotlondes deorling.

po fpac Angel pe king:

and stop vp on benche:

pat was Loth and Vrien:

and his bropers beine.

tweie swipe bolde men.

to wedde for feoluere.

and alle be whten of mine londe?

for feoluere and for golde.

and swawe scullen uaren to Rome and so we solle to Rome fare: & flan Lucef bene kaifere.

& bi-tellen bine irihten:

i¹ þe lede ten þufend cnihtes.

pus Howel spilede:

hext of Brutaine. þa þe Howel iseid hafde:

þat him fel þuhte.

þa spæc Angel þe king:

Scotlondes deorling.

and ftod uppen ane boncke:

& beien hif broderen.

pat was Lot and Vrien:

tweie swide adele men.

puf Angel pe kig² feide :

to Ardure pan kene.

purh fode quides mine.

ne fcal hit na man awreken.

Læuerd8 Arður ich sugge þe: 20 Arthur þou ha4 wel isaid: ercne mine wordes. pat ilke p Howel haf ispeken: pat ilke pat Howel hauep ispeke:

ne fal hit no man a-wreke.

for silver, and all the possessions (or goods) of my land' for silver and for gold; and so we shall proceed to Rome, and slay 'Luces' the emperor; and [for to] win thy rights, I will 'lead [lend] to thee ten thousand knights." Thus spake Howel, 'noblest of Britanny [noble man in the land]. 'that' Howel had said what seemed good to him, then spake Angel the king, Scotlands darling, and 'stood [stept] upon 'a' bench, and both his brothers, that was, Loth and Urien, two most 'noble [bold] men. 'Thus said Angel the king to Arthur the keen: "Lord' Arthur, 'I say to thee through my sooth [thou hast well said; hearken my] words; the same that Howel hath spoken, no man shall it avoid, but we shall perform

<sup>1</sup> ich? 2 king? 3 læuer, pr. m. 4 hauest?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x.

ah we hit scullen ilæsten: [c.2.] ac we hit solle ileaste: bi ure quicke liuen. And lauerd Arour be hæhze? lust me ane stunde. cleope be to ræde! pine eorles riche. and alle ba hæxte:

pa beod in bine hirede. & bide heom be fuggen: mid foden heore worden.

whæt heo þe wulleð fulste: bine iuan to for-donne. Ich be leden wulle:

cnihtef of mire leode. preo pufend kempen: ohte alle icorene.

ten þusend men a uote: to uehte swide gode.

and fare we to Rome: and iwinnen pa riche.

ful swide uf mæi scomien: and ful fwide uf mæi gromien.

pat heo sculle senden sonden:

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

bi oure cwike lifue.

And louerd Arthur be here: lust me one wile.

cleope be to reade: bine eorles riche. and alle be hexste:

pat beop in pine londe. [f. 117b. c. 1.]

and bide 3am þe fegge : mid fobe hire wordes.

wat hii þe wolleb helpe:

to winne pine rihte. Ich be leane wolle:

cnihtef of mine londe.

preo pousend kempes: to fihte swipe kene.

ten bousend men a fote:

to fihte swipe gode. and wente 1 to Rome ?

20 and i-win be riche.

fol fore ous may famie: and wel fore gramie.

pat hii solle sende sonde?

it by our quick lives! And, lord Arthur the noble, listen to me a while; call to thee to counsel thy earls rich, and all the highest that are in thy 'folk [land], and bid them say to thee with their sooth words, in what they will help thee thy 'foes to destroy [rights to win]. I will 'lead [lend] to thee knights of my land, three thousand champions 'brave, all chosen [to fight most keen]; ten thousand men on foot, to fight most good; and go we to Rome, and conquer the realm. Full 'greatly [sorely] it may shame us, and 'full greatly [well sorely] 'it may us' anger, that they should send messengers after tribute 'to [of] our land. But so help us the Lord

<sup>1</sup> wend we?

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. after gauele to ure londe. Ah fwa uf helpe dribte: bæ scop þaf dagef lihte. heo hit scullen abugge: mid heore bare liue. for benne we habbeod Rome? and alle pa riche. we scullen nimen þa londes: pa per to ligged. Peoile<sup>2</sup> and Alemaine ? Lumbardie & Brutaine. France & Normandie: þa hit hæhte Neustrie. and fwa we sculled medegie: heore mod vnimete8. pa þe kig isaid hafde: ba andfwarede alle. Inioered wurde be ilke mon: [f.147. be ber to nule helpen. mid ahtē and mid wepnen: 20 and mid alle hif imihten. pa wes Ardures hired: fturneliche awraððed.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII. after gauel 1 of oure londe. Ac fo ouf helpe drihte: pat fop pis daizes lihte. hii hit solle a-bugge: mid hire bare rugge. for wane we habbeb Rome? and alle be riche. we folle nime be londes: pat par to liggep. 10 Pullye and Alemaine: Lombardie and Brutayne. France and Normandie: po hit hehte Neustrie. and fo we folle temie: hire mod onimete. po he isaid hadda! po answere4 alle. Anepered worbe be ilke man! bat nele bar to helpe. mid wepne and mid hahte: and mid al his mihte. po were Arthur his men : ftranliche<sup>5</sup> iwrepped.

that formed the day-light, they shall pay for it with their bare 'life [back]! For when we have Rome, and all the realm, we shall seize the lands that thereto lie; Poille (Apulia?) and Alemaine, Lumbardy and Britanny, France and Normandy,—then it hight Neustrie,—and so we shall tame their immoderate mood (pride)." When the king had said (spoken), then answered all: "Disgraced be that man that will not help thereto, with goods and with weapons, and with all his might!" Then was 'Arthurs folk sternly [Arthur his men strongly] incensed; knights were so enraged,

<sup>1</sup> A second hand has written truage in the margin.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> At first written Peouile, but u erased.

<sup>4</sup> answerede?

<sup>3</sup> vnnimete pr. m.
6 ftrangliche?

10

MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. cnihtes an burfte weorē: þat alle heo gunnen biuien. þa Arður iherd hafde: his hired iberen. þa cleopien ago: be king wef abolzen. Sitte adun stille: cnihtes inne halle. and ich eou wulle telle : what ich don wulle. Mine writen ich wulle maken : ba wel beon idihte. and fende þan kæifere: mondef forze and muchel kare. and ich wulle ful fone : faren into Rome.

Nulle ich pider na gauel bringe ? Nolle ich non gauel bringe ? ah þane kaifer ich wulle binden. ac þane cayfer ich wolle binde.

and foruaren pa cnihtes alle ? 21 and for-faren alle pe cnihtes ? be azein me stonded i fehte.

mid wider-fulle worden.

MS. Cott. Otho, C. xIII.

cnihtef a-borft weren: pat al hi gonne buuie.

DO Arthur ihorde hadde: his cnihtes bi-hefte. po cleopede he anon : þe king was a-bolwe. [c. 2.] Sitteb adun alle: cnihtes in halle. and ich 30u wolle telle?

wat ich don wolle. Mine writef hich wolle makie:

and to Luces fende.

pat ich wolle aster sone? come toward Rome.

and feodden ich wullen hine an- and suppe ich wolle hine an-hon!

and al pat lond ich wulle uor-don. and al pat lond ich wolle fordon. þat ..... azeýn me in ..... Arður hif writ nom an honden: ..... his writ in .....: ... wiþer-foll. .....

that all they gan to be agitated. When Arthur had heard the 'clamor [promises] of his 'folk [knights], then 'gan he call [called he anon],—the king was angry,—"Sit ye down still, knights in hall, and I will you tell what I will do. My writs I will make, 'that shall be well indited,' and send to 'the emperor [Luces] 'minds sorrow and mickle care'; 'and [that] I will 'full [after] soon 'fare into [come toward] Rome. I will not 'thither any tribute bring, but the emperor I will bind, and afterwards I will him hang; and all the land I will destroy, and all the knights put to death, that stand against me in fight!" Arthur took his writ in hand, with hostile

MS. Cott. Otho, C. x111. MS. Cott. Calig. A. 1x. and pan beofen 1 hit bitahte: ... hit pan cnihtes ...... þæ þa ærnde hafde ibrohte. pat pe earende brohte. and seo 88e he lette heo scruden and suppe he lette 3am scrude? mid ælchere pruden. mid allere prude. mid þan hæxte fcrude: ba he hafde on bure. and hehte heō faren fone: [c.2.] and bad 3am wende fone: to Luces of Rome. to Luces of Rome. and he cumen after wolde: and .e comen after wolde: fwa rače fwa he mihte. 10 ...... fo he mihte.

words, and delivered it to the 'men [knights], that 'had' brought the errand; and afterwards he caused them to be clothed with 'each [all] pomp, 'with the noblest garments that he had in bower,' and bade them fare soon to Luces of Rome, and he would come after them as quickly as he might.

1 beoñen, pr. m.

END OF THE SECOND VOLUME.

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## ERRATA IN VOL. II.

- p. 18. l. 5. for truth read troth.
- 20. l. ult. for pe? read pa?
- 22. l. 8. for Lucius read Livius.
- 25. l. 7. for Gallus read 'Gallus [Livius].
- 27. v. 10849. for luuuede read luuede.
- ib. l. 5. for books read book.
- 28. v. 10862. for if read of.
- ib. l. 6. for his read 'Gloies [Gloi his].
- 49. l. 10. for came read came to.
- 69. l. 8. for sore read sorry.
- 72. vv. 11915. 11922. (sec. t.). These lines should be transposed, as shown by the translation.
- 101. l. 9. them should be marked by superior commas.
- 109. l. 4. for Britain read Bretagne or Britanny.
- 111. v. 12835. for wæþmönef read wæpmönef.
- 114. v. 12898. (sec. t.) for the read be.
- 115. l. 9. for Then became he read When he became.
- 142. l. 7. the before fire should be in brackets, and not in italics.
- 155. v. 13854. (sec. t.) for gonde read goude.
- 158. v. 18926. (sec. t.) for Pane bonre rend bane Ponre.
- 159. v. 13952. (sec. t.) for wipe read fwipe.
- 161. l. 8. for inn read inns.
- 164. l. 1. for no rrobbers read nor robbers.
- 165. v. 14099. (sec. t.) for deathe read deape.
- 167. v. 14137. for legge read ligge.
- ib. l. 8. for 'I [we thus] are read 'I am [we thus are].
- 171. l. 9. for events read event.
- 172. l. 8. for Hengist it would read Hengist 'it' would.
- 187. l. 5. the superior comma should be before hate, instead of before but.
- 189. l. 1. insert word to after sent.
- 193. l. 7. for this read his.
- 194. l. 6. for Vortiger read Hengest.
- 195. l. 8. for Louis read Lupus.
  - VOL. II.

642 ERRATA.

- p. 229. v. 15599. (sec. t.) for [f. 72b.] read [f. 73b.]
- 231. v. 15642. (sec. t.) for nonneric read nonnerie.
- 232. l. 1. insert` before with.
- 235. v. 15751. for feolc read feole.
- 236. v. 15755. for luste read luste.
- 239. l. 6. for the read thy.
- 240. v. 15853. (sec. t.) for furfte read furfte.
- 251. v. 16111. for herede read hirede, and in the foot-note, for hirede read herede.
- 266. v. 16481. for the read be.
- 283-4. vv. 16885-7. 16903-4. (sec. t.) The punctuation is faulty, and requires correction, as occasionally in some other passages.
- 296. v. 17196. for stregge read stregge.
- 308. l. 9. dele merry, and insert good before folk, in the next line.
- 315. l. 2. dele to before the king.
- 317. v. 17672. (sec. t.) for bare read bane.
- 320. v. 17750. (sec. t.) dele the hyphen in a-cnowe.
- 330. l. 4. dele that before gan, and insert that before there.
- 932. v. 18023. for Whar read whar.
- 338. l. ult. for oer read over. — 343. v. 18283. (sec. t.) for gonnewende read gonne wende.
- ib. l. 4. insert land after Humber.
- 348. v. 18401. for talleð read tælleð.
- 349. v. 18440. for aueremeste read auoremeste.
- 351. v. 18477. for Lunde read Lunde. — 359. l. 5. insert and before over.
- 368. v. 18886. for I scal read i scal.
- 371. v. 18956. (sec. t.) for evereideal read euereideal.
- ib. l. 1. for thy before people read the.
- 385. v. 19267. for quikemonnen read quike monnen. - 393. v. 19468. for ftrengge read ftrengge.
- 394. l. 2. for own read our.
- 396. v. 19543. for hæfeuene read hæfenene.
- 400. l. 2. for craft read crafts.
- 403. l. 9. for sweneninge read sweueninge.
- 406. v. 19763. for bi-nihte read bi nihte.
- 409. l. 1. for the before worlds, read this. - 411. v. 19888. (sec. t.) for while read wile.
- 413. l. 7. for gold read good.
- 424. l. 4. for When read Then, and in the next line substitute a full-stop after York.
- 427. v. 20282. (sec. t.) for the read be.

## ERRATA.

- p. 451. v. 20837. for for-uaren read for-uaren.
- 456. v. 20965. (sec. t.) for learedemen read learede men.
- 470. v. 21296. (sec. t.) for londe read loude.
- 498. l. 7. great ought to be marked by superior commas.
- 521. v. 22490. for ben read bin.
- --- 523. l. 7. for lieth read lie.
- 525. v. 22576. for bire read bine.
- 530. l. 6. for fiddleing read fiddling.
- 534. v. 22798. for bene read bine.
- 535. v. 22806. (sec. t.) for finat read fmot.
- 543. l. 8. the round bracket should be after brave.
- 553. v. 23231. (sec. t.) insert a hyphen in of flage.
- 560. v. 23385. for of read of.
- 578. l. 7. instead of superior commas, square brackets should have been used.
- 580. v. 23873. (sec. t.) for yllod read yllod.
- 585. l. 10. for then read thence.
- 587. l. 24033. (sec. t.) for wit-fulle read wit-folle.
- 592. v. 24158. (sec. t.) for owestiward read owe stiward.
- 603. l. 1. insert the after Kay.
- 614. v. 24666. (sec. t.) for londe read londe.
- 625. v. 24926. (sec. t.) dele the hyphen in daises-lihte.
- 627. vv. 24960. 24981. (sec. t.) read god-cunde and a-wonne.
- 631. l. 9. he should be marked by superior commas.
- 635. l. 7. for noble read nobles.
- 640. v. 25267. for heo read heo.









